



<u>Crimes Arrests Death Penalty Sentences</u>

<u>Peace Officers Killed Justifiable Homicides</u>

<u>Data Tables Appendices</u>



Homicide in California, 2001 contains information about the crime of homicide and its victims, demographic data on persons arrested for homicide, and information about the response of the criminal justice system. Information about the death penalty, the number of peace officers killed in the line of duty, and justifiable homicide is also included.

Information displayed in this publication comes from several databases maintained by the California Department of Justice (DOJ). The primary source of information is the Homicide File which captures willful and justifiable homicide crime data. Other databases capture information about persons arrested for homicide, death penalty sentences, and peace officers killed in the line of duty. The reader should consider that the type of data collected, and the methods used to collect these data, differ for each data set. *Unless otherwise indicated, all calculations are based on the number of known incidents*.

To provide the most valid data possible, the disposition section of this report has been removed. In 2001, Criminal Justice Statistics Center (CJSC) staff determined that a number of homicide arrests submitted to the DOJ's Automated Criminal History System (from which adult felony arrest disposition data are extracted) from 1997 to 2000 should have been submitted as arrests for attempted homicide. In addition, some correctly submitted attempted homicide arrests were programmatically treated as homicide arrests. As a result, more homicide arrests were counted during these years than occurred. This caused the percentage of homicide convictions to be too low and the percentage of assault convictions to be too high. (Both percentages were based on the number of adult felony arrests for homicide for which dispositions were received.) Based on CJSC staff findings, the reader is advised against using previously published disposition data for 1997 to 1999. It should be noted that the DOJ has addressed this issue and that the exclusion of disposition data does not affect crime, arrest, death penalty, or other data included in this or past reports. When homicide disposition data are once again determined to be accurate, they will be included in this publication.

CJSC publications available in either printed or electronic format (via the Attorney General's website) are listed on the inside of the back cover. Customized statistical reports or additional statistical information may be requested by contacting the CJSC at the numbers or addresses provided there.



HOMICIDE CRIMES (see pages 2-23)

- From 1992 to 2001, the homicide crime rate decreased 49.6 percent (12.5 to 6.3). However, from 2000 to 2001, homicide crimes increased 5.0 percent in rate per 100,000 population (6.0 to 6.3). (Source: Table 1.)
- Since 1992, homicide rates have decreased for all gender, race/ethnic, and age groups shown. Victims under age 18 experienced the highest rate of decline (down 56.9 percent). (Sources: Tables 2, 3, and 4.)
- In 2001, the percentage of white homicide victims who were female was over 2½ times the percentage of Hispanic and black victims who were female. White victims tended to be older, Hispanic and black victims younger. (Sources: Tables 8 and 9.)
- In 2001, the percentage of homicide victims killed by friends or acquaintances (45.8 percent) was the lowest since 1992. (Source: Table 11.)
- The percentage of females killed by their spouses was over 12 times larger than the percentage of males killed by their spouses in 2001. (Source: Table 12.)
- In 2001, 10 of California's 58 counties exceeded the 2001 statewide homicide rate of 6.3 victims per 100,000 population. (Source: Table 14.)
- In 2001, males were more likely to be killed on streets or sidewalks and less likely to be killed in their residences; the inverse was true for females.

 (See page 16 and Table 19.)
- Since 1992, more homicide victims have been killed by firearms than by all other types of weapons combined. Seventy-two percent of homicide victims and 85 percent of homicide victims aged 18-29 were killed with firearms in 2001. (Sources: Tables 21 and 23.)
- In 2001, over one-third (34.3 percent) of homicides were gang-related. (Source: Table 24.)
- Approximately one-half (49.6 percent) of homicides were cleared by an arrest or by "exceptional means" in 2001. (Source: Table 28.)



HOMICIDE ARRESTS (see pages 26-29)

- From 1992 to 2001, the homicide arrest rate decreased 53.2 percent (14.1 to 6.6). However, from 2000 to 2001, homicide arrests increased 6.5 percent in rate per 100,000 population at risk (6.2 to 6.6). (Source: Table 29.)
- From 1992 to 2001, the overwhelming majority of homicide arrestees and victims were male. (Sources: Tables 5 and 30.)
- From 1992 to 2001, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees and victims were Hispanic. (Sources: Tables 6 and 31.)
- From 1992 to 2001, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees and victims were aged 18-29. (Sources: Tables 7 and 32.)

DEATH PENALTY SENTENCES (see pages 32-33)

■ By the end of 2001, 610 persons were under sentence of death in California. Of these, 25 were sentenced in 2001. (Source: Table 35.)

PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY (see pages 36-37)

- Since 1992, 63 peace officers have been feloniously killed in the line of duty. Six were killed in 2001. (Source: Table N-2.)
- Between 1992 and 2001, the homicide rate for peace officers killed in the line of duty varied from 2.9 to 16.1 per 100,000 sworn law enforcement personnel. (Source: Table 37.)

To Crimes (part 1) ©

Homicide in California, 2001



Preface Crimes (Part 2) Arrests

Death Penalty Sentences

Peace Officers Killed Justifiable Homicides

Data Tables Appendices



HOMICIDE CRIMES

Homicide is defined by the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program as the "willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another." The homicide category comprises murder and nonnegligent manslaughter. Attempted murder, justifiable homicide, manslaughter by negligence, and suicide are excluded. Data depicting homicide in California have been collected and published for 50 years.

From 2000 to 2001:

- The homicide rate per 100,000 population increased 5.0 percent (6.0 to 6.3).
- The number of homicides increased 6.1 percent (from 2,074 to 2,201).

Comparing 1992 to 2001:

- The homicide rate per 100,000 population decreased 49.6 percent (12.5 to 6.3).
- The number of homicides decreased 43.9 percent (from 3,920 to 2,201).

Comparing 1952 to 2001:

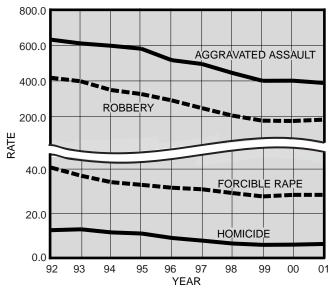
- The homicide rate per 100,000 population increased 162.5 percent (2.4 to 6.3).
- The number of homicides increased 688.9 percent (from 279 to 2,201).

☐ Homicides increased in number and rate for a second consecutive year.

Table N-1 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1952-2001 Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

Year(s)	Number	Rate
2001	2,201	6.3
2000	2,074	6.0
1999 1998	2,006 2,170	5.9 6.5
1997	2,170	7.8
1996	2,910	9.0
1995	3,530	11.0
1994	3,699	11.5
1993 1992	4,095 3,920	12.9 12.5
1991	3,876	12.5
1990	3,562	12.1
1989	3,159	11.0
1988	2,947	10.5
1987 1986	2,929 3,030	10.7 11.3
1985	2,781	10.7
1984	2,724	10.7
1983	2,640	10.5
1982	2,778 3,140	11.3 13.1
1981	3,140 3,405	14.4
1980 1979	3,403 2,941	12.6
1978	2,601	11.4
1977	2,481	11.1
1976	2,214	10.1
1975 1974	2,196 1,970	10.2 9.3
1973	1,862	8.9
1972	1,789	8.7
1971	1,633	8.0
1970 1969	1,355 1,376	6.8 6.9
1968	1,376	6.0
1967	1,051	5.4
1966	897	4.7
1965	892 759	4.8
1964 1963	758 656	4.2 3.7
1962	671	3.9
1961	609	3.7
1960	620	3.9
1959 1958	515 547	3.4 3.7
1957	547 497	3.7 3.5
1956	474	3.5
1955	417	3.2
1954	419 276	3.3 2.3
1953 1952	276 279	2.3 2.4
	0	

Chart 1 VIOLENT CRIMES, 1992-2001 Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

There are four offenses classified as violent crimes by the FBI: homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. For comparison, changes in the rates of the four offenses follow:

From 2000 to 2001:

- Homicide increased 5.0 percent (6.0 to 6.3).
- Forcible rape experienced no change in rate (28.4).
- Robbery increased 4.2 percent (174.7 to 182.1).
- Aggravated assault decreased 3.1 percent (401.4 to 388.8).

Comparing 1992 to 2001:

- Homicide decreased 49.6 percent (12.5 to 6.3).
- Forcible rape decreased 30.2 percent (40.7 to 28.4).
- Robbery decreased 56.4 percent (418.1 to 182.1).
- Aggravated assault decreased 38.5 percent (632.5 to 388.8).

Of the four offenses classified as violent crimes by the FBI, homicide maintained the lowest rate per 100,000 population for the years shown, accounting for approximately 1 percent of violent crimes each year.



Charts 2, 3, and 4 display homicide rates per 100,000 population for victims classified by gender, race/ethnic group, and age.

In 2001,

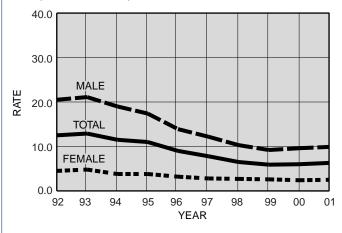
- The total homicide rate was 6.3 per 100,000 population.
- The male homicide rate was approximately four times that of the female homicide rate (9.9 vs. 2.5).
- The black homicide rate was over 102 times that of whites and almost 3 times that of Hispanics (26.4 vs. 2.5 and 8.9, respectively).

Comparing 1992 to 2001:

- The male homicide rate decreased 51.7 percent. The female homicide rate decreased 44.4 percent.
- The white homicide rate decreased 52.8 percent, the Hispanic homicide rate decreased 54.8 percent, and the black homicide rate decreased 46.1 percent.

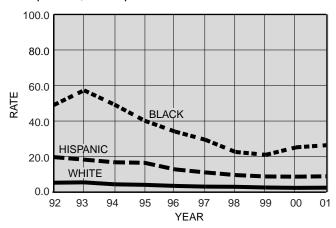
☐ From 2000 to 2001, homicide rates increased for all gender and race/ethnic groups shown.

Chart 2 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Gender of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



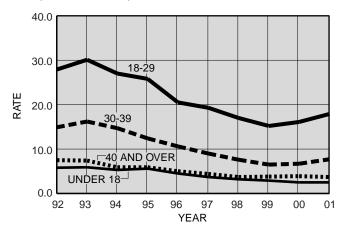
Source: Table 2.

Chart 3 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 3.

Chart 4 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Age of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 4.

In 2001,

■ Persons aged 18-29 had the highest homicide victimization rate (17.9 per 100,000 population).

Comparing 1992 to 2001:

■ The homicide rate decreased 56.9 percent for victims under age 18, 35.8 percent for victims aged 18-29, 48.3 percent for victims aged 30-39, and 50.7 percent for victims aged 40 and over.

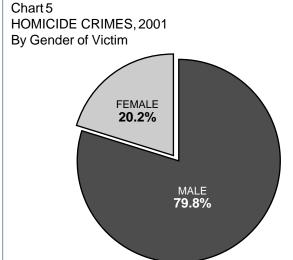
☐ From 2000 to 2001, homicide rates increased for the 18-29 and 30-39 age categories (11.2 and 14.9 percent, respectively). The homicide rate for victims under age 18 experienced no change. The homicide rate for victims aged 40 and over decreased 5.1 percent.

crimes-

In 2001,

- Males represented 79.8 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 50.2 percent of the population.
- Females represented 20.2 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 49.8 percent of the population.

☐ As homicide victims, males are statistically over-represented when compared to females.



Source: Table 5.

Chart 6 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Gender of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population

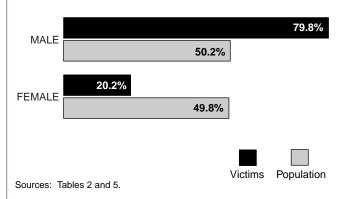
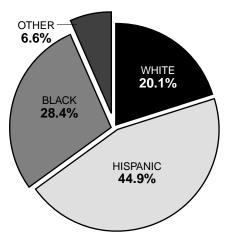
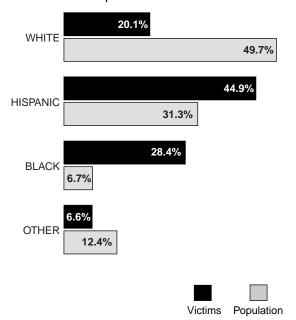


Chart 7 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim



Source: Table 6.

Chart 8 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population



Sources: Tables 3 and 6.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

In 2001,

- Whites represented 20.1 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 49.7 percent of the population.
- Hispanics represented 44.9 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 31.3 percent of the population.
- Blacks represented 28.4 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 6.7 percent of the population.
- The "other" race/ethnic group category represented 6.6 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 12.4 percent of the population.

☐ In 2001, blacks displayed the largest difference between their percentage of homicide victimization and their percentage of the population.

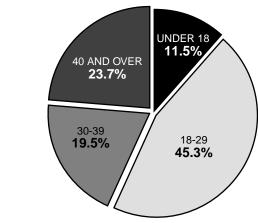
crimes-

In 2001,

- 11.5 percent of total homicide victims were under age 18; this age group comprised 28.2 percent of the population.
- 45.3 percent of total homicide victims were aged 18-29; this age group comprised 15.8 percent of the population.
- 19.5 percent of total homicide victims were aged 30-39; this age group comprised 15.7 percent of the population.
- 23.7 percent of total homicide victims were aged 40 and over; this age group comprised 40.3 percent of the population.

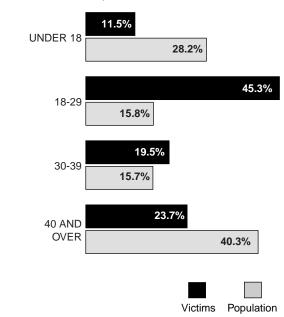
☐ In 2001, persons aged 18-29 displayed the largest difference between their percentage of homicide victimization and their percentage of the population.

Chart 9 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 By Age of Victim



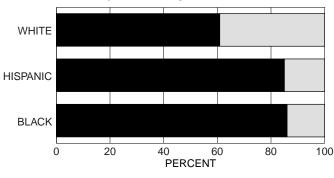
Source: Table 7.

Chart 10 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Age of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population



Sources: Tables 4 and 7.

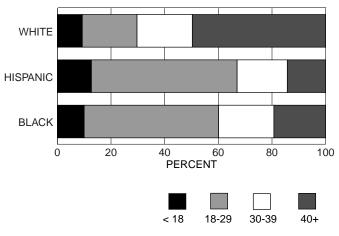
Chart 11 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender of Victim



Male Female

Source: Table 8.

Chart 12 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Age of Victim



Source: Table 9.

In 2001,

- A greater percentage of white victims were female than were either Hispanic or black victims (39.1 vs. 15.0 and 14.0 percent, respectively).
- A greater percentage of Hispanic and black victims were aged 18-29 than were white victims (54.3 and 50.1 vs. 20.4 percent, respectively).
- A greater percentage of white victims were aged 40 and over than were either Hispanic or black victims (49.7 vs. 14.3 and 19.3 percent, respectively).

In 2001, the percentage of white homicide victims who were female was over 22 times the percentage of Hispanic or black victims who were female. Additionally, white victims tended to be older, Hispanic and black victims younger.

crimes

When homicides were examined by the relationship of the victim to the offender, it was found that:

In 2001,

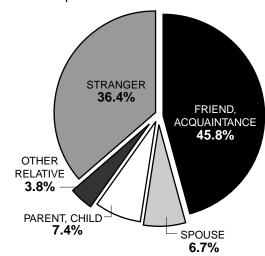
- 45.8 percent of victims were friends or acquaintances of offenders.
- 6.7 percent of victims were spouses of offenders.
- 7.4 percent of victims were parents or children of offenders.
- 3.8 percent of the relationships of victim to offender fell into the "other relative" category.
- 36.4 percent of victims were strangers to offenders.

Comparing 1992 to 2001:

- The proportion of homicides in which victims were friends or acquaintances of offenders decreased (from 57.6 percent in 1992 to 45.8 percent in 2001).
- The proportion of homicides in which victims were strangers to offenders increased (from 29.4 percent in 1992 to 36.4 percent in 2001).

☐ The percentage of homicide victims killed by friends or acquaintances in 2001 is the lowest for the period shown.

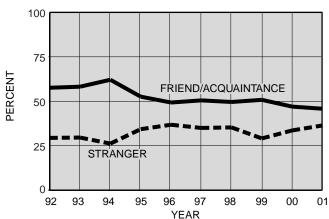
Chart 13 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 By Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 11.

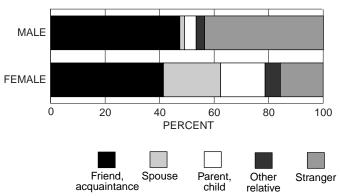
Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Chart 14 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Selected Relationships of Victims to Offenders



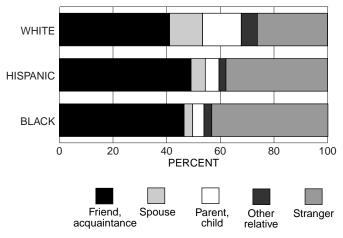
Source: Table 11.

Chart 15 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Gender of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 12.

Chart 16 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 12.

In 2001,

- A greater percentage of female victims were spouses of offenders (21.0 percent) than were male victims (1.7 percent).
- A greater percentage of Hispanic victims were friends or acquaintances of offenders than were either white or black victims (49.1 vs. 41.1 and 46.5 percent, respectively).

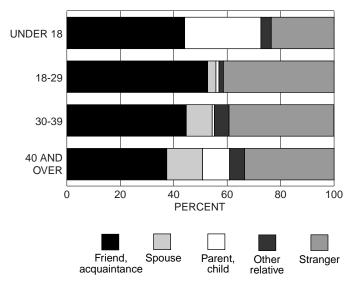
☐ In 2001, the percentage of females killed by their spouses was over 12 times larger than the percentage of males killed by their spouses.

crimes-

In 2001,

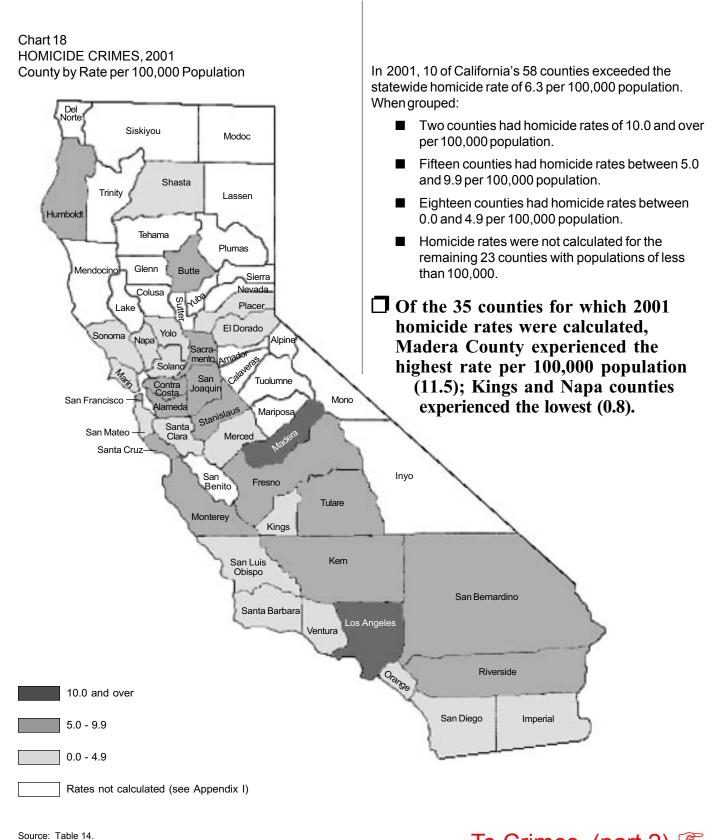
- Victims under age 18 were least likely to be strangers to offenders (23.5 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.
- A greater percentage of victims aged 18-29 were friends or acquaintances of offenders (52.7 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.
- A greater percentage of victims aged 40 and over were spouses of offenders (13.4 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

Chart 17 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Age of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 13.

