## HOMICIDE

## IN CALIFORNIA

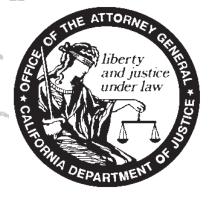
2007



Edmund G. Brown Jr., Attorney General
California Department of Justice
Division of California Justice Information Services
Bureau of Criminal Information and Analysis
CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS CENTER



# HOMICIDE



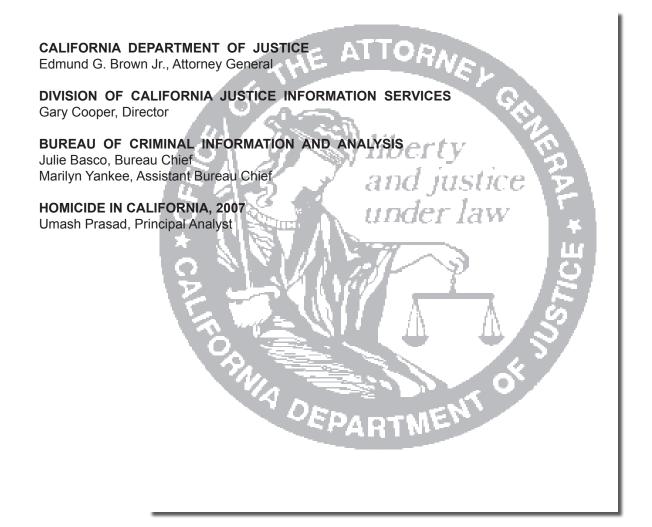
2007

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#### The role of the Criminal Justice Statistics Center is to:

- ☐ Collect, analyze, and report statistical data which provide valid measures of crime and the criminal justice process.
- ☐ Examine these data on an ongoing basis to better describe crime and the criminal justice system.
- ☐ Promote the responsible presentation and use of crime statistics.

### CONTENTS

Executive Summary			
At a Glance, 2007	٧		
Data Analysis			
Data Analysis	2		
Homicide Arrests	20		
Death Penalty Sentences	32		
Peace Officers Killed in the Line of Duty	36		
Justifiable Homicides	40		
Data Tables	4		
Appendices			
1 Data Characteristics and Known Limitations	88		
2 Computational Formulas	89		
3 Criminal Justice Glossary	90		

#### **Executive Summary**

percent.

Homicide in California, 2007 contains information about the crime of homicide and its victims, as well as demographic data on persons arrested for homicide. Information about the death penalty, the number of peace officers killed in the line of duty, and justifiable homicide is also included. This report provides data for the year 2007 as well as prior years.

The California Department of Justice (DOJ) is responsible for reporting annual statistics on homicide as mandated by Penal Code section 13014. Information displayed in this publication is extracted from several databases maintained by the DOJ. The primary source of information is the Homicide File, which captures willful and justifiable homicide crime data. Other databases capture information about persons arrested for homicide, death penalty sentences, and peace officers killed in the line of duty. The reader should consider that the type of data collected, and the methods used to collect these data, differ for each data set. Unless otherwise indicated, all calculations are based on the number of known incidents.

#### **Homicide Crimes**

The Homicides Crimes section (pages 2-23) provides data on homicide crimes reported to law enforcement.

From 2006 to 2007, the rate of homicide crimes per 100,000 population decreased 9.1 percent (6.6 to 6.0). From 1998 to 2007, the homicide crime rate decreased 7.7 percent (6.5 to 6.0).			
Females were more likely to be killed in their residence, while males were more likely to be killed on streets or sidewalks.			
A greater percentage of white victims were female than were Hispanic or black victims. White victims tended to be older, Hispanic and black victims, younger.			
In 2007, where the victim-offender relationship was known, 42.1 percent of the victims were killed by friends or acquaintances.			
Firearms were used in 72.4 percent of homicides in 2007.			
Of the 35 counties for which 2007 homicide rates were calculated, San Francisco County experienced the highest homicide rate per 100,000 population (12.2); Marin County experienced the lowest (0.4).			
In 2007, the highest average daily number of homicides occurred on weekends (8.3 vs. 5.3).			
In 2007, where the contributing circumstance was known, 41.8 percent of homicides were the result of an argument and 32.7 percent were gang-related.			

☐ From 1998 to 2007, the number of gang-related homicides increased 16.1

#### **Homicide Arrests**

The Homicide Arrests section (pages 26–29) provides data on arrests made by law enforcement personnel.

- ☐ From 2006 to 2007, the rate of homicide arrests per 100,000 population at risk increased 1.5 percent (6.7 to 6.8). From 1998 to 2007, the homicide arrest rate decreased 19.0 percent (8.4 to 6.8).
- ☐ From 1998 to 2007, the overwhelming majority of homicide arrestees and victims were male.
- ☐ From 1998 to 2007, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees and victims were Hispanic.
- ☐ From 1998 to 2007, the largest percentage of homicide arrestees and victims were aged 18–29.

### Death Penalty Sentences

The Death Penalty section (pages 32–33) provides information about persons sentenced to death in California in 2007.

☐ By the end of 2007, there were 673 persons under sentence of death in California. Of these, 17 were sentenced in 2007.

### Peace Officers Killed in the Line of Duty

Information about peace officers killed in the line of duty (pages 36–37) is obtained from the Homicide File.

- ☐ In 2007, four peace officers were feloniously killed in the line of duty.
- ☐ Between 1998 and 2007, 47 peace officers were killed in the line of duty.
- ☐ Between 1998 and 2007, the homicide rate for peace officers killed in the line of duty varied from 2.9 to 10.4 per 100,000 sworn law enforcement personnel.