☐ Regardless of age group, the largest proportion of homicide victims were killed by friends or acquaintances.



To Crimes (part 2) ©

Homicide in California, 2001



Preface Crimes (Part 1) Arrests

Death Penalty Sentences

Peace Officers Killed Justifiable Homicides

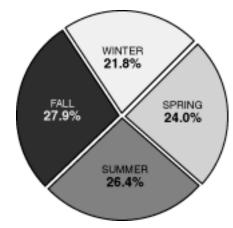
Data Tables Appendices



When homicides were examined by season of incident, it was found that:

In 2001, the incidents that led to death occurred more often in the fall than in any other season (27.9 percent).

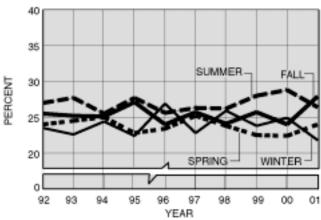
Chart 19 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 By Season of Incident



Source: Table 15.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

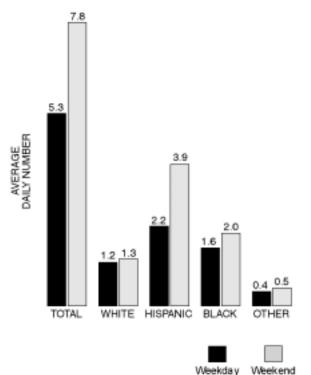
Chart 20 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Season of Incident



Source: Table 15.

☐ From 1992-2001, homicides occurred most often during the summertime, with the exception of 1996 and 2001.

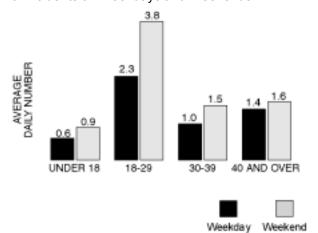
Chart 21 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Average Daily Number of Incidents on Weekdays and Weekends



Source: Table 16.

Note: Average daily number of incidents may not add to totals because of rounding.

Chart 22 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Age of Victim by Average Daily Number of Incidents on Weekdays and Weekends



Source: Table 17.

In 2001,

- An average of 5.3 homicide victims were killed each weekday and 7.8 homicide victims were killed each weekend day.
- Hispanic victims had the highest average daily number of incidents on both weekdays and weekends (2.2 and 3.9, respectively) of any race/ ethnic group shown.
- Victims aged 18-29 had the highest average daily number of incidents on both weekdays and weekends (2.3 and 3.8, respectively) of any age group shown.

☐ In 2001, the average daily number of homicide crimes was higher on weekends than on weekdays for all race/ethnic and age groups shown.



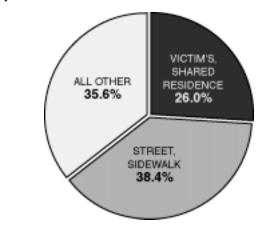
When homicides were examined by location of incident, it was found that:

In 2001.

- 26.0 percent of victims were killed at their places of residence.
- 38.4 percent of homicides occurred on streets or sidewalks.
- 35.6 percent of homicides occurred in "all other" locations.
- A greater percentage of males were killed on streets or sidewalks (44.6 percent) than were females (13.9 percent).
- A greater percentage of females were killed at their places of residence (54.8 percent) than were males (18.7 percent).

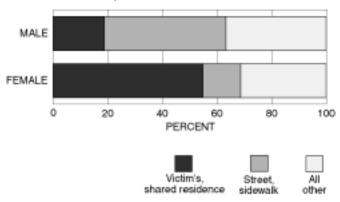
☐ Of the locations shown, males were more likely to be killed on streets or sidewalks and less likely to be killed in their residences; the inverse was true for females.

Chart 23 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 By Location of Homicide



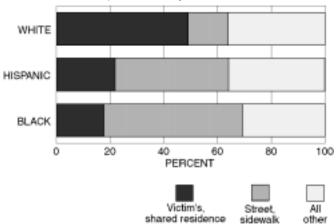
Source: Table 19.

Chart 24 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001** Gender of Victim by Location of Homicide



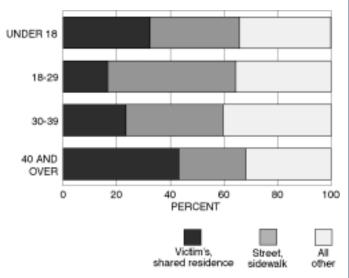
Source: Table 19.

Chart 25 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Location of Homicide



Source: Table 19.

Chart 26 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Age of Victim by Location of Homicide



Source: Table 20.

In 2001,

- A greater percentage of whites than Hispanics or blacks were killed at their places of residence (49.1 vs. 21.9 and 17.7 percent, respectively).
- A greater percentage of Hispanics and blacks were killed on streets or sidewalks than were whites (42.2 and 51.6 vs. 14.9 percent, respectively).
- A greater percentage of victims aged 18-29 were killed on streets or sidewalks (47.8 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.
- A greater percentage of victims aged 40 and over were killed at their places of residence (43.2 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

☐ Whites were most likely to be killed in their residences; Hispanics and blacks on a street or sidewalk.



When homicides were examined by type of weapon used, it was found that:

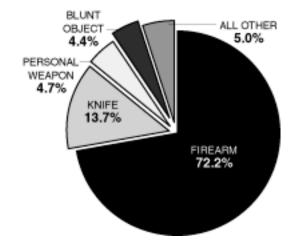
In 2001.

- 72.2 percent resulted from the use of firearms.
 - 61.7 percent resulted from the use of handguns.
 - 10.4 percent resulted from the use of all other types of firearms.
- 13.7 percent resulted from the use of knives.
- 4.7 percent resulted from the use of personal weapons (hands, feet, etc.).
- 4.4 percent resulted from the use of blunt objects (clubs, etc.).
- 5.0 percent resulted from the use of weapons grouped in the "all other" category.

Comparing 1992 to 2001:

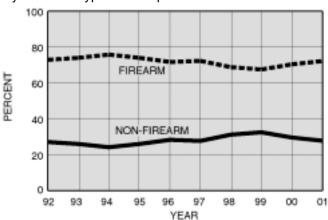
- The proportion of homicides that resulted from the use of firearms decreased slightly (from 72.9 percent in 1992 to 72.2 percent in 2001).
- The proportion of homicides that resulted from the use of non-firearms increased slightly (from 27.1 percent in 1992 to 27.8 percent in 2001).
- ☐ Homicides committed with firearms varied less than 9 percentage points throughout the period shown.

Chart 27 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001** By Type of Weapon Used



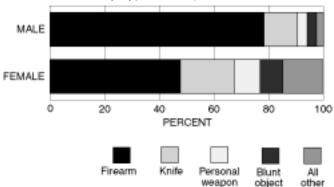
Source: Table 21.

Chart 28 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Selected Types of Weapons Used



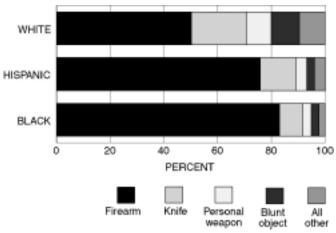
Source: Table 21.

Chart 29 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Gender of Victim by Type of Weapon Used



Source: Table 22.

Chart 30 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Type of Weapon Used



Source: Table 22.

In 2001,

- A greater percentage of males were killed with firearms (78.3 percent) than were females (47.7 percent).
- A greater percentage of females were killed with knives, personal weapons, or blunt objects (37.6 percent) than were males (19.1 percent).
- A greater percentage of Hispanics and blacks were killed with firearms than were whites (75.9 and 83.0 vs. 50.3 percent, respectively).

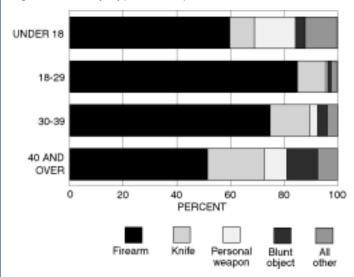
☐ On average, 72.2 percent of homicide victims were killed with firearms in 2001. The percentage of white homicide victims killed with firearms fell below the average; Hispanics and blacks, above.



In 2001,

- A greater percentage of victims aged 18-29 were killed with firearms (85.0 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.
- A lower percentage of victims aged 40 and over were killed with firearms (51.5 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

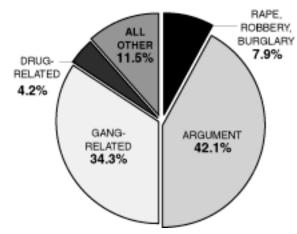
Chart 31 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001** Age of Victim by Type of Weapon Used



Source: Table 23.

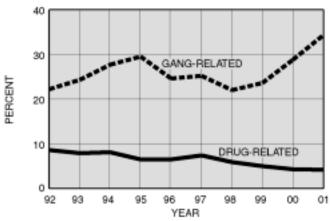
☐ Eighty-five percent of homicide victims aged 18-29 were killed with firearms.

Chart 32 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 By Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 24.

Chart 33 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Selected Contributing Circumstances



Source: Table 24.

When homicides were examined by contributing circumstance, it was found that:

In 2001,

- 7.9 percent occurred as a result of a rape, robbery, or burglary.
- 42.1 percent occurred as a result of an argument.
- 34.3 percent were gang-related.
- 4.2 percent were drug-related.
- 11.5 percent occurred as a result of "all other" contributing circumstances.

Comparing 1992 to 2001:

- The percentage of homicides in which the contributing circumstance was gang-related increased from 22.2 percent in 1992 to 34.3 percent in 2001.
- The percentage of homicides in which the contributing circumstance was drug-related decreased from 8.6 percent in 1992 to 4.2 percent in 2001.

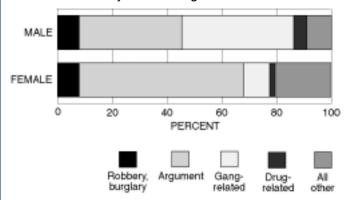
☐ In 2001, over one-third (34.3 percent) of homicides were gang-related. This percentage is the highest for the period shown.



In 2001,

- A greater percentage of males were victims of gang-related homicides (40.9 percent) than were females (9.4 percent).
- A greater percentage of Hispanics and blacks were victims of gang-related homicides than were whites (44.0 and 44.4 vs. 3.6 percent, respectively).
- A greater percentage of whites than Hispanics or blacks were victims of homicides which occurred as a result of an argument (60.0 vs. 38.9 and 34.3 percent, respectively).

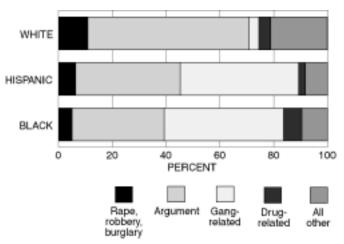
Chart 34 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Gender of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 25.

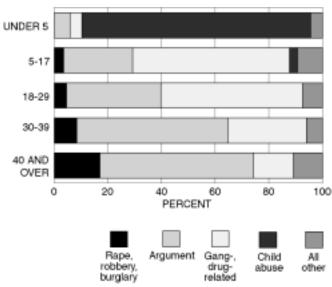
Note: Charts 32, 35, and 36 include rape with robbery and burglary. However, for a more relevant comparison between male and female victims, rape is included in the "all other" category in Chart 34. In 2001, 3.1 percent of homicide crimes involving females were rape-related.

Chart 35 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001** Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



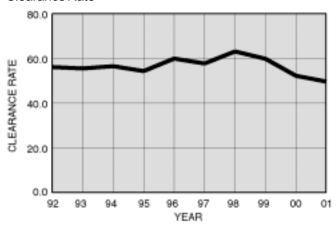
Source: Table 25.

Chart 36 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001** Age of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 26.

Chart 37 HOMICIDE CRIMES CLEARED, 1992-2001 Clearance Rate



Source: Table 28.

Note: A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes (homicides) reported that have been cleared. It is calculated by dividing the number of homicides cleared by the number of homicides reported. The result is multiplied by 100. Please see "Appendix II - Criminal Justice Glossary" for a detailed explanation of clearances.

In 2001,

- Most homicide victims under age 5 were killed as a result of child abuse (85.3 percent).
- The majority of homicide victims aged 5-17 and aged 18-29 were killed as a result of gang- or drug-related activities (58.5 and 52.9 percent, respectively).
- The majority of homicide victims aged 30-39 and aged 40 and over were killed as a result of an argument (56.3 and 57.3 percent, respectively).

☐ The 2001 homicide clearance rate of 49.6 percent is the lowest for the years shown.

To Arrests ®



Homicide in California, 2001



Preface Crimes Death Penalty Sentences Peace Officers Killed Justifiable Homicides Data Tables Appendices



HOMICIDE ARRESTS

Unlike crimes, which are classified by nationwide Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) standards, arrests are reported by California statute definition of the offense.1 This may cause some differences in the definitions of certain crimes and the reporting of the arrests for those crimes. For instance, the California definition of a homicide arrest includes murder and nonvehicular manslaughter. The federal definition of a homicide crime includes murder and nonnegligent (nonaccidental) manslaughter.

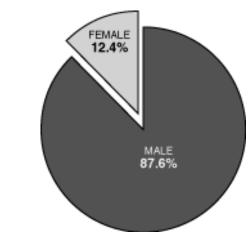
All California law enforcement agencies report arrest and citation information to the California Department of Justice on the "Monthly Arrest and Citation Register," which lists each arrestee; includes information about age, gender, and race/ethnic group; and specifies the "most serious" arrest offense and law enforcement disposition.

In 2001, of 1,754 arrests for homicide:

- 87.6 percent of arrestees (1,537) were male.
- 12.4 percent (217) were female.

☐ In 2001, the majority of homicide arrestees and victims were male (87.6 and 79.8 percent, respectively). (See Tables 5 and 30.)

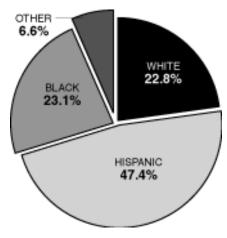
Chart 38 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2001** By Gender of Arrestee



Source: Table 30.

The following penal codes for homicide arrest offenses were valid at the time of the closeout of the 2001 arrest offense code file: 128, 187(a), 189, 192(a), 192(b), 193(a), 193(b), 273ab, 399, and 12310(a).

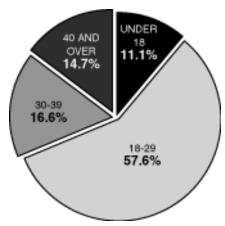
Chart 39 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2001 By Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee



Source: Table 31.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Chart 40 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2001 By Age of Arrestee



Source: Table 32.

In 2001, of 1,754 arrests for homicide:

- 22.8 percent of arrestees (400) were white.
- 47.4 percent (832) were Hispanic.
- 23.1 percent (406) were black.
- 6.6 percent (116) fell into the "other" race/ethnic group category.

And,

- 11.1 percent of arrestees (194) were under age 18.
- 57.6 percent (1,011) were aged 18-29.
- 16.6 percent (291) were aged 30-39.
- 14.7 percent (258) were aged 40 and over.

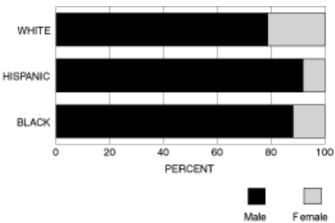
☐ In 2001, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees and victims were Hispanic (47.4 and 44.9 percent, respectively). The majority of homicide arrestees were aged 18-29 (57.6 percent) and the largest percentage of homicide victims were aged 18-29 (45.3 percent). (See Tables 6, 7, 31, and 32.)



In 2001,

■ Homicide arrestees for all three race/ethnic groups shown were predominately male.

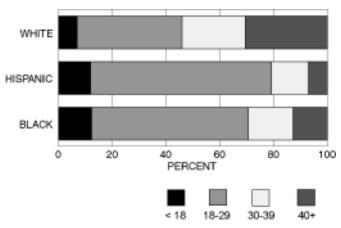
Chart 41 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2001** Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender of Arrestee



Source: Table 33.

☐ In 2001, a greater percentage of white females were arrested for homicide than were Hispanic or black females (21.3 vs. 8.1 and 11.8 percent, respectively).

Chart 42 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2001 Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Age of Arrestee



Source: Table 33.

In 2001,

- A greater percentage of white arrestees were aged 40 and over than were Hispanic or black arrestees (30.5 vs. 7.0 and 12.8 percent, respectively).
- Regardless of race/ethnic group, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees fell into the "18-29" age category.

To Death Penalty Sentences



Homicide in California, 2001



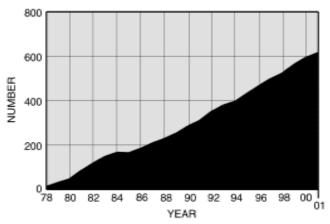
Preface Crimes Arrests
Peace Officers Killed Justifiable Homicides
Data Tables Appendices

death penalties-

DEATH PENALTY SENTENCES

This section contains information about persons sentenced to death in California courts in 2001. Death penalty data were extracted from the 2001 Offender-Based Transaction Statistics (OBTS) system. For detailed information regarding the death penalty and the criteria by which a person can be sentenced to death, refer to California Penal Code sections 190 through 190.9.

Chart 43
PERSONS UNDER CALIFORNIA
SENTENCE OF DEATH, 1978-2001



Source: Table 35.

During 2001, 25 persons were convicted of first-degree murder and sentenced to death. These were initial death sentences only and do not include persons who were resentenced to death after their death sentences were reversed on appeal. By the end of 2001, 610 persons were under sentence of death in California.

Of the 25 persons newly sentenced to death in 2001:

- All 25 were male.
- Nine were white; 8 were Hispanic; 7 were black; 1 fell into the "other" race/ethnic group category.
- The mean (average) age at arrest was 30.
- Los Angeles County sentenced the largest number (7).

Additional information can be found in Tables 35 and 36.

To Peace Officers Killed



Homicide in California, 2001

HOMIEIBE PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY

Preface Crimes Arrests Death Penalty Sentences Justifiable Homicides Data Tables Appendices

peace officers killed

PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY

Information about peace officers killed in the line of duty was obtained from the Homicide File. Only sworn officers feloniously killed in the line of duty are included. (Sworn officers accidentally killed in the line of duty and nonsworn officers, such as security guards, are excluded.)

Data in Tables N-2 and N-3 show that:

- From 1992-2001, 63 peace officers were killed in the line of duty. The average number of peace officers killed annually was 6.3. In 2001, 6 were killed.
- In 2001, 5 peace officers were killed with handguns and 1 peace officer was killed with a rifle. All weapons belonged to the offenders.

Table N-2 PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1992-2001

Year(s)	Number of officers killed
Total	63
2001	6
2000	2
1999	4
1998	7
1997	7
1996	5
1995	10
1994	9
1993	8
1992	5

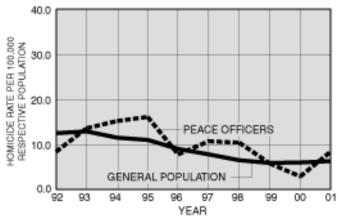
Table N-3 PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2001 By Type of Weapon Used

Type of weapon used	Total	Offender's	Officer's
Total	6	6	0
Handgun Rifle	5 1	5 1	0 0

Table N-4
PEACE OFFICERS KILLED
IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2001
Race/Ethnic Group of Officer by Gender of Officer

Doodathyia		Gender				
Race/ethnic group	Total	Male	Female			
Total	6	6	0			
White	6	6	0			
Hispanic	0	0	0			
Black	0	0	0			
Other	0	0	0			

Chart 44
HOMICIDE CRIMES AND PEACE OFFICERS KILLED
IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1992-2001
Homicide Rate per 100,000 Respective Population



Source: Table 37.

Data in Table N-4 show that:

In 2001, all 6 peace officers killed in the line of duty were male; all 6 were white.

When homicide rates for the general population were compared to homicide rates for peace officers killed in the line of duty, it was found that:

In 2001,

■ The general population homicide rate was 6.3 per 100,000 respective population. The homicide rate for peace officers killed in the line of duty was 8.4 per 100,000 respective population.

Comparing 1992 to 2001:

■ The general population homicide rate decreased 49.6 percent (12.5 to 6.3). The homicide rate for peace officers killed in the line of duty was the same in 1992 as it was in 2001 (8.4).

To Justifiable Homicides



Homicide in California, 2001



Preface Crimes Arrests Death Penalty Sentences Peace Officers Killed Data Tables Appendices

justifiable homicides

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES

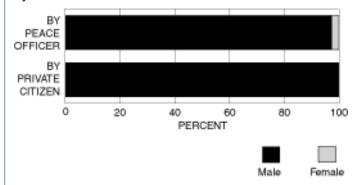
A justifiable homicide is defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program as the killing of a felon by a private citizen or by a peace officer during the commission of a felony. Justifiable homicides are sometimes referred to as excusable or noncriminal homicides.

When justifiable homicides were examined, it was found that:

In 2001,

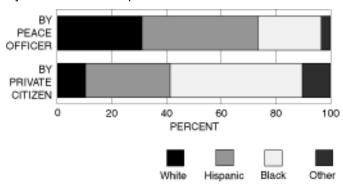
- 97.3 percent of felons (110) killed by peace officers were male; 2.7 percent were female (3).
- All felons (29) killed by private citizens were male.

Chart 45 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001 By Gender of Deceased



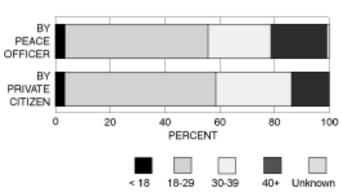
Source: Table 39.

Chart 46 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001 By Race/Ethnic Group of Deceased



Source: Table 39.

Chart 47 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001



Source: Table 39.

In 2001,

- 31.0 percent (35) of felons killed by peace officers were white, 42.5 percent (48) were Hispanic, 23.0 percent (26) were black, and 3.5 percent (4) fell into the "other" race/ethnic group category.
- 10.3 percent (3) of felons killed by private citizens were white, 31.0 percent (9) were Hispanic, 48.3 percent (14) were black, and 10.3 percent (3) fell into the "other" race/ethnic group category.1
- 3.5 percent (4) of felons killed by peace officers were under age 18, 52.2 percent (59) were aged 18-29, 23.0 percent (26) were aged 30-39, 20.4 percent (23) were aged 40 and over, and 0.9 percent (1) fell into the "unknown" age category.
- 3.4 percent (1) of felons killed by private citizens were under age 18, 55.2 percent (16) were aged 18-29, 27.6 percent (8) were aged 30-39, and 13.8 percent (4) were aged 40 and over.

¹ Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

justifiable homicides

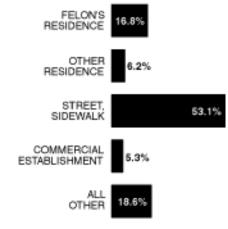
When justifiable homicides were examined by location, it was found that:

In 2001,

- Most felons killed by peace officers were killed on a street or sidewalk (53.1 percent).
- The largest percentage of felons killed by private citizens fell into the "commercial establishment" category (31.0 percent).

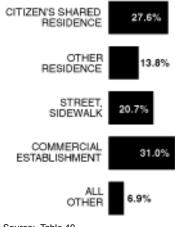
When justifiable homicides were examined by contributing

Chart 48 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS, 2001 By Location of Justifiable Homicide



Source: Table 40.

Chart 49 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001 By Location of Justifiable Homicide



Source: Table 40.

Chart 50 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS, 2001 By Contributing Circumstance

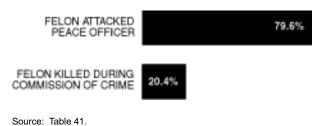


Chart 51 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001 By Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 41.

circumstance, it was found that:

In 2001,

- Most felons killed by peace officers were killed while attacking a peace officer (79.6 percent).
- Most felons killed by private citizens were killed during the commission of a crime (55.2 percent).



Homicide in California, 2001



TABLES

Preface Crimes Arrests Death Penalty Sentences Peace Officers Killed Justifiable Homicides Appendices

-contents

Narrative	
Introduction	Vİİ
Highlights	Viii
Homicide crimes	2
Homicide arrests	26
Death penalty sentences	32
Peace officers killed in the line of duty	36
Justifiable homicides	40
Appendices	
Appendix I - Computational formulas	91
Appendix II - Criminal justice glossary	92
Charts and tables within narrative	
Homicide crimes, 1952-2001	2
Violent crimes, 1992-2001	3
Homicide crimes	
Gender of victim; Race/ethnic group of victim, 1992-2001, rate per 100,000 population	4
Age of victim, 1992-2001, rate per 100,000 population	5
Gender of victim; Gender of victim by percent of total victims and percent of population, 2001	6
Race/ethnic group of victim; Race/ethnic group of victim by percent of total victims and	
percent of population, 2001	7
Age of victim; Age of victim by percent of total victims and percent of population, 2001	8
Race/ethnic group of victim by gender of victim; Race/ethnic group of victim by age of	
victim, 2001	9
Relationship of victim to offender, 2001; Selected relationships of victims to offenders,	
1992-2001	10
Gender of victim by relationship of victim to offender; Race/ethnic group of victim by	. •
relationship of victim to offender, 2001	11
Age of victim by relationship of victim to offender, 2001	12
County by rate per 100,000 population, 2001	13
Season of incident, 2001; Season of incident, 1992-2001	14
Race/ethnic group of victim by average daily number of incidents on weekdays and	17
weekends; Age of victim by average daily number of incidents on weekdays and	
	15
weekends, 2001	
Location of homicide; Gender of victim by location of homicide, 2001	16
Race/ethnic group of victim by location of homicide; Age of victim by location of homicide, 2001	17
Type of weapon used, 2001; Selected types of weapons used, 1992-2001	18



contents-

Gender of victim by type of weapon used; Race/ethnic group of victim by type of weapon	
used, 2001	19
Age of victim by type of weapon used, 2001	20
Contributing circumstance, 2001; Selected contributing circumstances, 1992-2001	2
Gender of victim by contributing circumstance; Race/ethnic group of victim by contributing	
circumstance, 2001	22
Age of victim by contributing circumstance, 2001; Clearance rate, 1992-2001	23
Homicide arrests	
Gender of arrestee, 2001	26
Race/ethnic group of arrestee; Age of arrestee, 2001	2
Race/ethnic group of arrestee by gender of arrestee, 2001	28
Race/ethnic group of arrestee by age of arrestee, 2001	29
Death penalty sentences	
Persons under California sentence of death, 1978-2001	33
Peace officers killed in the line of duty	
Total, 1992-2001; Type of weapon used, 2001	36
Race/ethnic group of officer by gender of officer, 2001; Rate per 100,000 respective	
population, 1992-2001	3
Justifiable homicides	
Gender of deceased, 2001	40
Race/ethnic group of deceased; Age of deceased, 2001	4
Location of justifiable homicide, 2001	42
Contributing circumstance, 2001	43
Tables	
Violent crimes, 1992-2001, number, rate per 100,000 population, and percent change	46
Homicide crimes	
Gender of victim, 1992-2001, number, percent, and rate per 100,000 population	4
Race/ethnic group of victim, 1992-2001, number, percent, and rate per 100,000 population.	48
Age of victim, 1992-2001, number, percent, and rate per 100,000 population	49
Gender of victim; Race/ethnic group of victim, 1992-2001	50
Age of victim, 1992-2001; Race/ethnic group of victim by gender of victim, 2001	5
Race/ethnic group of victim by age of victim, 2001	52
Race/ethnic group of victim by gender and age of victim, 2001	5
Relationship of victim to offender, 1992-2001	54
Gender and race/ethnic group of victim by relationship of victim to offender, 2001	5



con	ter	its
-----	-----	-----

Age of victim by relationship of victim to offender, 2001	56
County, number and rate per 100,000 population, 1992-2001	57
Season and month of incident, 1992-2001	61
Gender and race/ethnic group of victim by day of incident, 2001	62
Age of victim by day of incident, 2001	63
Location of homicide, 1992-2001	64
Gender and race/ethnic group of victim by location of homicide, 2001	65
Age of victim by location of homicide, 2001	66
Type of weapon used, 1992-2001	67
Gender and race/ethnic group of victim by type of weapon used, 2001	68
Age of victim by type of weapon used, 2001	69
Contributing circumstance, 1992-2001	70
Gender and race/ethnic group of victim by contributing circumstance, 2001	71
Age of victim by contributing circumstance, 2001	72
Contributing circumstance by relationship of victim to offender, 2001	73
Clearances, 1992-2001, number reported, number cleared, and clearance rate	74
Felony arrests for selected violent offenses, 1992-2001, number, rate per 100,000 population	
at risk, and percent change	75
Homicide arrests	
Gender of arrestee; Race/ethnic group of arrestee, 1992-2001	76
Age of arrestee, 1992-2001; Race/ethnic group of arrestee by gender and age of	
arrestee, 2001	77
Race/ethnic group of arrestee by gender and age of arrestee, 2001	78
Death penalty sentences	
Persons under California sentence of death, 1978-2001	79
Sentencing county by gender, race/ethnic group, and age of persons sentenced to death,	
2001	80
Peace officers killed in the line of duty	
Homicide crimes and peace officers killed in the line of duty, 1992-2001, number and	
rate per 100,000 respective population; Contributing circumstance, 2001	81
Justifiable homicides	
Gender, race/ethnic group, and age of deceased, 2001	82
Location of justifiable homicide, 2001	83
Contributing circumstance, 2001; Type of weapon used, 2001	84
Population	
Population estimates, 1952-2001	85

Homicide in California, 2001



Preface Crimes Arrests Death Penalty Sentences Peace Officers Killed Justifiable Homicides Data Tables



COMPUTATIONAL FORMULAS

ARREST RATE - An arrest rate describes the number of arrests made by law enforcement agencies per 100,000 total population or per 100,000 population considered to be at risk for arrest. Regardless of the population used, both rates are calculated in the same manner. An arrest rate is calculated by dividing the number of reported arrests by the respective population; the result is multiplied by 100,000. For example, in 2001 there were 1,754 homicide arrests. The total population was 34,758,000 and the total population at risk (10-69 years of age) was 26,745,137.

$$\frac{1,754}{34,758,000} = 0.0000504 \times 100,000 = 5.0 \text{ per } 100,000 \text{ population}$$

$$\frac{1,754}{26,745,137} = 0.0000655 \times 100,000 = 6.6 \text{ per } 100,000 \text{ population at risk}$$

CLEARANCE RATE - A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes reported that have been cleared. A clearance rate is calculated by dividing the number of crimes cleared by the number of crimes reported. The result is multiplied by 100. For example, in 2001 there were 1,091 homicides cleared and 2,201 homicides reported. This equals a homicide clearance rate of 49.6 percent.

$$\frac{1,091}{2.201}$$
 = 0.4956837 x 100 = 49.6 percent

CRIME RATE - A crime rate describes the number of crimes reported to law enforcement agencies per 100,000 total population. A crime rate is calculated by dividing the number of reported crimes by the total population; the result is multiplied by 100,000. For example, in 2001 there were 2,201 homicides in California and the population was 34,758,000. This equals a homicide crime rate of 6.3 per 100,000 general population.

$$\frac{2,201}{34,758,000}$$
 = 0.0000633 x 100,000 = 6.3 per 100,000 population

PERCENT CHANGE - A percent change describes a change in number or rate from one year to another. A percent change is calculated by subtracting base year data from current year data. The result is divided by base year data and multiplied by 100. For example, in 2001 the homicide crime rate was 6.3. In 1992 the homicide crime rate was 12.5. The percent change in rate from 1992 to 2001 is a 49.6 percent decrease.

$$\frac{6.3 - 12.5}{12.5}$$
 = -0.496 x 100 = -49.6 percent

POPULATION AT RISK - Arrest section data tables include three comparison populations: total (10-69 years of age), adult (18-69 years of age), and juvenile (10-17 years of age).

When a series of rates are calculated using different populations, the rate calculated for the total will not be equal to the sum of the rates calculated for each subtotal. For example, the total arrest rate (calculated using the *total* at-risk population) will not equal the sum of the adult arrest rate (calculated using the *adult* at-risk population) and the juvenile arrest rate (calculated using the *juvenile* at-risk population).

Note: Because calculating rates for counties of less than 100,000 will generate an inflated rate when compared to counties with populations of 100,000 or more, rates are not calculated for counties with populations of less than 100,000.



CRIMINAL JUSTICE GLOSSARY

ACQUITTAL: a judgment of a court, based either on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer, that the defendant is not guilty of the offense(s) for which he/she was tried.

ADULT: a person 18 years of age or older.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: an unlawful attack or attempted attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm (UCR definition).

APPEAL: a petition initiated by a defendant for a rehearing in an appellate court regarding a previous sentence or motion.

ARREST: ". . . taking a person into custody, in a case and in the manner authorized by law. An arrest may be made by a peace officer or by a private person" (834 PC).

ARREST RATE: the number of arrests per 100,000 population. See "Computational Formulas" preceding this glossary for further explanation.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF THE YOUTH AUTHORITY

(CYA): the state agency which has jurisdiction over and maintains institutions as correctional schools for the reception of wards of the juvenile court and other persons committed from trial courts.

CLEARANCE: an offense is "cleared by arrest" or solved. for crime reporting purposes, when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of an offense, and turned over to a court for prosecution. Although no physical arrest is made, a clearance by arrest can be claimed when an offender is a person under 18 years of age and is cited to appear in juvenile court or before other juvenile authorities. An offense can also be "cleared exceptionally" for crime reporting purposes when an investigation has definitely established the identity of an offender; there is enough information to support an arrest; and the exact location of an offender is known but, for some reason, law enforcement cannot take the offender into custody.

CLEARANCE RATE: the percentage of crimes reported that have been cleared.

COMBINED CASES: cases rejected by the prosecutor in favor of other counts/cases.

COMPLAINT: a verified written accusation, filed by a prosecuting attorney with a local criminal court, which charges one or more persons with the commission of one or more offenses.

CONVICTION: a judgment, based either on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer or on the guilty plea of the defendant, that the defendant is quilty.

COURT: an agency of the judicial branch of government, authorized or established by statute or constitution, having one or more judicial officers on its staff. A court has the authority to decide upon controversies in law and disputed matters of fact brought before it. Because of court consolidation we no longer distinguish between lower court and superior court.

CRIME: ". . . an act committed or omitted in violation of a law forbidding or commanding it. . . " (15 PC).

CRIME RATE: the number of reported crimes per 100,000 general population. See "Computational Formulas" preceding this glossary for further explanation.

CYA: see "California Department of the Youth Authority."

DISMISSAL: a decision by a judicial officer to terminate a case without a determination of guilt or innocence.

DISPOSITION - COURT: an action taken as the result of an appearance in court by a defendant. Examples are: adults - dismissed, acquitted, or convicted; juveniles dismissed, transferred, or remanded to adult court.

DISPOSITION - LAW ENFORCEMENT: an action taken as the result of an arrest. Examples of police dispositions are: adults - released by law enforcement, referred to another jurisdiction, or a misdemeanor or felony complaint sought; juveniles - handled within the department, referred to another agency, or referred to the probation department or juvenile court.

DISPOSITION - PROSECUTOR: an action taken as the result of a complaint requested by an arresting agency. Dispositions include granting a misdemeanor or a felony complaint or denying a complaint for reasons such as lack of sufficient evidence or complainant refuses to testify.

DIVERSION: a disposition of a criminal defendant either before adjudication or following adjudication, but prior to sentencing, in which the court directs the defendant to participate in a work, educational, or rehabilitative program.

DIVERSION DISMISSED: the successful completion of a diversion program.

FELON: one who has committed a felony.

FELONY: a crime which is punishable by death or by imprisonment in a state prison (17 & 18 PC).

FILING: a document filed with the court clerk or county clerk by a prosecuting attorney alleging that a person committed or attempted to commit a crime.

FORCIBLE RAPE: the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included (UCR definition).

HOMICIDE: the willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter are included (UCR definition).

JAIL: a county or city facility for incarceration of sentenced and unsentenced persons.

JUVENILE: a person under the age of 18.

MISDEMEANOR: a crime punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for up to one year.

MONTHLY ARREST AND CITATION REGISTER (MACR):

a reporting system used to collect information on adult and juvenile arrests and citations by police and sheriffs' departments. This register contains data on arrest offenses, arrestee characteristics (age, gender, and race/ethnic group), and law enforcement dispositions.

OFFENDER-BASED TRANSACTION STATISTICS (OBTS):

a system designed to collect statistical information on the various processes within the criminal justice system that occur between the point of the felony arrest of an adult and the point of final disposition.