#### **Justifiable Homicides**

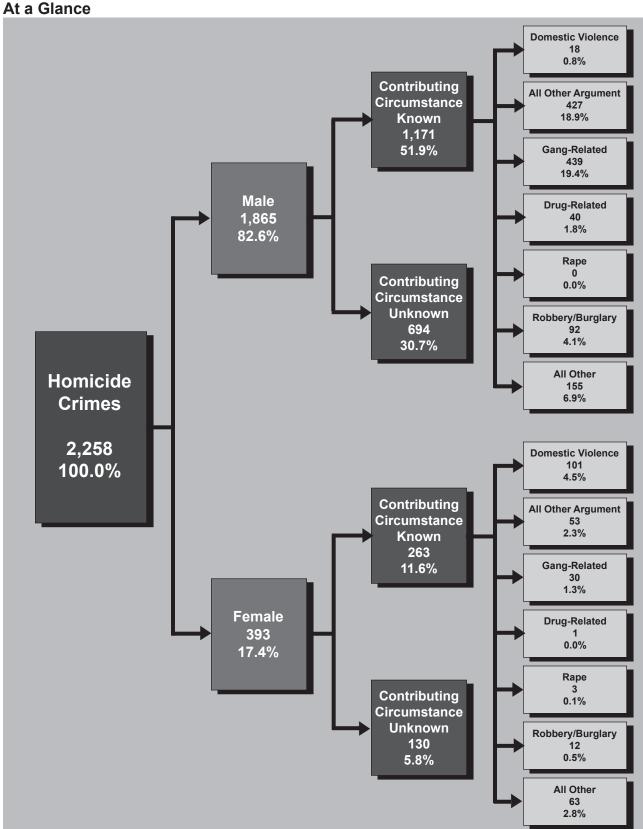
Information about justifiable homicides by a private citizen or peace officer (pages 40–43) is obtained from the Homicide File.

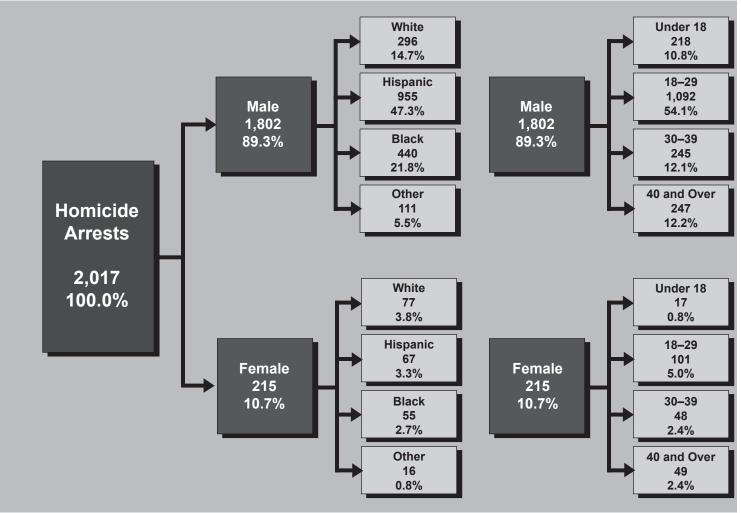
☐ In 2007, justifiable homicides by peace officers were most often the result of a felon attacking a peace officer (71.8 percent).

#### **Acknowledgment**

The Department of Justice is mandated by the Legislature to annually submit the *Homicide in California* report. It is of the utmost importance for law enforcement agencies to submit complete and timely statistical data to the Department of Justice to ensure this mandate is met. As such, appreciation is extended to all law enforcement agencies that have met their reporting requirements.

Figure 1
HOMICIDE IN CALIFORNIA, 2007





Source: Tables 25 and 34.

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Contributing circumstance percent calculations in this figure are based on the total number of victims, rather than on the number of known circumstances. Therefore, percentages displayed here will not match percentages displayed elsewhere in this report.

#### **HOMICIDE CRIMES**

The homicide category comprises murder and nonnegligent manslaughter. Attempted murder, justifiable homicide, manslaughter by negligence, and suicide are excluded.

#### CONTRIBUTING CIRCUMSTANCE

Contributing circumstance, when known, is reported by law enforcement agencies on the supplemental homicide report. In 2007, there were 824 homicides in which the contributing circumstance was unknown. Of this number, 694 involved male victims and 130 involved female victims.

#### **HOMICIDE ARRESTS**

All California law enforcement agencies report arrest information to the DOJ on the *Monthly Arrest and Citation Register*. Data submitted includes age, gender, and race/ethnic group; and specifies the most serious arrest offense and law enforcement disposition.

# HOMICIDE CRIMES

#### **HOMICIDE CRIMES**

Homicide is defined by the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program as the "willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another." The homicide category comprises murder and nonnegligent manslaughter. Attempted murder, justifiable homicide, manslaughter by negligence, and suicide are excluded. Data depicting homicide in California have been collected and published for 56 years.

#### From 2006 to 2007:

- ☐ The homicide rate per 100,000 population decreased 9.1 percent (6.6 to 6.0).
- ☐ The number of homicides decreased 9.1 percent (from 2,483 to 2,258).

#### Comparing 1998 to 2007:

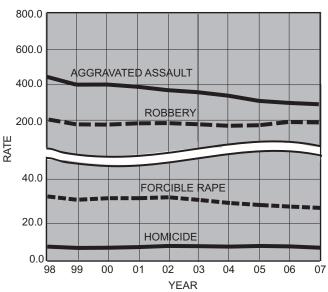
- ☐ The homicide rate per 100,000 population decreased 7.7 percent (6.5 to 6.0).
- ☐ The number of homicides increased 4.1 percent (from 2,170 to 2,258).

In 2007, both the number of homicides and the rate per 100,000 decreased 9.1 percent.