OFFENSE: the charged offense is the crime for which the defendant was arrested or filed on by the district attorney. The convicted offense is the offense the defendant was convicted of or pled guilty to in court.

PC (PENAL CODE): the California Penal Code contains statutes that define criminal offenses and specify corresponding punishments. Criminal justice system mandates and procedures are also included.

POPULATION AT RISK: that portion of the total population who, because of like characteristics to the specific study group, are considered "at risk." For example, if one were studying juvenile arrestees, all persons between 10 and 17 years of age would constitute the at-risk population.

PRISON: a state correctional facility where persons are confined following conviction for a felony offense.

PROBATION: a judicial requirement that a person fulfill certain conditions of behavior in lieu of a sentence to confinement. See "Straight Probation."

PROBATION WITH JAIL: a type of disposition given upon conviction which imposes a jail term as a condition of probation.

RATE: a comparison of a number of events to a population.

REMAND: to send back (a case) to another court for further action.

ROBBERY: the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by creating fear in the victim (UCR definition).

SENTENCE: the penalty imposed by a court upon a convicted person.

STRAIGHT PROBATION: probation granted to adults without condition or stipulation that the defendant serve time in jail as a condition of probation.

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING (UCR): a federal reporting system which compiles crime data based on information submitted by law enforcement agencies throughout the nation. In California, the Department of Justice administers and forwards these law enforcement data to the federal program.

VIOLENT CRIMES: crimes committed against people. This category includes homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

YOUTH AUTHORITY: see "California Department of the Youth Authority."

Share With Your Colleagues

Unless otherwise noted, DOJ/CJSC publications are not copyrighted. We encourage you to reproduce this document, share it with your colleagues, and reprint it in your newsletter or journal. However, if you reprint, please cite DOJ/CJSC and appropriate authors found on the title page. We are also interested in how you received a copy of this publication, how you intend to use the information contained within, and how DOJ/CJSC materials meet your individual or agency needs. Please direct your comments or questions to:

California Department of Justice Criminal Justice Statistics Center Special Requests Unit P.O. Box 903427 Sacramento, CA 94203-4270 **Phone:** (916) 227-3509

Fax: (916) 227-0427
E-mail: cjsc@doj.ca.gov
Internet: http://ag.ca.gov/cjsc

CJSC* PUBLICATIONS

Annual Publications

Concealable Firearms Charges in California, Fiscal Year 2000/2001 (December 2001)** Crime and Delinquency in California** Crime and Delinquency in California, Advance Release**

Crime as Reported by Selected California Agencies, January through September** Criminal Justice Profile - A Supplement to C&D (statewide and individual counties)** Hate Crime in California** Homicide in California**

Preliminary Report, Crime (January through June and January through December)**

BCS Foci and Forums

The California Experience in American Juvenile Justice: Some Historical Perspectives (December 1988) Controlling Plea Bargaining in California

(September 1985) Coordinating Justice in California: "There ought to be a law about it" (December 1988)

Crime Control and the Criminal Career (December 1992)

The Development of California Drunk Driving Legislation (December 1988) Employment and Crime (February 1989) The Impact of California's "Prior Felony Conviction" Law (September 1987) The Origins and Development of Penalties

for Drunk Drivers in California (August 1988) A Policy Role for Focus Groups: Community Corrections (September

The Prevalence and Incidence of Arrests Among Adult Males in California (August

The Social Structure of Street Drug Dealing (December 1988)

BCS Outlooks

Adult Felony Arrest Dispositions in California (1982-1984,1986-1989) Crime in Urban and Rural California (November 1984 and December 1997)** Felony Drug Arrests in California, 1985 (December 1986)

Juvenile Justice in California, 1983 (June 1984)

Motor Vehicle Theft in California (December 1987)

Motor Vehicle Theft Recovery Data, 1983-1989 (October 1990)

Women in Crime: The Sentencing of Female Defendants (April 1988)

BCS Reports

Adult Felony Arrest Dispositions in California (April 1992)

Crime in California and the United States, (1983, 1990, 2000)**

Effectiveness of Statutory Requirements for the Registration of Sex Offenders - A Report to the California State Legislature

Executive Summary of the Final Report -Blue Ribbon Commission on Inmate Population Management (January 1990)

The Juvenile Justice System in California: An Overview (April 1989)

Parolees Returned to Prison and the California Prison Population (January

Target Hardening: A Literature Review (October 1989)

CJSC Report Series

Report on Arrests for Burglary in California, 1998**

Report on Arrests for Domestic Violence in California, 1998**

Report on Arrests for Driving Under the Influence in California, 1997* Report on Drug Arrests in California, From

1990 to 1999 (December 2000)* Report on Juvenile Felony Arrests in California, 1998 (March 2000)**

Report on Violent Crimes Committed Against Senior Citizens in California, 1998**

CJSC Research Series

Why Did the Crime Rate Decrease Through 1999? (And Why Might it Decrease or Increase in 2000 and Beyond?) (December 2000)**

Monograph Series

Conspicuous Depredation: Automobile Theft in Los Angeles, 1904 to 1987 (March 1990)

Controlling Felony Plea Bargaining in California: The Impact of the Victim's Bill of Rights (1986)

Development of a White Collar Crime Index (December 1992)

Incapacitation Strategies and the Career Criminal (December 1992)

Measuring White Collar Crime in Depository Institutions (December 1993)

Prosecutors' Response to Parental Child Stealing: A Statewide Study (April 1995) Race & Delinquency in Los Angeles

Juvenile Court, 1950 (December 1990) Survey Report: "The Expansion of the Criminal Justice and Penal System in California - Is greater coordination

required?" (December 1988)

Miscellaneous

California Criminal Justice Time Line, 1822-2000 (June 2001)* Crime in California (April 2001)** Gang Organization and Migration/Drugs, Gangs & Law Enforcement Proceedings of the Attorney General's Crime Conference 85 (September 1985) Proceedings of Symposium 87: White Collar/Institutional Crime - Its Measurement and Analysis

Special Report to the Legislature on Senate Bill 1608 (July 2002)

*Prior to 1991, the Criminal Justice Statistics Center (CJSC) was known as the Bureau of Criminal Statistics (BCS). **Available on the Internet.

For your convenience, 1999-2001 annual publications are also available on CD-ROM, including data tables in the Excel spreadsheet format. Contact the Special Requests Unit to obtain a disc.

If you need a publication or assistance in obtaining statistical information or a customized statistical report, please contact the CJSC's Special Requests Unit at the:

> California Department of Justice Criminal Justice Statistics Center Special Requests Unit P.O. Box 903427 Sacramento, CA 94203-4270 Phone: (916) 227-3509

Fax: (916) 227-0427 E-mail: cjsc@doj.ca.gov Internet: http://ag.ca.gov/cjsc

Table 1

VIOLENT CRIMES, 1992-2001

Number, Rate per 100,000 Population, and Percent Change

Number, Nate per 100,000 ropulation, and referr Change										
Year(s)	Total	Homi- cide	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault					
Number										
2001	210,510 210,492 207,874 229,766 257,409	2,201 2,074 2,006 2,170 2,579	9,882 9,785 9,443 9,777 10,182	63,299 60,243 60,027 68,752 81,413	135,128 138,390 136,398 149,067 163,235					
1996 1995 1994 1993 1992	274,675 304,998 318,946 336,100 345,508	2,910 3,530 3,699 4,095 3,920	10,238 10,550 10,960 11,754 12,751	94,137 104,581 112,149 126,347 130,867	167,390 186,337 192,138 193,904 197,970					
	Percent	change	in number	·						
2000-2001 1999-2000 1998-1999 1997-1998 1996-1997	0.0 1.3 -9.5 -10.7 -6.3	6.1 3.4 -7.6 -15.9 -11.4	1.0 3.6 -3.4 -4.0 -0.5	5.1 0.4 -12.7 -15.6 -13.5	-2.4 1.5 -8.5 -8.7 -2.5					
1995-1996 1994-1995 1993-1994 1992-1993	-9.9 -4.4 -5.1 -2.7	-17.6 -4.6 -9.7 4.5	-3.0 -3.7 -6.8 -7.8	-10.0 -6.7 -11.2 -3.5	-10.2 -3.0 -0.9 -2.1					
1992-2001	-39.1	-43.9	-22.5	-51.6	-31.7					
			population	1						
2001 2000 1999 1998 1997	605.6 610.5 610.7 686.0 781.0	6.3 6.0 5.9 6.5 7.8	28.4 28.4 27.7 29.2 30.9	182.1 174.7 176.4 205.3 247.0	388.8 401.4 400.7 445.1 495.3					
1996 1995 1994 1993 1992	848.2 951.2 992.4 1,058.8 1,103.9	9.0 11.0 11.5 12.9 12.5	31.6 32.9 34.1 37.0 40.7	290.7 326.2 348.9 398.0 418.1	516.9 581.2 597.8 610.9 632.5					
	Perce	nt chang	e in rate	1	_					
2000-2001 1999-2000 1998-1999 1997-1998 1996-1997	-0.8 0.0 -11.0 -12.2 -7.9	5.0 1.7 -9.2 -16.7 -13.3	0.0 2.5 -5.1 -5.5 -2.2	4.2 -1.0 -14.1 -16.9 -15.0	-3.1 0.2 -10.0 -10.1 -4.2					
1995-1996 1994-1995 1993-1994 1992-1993	-10.8 -4.2 -6.3 -4.1	-18.2 -4.3 -10.9 3.2 -49.6	-4.0 -3.5 -7.8 -9.1 -30.2	-10.9 -6.5 -12.3 -4.8 -56.4	-11.1 -2.8 -2.1 -3.4 -38.5					

Note: Rates may not add to total because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Table 2 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001

By Gender of Victim

Number, Percent, and Rate per 100,000 Population

Gender											Perc char	
of victim	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	1992- 2001	2000- 2001
Total												
Number of victims	3,920	4,095	3,699	3,530	2,910	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	-43.9	6.1
Percent of victims	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Population	31,300,000	31,742,000	32,140,000	32,063,000	32,383,000	32,957,000	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	11.0	8.0
Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Rate	12.5	12.9	11.5	11.0	9.0	7.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	-49.6	5.0
Male ¹												
Number of victims	3,220	3,338	3,090	2,901	2,368	2,097	1,727	1,568	1,666	1,756	-45.5	5.4
Percent of total victims.	82.1%	81.5%	83.5%	82.2%	81.4%	81.3%	79.6%	78.2%	80.3%	79.8%		
Population	15,680,019	15,826,148	16,302,037	16,643,729	16,979,256	17,135,207	16,810,163	17,099,812	17,398,995	17,694,411	12.8	1.7
Percent of population	50.1%	49.9%	50.1%	50.1%	50.1%	50.0%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%		
Rate	20.5	21.1	19.0	17.4	13.9	12.2	10.3	9.2	9.6	9.9	-51.7	3.1
Female												
Number of victims	700	757	609	629	542	482	443	438	408	445	-36.4	9.1
Percent of total victims.	17.9%	18.5%	16.5%	17.8%	18.6%	18.7%	20.4%	21.8%	19.7%	20.2%		
Population	15,620,115	15,868,588	16,218,103	16,545,201	16,884,383	17,159,994	16,696,243	16,972,666	17,254,400	17,538,924	12.3	1.6
Percent of population	49.9%	50.1%	49.9%	49.9%	49.9%	50.0%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%		
Rate	4.5	4.8	3.8	3.8	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.5	-44.4	4.2

Notes: Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance. Population breakdowns by gender will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

The "percent of population" category for male and female was calculated using the sum of the male and female populations.

¹ The "male" category includes homicide victims whose gender could not be determined: 1992 includes one, 1993 includes two, 1994 includes seven, 1995 includes six, 1997 includes five, 2000 includes two, and 2001 includes one.

Table 3 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim

Race/ethnic group											Perc	
of victim	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	1992- 2001	2000-
Total											2001	2001
Number of victims	3,920	4,095	3,699	3,530	2,910	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	-43.9	6.1
Percent of victims	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Population	31,300,000	31,742,000	32,140,000	32,063,000	32,383,000	32,957,000	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	11.0	0.8
Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Rate	12.5	12.9	11.5	11.0	9.0	7.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	-49.6	5.0
White												
Number of victims	914	952	771	726	617	547	523	446	421	442	-51.6	5.0
Percent of total victims	23.3%	23.2%	20.8%	20.6%	21.2%	21.2%	24.1%	22.2%	20.3%	20.1%		
Population	17,362,245	17,324,679	17,511,489	17,593,222	17,787,715	17,849,510	17,258,003	17,339,690	17,421,511	17,503,225	0.8	0.5
Percent of population	55.5%	54.7%	53.8%	53.0%	52.5%	52.0%	51.5%	50.9%	50.3%	49.7%		
Rate	5.3	5.5	4.4	4.1	3.5	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.5	-52.8	4.2
Hispanic												
Number of victims	1,686	1,631	1,572	1,615	1,291	1,154	964	909	933	985	-41.6	5.6
Percent of total victims	43.0%	39.8%	42.5%	45.8%	44.4%	44.7%	44.4%	45.3%	45.0%	44.8%		
Population	8,561,349	8,906,439	9,340,495	9,764,691	10,114,228	10,421,039	10,022,551	10,352,763	10,688,752	11,020,710	28.7	3.1
Percent of population	27.4%	28.1%	28.7%	29.4%	29.9%	30.4%	29.9%	30.4%	30.8%	31.3%		
Rate	19.7	18.3	16.8	16.5	12.8	11.1	9.6	8.8	8.7	8.9	-54.8	2.3
Black												
Number of victims	1,073	1,249	1,111	922	794	682	523	488	589	622	-42.0	5.6
Percent of total victims	27.4%	30.5%	30.0%	26.1%	27.3%	26.4%	24.1%	24.3%	28.4%	28.3%		
Population	2,191,898	2,179,651	2,255,738	2,293,634	2,330,391	2,314,836	2,309,152	2,320,916	2,337,935	2,355,812	7.5	0.8
Percent of population	7.0%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.7%	6.9%	6.8%	6.7%	6.7%		
Rate	49.0	57.3	49.3	40.2	34.1	29.5	22.6	21.0	25.2	26.4	-46.1	4.8
Other												
Number of victims	234	247	226	254	198	177	147	157	121	145	-38.0	19.8
Percent of total victims	6.0%	6.0%	6.1%	7.2%	6.8%	6.9%	6.8%	7.8%	5.8%	6.6%		
Population	3,184,642	3,283,967	3,412,418	3,537,383	3,631,305	3,709,816	3,916,700	4,059,109	4,205,197	4,353,588	36.7	3.5
Percent of population	10.2%	10.4%	10.5%	10.7%	10.7%	10.8%	11.7%	11.9%	12.1%	12.4%		
Rate	7.3	7.5	6.6	7.2	5.5	4.8	3.8	3.9	2.9	3.3	-54.8	13.8
Unknown												
Number of victims	13	16	19	13	10	19	13	6	10	7	-	-
Percent of total victims	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	0.7%	0.6%	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%		
Population	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percent of population	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Population breakdowns by race/ethnic group will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

Dash indicates that the percent of population and rate for the "unknown" category cannot be calculated because there are no unknown race/ethnic group population data.

The "percent of population" category for race/ethnic group was calculated using the sum of the race/ethnic group populations.

Table 4 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001**

By Age of Victim
Number, Percent, and Rate per 100,000 Population

-	1		<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1		1	Perc	ent
Age		4000									char	
of victim	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	1992-	2000-
											2001	2001
Total												
Number of victims	3,920	4,095	3,699	3,530	2,910	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	-43.9	6.1
Percent of victims	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Population	31,300,000	31,742,000	32,140,000	32,063,000	32,383,000	32,957,000	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	11.0	8.0
Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Rate	12.5	12.9	11.5	11.0	9.0	7.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	-49.6	5.0
Under 18												
Number of victims	489	512	470	519	421	361	306	276	246	252	-48.5	2.4
Percent of total victims.	12.5%	12.5%	12.7%	14.7%	14.5%	14.0%	14.1%	13.8%	11.9%	11.4%		
Population	8,391,266	8,651,941	8,917,191	9,191,662	9,456,115	9,701,218	9,426,168	9,587,332	9,770,687	9,932,913	18.4	1.7
Percent of population	26.8%	27.3%	27.4%	27.7%	27.9%	28.3%	28.1%	28.1%	28.2%	28.2%		
Rate	5.8	5.9	5.3	5.6	4.5	3.7	3.2	2.9	2.5	2.5	-56.9	0.0
18-29												
Number of victims	1,719	1,763	1,603	1,510	1,183	1,068	933	840	888	992	-42.3	11.7
Percent of total victims.	43.9%	43.1%	43.3%	42.8%	40.7%	41.4%	43.0%	41.9%	42.8%	45.1%		
Population	6,171,771	5,863,383	5,934,537	5,854,943	5,770,311	5,537,727	5,474,990	5,511,604	5,523,472	5,555,926	-10.0	0.6
Percent of population	19.7%	18.5%	18.2%	17.6%	17.0%	16.1%	16.3%	16.2%	15.9%	15.8%		
Rate	27.9	30.1	27.0	25.8	20.5	19.3	17.0	15.2	16.1	17.9	-35.8	11.2
30-39												
Number of victims	842	934	861	737	630	534	428	364	377	426	-49.4	13.0
Percent of total victims.	21.5%	22.8%	23.3%	20.9%	21.6%	20.7%	19.7%	18.1%	18.2%	19.4%		
Population	5,656,892	5,747,693	5,874,969	5,942,572	5,968,805	5,942,241	5,654,098	5,629,424	5,597,411	5,535,620	-2.1	-1.1
Percent of population	18.1%	18.1%	18.1%	17.9%	17.6%	17.3%	16.9%	16.5%	16.2%	15.7%		
Rate	14.9	16.2	14.7	12.4	10.6	9.0	7.6	6.5	6.7	7.7	-48.3	14.9
40 and over												
Number of victims	834	842	698	719	636	580	480	505	534	519	-37.8	-2.8
Percent of total victims.	21.3%	20.6%	18.9%	20.4%	21.9%	22.5%	22.1%	25.2%	25.7%	23.6%		_
Population	11,080,205	11,431,719	11,793,443	12,199,753	12,668,408	13,114,015	12,951,150	13,344,118	13,761,825	14,208,876	28.2	3.2
Percent of population	35.4%	36.1%	36.3%	36.8%	37.4%	38.2%	38.7%	39.2%	39.7%	40.3%		
Rate	7.5	7.4	5.9	5.9	5.0	4.4	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.7	-50.7	-5.1
Unknown												
Number of victims	36	44	67	45	40	36	23	21	29	12	-	-
Percent of total victims.	0.9%	1.1%	1.8%	1.3%	1.4%	1.4%	1.1%	1.0%	1.4%	0.5%		
Population	-	-	-	-			-] -	-	-	-	-
Percent of population	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance. Population breakdowns by age will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

Dash indicates that the percent of population and rate for the "unknown" category cannot be calculated because there are no unknown age population data.

The "percent of population" category for age group was calculated using the sum of the age populations.

Table 5 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001**By Gender of Victim

Voor(o)	То	tal	Ма	le ¹	Fem	nale
Year(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2001	2,201	100.0	1,756	79.8	445	20.2
2000	2,074	100.0	1,666	80.3	408	19.7
1999	2,006	100.0	1,568	78.2	438	21.8
1998	2,170	100.0	1,727	79.6	443	20.4
1997	2,579	100.0	2,097	81.3	482	18.7
1996	2,910	100.0	2,368	81.4	542	18.6
1995	3,530	100.0	2,901	82.2	629	17.8
1994	3,699	100.0	3,090	83.5	609	16.5
1993	4,095	100.0	3,338	81.5	757	18.5
1992	3,920	100.0	3,220	82.1	700	17.9

¹ The "male" category includes homicide victims whose gender could not be determined: 1992 includes one, 1993 includes two, 1994 includes seven, 1995 includes six, 1997 includes five, 2000 includes two, and 2001 includes one.

Table 6
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001
By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim

	Total					Knowr	race/ethn	ic group of	victim			
Year(s)	including	Unknown	То	tal	Wh	nite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her
	unknown		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2001	2,201	7	2,194	100.0	442	20.1	985	44.9	622	28.4	145	6.6
2000	2,074	10	2,064	100.0	421	20.4	933	45.2	589	28.5	121	5.9
1999	2,006	6	2,000	100.0	446	22.3	909	45.5	488	24.4	157	7.9
1998	2,170	13	2,157	100.0	523	24.2	964	44.7	523	24.2	147	6.8
1997	2,579	19	2,560	100.0	547	21.4	1,154	45.1	682	26.6	177	6.9
1996	2,910	10	2,900	100.0	617	21.3	1,291	44.5	794	27.4	198	6.8
1995	3,530	13	3,517	100.0	726	20.6	1,615	45.9	922	26.2	254	7.2
1994	3,699	19	3,680	100.0	771	21.0	1,572	42.7	1,111	30.2	226	6.1
1993	4,095	16	4,079	100.0	952	23.3	1,631	40.0	1,249	30.6	247	6.1
1992	3,920	13	3,907	100.0	914	23.4	1,686	43.2	1,073	27.5	234	6.0

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 7
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001
By Age of Victim

	Total						Known ag	e of victim				
Year(s)	including	Unknown	To	tal	Und	er 18	18	-29	30	-39	40 an	d over
	unknown		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2001	2,201	12	2,189	100.0	252	11.5	992	45.3	426	19.5	519	23.7
2000	2,074	29	2,045	100.0	246	12.0	888	43.4	377	18.4	534	26.1
1999	2,006	21	1,985	100.0	276	13.9	840	42.3	364	18.3	505	25.4
1998	2,170	23	2,147	100.0	306	14.3	933	43.5	428	19.9	480	22.4
1997	2,579	36	2,543	100.0	361	14.2	1,068	42.0	534	21.0	580	22.8
1996	2,910	40	2,870	100.0	421	14.7	1,183	41.2	630	22.0	636	22.2
1995	3,530	45	3,485	100.0	519	14.9	1,510	43.3	737	21.1	719	20.6
1994	3,699	67	3,632	100.0	470	12.9	1,603	44.1	861	23.7	698	19.2
1993	4,095	44	4,051	100.0	512	12.6	1,763	43.5	934	23.1	842	20.8
1992	3,920	36	3,884	100.0	489	12.6	1,719	44.3	842	21.7	834	21.5

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 8 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001**Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender of Victim

Gender	То	tal	Wh	nite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her	Unkı	nown
of victim	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,201	100.0	442	100.0	985	100.0	622	100.0	145	100.0	7	100.0
Male ¹	1,756	79.8	269	60.9	837	85.0	535	86.0	110	75.9	5	-
Female	445	20.2	173	39.1	148	15.0	87	14.0	35	24.1	2	-

Note: Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ The "male" category includes one homicide victim whose gender could not be determined.

Table 9 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001
Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Age of Victim

Age	То	tal	W	hite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her	Unk	nown
of victim	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total including unknown	2,201		442		985		622		145		7	
Unknown	12		1		6		1		0		4	
Total known	2,189	100.0	441	100.0	979	100.0	621	100.0	145	100.0	3	100.0
Under 18	252	11.5	41	9.3	124	12.7	62	10.0	24	16.6	1	-
18-29	992	45.3	90	20.4	532	54.3	311	50.1	58	40.0	1	-
30-39	426	19.5	91	20.6	183	18.7	128	20.6	23	15.9	1	-
40 and over	519	23.7	219	49.7	140	14.3	120	19.3	40	27.6	0	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 10 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001**Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender and Age of Victim

Gender and	То	ital	Wł	nite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her	Unkr	nown
age of victim	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,201	100.0	442	100.0	985	100.0	622	100.0	145	100.0	7	100.0
Under 18	252	11.4	41	9.3	124	12.6	62	10.0	24	16.6	1	-
18-19	181	8.2	13	2.9	103	10.5	55	8.8	9	6.2	1	-
20-24	484	22.0	50	11.3	261	26.5	143	23.0	30	20.7	0	-
25-29	327	14.9	27	6.1	168	17.1	113	18.2	19	13.1	0	-
30-34	246	11.2	49	11.1	107	10.9	74	11.9	15	10.3	1	-
35-39	180	8.2	42	9.5	76	7.7	54	8.7	8	5.5	0	-
40-44	171	7.8	53	12.0	53	5.4	54	8.7	11	7.6	0	-
45-49	119	5.4	43	9.7	34	3.5	30	4.8	12	8.3	0	-
50-54	78	3.5	33	7.5	24	2.4	15	2.4	6	4.1	0	-
55 and over	151	6.9	90	20.4	29	2.9	21	3.4	11	7.6	0	-
Unknown	12	0.5	1	0.2	6	0.6	1	0.2	0	0.0	4	-
Male ¹	1,756	100.0	269	100.0	837	100.0	535	100.0	110	100.0	5	100.0
Under 18	166	9.5	21	7.8	84	10.0	46	8.6	14	12.7	1	-
18-19	170	9.7	10	3.7	99	11.8	51	9.5	9	8.2	1	-
20-24	431	24.5	34	12.6	234	28.0	136	25.4	27	24.5	0	-
25-29	286	16.3	21	7.8	157	18.8	98	18.3	10	9.1	0	-
30-34	209	11.9	34	12.6	94	11.2	67	12.5	14	12.7	0	-
35-39	137	7.8	28	10.4	60	7.2	42	7.9	7	6.4	0	-
40-44	117	6.7	28	10.4	38	4.5	43	8.0	8	7.3	0	-
45-49	84	4.8	24	8.9	27	3.2	24	4.5	9	8.2	0	-
50-54	59	3.4	22	8.2	18	2.2	14	2.6	5	4.5	0	-
55 and over	87	5.0	46	17.1	21	2.5	13	2.4	7	6.4	0	-
Unknown	10	0.6	1	0.4	5	0.6	1	0.2	0	0.0	3	-
Female	445	100.0	173	100.0	148	100.0	87	100.0	35	100.0	2	100.0
Under 18	86	19.3	20	11.6	40	27.0	16	18.4	10	-	0	-
18-19	11	2.5	3	1.7	4	2.7	4	4.6	0	-	0	-
20-24	53	11.9	16	9.2	27	18.2	7	8.0	3	-	0	-
25-29	41	9.2	6	3.5	11	7.4	15	17.2	9	-	0	-
30-34	37	8.3	15	8.7	13	8.8	7	8.0	1	-	1	-
35-39	43	9.7	14	8.1	16	10.8	12	13.8	1	-	0	-
40-44	54	12.1	25	14.5	15	10.1	11	12.6	3	-	0	-
45-49	35	7.9	19	11.0	7	4.7	6	6.9	3	-	0	-
50-54	19	4.3	11	6.4	6	4.1	1	1.1	1	-	0	-
55 and over	64	14.4	44	25.4	8	5.4	8	9.2	4	-	0	-
Unknown	2	0.4	0	0.0	1	0.7	0	0.0	0	-	1	

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ The "male" category includes one homicide victim whose gender could not be determined.

Table 11 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001** By Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship	19	92	19	93	19	94	19	95	19	96
of victim to offender	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total including unknown	3,920		4,095		3,699		3,530		2,910	
Unknown	1,011		1,166		994		947		728	
Total known	2,909	100.0	2,929	100.0	2,705	100.0	2,583	100.0	2,182	100.0
Friend, acquaintance ¹	1,677	57.6	1,706	58.2	1,680	62.1	1,359	52.6	1,075	49.3
Spouse, parent, child	291	10.0	270	9.2	239	8.8	260	10.1	261	12.0
Spouse ²	139	4.8	130	4.4	113	4.2	123	4.8	115	5.3
Parent, child ³	152	5.2	140	4.8	126	4.7	137	5.3	146	6.7
All other relatives	86	3.0	87	3.0	77	2.8	77	3.0	43	2.0
Stranger	855	29.4	866	29.6	709	26.2	887	34.3	803	36.8

Relationship	19	97	19	98	19	99	20	00	20	01	Percent	change
of victim to offender (cont.)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1992- 2001	2000- 2001
Total including unknown Unknown	2,579 859		2,170 625		2,006 761		2,074 796		2,201 900			
Total known	1,720	100.0	1,545	100.0	1,245	100.0	1,278	100.0	1,301	100.0	-55.3	1.8
Friend, acquaintance ¹	869	50.5	766	49.6	632	50.8	601	47.0	596	45.8	-64.5	-0.8
Spouse, parent, child	203	11.8	192	12.4	202	16.2	207	16.2	183	14.1	-37.1	-11.6
Spouse ²	89	5.2	83	5.4	85	6.8	115	9.0	87	6.7	-37.4	-24.3
Parent, child ³	114	6.6	109	7.1	117	9.4	92	7.2	96	7.4	-36.8	4.3
All other relatives	46	2.7	41	2.7	49	3.9	40	3.1	49	3.8	-43.0	-
Stranger	602	35.0	546	35.3	362	29.1	430	33.6	473	36.4	-44.7	10.0

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.
² Includes "common-law" marriage partner.
³ Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 12 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship	of		Gei	nder		Ra	ce/ethnic g	oup	
victim to offender	Oi	Total	Male ¹	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
				Number					
Total including unknown		2,201	1,756	445	442	985	622	145	7
Unknown		900	793	107	109	417	310	57	7
Total known		1,301	963	338	333	568	312	88	0
Friend, acquaintance ²		596	456	140	137	279	145	35	0
Spouse, parent, child		183	57	126	89	59	23	12	0
Spouse ³		87	16	71	41	30	10	6	0
Parent, child ⁴		96	41	55	48	29	13	6	0
All other relatives		49	30	19	20	15	9	5	0
Stranger		473	420	53	87	215	135	36	0
			Percer	nt based on t	otal known				
Total known		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Friend, acquaintance ²		45.8	47.4	41.4	41.1	49.1	46.5	39.8	-
Spouse, parent, child		14.1	5.9	37.3	26.7	10.4	7.4	13.6	-
Spouse ³		6.7	1.7	21.0	12.3	5.3	3.2	6.8	-
Parent, child ⁴		7.4	4.3	16.3	14.4	5.1	4.2	6.8	-
All other relatives		3.8	3.1	5.6	6.0	2.6	2.9	5.7	-
Stranger		36.4	43.6	15.7	26.1	37.9	43.3	40.9	<u> </u>

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ The "male" category includes one homicide victim whose gender could not be determined.

² Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

³ Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

⁴ Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 13 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001** Age of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender

			ı		ı	
Relationship		Under			40	
of victim to offender	Total	18	18-29	30-39	and over	Unknown
		Numbe	er			
Total including unknown	2,201	252	992	426	519	12
Unknown	900	73	468	189	161	9
Total known	1,301	179	524	237	358	3
Friend, acquaintance ¹	596	79	276	106	134	1
Spouse, parent, child	183	51	22	25	84	1
Spouse ²	87	0	16	23	48	0
Parent, child ³	96	51	6	2	36	1
All other relatives	49	7	9	13	20	0
Stranger	473	42	217	93	120	1
	Perce	ent based or	total known			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Friend, acquaintance ¹	45.8	44.1	52.7	44.7	37.4	-
Spouse, parent, child	14.1	28.5	4.2	10.5	23.5	-
Spouse ²	6.7	0.0	3.1	9.7	13.4	-
Parent, child ³	7.4	28.5	1.1	0.8	10.1	-
All other relatives	3.8	3.9	1.7	5.5	5.6	-
Stranger	36.4	23.5	41.4	39.2	33.5	-

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc. ² Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

³ Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 14 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001

By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

County	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
	•			Nu	mber					<u>. </u>
Statewide total	3,920	4,095	3,699	3,530	2,910	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201
Alameda	214	199	187	196	142	142	107	85	110	108
Alpine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amador	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Butte	14	6	6	5	10	8	6	4	8	11
Calaveras	5	1	4	3	2	2	2	0	4	2
Colusa	1	1	0	1	0	2	1	3	4	0
Contra Costa	86	113	120	80	71	63	54	57	56	49
Del Norte	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
El Dorado	8	5	7	4	2	4	7	3	3	5
Fresno	126	127	122	105	93	84	57	43	38	61
Glenn	0	2	0	0	1	0	3	1	1	0
Humboldt	6	10	7	8	3	8	5	12	4	7
Imperial	14	5	6	9	13	5	8	2	4	5
Inyo	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Kern	49	73	92	71	52	55	55	52	37	39
Kings	4	9	7	7	10	5	5	1	3	1
Lake	6	3	4	5	2	5	6	4	5	1
Lassen	1	2	2	4	0	0	1	4	0	0
Los Angeles	1,919	1,944	1,669	1,682	1,398	1,176	959	891	1,000	1,070
Madera	11	10	15	12	11	6	12	6	10	15
Marin	11	4	2	7	2	1	1	2	5	3
Mariposa	0	3	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	0
Mendocino	6	9	6	3	5	7	6	7	5	4
Merced	11	21	16	11	8	17	17	14	6	5
Modoc	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Mono	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Monterey	33	32	40	26	23	33	27	29	25	26
Napa	6	4	2	2	0	2	1	2	3	1
Nevada	2	6	2	1	2	0	3	6	1	6
Orange	173	196	171	166	111	102	85	92	56	63
ŭ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	/ ti 1\

(continued)

Table 14 - continued

HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001

By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

96 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001	-	5 3 7 1 5 3 11 110 104 89 79 93 93 87 73 82 75 78 0 1 2 1 3 6	85 146 147 110 145 125 86 125 87 106 97 92 82 59 64 59 62 66 73 42 39 39 50 5 5 7 4 3 7	28 10 62 4	0 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 3 0 1 1 22 12 14 16 21 10 17 13 11 8 11 12 28 29 25 25 16 34	5 4 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 3 3 1 3 0 1 2 0 0 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 17 2 6 1 1 0 0 0 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1	25 24 19 7 8 6
2000		5 1 79 75 3	145 97 59 39 3	01 0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	0 7 7 7 9 1 0	2 2 2 7 2	24
1999		88 88 -	110 106 49 4	18 37 4 + 11	16 8 8 25	2 + + 4 2	6 9
1998		7 104 73 2	147 87 58 42 7	23 11 44 9	0 8 7 7 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- 20 0 0	24 8
1997		3 0 110 87	146 125 59 73	28 10 62 4	0 0 7 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	4 - 6 6 0	25 7
1996	Number	5 111 93	185 166 82 66 5	17 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 22 17 28	22-35	33
1995	Nun	7 133 103	225 198 99 62 8	35 26 8 8	0 27 15 32	0 33 - 57 2	26 9
1994		8 166 126	243 206 92 64	26 11 56 6	0 0 44 18 27	m и и и и и	28
1993		9 2 159 145	256 245 129 65	33 61 12 12	24 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	2 + 2 8 4	42
1992		2 1 128 91	233 245 117 70	55 68 68 9	0 2 4 3 8 8	4 2 0 8 +	29
County		Placer	San Bernardino San Diego San Francisco San Joaquin San Luis Obispo	San Mateo Santa Barbara Santa Clara Santa Cruz	SierraSiskiyouSolanoSonomaStanislaus	Sutter	Ventura Yolo

Table 14 - continued

HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001

By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

		-	Nullibel alla Nate pel 100,000 ropulation	וט המופ אם	100,000	ropulation				
County	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
			2	Rate per 100,000 population	000 populat	ion				
Statewide total	12.5	12.9	11.5	11.0	9.0	7.8	9:9	6.9	0'9	6.3
Alameda	16.1	14.9	13.8	14.5	10.4	10.2	7.5	5.9	7.5	7.3
Amador	1			1	1	ı	1		•	
Butte Calaveras	7.2	3.0	2.9	2.5	5.1	4.0	3.0	2.0	3.9	5.3
	1	,	•	•		•	•	•	•	ı
Colusa		,	,	1		ı		,		
Contra Costa	10.2	13.1	13.7	9.2	8.1	7.0	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.0
FI Dorado	ı	ı	ı	1	•	1	ı	1	ı	•
Fresno	5.8	3.5	4.8	2.8	1.4	2.7	4.7	2.0	1.9	3.1
	17.4	17.1	16.1	13.9	12.1	10.8	7.3	5.4	4.7	7.4
Glenn										
Humboldt	' 0	' (' u	' 7	· ~	' (°	' (· "	, 4	' L
Imperial	0.0	D. 0	0.0	4. 0	4.7	0.0 ن	0.4 1	o ,	ر ا	ე.ე ე
lnyo	۲٦. ک	χ. Σ	4.3	0.0	9.5	3.5	9.6	4.	7.7	3.3
Kern	' (' (' (' '	' (' '	' (1 (' ('
	8.2	11.9	14.8	11.5	8.3	8.7	8.6	0.0	2.5	2.7
Kings	7 0	0	4	ď	0		•	Ċ	c	o o
Lake	·	9	j	-	0.0	ţ 7.	5	o	7:7	0.0
Lassen	•	ı					•	•	•	
Los Angeles	' (' '	' '	' (' (' (۱ (' (' (
Madera	21.0	21.1	18.1	18.0	14.9	12.3	6.6		10.3	11.0
	11.0	9.6	13.9	11.3	10.0	5.3	10.5	5.1	7.8	11.5
Marin	•	1	Ó	Ó	Ó	,	Ċ	(Ċ	•
Mariposa	4.6	٦.٢	S.0	N.9	0.8	4.0	4.0	8.O	2.0	1.2
Mendocino	1			1		ı	•	1		
Merced										•
Modoc	5.8	10.7	8.0	5.5	4.0	8.4	8.3	8.9	2.8	2.3
	,		ı		•	1		1	ı	•
Mono										
Monterev	•									
Napa.	8.8	8.5	10.8	7.2	6.4	8.7	7.0	7.4	6.1	6.4
Nevada	5.2	3.4	1.7	1.7	0.0	1.7	0.8	1.6	2.4	8.0
Orange	•		ı		•	•		•	•	•
b	8.9	9.7	6.5	6.3	4.2	3.8	3.1	3.3	1.9	2.2
										(continued)