Table N-1 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1952-2007 Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population					
Year(s)	Number	Rate			
2007	2,258	6.0			
2006	2,483	6.6			
2005	2,503	6.8			
2004	2,394	6.5			
2003	2,402	6.7			
2002	2,392	6.8			
2001	2,201	6.3			
2000	2,074	6.0			
1999	2,006	5.9			
1998	2,170	6.5			
1997	2,579	7.8			
1996	2,910	9.0			
1995	3,530	11.0			
1994	3,699	11.5			
1993	4,095	12.9			
1992	3,920	12.5			
1991	3,876	12.6			
1990	3,562	12.1			
1989	3,159	11.0			
1988	2,947	10.5			
1987	2,929	10.7			
1986	3,030	11.3			
1985	2,781	10.7			
1984	2,724	10.6			
1983	2,640	10.5			
1982	2,778	11.3			
1981	3,140	13.1			
1980	3,405	14.4			
1979	2,941	12.6			
1978	2,601	11.4			
1977	2,481	11.1			
1976	2,214	10.1			
1975	2,196	10.2			
1974	1,970	9.3			
1973	1,862	8.9			
1972	1,789	8.7			
1971	1,633	8.0			
1970	1,355	6.8			
1969	1,376	6.9			
1968	1,171	6.0			
1967	1,051	5.4			
1966	897	4.7			
1965	892	4.8			
1964	758	4.2			
1963	656	3.7			
1962	671	3.9			
1961	609	3.7			
1960	620	3.9			
1959	515	3.4			
1958	547	3.7			
1957	497	3.5			
1956	474	3.5			
1955	417	3.2			
1954	419	3.3			
1953	276	2.3			
1952	279	2.4			

Figure 2 VIOLENT CRIMES, 1998–2007 Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 1.

There are four offenses classified as violent crimes by the FBI: homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. For comparison, changes in the rates of the four offenses follow:

#### From 2006 to 2007:

- Homicide decreased 9.1 percent (6.6 to 6.0).
- Forcible rape decreased 2.4 percent (24.6 to 24.0).
- Robbery decreased 1.2 percent (189.5 to 187.2).
- Aggravated assault decreased 2.6 percent (297.7 to 289.9).

#### Comparing 1998 to 2007:

- ☐ Homicide decreased 7.7 percent (6.5 to 6.0).
- Forcible rape decreased 17.8 percent (29.2 to 24.0).
- Robbery decreased 8.8 percent (205.3 to 187.2).
- Aggravated assault decreased 34.9 percent (445.1 to 289.9).

Figures 3, 4, and 5 display homicide rates per 100,000 population for victims classified by gender, race/ethnic group, and age.

In 2007,

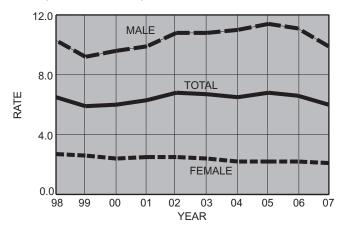
- ☐ The total homicide rate was 6.0 per 100,000 population.
- ☐ The male homicide rate was over four times that of the female homicide rate (9.9 vs. 2.1).
- ☐ The black homicide rate was over 12 times that of whites and over 3 times that of Hispanics (29.4 vs. 2.3 and 7.8, respectively).

**Comparing 1998 to 2007**:

- ☐ The male homicide rate decreased 3.9 percent and the female homicide rate decreased 22.2 percent.
- ☐ The white homicide rate decreased 23.3 percent, the Hispanic homicide rate decreased 18.8 percent, and the black homicide rate increased 30.1 percent.

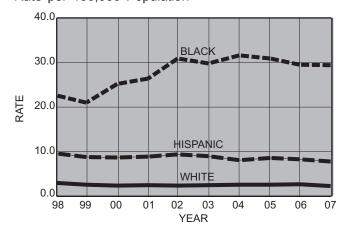
Comparing 1998 to 2007, homicide rates declined for both males and females (down 3.9 and 22.2 percent, respectively). In 2007, the homicide rate for blacks declined slightly from 2006, but was 30.1 percent higher than the rate in 1998.

Figure 3 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007 By Gender of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



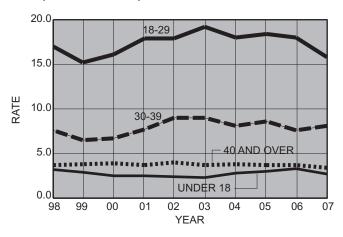
Source: Table 2.

Figure 4 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007 By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 3.

Figure 5 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998–2007 By Age of Victim Rate per 100,000 Population



Source: Table 4.

#### In 2007,

☐ Persons aged 18–29 had the highest homicide victimization rate (15.8 per 100,000 population).

#### Comparing 1998 to 2007, the homicide rate:

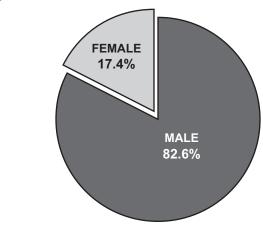
- Decreased 15.6 percent for victims under age 18.
- Decreased 7.1 percent for victims aged 18–29.
- ☐ Increased 6.6 percent for victims aged 30–39.
- Decreased 8.1 percent for victims aged 40 and over.

The homicide rate for victims aged 18-29 decreased in 2007, but remained higher than the rate of other age groups.

In 2007,

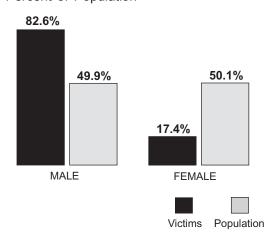
- Males represented 82.6 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 49.9 percent of the population.
- Females represented 17.4 percent of total homicide victims; they comprised 50.1 percent of the population.

Figure 6 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 By Gender of Victim



Source: Table 5.

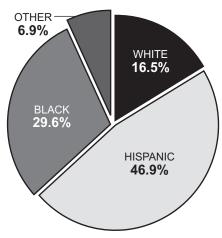
Figure 7 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Gender of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population



Source: Tables 2 and 5.

The ratio of male to female homicide victimization has been approximately 4:1. This ratio represents a consistent historical trend (see Tables 2 and 5).