Table 14 - continued

HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001

By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

County	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
				Rate per 100,000 population	000 populat	ion				
PlacerPlumas	1.0	4.6	3.9	3.4	2.4	1.4	3.1	0.4	2.0	1.1
Riverside	' 0	, 6	, 0,	' '	' 0	' '	' 7	' (' (' '
Sacramento	0.0 0.0	. c	7 - 7	7.0	0.0	7.7	1.7	ກ o ດ໌ ຜ	0.0	7.0
San Benito	7.0	6.7	<u> </u>	9. '	7.0	o. '	? .0	0.0	0.0	7.0
							1			
San Bernardino	15.1	16.2	15.1	14.2	11.6	0.6	6	9	8	7.1
San Erancisco	9.3	9.2	2.6	7.4	6.2	4.5	3.1	3.7	3.4	3.2
San Ioadijn	15.7	17.2	12.2	13.2	10.7	9.7	7.3	8.0	7.5	7.9
San Luis Ohisno	13.7	12.5	12.2	11.8	12.4	13.5	9.7	6.9	8.9	8.5
	4.4	0.0	3.8	3.5	2.2	2.1	2.9	1.7	1.2	2.8
San Mateo	8.1	4.8	3.8	5.1	1.6	3.9	3.2	2.5	4.	2.5
Santa Clara	4.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.5	2.7	1.2	2.5	3.0
Santa Critz	4.4	3.9	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	5.6	2.2	2.0	2.0
Shasta	2.5	3.8	2.5	3.3	4.1	1.6	3.6	1.6	3.5	2.0
	5.6	7.4	7.3	2.0	5.6	4.3	4.2	6.7	1.8	3.0
Sierra	-	ı								
Siskiyou	1	Ī	1		1				'	
Solano		' ('						1	
Sonoma	6.5	7.2	11.7	7.3	5.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	5.2	2.5
Stanislaus	1.5	2.7	4.2	3.6	4.0	3.0	2.5	1.8	2.4	2.6
	9.7	9.6	6.5	7.7	2.9	8.9	2.8	2.7	3.5	7.3
Sutter										
Tehama			•			ı	ı			
Trinity		ı	'				•	•	1	
Tulare	ı	1	•		,	•	1	ı		
Tuolumne	9.8	8.1	11.9	11.1	6.2	8.1	6.1	9.9	4.5	6.9
	'	•	1	,	1	1	1	,	1	
Ventura		Ċ	Ċ	C	•	Ċ	Ó	l (,	ı (
Yolo	4.2	0.0	ا ري ا	3.6	4.6	3.4	33.33 	2.5	3.1	2.5
Yuba	3.4	2.9	7.3	0.9	4.6	4.5	5.1	3.8 3.8	3.5	2.3

Notes: Dash indicates that a rate is not computed when a county's population is less than 100,000 in a given year.

Table 15 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001**By Season and Month of Incident

			,							
Season and month of incident	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
				Numb	er			-		
Total including unknown Unknown	3,920 0	4,095 0	3,699 0	3,530 0	2,910 0	2,579 0	2,170 0	2,006 0	2,074 0	2,201 0
Total known	3,920	4,095	3,699	3,530	2,910	2,579	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201
Spring	942	1,002	925	806	682	651	517	451	464	528
March	293	328	316	272	201	226	197	142	126	159
April	315	315	307	255	225	217	156	147	162	176
May	334	359	302	279	256	208	164	162	176	193
Summer	1,060	1,134	942	978	745	678	568	562	597	581
June	312	391	307	270	254	212	177	157	205	165
July	372	383	305	333	272	232	171	199	185	208
August	376	360	330	375	219	234	220	206	207	208
Fall	998	1,033	930	956	699	662	522	516	497	613
September	333	337	310	326	256	228	159	171	173	221
October	319	369	345	345	212	240	178	174	174	213
November	346	327	275	285	231	194	185	171	150	179
Winter	920	926	902	790	784	588	563	477	516	479
December	307	332	293	281	238	194	207	166	210	168
January	310	304	315	279	296	203	199	183	175	171
February	303	290	294	230	250	191	157	128	131	140
			Perc	ent based or	total known	1				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Spring	24.0	24.5	25.0	22.8	23.4	25.2	23.8	22.5	22.4	24.0
March	7.5	8.0	8.5	7.7	6.9	8.8	9.1	7.1	6.1	7.2
April	8.0	7.7	8.3	7.2	7.7	8.4	7.2	7.3	7.8	8.0
May	8.5	8.8	8.2	7.9	8.8	8.1	7.6	8.1	8.5	8.8
Summer	27.0	27.7	25.5	27.7	25.6	26.3	26.2	28.0	28.8	26.4
June	8.0	9.5	8.3	7.6	8.7	8.2	8.2	7.8	9.9	7.5
July	9.5	9.4	8.2	9.4	9.3	9.0	7.9	9.9	8.9	9.5
August	9.6	8.8	8.9	10.6	7.5	9.1	10.1	10.3	10.0	9.5
Fall	25.5	25.2	25.1	27.1	24.0	25.7	24.1	25.7	24.0	27.9
September	8.5	8.2	8.4	9.2	8.8	8.8	7.3	8.5	8.3	10.0
October	8.1	9.0	9.3	9.8	7.3	9.3	8.2	8.7	8.4	9.7
November	8.8	8.0	7.4	8.1	7.9	7.5	8.5	8.5	7.2	8.1
Winter	23.5	22.6	24.4	22.4	26.9	22.8	25.9	23.8	24.9	21.8
December	7.8	8.1	7.9	8.0	8.2	7.5	9.5	8.3	10.1	7.6
January	7.9	7.4	8.5	7.9	10.2	7.9	9.2	9.1	8.4	7.8
February	7.7	7.1	7.9	6.5	8.6	7.4	7.2	6.4	6.3	6.4

Table 16 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Day of Incident

Day		Gei	nder		Rad	ce/ethnic g	group	
of incident	Total	Male ¹	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
		•	Numb	er				
Total including unknown	2,201	1,756	445	442	985	622	145	7
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,201	1,756	445	442	985	622	145	7
Weekday	1,395	1,097	298	306	576	416	92	5
Monday	283	216	67	73	121	64	25	0
Tuesday	268	202	66	63	99	89	16	1
Wednesday	276	215	61	59	111	89	16	1
Thursday	271	221	50	52	120	83	14	2
Friday	297	243	54	59	125	91	21	1
Weekend	806	659	147	136	409	206	53	2
Saturday	397	319	78	65	204	105	22	1
Sunday	409	340	69	71	205	101	31	1
		Percei	nt based or	total knov	vn			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Weekday	63.4	62.5	67.0	69.2	58.5	66.9	63.4	-
Monday	12.9	12.3	15.1	16.5	12.3	10.3	17.2	-
Tuesday	12.2	11.5	14.8	14.3	10.1	14.3	11.0	-
Wednesday	12.5	12.2	13.7	13.3	11.3	14.3	11.0	-
Thursday	12.3	12.6	11.2	11.8	12.2	13.3	9.7	-
Friday	13.5	13.8	12.1	13.3	12.7	14.6	14.5	-
Weekend	36.6	37.5	33.0	30.8	41.5	33.1	36.6	-
Saturday	18.0	18.2	17.5	14.7	20.7	16.9	15.2	-
Sunday	18.6	19.4	15.5	16.1	20.8	16.2	21.4	-
		Average	daily numb	er of incid	ents ²			
Weekday	5.3	4.2	1.1	1.2	2.2	1.6	0.4	0.0
Weekend	7.8	6.3	1.4	1.3	3.9	2.0	0.5	0.0

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Average daily number of incidents may not add to totals because of rounding.

¹ The "male" category includes one homicide victim whose gender could not be determined.

² There were 365 days in 2001; 261 weekdays and 104 weekend days. The average daily number of incidents for weekdays was calculated by dividing weekday totals by 261. The average daily number of incidents for weekends was calculated by dividing weekend totals by 104.

Table 17 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001**Age of Victim by Day of Incident

Day of incident	Total	Under 18	18-29	30-39	40 and over	Unknown
	•	Numb	er		•	
Total including unknown	2,201	252	992	426	519	12
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,201	252	992	426	519	12
Weekday	1,395	161	599	268	357	10
Monday	283	49	107	51	75	1
Tuesday	268	23	112	62	68	3
Wednesday	276	31	125	50	68	2
Thursday	271	31	112	55	72	1
Friday	297	27	143	50	74	3
Weekend	806	91	393	158	162	2
Saturday	397	47	187	78	85	0
Sunday	409	44	206	80	77	2
	Perc	ent based or	total known	1		
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Weekday	63.4	63.9	60.4	62.9	68.8	-
Monday	12.9	19.4	10.8	12.0	14.5	-
Tuesday	12.2	9.1	11.3	14.6	13.1	-
Wednesday	12.5	12.3	12.6	11.7	13.1	-
Thursday	12.3	12.3	11.3	12.9	13.9	-
Friday	13.5	10.7	14.4	11.7	14.3	-
Weekend	36.6	36.1	39.6	37.1	31.2	-
Saturday	18.0	18.7	18.9	18.3	16.4	-
Sunday	18.6	17.5	20.8	18.8	14.8	-
	Averag	e daily numb	er of inciden	ıts ¹		
Weekday	5.3	0.6	2.3	1.0	1.4	0.0
Weekend	7.8	0.9	3.8	1.5	1.6	0.0

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Average daily number of incidents may not add to totals because of rounding.

¹ There were 365 days in 2001; 261 weekdays and 104 weekend days. The average daily number of incidents for weekdays was calculated by dividing weekday totals by 261. The average daily number of incidents for weekends was calculated by dividing weekend totals by 104.

Table 18 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001 By Location of Homicide

Location	19	92	19	93	19	94	19	95	19	96
of homicide	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total including unknown	3,920		4,095		3,699		3,530		2,910	
Unknown	0		0		0		0		2	
Total known	3,920	100.0	4,095	100.0	3,699	100.0	3,530	100.0	2,908	100.0
Victim's, shared residence	1,041	26.6	1,076	26.3	944	25.5	943	26.7	807	27.8
Victim's residence	658	16.8	742	18.1	636	17.2	626	17.7	545	18.7
Shared residence	383	9.8	334	8.2	308	8.3	317	9.0	262	9.0
Street, sidewalk	1,501	38.3	1,526	37.3	1,429	38.6	1,466	41.5	1,165	40.1
All other	1,378	35.2	1,493	36.5	1,326	35.8	1,121	31.8	936	32.2
Hotel, motel	34	0.9	55	1.3	38	1.0	27	0.8	35	1.2
Other residence	270	6.9	228	5.6	256	6.9	206	5.8	204	7.0
Liquor store	9	0.2	14	0.3	10	0.3	7	0.2	4	0.1
Bar	77	2.0	85	2.1	61	1.6	57	1.6	39	1.3
Other business	144	3.7	161	3.9	140	3.8	110	3.1	104	3.6
Parking lot	142	3.6	190	4.6	163	4.4	164	4.6	101	3.5
Vehicle	409	10.4	434	10.6	373	10.1	295	8.4	242	8.3
Field, park	236	6.0	293	7.2	247	6.7	224	6.3	178	6.1
School	29	0.7	9	0.2	7	0.2	6	0.2	5	0.2
Other	28	0.7	24	0.6	31	0.8	25	0.7	24	0.8

Location	19	97	19	98	19	99	20	00	20	01	Percent	change
of homicide (cont.)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1992- 2001	2000- 2001
Total including unknown	2,579		2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201			
Unknown	1		2		4		4		0			
Total known	2,578	100.0	2,168	100.0	2,002	100.0	2,070	100.0	2,201	100.0	-43.9	6.3
Victim's, shared residence	746	28.9	629	29.0	686	34.3	612	29.6	573	26.0	-45.0	-6.4
Victim's residence	487	18.9	404	18.6	520	26.0	439	21.2	417	18.9	-36.6	-5.0
Shared residence	259	10.0	225	10.4	166	8.3	173	8.4	156	7.1	-59.3	-9.8
Street, sidewalk	994	38.6	823	38.0	710	35.5	779	37.6	845	38.4	-43.7	8.5
All other	838	32.5	716	33.0	606	30.3	679	32.8	783	35.6	-43.2	15.3
Hotel, motel	17	0.7	26	1.2	28	1.4	23	1.1	28	1.3	-	-
Other residence	175	6.8	132	6.1	119	5.9	162	7.8	173	7.9	-35.9	6.8
Liquor store	5	0.2	4	0.2	5	0.2	4	0.2	7	0.3	-	-
Bar	29	1.1	32	1.5	35	1.7	37	1.8	44	2.0	-42.9	-
Other business	90	3.5	84	3.9	54	2.7	76	3.7	61	2.8	<i>-</i> 57.6	-19.7
Parking lot	77	3.0	68	3.1	59	2.9	72	3.5	75	3.4	-47.2	4.2
Vehicle	226	8.8	182	8.4	139	6.9	156	7.5	196	8.9	-52.1	25.6
Field, park	191	7.4	157	7.2	129	6.4	120	5.8	167	7.6	-29.2	39.2
School	5	0.2	9	0.4	5	0.2	2	0.1	3	0.1	-	-
Other	23	0.9	22	1.0	33	1.6	27	1.3	29	1.3	-	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 19
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001
Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Location of Homicide

Gender and	im by Location of Homicide							
Location		Ge	nder		Rac	ce/ethnic g	group	
of homicide	Total	Male ¹	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
			Number					
Total including unknown	2,201	1,756	445	442	985	622	145	7
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,201	1,756	445	442	985	622	145	7
Victim's, shared residence	573	329	244	217	216	110	30	0
Victim's residence	417	277	140	140	167	87	23	0
Shared residence	156	52	104	77	49	23	7	0
Street, sidewalk	845	783	62	66	416	321	40	2
All other	783	644	139	159	353	191	75	5
Hotel, motel	28	16	12	11	7	10	0	0
Other residence	173	145	28	40	83	34	15	1
Liquor store	7	7	0	1	2	0	4	0
Bar	44	39	5	6	28	6	4	0
Other business	61	50	11	15	24	10	12	0
Parking lot	75	64	11	11	36	15	13	0
Vehicle	196	173	23	23	88	72	13	0
Field, park	167	127	40	36	75	41	11	4
School	3	3	0	1	1	0	1	0
Other	29	20	9	15	9	3	2	0
		Percent b	pased on to	tal known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Victim's, shared residence	26.0	18.7	54.8	49.1	21.9	17.7	20.7	-
Victim's residence	18.9	15.8	31.5	31.7	17.0	14.0	15.9	-
Shared residence	7.1	3.0	23.4	17.4	5.0	3.7	4.8	-
Street, sidewalk	38.4	44.6	13.9	14.9	42.2	51.6	27.6	-
All other	35.6	36.7	31.2	36.0	35.8	30.7	51.7	-
Hotel, motel	1.3	0.9	2.7	2.5	0.7	1.6	0.0	-
Other residence	7.9	8.3	6.3	9.0	8.4	5.5	10.3	-
Liquor store	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	2.8	-
Bar	2.0	2.2	1.1	1.4	2.8	1.0	2.8	-
Other business	2.8	2.8	2.5	3.4	2.4	1.6	8.3	-
Parking lot	3.4	3.6	2.5	2.5	3.7	2.4	9.0	-
Vehicle	8.9	9.9	5.2	5.2	8.9	11.6	9.0	-
Field, park	7.6	7.2	9.0	8.1	7.6	6.6	7.6	-
School	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.7	-
Other	1.3	1.1	2.0	3.4	0.9	0.5	1.4	

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ The "male" category includes one homicide victim whose gender could not be determined.

Table 20 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001 Age of Victim by Location of Homicide

Location of homicide	Total	Under 18	18-29	30-39	40 and over	Unknown
	•	Number				•
Total including unknown	2,201	252	992	426	519	12
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,201	252	992	426	519	12
Victim's, shared residence	573	82	165	100	224	2
Victim's residence	417	50	138	73	154	2
Shared residence	156	32	27	27	70	0
Street, sidewalk	845	84	474	154	130	3
All other	783	86	353	172	165	7
Hotel, motel	28	3	10	6	8	1
Other residence	173	29	76	42	26	0
Liquor store	7	1	1	1	4	0
Bar	44	0	27	12	5	0
Other business	61	2	24	12	23	0
Parking lot	75	9	32	17	17	0
Vehicle	196	10	110	39	37	0
Field, park	167	25	65	38	33	6
School	3	2	1	0	0	0
Other	29	5	7	5	12	0
	Percent	based on to	tal known	1	1	T
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Victim's, shared residence	26.0	32.5	16.6	23.5	43.2	-
Victim's residence	18.9	19.8	13.9	17.1	29.7	-
Shared residence	7.1	12.7	2.7	6.3	13.5	-
Street, sidewalk	38.4	33.3	47.8	36.2	25.0	-
All other	35.6	34.1	35.6	40.4	31.8	-
Hotel, motel	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.5	-
Other residence	7.9	11.5	7.7	9.9	5.0	-
Liquor store	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.8	-
Bar	2.0	0.0	2.7	2.8	1.0	-
Other business	2.8	0.8	2.4	2.8	4.4	-
Parking lot	3.4	3.6	3.2	4.0	3.3	-
Vehicle	8.9	4.0	11.1	9.2	7.1	-
Field, park	7.6	9.9	6.6	8.9	6.4	-
School	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	-
Other	1.3	2.0	0.7	1.2	2.3	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 21 **HOMICIDE CRIMES**, **1992-2001**By Type of Weapon Used

Type	19	92	19	93	19	94	19	95	19	96
of weapon used	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total including unknown	3,920		4,095		3,699		3,530		2,910	
Unknown	28		34		33		29		45	
Total known	3,892	100.0	4,061	100.0	3,666	100.0	3,501	100.0	2,865	100.0
Firearm	2,839	72.9	3,007	74.0	2,778	75.8	2,590	74.0	2,055	71.7
Handgun	2,426	62.3	2,609	64.2	2,441	66.6	2,288	65.4	1,866	65.1
All other firearms	413	10.6	398	9.8	337	9.2	302	8.6	189	6.6
Rifle	164	4.2	154	3.8	141	3.8	140	4.0	95	3.3
Shotgun	176	4.5	167	4.1	165	4.5	123	3.5	86	3.0
Other firearm	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Firearm - unknown type	73	1.9	77	1.9	31	8.0	39	1.1	8	0.3
Nonfirearm	1,053	27.1	1,054	26.0	888	24.2	911	26.0	810	28.3
Knife ¹	543	14.0	470	11.6	427	11.6	405	11.6	341	11.9
Blunt object ²	161	4.1	204	5.0	157	4.3	156	4.5	147	5.1
Personal weapon ³	168	4.3	139	3.4	156	4.3	165	4.7	156	5.4
All other	181	4.7	241	5.9	148	4.0	185	5.3	166	5.8
Rope ⁴	87	2.2	114	2.8	81	2.2	75	2.1	61	2.1
Drugs	3	0.1	5	0.1	4	0.1	2	0.1	8	0.3
Other	91	2.3	122	3.0	63	1.7	108	3.1	97	3.4

Time	19	97	19	98	19	99	20	000	20	01	Percent	change
Type of weapon used (cont.)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1992- 2001	2000- 2001
Total including unknown	2,579		2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201			
Unknown	40		36		29		28		28			
Total known	2,539	100.0	2,134	100.0	1,977	100.0	2,046	100.0	2,173	100.0	-44.2	6.2
Firearm	1,835	72.3	1,469	68.8	1,334	67.5	1,440	70.4	1,568	72.2	-44.8	8.9
Handgun	1,633	64.3	1,315	61.6	1,152	58.3	1,242	60.7	1,341	61.7	-44.7	8.0
All other firearms	202	8.0	154	7.2	182	9.2	198	9.7	227	10.4	-45.0	14.6
Rifle	115	4.5	89	4.2	62	3.1	66	3.2	67	3.1	-59.1	1.5
Shotgun	72	2.8	57	2.7	63	3.2	55	2.7	68	3.1	-61.4	23.6
Other firearm	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	2	0.1	-	-
Firearm - unknown type	15	0.6	8	0.4	57	2.9	76	3.7	90	4.1	23.3	18.4
Nonfirearm	704	27.7	665	31.2	643	32.5	606	29.6	605	27.8	-42.5	-0.2
Knife ¹	307	12.1	289	13.5	254	12.8	285	13.9	298	13.7	-45.1	4.6
Blunt object ²	108	4.3	117	5.5	134	6.8	98	4.8	95	4.4	-41.0	-3.1
Personal weapon ³	148	5.8	112	5.2	106	5.4	111	5.4	103	4.7	-38.7	-7.2
All other	141	5.6	147	6.9	149	7.5	112	5.5	109	5.0	-39.8	-2.7
Rope ⁴	56	2.2	63	3.0	60	3.0	40	2.0	37	1.7	-57.5	-
Drugs	6	0.2	2	0.1	8	0.4	3	0.1	4	0.2	-	-
Other	79	3.1	82	3.8	81	4.1	69	3.4	68	3.1	-25.3	-1.4

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ Any instrument used to cut or stab.

² Club, etc.

³ Hands, feet, etc.

⁴ Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 22 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Type of Weapon Used

Туре		Ge	nder		Rad	ce/ethnic g	jroup	
of weapon used	Total	Male ¹	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
	•		Number					
Total including unknown	2,201	1,756	445	442	985	622	145	7
Unknown	28	17	11	13	5	4	2	4
Total known	2,173	1,739	434	429	980	618	143	3
Firearm	1,568	1,361	207	216	744	513	94	1
Handgun	1,341	1,168	173	174	656	434	76	1
All other firearms	227	193	34	42	88	79	18	0
Rifle	67	60	7	7	31	25	4	0
Shotgun	68	56	12	17	24	23	4	0
Other firearm	2	2	0	0	1	1	0	0
Firearm - unknown type	90	75	15	18	32	30	10	0
Nonfirearm	605	378	227	213	236	105	49	2
Knife ²	298	212	86	88	129	54	27	0
Blunt object ³	95	59	36	45	28	17	5	0
Personal weapon ⁴	103	62	41	39	40	20	4	0
All other	109	45	64	41	39	14	13	2
Rope ⁵	37	12	25	15	16	4	2	0
Drugs	4	2	2	3	0	0	1	0
Other	68	31	37	23	23	10	10	2
		Percent b	ased on to	tal known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Firearm	72.2	78.3	47.7	50.3	75.9	83.0	65.7	-
Handgun	61.7	67.2	39.9	40.6	66.9	70.2	53.1	-
All other firearms	10.4	11.1	7.8	9.8	9.0	12.8	12.6	-
Rifle	3.1	3.5	1.6	1.6	3.2	4.0	2.8	-
Shotgun	3.1	3.2	2.8	4.0	2.4	3.7	2.8	-
Other firearm	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	-
Firearm - unknown type	4.1	4.3	3.5	4.2	3.3	4.9	7.0	-
Nonfirearm	27.8	21.7	52.3	49.7	24.1	17.0	34.3	-
Knife ²	13.7	12.2	19.8	20.5	13.2	8.7	18.9	-
Blunt object ³	4.4	3.4	8.3	10.5	2.9	2.8	3.5	-
Personal weapon ⁴	4.7	3.6	9.4	9.1	4.1	3.2	2.8	-
All other	5.0	2.6	14.7	9.6	4.0	2.3	9.1	-
Rope ⁵	1.7	0.7	5.8	3.5	1.6	0.6	1.4	-
Drugs	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.7	-
Other	3.1	1.8	8.5	5.4	2.3	1.6	7.0	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ The "male" category includes one homicide victim whose gender could not be determined.

² Any instrument used to cut or stab.

³ Club, etc.

⁴ Hands, feet, etc.

⁵ Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 23 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001**Age of Victim by Type of Weapon Used

Type		Under			40	<u> </u>
of weapon used	Total	18	18-29	30-39	and over	Unknown
		Number		I.		
Total including unknown	2,201	252	992	426	519	12
Unknown	28	3	6	6	10	3
Total known	2,173	249	986	420	509	9
Firearm	1,568	149	838	314	262	5
Handgun	1,341	136	718	263	221	3
All other firearms	227	13	120	51	41	2
Rifle	67	4	42	9	12	0
Shotgun	68	3	32	16	16	1
Other firearm	2	0	2	0	0	0
Firearm - unknown type	90	6	44	26	13	1
Nonfirearm	605	100	148	106	247	4
Knife ¹	298	23	103	62	108	2
Blunt object ²	95	9	13	15	58	0
Personal weapon 3	103	38	9	12	43	1
All other	109	30	23	17	38	1
Rope ⁴	37	3	8	10	16	0
Drugs	4	1	1	1	1	0
Other	68	26	14	6	21	1
	Percen	t based on to	tal known			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Firearm	72.2	59.8	85.0	74.8	51.5	-
Handgun	61.7	54.6	72.8	62.6	43.4	-
All other firearms	10.4	5.2	12.2	12.1	8.1	-
Rifle	3.1	1.6	4.3	2.1	2.4	-
Shotgun	3.1	1.2	3.2	3.8	3.1	-
Other firearm	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	-
Firearm - unknown type	4.1	2.4	4.5	6.2	2.6	-
Nonfirearm	27.8	40.2	15.0	25.2	48.5	-
Knife ¹	13.7	9.2	10.4	14.8	21.2	-
Blunt object ²	4.4	3.6	1.3	3.6	11.4	-
Personal weapon 3	4.7	15.3	0.9	2.9	8.4	-
All other	5.0	12.0	2.3	4.0	7.5	-
Rope ⁴	1.7	1.2	0.8	2.4	3.1	-
Drugs	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	-
Other	3.1	10.4	1.4	1.4	4.1	

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ Any instrument used to cut or stab.

² Club, etc.

³ Hands, feet, etc.

⁴ Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 24 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1992-2001** By Contributing Circumstance

Contributing	19	92	19	93	1994		19	95	1996	
circumstance	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total including unknown	3,920		4,095		3,699		3,530		2,910	
Unknown	581		643		527		595		389	
Total known	3,339	100.0	3,452	100.0	3,172	100.0	2,935	100.0	2,521	100.0
Rape, robbery, burglary.	519	15.5	515	14.9	409	12.9	385	13.1	320	12.7
Rape	31	0.9	21	0.6	19	0.6	14	0.5	11	0.4
Robbery	455	13.6	476	13.8	366	11.5	342	11.7	294	11.7
Burglary	33	1.0	18	0.5	24	0.8	29	1.0	15	0.6
Argument	1,478	44.3	1,532	44.4	1,374	43.3	1,207	41.1	1,070	42.4
Domestic violence	280	8.4	329	9.5	224	7.1	179	6.1	130	5.2
All other argument	1,198	35.9	1,203	34.8	1,150	36.3	1,028	35.0	940	37.3
Gang-, drug-related	1,029	30.8	1,113	32.2	1,137	35.8	1,059	36.1	784	31.1
Gang-related	742	22.2	840	24.3	880	27.7	867	29.5	620	24.6
Drug-related	287	8.6	273	7.9	257	8.1	192	6.5	164	6.5
All other	313	9.4	292	8.5	252	7.9	284	9.7	347	13.8

Contributing	19	97	19	98	19	99	20	00	20	01	Percent	change
circumstance (cont.)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1992- 2001	2000- 2001
Total including unknown	2,579		2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201			
Unknown	424		336		304		314		317			
Total known	2,155	100.0	1,834	100.0	1,702	100.0	1,760	100.0	1,884	100.0	-43.6	7.0
Rape, robbery, burglary.	240	11.1	206	11.2	157	9.2	206	11.7	149	7.9	-71.3	-27.7
Rape	12	0.6	9	0.5	16	0.9	8	0.5	12	0.6	-	-
Robbery	219	10.2	183	10.0	127	7.5	186	10.6	133	7.1	-70.8	-28.5
Burglary	9	0.4	14	8.0	14	0.8	12	0.7	4	0.2	-	-
Argument	928	43.1	857	46.7	710	41.7	726	41.3	793	42.1	-46.3	9.2
Domestic violence	128	5.9	120	6.5	128	7.5	147	8.4	176	9.3	-37.1	19.7
All other argument	800	37.1	737	40.2	582	34.2	579	32.9	617	32.7	-48.5	6.6
Gang-, drug-related	704	32.7	512	27.9	487	28.6	581	33.0	726	38.5	-29.4	25.0
Gang-related	544	25.2	404	22.0	402	23.6	506	28.8	647	34.3	-12.8	27.9
Drug-related	160	7.4	108	5.9	85	5.0	75	4.3	79	4.2	-72.5	5.3
All other	283	13.1	259	14.1	348	20.4	247	14.0	216	11.5	-31.0	-12.6

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 25 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001
Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Contributing Circumstance

Contributing		Ge	nder	Race/ethnic group						
circumstance	Total	Male ¹	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown		
		U.	Numbe	r						
Total including unknown	2,201	1,756	445	442	985	622	145	7		
Unknown	317	265	52	57	135	100	20	5		
Total known	1,884	1,491	393	385	850	522	125	2		
Rape, robbery, burglary	149	118	31	42	54	26	27	0		
Rape	12	0	12	6	3	2	1	0		
Robbery, burglary	137	118	19	36	51	24	26	0		
Robbery	133	115	18	33	51	23	26	0		
Burglary	4	3	1	3	0	1	0	0		
Argument	793	557	236	231	331	179	52	0		
Domestic violence	176	37	139	78	57	31	10	0		
All other argument	617	520	97	153	274	148	42	0		
Gang-, drug-related	726	681	45	31	395	267	33	0		
Gang-related	647	610	37	14	374	232	27	0		
Drug-related	79	71	8	17	21	35	6	0		
All other	216	135	81	81	70	50	13	2		
		Percen	t based on	total know	n					
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Rape, robbery, burglary	7.9	7.9	7.9	10.9	6.4	5.0	21.6	-		
Rape	0.6	0.0	3.1	1.6	0.4	0.4	0.8	-		
Robbery, burglary	7.3	7.9	4.8	9.4	6.0	4.6	20.8	-		
Robbery	7.1	7.7	4.6	8.6	6.0	4.4	20.8	-		
Burglary	0.2	0.2	0.3	8.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	-		
Argument	42.1	37.4	60.1	60.0	38.9	34.3	41.6	-		
Domestic violence	9.3	2.5	35.4	20.3	6.7	5.9	8.0	-		
All other argument	32.7	34.9	24.7	39.7	32.2	28.4	33.6	-		
Gang-, drug-related	38.5	45.7	11.5	8.1	46.5	51.1	26.4	=		
Gang-related	34.3	40.9	9.4	3.6	44.0	44.4	21.6	-		
Drug-related	4.2	4.8	2.0	4.4	2.5	6.7	4.8	-		
All other	11.5	9.1	20.6	21.0	8.2	9.6	10.4			

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ The "male" category includes one homicide victim whose gender could not be determined.

Table 26 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001
Age of Victim by Contributing Circumstance

-		9		.,	ating Onou					
Contributing circumstance	Total	Under 5	5-17	18-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70 and over	Unknown
				Numbe	r					
Total including unknown	2,201	69	183	992	426	289	118	65	47	12
Unknown	317	1	12	124	92	47	23	6	3	9
Total known	1,884	68	171	868	334	242	95	59	44	3
Rape, robbery, burglary	149	0	6	40	28	27	27	12	9	0
Rape	12	0	3	2	2	1	1	1	2	0
Robbery	133	0	3	38	25	26	24	11	6	0
Burglary	4	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0
Argument	793	4	44	305	188	152	45	33	22	0
Domestic violence	176	3	8	43	49	48	12	6	7	0
All other argument	617	1	36	262	139	104	33	27	15	0
Gang-, drug-related	726	3	100	459	98	43	14	5	3	1
Gang-related	647	3	99	424	80	30	7	1	2	1
Drug-related	79	0	1	35	18	13	7	4	1	0
Child abuse	64	58	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
All other	152	3	16	64	20	20	9	9	10	1
			Perce	nt based on	total known					
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Rape, robbery, burglary	7.9	0.0	3.5	4.6	8.4	11.2	28.4	20.3	-	-
Rape	0.6	0.0	1.8	0.2	0.6	0.4	1.1	1.7	-	-
Robbery	7.1	0.0	1.8	4.4	7.5	10.7	25.3	18.6	-	-
Burglary	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.1	0.0	-	-
Argument	42.1	5.9	25.7	35.1	56.3	62.8	47.4	55.9	-	-
Domestic violence	9.3	4.4	4.7	5.0	14.7	19.8	12.6	10.2	-	-
All other argument	32.7	1.5	21.1	30.2	41.6	43.0	34.7	45.8	-	-
Gang-, drug-related	38.5	4.4	58.5	52.9	29.3	17.8	14.7	8.5	-	-
Gang-related	34.3	4.4	57.9	48.8	24.0	12.4	7.4	1.7	-	-
Drug-related	4.2	0.0	0.6	4.0	5.4	5.4	7.4	6.8	-	-
Child abuse	3.4	85.3	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other	8.1	4.4	9.4	7.4	6.0	8.3	9.5	15.3	-	_

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that data are not applicable or that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 27 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2001**Contributing Circumstance by Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship of victim to offender	Total	Rape	Robbery, burglary	Argument ¹	Gang-, drug- related	Child abuse	All other	Unknown	
	Number								
Total including unknown	2,201	12	137	793	726	64	152	317	
Unknown	900	6	52	102	387	4	57	292	
Total known	1,301	6	85	691	339	60	95	25	
Friend, acquaintance ²	596	1	15	320	211	15	31	3	
Spouse ³	87	0	0	85	0	0	2	0	
Parent, child ⁴	96	0	1	42	0	42	11	0	
All other relatives	49	1	2	39	0	2	5	0	
Stranger	473	4	67	205	128	1	46	22	
		Perc	ent based or	n total known					
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Friend, acquaintance ²	45.8	-	17.6	46.3	62.2	25.0	32.6	-	
Spouse ³	6.7	-	0.0	12.3	0.0	0.0	2.1	-	
Parent, child ⁴	7.4	-	1.2	6.1	0.0	70.0	11.6	-	
All other relatives	3.8	-	2.4	5.6	0.0	3.3	5.3	-	
Stranger	36.4	-	78.8	29.7	37.8	1.7	48.4	-	

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ Includes domestic violence.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

³ Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

⁴ Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 28 **HOMICIDE CRIMES CLEARED, 1992-2001**Number Reported, Number Cleared, and Clearance Rate

Year(s)	Number of homicides reported	Number of homicides cleared	Clearance rate ¹
2001	2,201	1,091	49.6
2000	2,074	1,082	52.2
1999	2,006	1,200	59.8
1998	2,170	1,369	63.1
1997	2,579	1,489	57.7
1996	2,910	1,743	59.9
1995	3,530	1,916	54.3
1994	3,699	2,091	56.5
1993	4,095	2,274	55.5
1992	3,920	2,198	56.1

¹ A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes (homicides) reported that have been cleared. It is calculated by dividing the number of homicides cleared by the number of homicides reported. The result is multiplied by 100.

Table 29 FELONY ARRESTS FOR SELECTED VIOLENT OFFENSES, 1992-2001

Number, Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk, and Percent Change

Year(s)	Total	Homi- cide	Forcible rape	Robbery	Assault
	!	Number	·upo		
2001	134,398	1,754	2,730	17,167	112,747
2000	130,259	1,627	2,702	17,122	108,808
1999	134,319	1,770	2,887	18,753	110,909
1998	142,498	2,117	3,032	21,507	115,842
1997	153,279	2,212	3,108	23,824	124,135
1996	149,795	2,535	3,202	26,014	118,044
1995 ^a	155,053	2,821	3,199	27,641	121,392
1994	151,906	2,963	3,305	27,984	117,654
1993	147,603	3,276	3,572	29,567	111,188
1992	148,225	3,387	4,037	31,141	109,660
		change in			
2000 to 2001	3.2	7.8	1.0	0.3	3.6
1999 to 2000	-3.0	-8.1	-6.4	-8.7	-1.9
1998 to 1999	-5.7	-16.4	-4.8	-12.8	-4.3
1997 to 1998	-7.0	-4.3	-2.4	-9.7	-6.7
1996 to 1997	2.3	-12.7	-2.9	-8.4	5.2
1995 to 1996	-3.4	-10.1	0.1	-5.9	-2.8
1994 to 1995	2.1	-4.8	-3.2	-1.2	3.2
1993 to 1994	2.9	-9.6	-7.5	-5.4	5.8
1992 to 1993	-0.4	-3.3	-11.5	-5.1	1.4
1992 to 2001	-9.3	-48.2	-32.4	-44.9	2.8
F	Rate per 100	,000 popu	lation at ri	sk¹	1
2001	502.5	6.6	10.2	64.2	421.6
2000	497.1	6.2	10.3	65.3	415.2
1999	522.4	6.9	11.2	72.9	431.4
1998	564.1	8.4	12.0	85.1	458.5
1997	595.0	8.6	12.1	92.5	481.9
1996	586.2	9.9	12.5	101.8	461.9
1995	617.2	11.2	12.7	110.0	483.2
1994	614.9	12.0	13.4	113.3	476.3
1993	606.6	13.5	14.7	121.5	456.9
1992	618.2	14.1 nt change	16.8	129.9	457.4
2000 to 2001	1.1	6.5	-1.0	-1.7	1.5
1999 to 2000	-4.8	-10.1	-8.0	-10.4	-3.8
1999 to 2000	-4.6 -7.4	-10.1	-6.7	-10.4	-5.6 -5.9
1998 to 1999	-7.4 -5.2	-17.9	-0.7	-14.3 -8.0	-3.9 -4.9
1997 to 1998	1.5	-13.1	-3.2	-0.0 -9.1	4.3
1995 to 1996	-5.0	-11.6	-1.6	-7.5	-4.4
1994 to 1995	0.4	-6.7	-5.2	-2.9	1.4
1993 to 1994	1.4	-11.1	-8.8	-6.7	4.2
1992 to 1993	-1.9	-4.3	-12.5	-6.5	-0.1
1992 to 2001	-18.7	-53.2	-39.3	-50.6	-7.8
1002 10 2001	-10.7	-00.2	-09.0	-50.0	-1.0

Notes: Rates may not add to total because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

^a Includes estimated annual data for the Bakersfield Police Department and the Oakland Police Department.