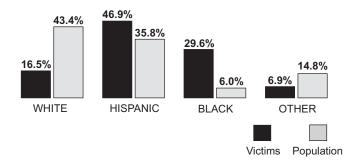
Figure 8 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim



Source: Table 6.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 9 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population



Source: Tables 3 and 6.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

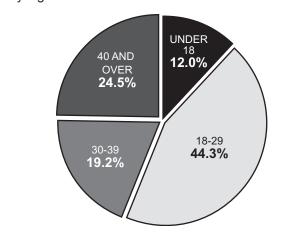
In 2007, where the victim's race was known:

- Whites represented 16.5 percent of the homicide victims; they comprised 43.4 percent of the population.
- ☐ Hispanics represented 46.9 percent of the homicide victims; they comprised 35.8 percent of the population.
- ☐ Blacks represented 29.6 percent of the homicide victims; they comprised 6.0 percent of the population.
- ☐ The "other" race/ethnic group category represented 6.9 percent of the homicide victims; they comprised 14.8 percent of the population.

**In 2007**, where the victim's age was known:

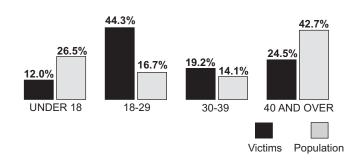
- ☐ 12.0 percent of the homicide victims were under age 18; this age group comprised 26.5 percent of the population.
- ☐ 44.3 percent of the homicide victims were aged 18-29; this age group comprised 16.7 percent of the population.
- ☐ 19.2 percent of the homicide victims were aged 30-39; this age group comprised 14.1 percent of the population.
- ☐ 24.5 percent of the homicide victims were aged 40 and over; this age group comprised 42.7 percent of the population.

Figure 10 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 By Age of Victim



Source: Table 7.

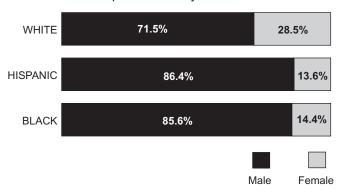
Figure 11 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Age of Victim by Percent of Total Victims and Percent of Population



Source: Tables 4 and 7.

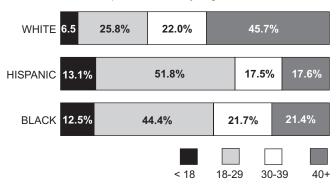
Where the age of the victim was known, victims aged 18-29 accounted for over 40 percent of the homicides (see Table 7).

Figure 12 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender of Victim



Source: Table 8.

Figure 13 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Age of Victim



Source: Table 9.

#### In 2007.

- ☐ A greater percentage of white victims were female than were either Hispanic or black victims (28.5 vs. 13.6 and 14.4 percent, respectively).
- ☐ A greater percentage of Hispanic and black victims were aged 18–29 than were white victims (51.8 and 44.4 vs. 25.8 percent, respectively).
- ☐ A greater percentage of white victims were aged 40 and over than were either Hispanic or black victims (45.7 vs. 17.6 and 21.4 percent, respectively).

In 2007, females constituted a higher percentage of white victims than of Hispanic or black victims. White victims tended to be older, while Hispanic and black victims tended to be younger.

In 2007, when homicides were examined by the relationship of the victim to the offender, it was found that:

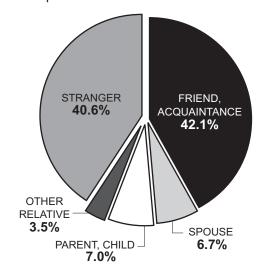
- ☐ 42.1 percent of victims were friends or acquaintances of offenders.
- ☐ 6.7 percent of victims were spouses of offenders.
- 7.0 percent of victims were parents or children of offenders.
- ☐ 3.5 percent of the relationships of victim to offender fell into the "other relative" category.
- ☐ 40.6 percent of victims were strangers to offenders.

#### **Comparing 1998 to 2007:**

- ☐ The proportion of homicides in which victims were friends or acquaintances of offenders decreased from 49.6 percent to 42.1 percent.
- ☐ The proportion of homicides in which victims were strangers to offenders increased from 35.3 percent to 40.6 percent.

In 2007, where the victim/offender relationship was known, 42.1 percent of the victims were killed by a friend or acquaintance.

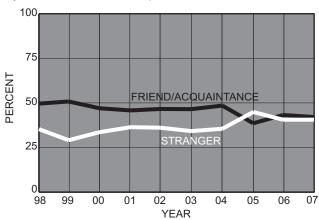
Figure 14 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 By Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 11.

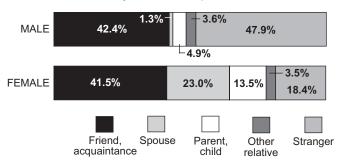
Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 15 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007 By Selected Relationships of Victims to Offenders



Source: Table 11.

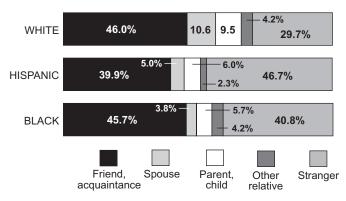
Figure 16 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Gender of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 12.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 17 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 12.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

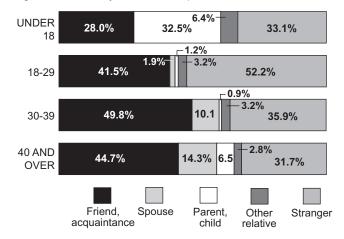
#### In 2007.

- ☐ A greater percentage of female victims were spouses of offenders (23.0 percent) than were male victims (1.3 percent).
- A greater percentage of Hispanic and black victims were strangers to offenders than were white victims (46.7 and 40.8 vs. 29.7 percent, respectively).

#### In 2007,

- ☐ Victims 30–39 and 40 and over were most likely friends or acquaintances of the offenders (49.8 and 44.7 percent, respectively).
- ☐ A greater percentage of victims aged 40 and over were spouses of the offenders (14.3 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

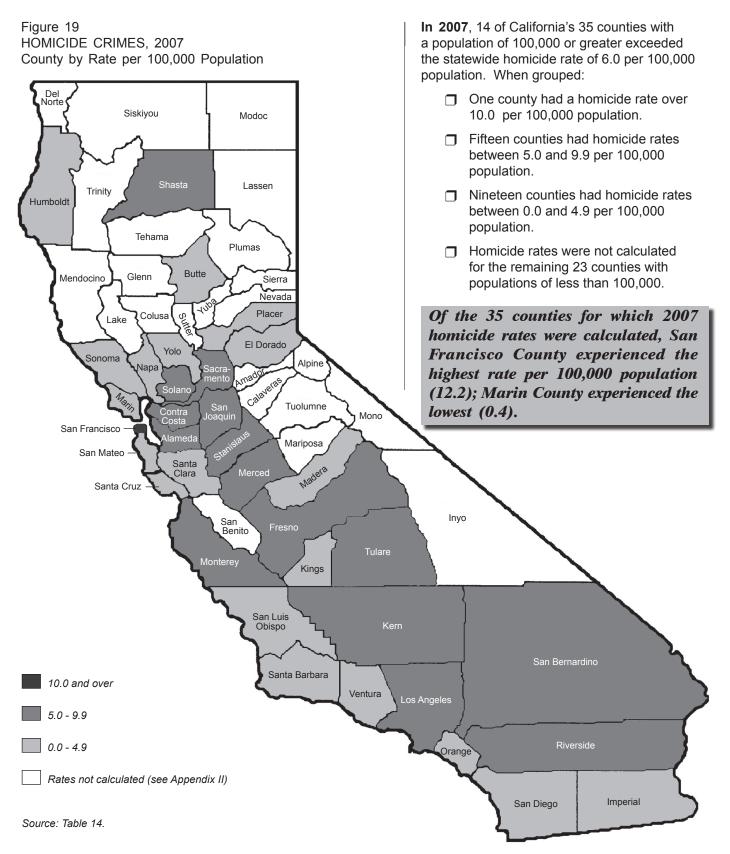
Figure 18 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Age of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender



Source: Table 13.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

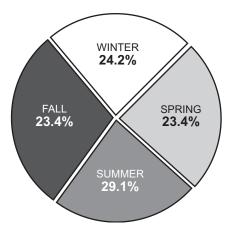
In 2007, 32.5 percent of homicide victims under age 18 were children of the offenders. Over 50 percent of homicide victims aged 18-29 were strangers to the offenders.



In 2007, when homicides were examined by season of incident, it was found that:

☐ The incidents leading to death occurred more often in the summer than in any other season (29.1 percent).

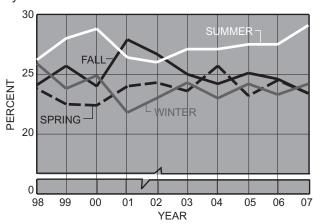
Figure 20 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 By Season of Incident



Source: Table 15.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

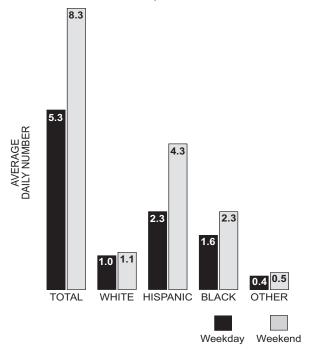
Figure 21 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007 By Season of Incident



Source: Table 15.

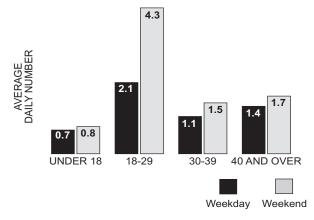
The highest proportion of homicides occur during summer months.

Figure 22 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Average Daily Number of Incidents on Weekdays and Weekends



Source: Table 16.

Figure 23 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Age of Victim by Average Daily Number of Incidents on Weekdays and Weekends



Source: Table 17.

**In 2007**, when homicides were examined by day of incident, it was found that:

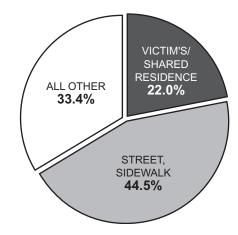
- An average of 5.3 homicide victims were killed each weekday and 8.3 homicide victims were killed each weekend day.
- ☐ Hispanic victims had the highest average daily number of incidents on both weekdays and weekends (2.3 and 4.3, respectively) of any race/ethnic group shown.
- □ Victims aged 18–29 had the highest average daily number of incidents on both weekdays and weekends (2.1 and 4.3, respectively) of any age group shown.

Regardless of race/ethnic group or age, the highest average number of homicides occurred on weekends.

In 2007, when homicides were examined by location of incident, it was found that:

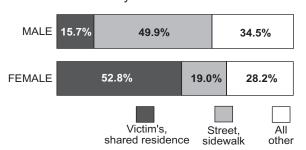
- ☐ 22.0 percent of victims were killed at their places of residence.
- ☐ 44.5 percent of homicides occurred on streets or sidewalks.
- ☐ 33.4 percent of homicides occurred in "all other" locations.
- The greatest percentage of males (49.9 percent) were killed on streets or sidewalks.
- ☐ The majority of females (52.8 percent) were killed at their places of residence.

Figure 24 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 By Location of Homicide



Source: Table 19. Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 25 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Gender of Victim by Location of Homicide

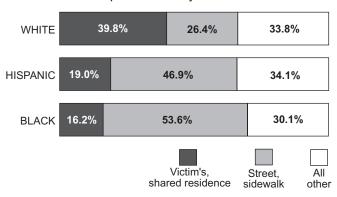


Source: Table 19.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Females were more likely to be killed in their residence, while males were more likely to be killed on streets or sidewalks.