¹ Rates are based on the total population at risk (10-69 years of age).

Table 30 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1992-2001

By Gender of Arrestee

Voor(a)	То	tal	Ma	ale	Female		
Year(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
2001	1,754	100.0	1,537	87.6	217	12.4	
2000	1,627	100.0	1,426	87.6	201	12.4	
1999	1,770	100.0	1,579	89.2	191	10.8	
1998	2,117	100.0	1,870	88.3	247	11.7	
1997	2,212	100.0	1,990	90.0	222	10.0	
1996	2,535	100.0	2,286	90.2	249	9.8	
1995 ^a	2,821	100.0	2,564	90.9	257	9.1	
1994	2,963	100.0	2,709	91.4	254	8.6	
1993	3,276	100.0	2,975	90.8	301	9.2	
1992	3,387	100.0	3,082	91.0	305	9.0	

^a Includes estimated annual data for the Bakersfield Police Department and the Oakland Police Department.

Table 31 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1992-2001**By Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

V = = =(=)	To	Total		White		Hispanic		ack	Ot	her
Year(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2001	1,754	100.0	400	22.8	832	47.4	406	23.1	116	6.6
2000	1,627	100.0	374	23.0	698	42.9	397	24.4	158	9.7
1999	1,770	100.0	382	21.6	845	47.7	417	23.6	126	7.1
1998	2,117	100.0	484	22.9	987	46.6	470	22.2	176	8.3
1997	2,212	100.0	447	20.2	1,017	46.0	586	26.5	162	7.3
1996	2,535	100.0	537	21.2	1,110	43.8	663	26.2	225	8.9
1995 ^a	2,821	100.0	580	20.6	1,284	45.5	743	26.3	214	7.6
1994	2,963	100.0	675	22.8	1,175	39.7	850	28.7	263	8.9
1993	3,276	100.0	698	21.3	1,299	39.7	998	30.5	281	8.6
1992	3,387	100.0	714	21.1	1,457	43.0	1,016	30.0	200	5.9

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

^a Includes estimated annual data for the Bakersfield Police Department and the Oakland Police Department.

Table 32
HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1992-2001

By Age of Arrestee

Voor(a)	То	otal	Under 18		18	-29	30-39		40 and over	
Year(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2001	1,754	100.0	194	11.1	1,011	57.6	291	16.6	258	14.7
2000	1,627	100.0	160	9.8	913	56.1	299	18.4	255	15.7
1999	1,770	100.0	182	10.3	1,037	58.6	317	17.9	234	13.2
1998	2,117	100.0	308	14.5	1,244	58.8	302	14.3	263	12.4
1997	2,212	100.0	353	16.0	1,267	57.3	326	14.7	266	12.0
1996	2,535	100.0	389	15.3	1,430	56.4	427	16.8	289	11.4
1995 ^a	2,821	100.0	521	18.5	1,570	55.7	462	16.4	268	9.5
1994	2,963	100.0	542	18.3	1,625	54.8	483	16.3	313	10.6
1993	3,276	100.0	618	18.9	1,804	55.1	525	16.0	329	10.0
1992	3,387	100.0	645	19.0	1,877	55.4	511	15.1	354	10.5

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 33 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2001**Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender and Age of Arrestee

	, ,									
Gender and age	Total		WI	White		Hispanic		Black		her
of arrestee	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total										
Total	1,754	100.0	400	100.0	832	100.0	406	100.0	116	100.0
Gender										
Male	1,537	87.6	315	78.8	765	91.9	358	88.2	99	85.3
Female	217	12.4	85	21.3	67	8.1	48	11.8	17	14.7
	•		-	A	ge	•	-		=	
Under 18	194	11.1	28	7.0	100	12.0	50	12.3	16	13.8
18-29	1,011	57.6	156	39.0	559	67.2	237	58.4	59	50.9
30-39	291	16.6	94	23.5	115	13.8	67	16.5	15	12.9
40 and over	258	14.7	122	30.5	58	7.0	52	12.8	26	22.4

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

^a Includes estimated annual data for the Bakersfield Police Department and the Oakland Police Department.

Table 34 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2001** Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender and Age of Arrestee

Gender and age	To	tal	WI	nite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Ot	her
of arrestee	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,754	100.0	400	100.0	832	100.0	406	100.0	116	100.0
Under 18	194	11.1	28	7.0	100	12.0	50	12.3	16	13.8
18-19	264	15.1	31	7.8	165	19.8	51	12.6	17	14.7
20-24	505	28.8	78	19.5	273	32.8	127	31.3	27	23.3
25-29	242	13.8	47	11.8	121	14.5	59	14.5	15	12.9
30-34	156	8.9	48	12.0	64	7.7	35	8.6	9	7.8
35-39	135	7.7	46	11.5	51	6.1	32	7.9	6	5.2
40-44	111	6.3	53	13.3	22	2.6	23	5.7	13	11.2
45-49	58	3.3	22	5.5	17	2.0	13	3.2	6	5.2
50-54	39	2.2	17	4.3	10	1.2	7	1.7	5	4.3
55 and over	50	2.9	30	7.5	9	1.1	9	2.2	2	1.7
Male	1,537	100.0	315	100.0	765	100.0	358	100.0	99	100.0
Under 18	171	11.1	21	6.7	90	11.8	46	12.8	14	14.1
18-19	253	16.5	29	9.2	161	21.0	46	12.8	17	17.2
20-24	451	29.3	60	19.0	250	32.7	117	32.7	24	24.2
25-29	214	13.9	37	11.7	107	14.0	55	15.4	15	15.2
30-34	134	8.7	37	11.7	58	7.6	32	8.9	7	7.1
35-39	111	7.2	33	10.5	48	6.3	25	7.0	5	5.1
40-44	84	5.5	41	13.0	19	2.5	15	4.2	9	9.1
45-49	48	3.1	21	6.7	16	2.1	8	2.2	3	3.0
50-54	34	2.2	15	4.8	10	1.3	6	1.7	3	3.0
55 and over	37	2.4	21	6.7	6	0.8	8	2.2	2	2.0
Female	217	100.0	85	100.0	67	100.0	48	100.0	17	100.0
Under 18	23	10.6	7	8.2	10	14.9	4	-	2	-
18-19	11	5.1	2	2.4	4	6.0	5	-	0	-
20-24	54	24.9	18	21.2	23	34.3	10	-	3	-
25-29	28	12.9	10	11.8	14	20.9	4	-	0	-
30-34	22	10.1	11	12.9	6	9.0	3	-	2	-
35-39	24	11.1	13	15.3	3	4.5	7	-	1	-
40-44	27	12.4	12	14.1	3	4.5	8	-	4	-
45-49	10	4.6	1	1.2	1	1.5	5	-	3	-
50-54	5	2.3	2	2.4	0	0.0	1	-	2	-
55 and over	13	6.0	9	10.6	3	4.5	1	-	0	

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 35
PERSONS UNDER CALIFORNIA SENTENCE OF DEATH, 1978-2001

Year(s)	Initial	(+)	(-)	(=) Persons under
rear(s)	sentences	Resentences	Removals ¹	sentence of death ²
2001	25	1	5	610
2000	33	3	5	589
1999	42	0	2	558
1998	32	2	9	518
1997	40	0	8	493
1996	40	1	6	461
1995	38	0	3	426
1994	21	1	5	391
1993	34	0	5	374
1992 ^a	40	6	5	345
1991 ^b	26	3	2	305
1990	33	3	4	279
1989 ^c	33	4	11	247
1988 ^d	34	3	15	223
1987 ^e	25	4	6	203
1986	21	5	6	179
1985	16	2	20	159
1984	27	2	11	161
1983 ^f	35	2	5	143
1982	39	0	6	113
1981	39	1	2	80
1980	23	1	7	42
1979	20	0	2	25
1978	7	0	0	7

Source: California Appellate Project.

¹ Persons no longer under sentence of death because of execution, sentence reversal, natural death, suicide, etc.

² Total persons under sentence of death on December 31 of each year. Persons with multiple California death sentences are counted once.

^a In 1992, one person already under sentence of death received an additional death sentence. Forty initial sentences were imposed with 39 new persons being sentenced.

^b In 1991, one person already under sentence of death received an additional death sentence.

Twenty-six initial sentences were imposed with 25 new persons being sentenced.

^c In 1989, two persons already under sentence of death received additional death sentences. Thirty-three initial sentences were imposed with 31 new persons being sentenced.

^d In 1988, two persons already under sentence of death received additional death sentences. Thirty-four initial sentences were imposed with 32 new persons being sentenced.

^e In 1987, although six death sentences were reversed, only five persons were no longer under sentence of death. The sixth person had an additional death sentence from another county.

^f In 1983, two persons already under sentence of death received additional death sentences. Thirty-five initial sentences were imposed with 33 new persons being sentenced.

Table 36
PERSONS SENTENCED TO DEATH, 2001
Sentencing County by Gender, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age

Sentencing		Ge	nder	F	Race/ethni	c group)			Age at	tarrest		
county	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40 and over
Total	25	25	0	9	8	7	1	3	5	5	6	3	3
Alameda	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Kern	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Los Angeles	7	7	0	2	3	2	0	1	2	1	2	0	1
Monterey	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Napa	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Orange	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Riverside	3	3	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Sacramento	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
San Bernardino	2	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
San Joaquin	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
San Luis Obispo.	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Santa Clara	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Shasta	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Ventura	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Yolo	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Note: This table does not include persons resentenced to death after their death sentence was reversed on appeal.

Table 37 **HOMICIDE CRIMES AND PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1992-2001**Number and Rate per 100,000 Respective Population

Year(s)	California	Hom	icides	Sworn law enforcement	Peace offi in the lin	
	population	Number ¹	Rate	personnel ²	Number	Rate
2001	34,758,000	2,201	6.3	71,073	6	8.4
2000	34,480,000	2,074	6.0	69,029	2	2.9
1999	34,036,000	2,006	5.9	69,363	4	5.8
1998	33,494,000	2,170	6.5	67,035	7	10.4
1997	32,957,000	2,579	7.8	65,416	7	10.7
1996	32,383,000	2,910	9.0	63,984	5	7.8
1995	32,063,000	3,530	11.0	62,150	10	16.1
1994	32,140,000	3,699	11.5	59,340	9	15.2
1993	31,742,000	4,095	12.9	58,861	8	13.6
1992	31,300,000	3,920	12.5	59,386	5	8.4

Note: Homicide rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Table 38

PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2001

By Contributing Circumstance

Number	Percent
6	100.0
1	-
2	-
1	-
1	_
	Number 6 1 2 1 1 1

Note: Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

¹ Includes peace officers feloniously killed in the line of duty.

² Personnel in the Department of Justice and other state regulatory agencies are not included.

Table 39

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001

By Gender, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age of Deceased

Gender, race/ethnic group,	Total		Peace officer justifiable		Citizen justifiable		
and age of deceased	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total							
Total	142	100.0	113	100.0	29	100.0	
Gender							
Male	139	97.9	110	97.3	29	100.0	
Female	3	2.1	3	2.7	0	0.0	
Race/ethnic group							
White	38	26.8	35	31.0	3	10.3	
Hispanic	57	40.1	48	42.5	9	31.0	
Black	40	28.2	26	23.0	14	48.3	
Other	7	4.9	4	3.5	3	10.3	
	•	Α	ge				
Under 18	5	3.5	4	3.5	1	3.4	
18-19	8	5.6	7	6.2	1	3.4	
20-24	35	24.6	26	23.0	9	31.0	
25-29	32	22.5	26	23.0	6	20.7	
30-34	16	11.3	13	11.5	3	10.3	
35-39	18	12.7	13	11.5	5	17.2	
40-44	7	4.9	6	5.3	1	3.4	
45-49	8	5.6	8	7.1	0	0.0	
50-54	3	2.1	2	1.8	1	3.4	
55 and over	9	6.3	7	6.2	2	6.9	
Unknown	1	0.7	1	0.9	0	0.0	

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 40 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001

By Location of Justifiable Homicide

By Location of Sustinable Hornicide					
Location of justifiable homicide	Number	Percent			
Total					
Total	142				
Peace officer just	ifiable				
	113	100.0			
Felon's residence	19	16.8			
Other residence	7	6.2			
Street, sidewalk	60	53.1			
Commercial establishment	6	5.3			
Liquor store	0	0.0			
Bar	3	2.7			
Other business	3	2.7			
All other	21	18.6			
Parking lot	1	0.9			
Vehicle	14	12.4			
Field, park	4	3.5			
School	1	0.9			
Other	1	0.9			
Citizen justifial	ble				
Total	29	100.0			
Citizen's, shared residence	8	27.6			
Citizen's residence	7	24.1			
Shared residence	1	3.4			
Other residence	4	13.8			
Felon's residence	1	3.4			
Other residence	3	10.3			
Street, sidewalk	6	20.7			
Commercial establishment	9	31.0			
Liquor store	1	3.4			
Bar	2	6.9			
Other business	6	20.7			
All other	2	6.9			
Parking lot	1	3.4			
Vehicle	0	0.0			
Field, park	1	3.4			
School	0	0.0			
Other	0	0.0			

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 41 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001

By Contributing Circumstance

Contributing circumstance	Number	Percent				
Total						
Total	142					
Peace officer justifiable						
Total	113	100.0				
Felon attacked peace officer	90	79.6				
Felon killed during commission of crime	23	20.4				
Felon resisted arrest	0	0.0				
All other	0	0.0				
Felon attacked another peace officer	0	0.0				
Felon attacked citizen	0	0.0				
Felon attempted flight	0	0.0				
Citizen justifiable						
Total	29	100.0				
Felon attacked citizen	13	44.8				
Felon killed during commission of crime	16	55.2				
All other	0	0.0				

Table 42 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2001

By Type of Weapon Used

Type of	Total		Peace officer justifiable		Citizen justifiable	
weapon used	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	142	100.0	113	100.0	29	100.0
Firearm	131	92.3	110	97.3	21	72.4
Handgun	117	82.4	100	88.5	17	58.6
Rifle	3	2.1	2	1.8	1	3.4
Shotgun	5	3.5	3	2.7	2	6.9
Firearm - unknown type	6	4.2	5	4.4	1	3.4
Knife ¹	7	4.9	2	1.8	5	17.2
Blunt object ²	2	1.4	1	0.9	1	3.4
Personal weapon ³	2	1.4	0	0.0	2	6.9

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

¹ Any instrument used to cut or stab.

² Club, etc.

³ Hands, feet, etc.

Table 43 **POPULATION ESTIMATES, 1952-2001**

	Y(-) Total		Population at risk					
Year(s)	population	Total ¹	Adult ²	Juvenile ³				
2001	34,758,000	26,745,137	22,555,739	4,189,398				
2000	34,480,000	26,203,950	22,198,297	4,005,653				
1999	34,036,000	25,711,892	21,855,190	3,856,702				
1998	33,494,000	25,263,064	21,498,170	3,764,894				
1997	32,957,000	25,760,375	21,934,916	3,825,459				
1996	32,383,000	25,554,242	21,825,735	3,728,507				
1995	32,063,000	25,122,782	21,505,839	3,616,943				
1994	32,140,000	24,703,379	21,193,571	3,509,808				
1993 1992	31,742,000 31,300,000	24,334,534 23,975,578	20,923,632 20,661,120	3,410,902 3,314,458				
1991	30,646,000	23,585,168	20,356,984	3,228,184				
1990	29,557,836	23,178,961	20,027,633	3,151,328				
1989	28,771,207	23,176,961	19,451,763	3,072,629				
1988	28,060,746	21,969,953	18,885,349	3,084,604				
1987	27,388,477	21,483,563	18,378,758	3,104,805				
1986	26,741,621	21,009,362	17,903,122	3,106,240				
1985	26,112,632	20,563,314	17,468,941	3,094,373				
1984	25,587,254	20,167,923	17,083,479	3,084,444				
1983	25,075,581	19,860,746	16,763,095	3,097,651				
1982	24,546,566	19,510,945	16,415,571	3,095,374				
1981	24,038,711	19,172,812	16,082,355	3,090,457				
1980	23,668,145	18,824,197	15,778,999	3,045,198				
1979	23,255,000	18,371,691	15,323,376	3,048,315				
1978	22,839,000	18,012,901	14,916,032	3,096,869				
1977 1976	22,350,000 21,935,000	17,619,453 17,269,884	14,470,680 14,080,872	3,148,773 3,189,012				
1975 1974	21,537,000 21,173,000	16,914,556 16,563,671	13,694,793 13,339,906	3,219,763 3,223,765				
1973	20,868,000	16,237,031	13,031,007	3,223,763				
1972	20,585,000	15,926,249	12,758,809	3,167,440				
1971	20,346,000	15,657,238	12,542,795	3,114,443				
1970	20,039,000	15,378,312	12,339,580	3,038,732				
1969	19,856,000	14,697,200	11,657,600	3,039,600				
1968	19,554,000	14,379,400	11,403,700	2,975,700				
1967	19,478,000	14,065,700	11,159,800	2,905,900				
1966	19,132,000	13,696,700	10,872,500	2,824,200				
1965	18,756,000	13,377,400	10,620,600	2,756,800				
1964	18,234,000	12,981,700	10,311,100	2,670,600				
1963	17,675,000	12,564,600	10,047,700	2,516,900				
1962	17,044,000	12,099,200	9,740,000	2,359,200				
1961	16,445,000	11,697,900	9,469,100	2,228,800				
1960 1959	15,860,000	11,314,900	9,203,300	2,111,600				
1959 1958	15,280,000 14,752,000	I	-	-				
1957	14,752,000	l -	-	-				
1956	13,600,000	-	-	-				
1955	13,035,000	_	_	_				
1954	12,595,000	_	-	-				
1953	12,101,000	-	-	-				
1952	11,638,000	-	-	-				

Source: Population estimates were provided by the Demographic Research Unit,
California Department of Finance.

Note: Population data by age are not available prior to 1960.

1 Total population at risk, 10-69 years of age.

² Adult population at risk, 18-69 years of age.

³ Juvenile population at risk, 10-17 years of age.