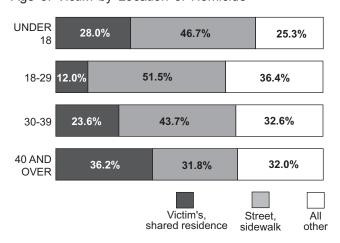
Figure 26 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Location of Homicide



Source: Table 19.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 27 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Age of Victim by Location of Homicide



Source: Table 20.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

#### In 2007,

- ☐ A greater percentage of whites than Hispanics or blacks were killed at their places of residence (39.8 vs. 19.0 and 16.2 percent, respectively).
- ☐ A greater percentage of Hispanics and blacks were killed on streets or sidewalks than were whites (46.9 and 53.6 vs. 26.4 percent, respectively).
- ☐ A greater percentage of victims aged 18–29 were killed on streets or sidewalks (51.5 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.
- ☐ A greater percentage of victims aged 40 and over were killed at their places of residence (36.2 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

Victims aged 40 and over were killed most often in their residences, while victims in all other age groups were mostly killed on streets or sidewalks.

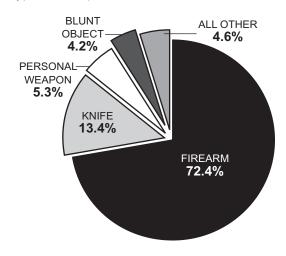
In 2007, when homicides were examined by type of weapon used, it was found that:

- ☐ 72.4 percent resulted from the use of firearms.
  - ➤ 61.7 percent resulted from the use of handguns.
  - ➤ 10.7 percent resulted from the use of all other types of firearms.
- ☐ 13.4 percent resulted from the use of knives.
- ☐ 5.3 percent resulted from the use of personal weapons (hands, feet, etc.).
- ☐ 4.2 percent resulted from the use of blunt objects (clubs, etc.).
- ☐ 4.6 percent resulted from the use of weapons grouped in the "all other" category.

#### **Comparing 1998 to 2007:**

■ The proportion of homicides that resulted from the use of firearms increased (from 68.8 percent to 72.4 percent).

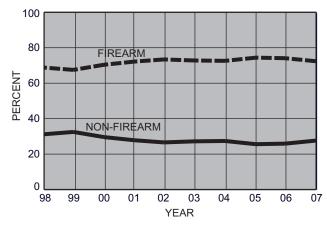
Figure 28 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 By Type of Weapon Used



Source: Table 21.

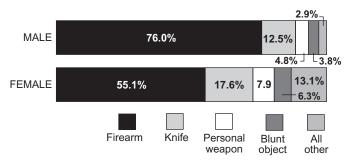
Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 29 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007 By Selected Types of Weapons Used



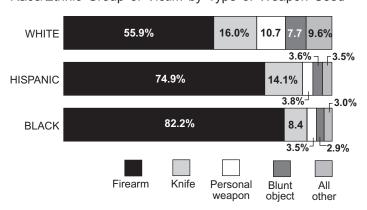
Source: Table 21.

Figure 30 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Gender of Victim by Type of Weapon Used



Source: Table 22.

Figure 31 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Type of Weapon Used



Source: Table 22.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

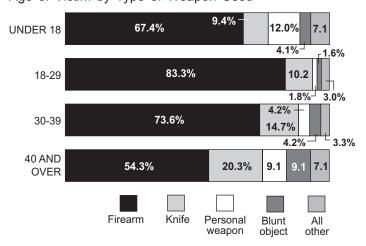
#### In 2007,

- ☐ A greater percentage of males (76.0 percent) were killed with firearms than were females (55.1 percent).
- ☐ A greater percentage of females (44.9 percent) were killed with non-firearms than were males (24.0 percent).
- ☐ A greater percentage of Hispanics and blacks were killed with firearms than were whites (74.9 and 82.2 vs. 55.9 percent, respectively).

#### In 2007,

☐ A greater percentage of victims aged 18-29 were killed with firearms (83.3 percent) than were victims in any other age group shown.

Figure 32 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Age of Victim by Type of Weapon Used

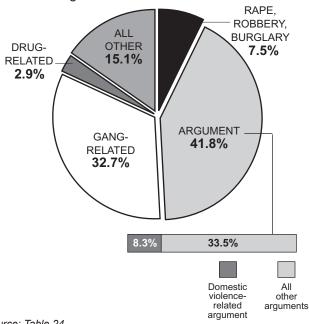


Source: Table 23.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

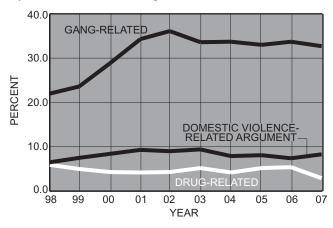
Regardless of gender, race/ethnic group, or age, the majority of homicide victims were killed with firearms.

Figure 33 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 By Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 24.

Figure 34
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998–2007
By Selected Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 24.

**In 2007**, when homicides, where the contributing circumstance was known, were examined:

- ☐ 7.5 percent occurred as a result of a rape, robbery, or burglary.
- 41.8 percent occurred as a result of an argument.
  - ➤ 8.3 percent occurred as a result of a domestic violence-related argument.
  - ➤ 33.5 percent occurred as a result of all other types of arguments.
- 32.7 percent were gang-related.
- 2.9 percent were drug-related.
- 15.1 percent occurred as a result of "all other" contributing circumstances.

#### **Comparing 1998 to 2007:**

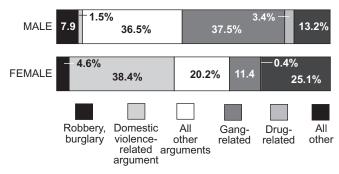
- ☐ The percentage of homicides in which the contributing circumstance was a domestic violence-related argument increased from 6.5 percent to 8.3 percent.
- ☐ The percentage of homicides in which the contributing circumstance was gang-related increased from 22.0 percent to 32.7 percent.
- ☐ The percentage of homicides in which the contributing circumstance was drug-related decreased from 5.9 percent to 2.9 percent.

From 1998 to 2007, the number of gang-related homicides increased by 16.1 percent.

#### In 2007,

- Males (37.5 percent) were victims of gang-related homicides more than any other contributing circumstance.
- Females (38.4 percent) were victims of domestic violence-related homicides more than any other contributing circumstance.

Figure 35 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Gender of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



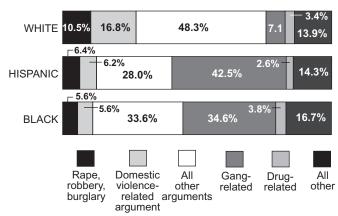
Source: Table 25.

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding. Figures 33, 36, and 37 include rape with robbery and burglary. However, for a more relevant comparison between male and female victims, rape is included in the "all other" category in Figure 35. In 2007, 1.1 percent of homicide crimes involving females were rape-related.

#### In 2007,

The proportion of gang-related homicides was much greater for Hispanics and blacks than for whites (42.5, 34.6, and 7.1 percent, respectively).

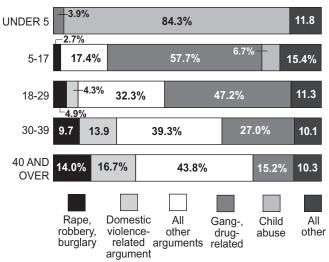
Figure 36 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 25.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

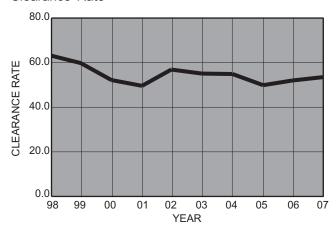
Figure 37 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Age of Victim by Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 26.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 38 HOMICIDE CRIMES CLEARED, 1998–2007 Clearance Rate



Source: Table 28.

Note: A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes (homicides) reported that have been cleared by law enforcement. Please see "Appendix II – Computational Formulas," and "Appendix III – Criminal Justice Glossary."

In 2007, where the contributing circumstance was known:

- ☐ The majority of homicide victims under age 5 were killed as a result of child abuse (84.3 percent).
- □ The greatest percentage of homicide victims aged 5–17 and aged 18–29 were killed as a result of gang-related or drug-related activities (57.7 and 47.2 percent, respectively).
- ☐ The greatest percentage of homicide victims aged 30–39 and aged 40 and over were killed as a result of argument-related conflicts (53.2 and 60.5 percent, respectively).

#### From 1998 to 2007:

- ☐ Homicide clearance rates fell from 63.1 to 53.5.
- ☐ Clearance rates ranged from a high of 63.1 in 1998 to a low of 49.6 in 2001.

The proportion of persons killed as the result of gang- and drug-related circumstances decreased with age. Conversely, the proportion killed as the result of an argument increased with age.

# HOMICIDE ARRESTS

#### HOMICIDE ARRESTS

Unlike crimes, which are classified by nationwide Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) standards, arrests are reported by the statutory definition of the offense.1 This may cause some differences in the definitions of certain crimes and the reporting of the arrests for those crimes. For instance, the California definition of a homicide arrest includes murder and nonvehicular manslaughter. The federal definition of a homicide crime includes murder and *nonnegligent* (nonaccidental) manslaughter.

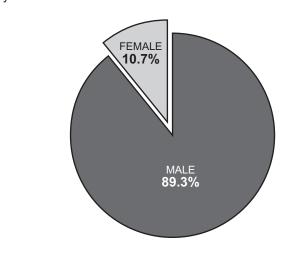
California law enforcement agencies report arrest and citation information to the DOJ on the "Monthly Arrest and Citation Register." This file contains information about the age, gender, and race/ethnic group of the arrestee; and specifies the "most serious" arrest offense and law enforcement disposition.

**In 2007**, of the 2,017 arrests for homicide:

- 89.3 percent (1,802) of arrestees were male.
- ☐ 10.7 percent (215) of arrestees were female.

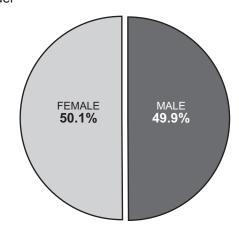
In 2007, nearly 9 out of 10 homicide arrestees were male (89.3 percent).

Figure 39 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2007 By Gender of Arrestee



Source: Table 30.

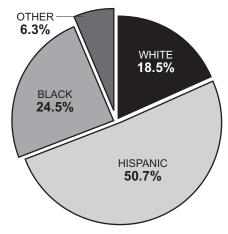
Figure 40 POPULATION IN CALIFORNIA, 2007 By Gender



Source: Table 2.

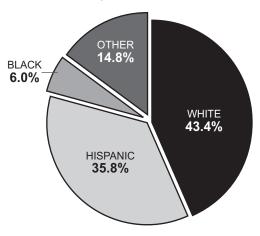
The following penal codes for homicide arrest offenses were valid at the time of the closeout of the 2007 arrest offense code file: 128, 187(a), 189, 192(a), 192(b), 193(a), 193(b), 273ab, 399, and 12310(a).

Figure 41 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2007 By Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee



Source: Table 31.

Figure 42
POPULATION IN CALIFORNIA, 2007
By Race/Ethnic Group



Source: Table 3.

Note: Beginning in 2004, the "other" category includes the race/ethnic group of "Multi-racial."

In 2007, of 2,017 arrests for homicide:

- ☐ 18.5 percent (373) of arrestees were white.
- ☐ 50.7 percent (1,022) of arrestees were Hispanic.
- 24.5 percent (495) of arrestees were black.
- ☐ 6.3 percent (127) of arrestees fell into the "other" race/ethnic group category.

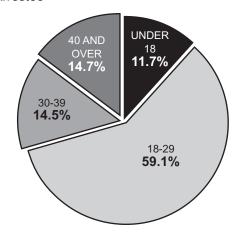
Note: The subjectivity of the classification and labeling process must be considered in the analysis of race/ethnic group data. As commonly used, race refers to large populations which share certain similar physical characteristics such as skin color. Because these physical characteristics can vary greatly within groups as well as between groups, determination of race is frequently, by necessity, subjective. Ethnicity refers to cultural heritage and can cross racial lines. For example, the ethnic designation "Hispanic" can include persons of any race. Most commonly, self-identification of race/ethnicity is used in the classification and labeling process.

In 2007, the majority of homicide arrestees were Hispanic (50.7 percent).

In 2007, of 2,017 arrests for homicide:

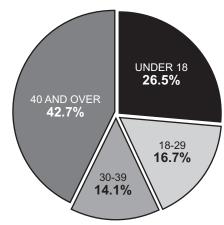
- ☐ 11.7 percent (235) of arrestees were under age 18.
- ☐ 59.1 percent (1,193) of arrestees were aged 18-29.
- ☐ 14.5 percent (293) of arrestees were aged 30-39.
- ☐ 14.7 percent (296) of arrestees were aged 40 and over.

Figure 43 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2007 By Age of Arrestee



Source: Table 32.

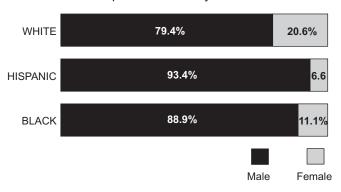
Figure 44 POPULATION IN CALIFORNIA, 2007 By Age



Source: Table 4.

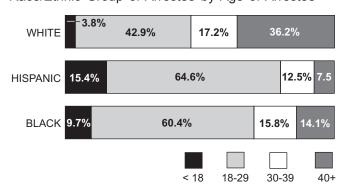
The majority of homicide arrestees continue to be in the 18-29 age group (59.1 percent).

Figure 45 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender of Arrestee



Source: Table 33.

Figure 46 HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Age of Arrestee



Source: Table 33.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

#### In 2007,

- Homicide arrestees for all three race/ethnic groups shown were predominately male.
- ☐ A greater percentage of white arrestees were female than were Hispanic or black arrestees (20.6 vs. 6.6 and 11.1 percent, respectively).

#### In 2007.

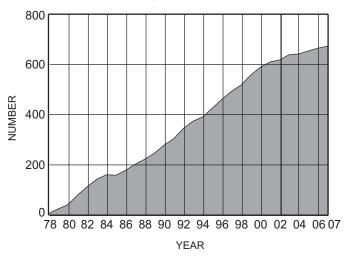
- ☐ A greater percentage of white arrestees were aged 40 and over than were Hispanic or black arrestees (36.2 vs. 7.5 and 14.1 percent, respectively).
- ☐ The largest percentage of Hispanic and black arrestees fell into the "18–29" age category (64.6 and 60.4 percent, respectively).

## DEATH PENALTY SENTENCES

### **DEATH PENALTY SENTENCES**

This section contains information about persons sentenced to death in California in 2007. Death penalty data were extracted from the 2007 Offender-Based Transaction Statistics system. For detailed information regarding the death penalty and the criteria by which a person can be sentenced to death, refer to California Penal Code sections 190 through 190.9.

Figure 47 PERSONS UNDER CALIFORNIA SENTENCE OF DEATH, 1978–2007



Source: Table 35.

**During 2007**, there were 17 persons convicted of first-degree murder and sentenced to death. These were initial death sentences only and do not include persons who were resentenced to death after their death sentences were reversed on appeal. By the end of 2007, there were 673 persons under sentence of death in California.

In 2007, of the 17 persons newly sentenced to death:

- All were male.
- ☐ Three were white; nine were Hispanic; and five were black.
- ☐ The average age at arrest was 29.
- ☐ Los Angeles County sentenced the largest number with six.

Additional information can be found in Tables 35 and 36.

# PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY

### PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY

Information about peace officers killed in the line of duty was obtained from the Homicide File. Only sworn officers feloniously killed in the line of duty are included. (Sworn officers accidentally killed in the line of duty and nonsworn officers, such as security guards, are excluded.)

In 2007, four peace officers were killed in the line of duty.

- ☐ Two peace officers were killed by the offenders' handgun.
- One peace officer was killed by the offender's shotgun.
- One peace officer was killed by the offender's vehicle.

In 2007,

All four peace officers killed in the line of duty were male; two were white, one was Hispanic, and one was Asian.

Table N-2 PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2007 By Type of Weapon Used

Type of weapon used	Total	Offender's	Officer's
Total	4	4	0
Handgun	2	2	0
Shotgun	1	1	0
Vehicle	1	1	0

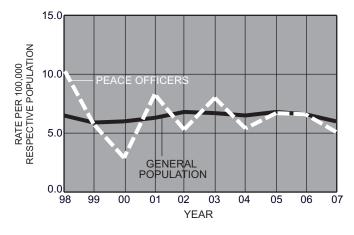
Table N-3 PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2007 Race/Ethnic Group of Officer by Gender of Officer

Do oo /okhoi o		Gei	nder
Race/ethnic group	Total	Male	Female
Total	4	4	0
White Hispanic Asian	2 1 1	2 1 1	0 0 0

Table N-4 PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1998-2007

Year(s)	Number of officers killed
Total	47
2007	4
2006	5
2005	5
2004	4
2003	6
2002	4
2001	6
2000	2
1999	4
1998	7

Figure 48 HOMICIDE CRIMES AND PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1998-2007 Homicide Rate per 100,000 Respective Population



Source: Table 37.

### From 1998 to 2007:

☐ 47 peace officers were killed in the line of duty. During this time period, the largest number of deaths occurred in 1998 (7), and the fewest number of deaths occurred in 2000 (2).

When homicide rates for peace officers killed in the line of duty were compared to homicide rates for the general population, it was found that:

### In 2007,

The homicide rate for peace officers killed was 5.1 and the homicide rate for the general population was 6.0 per 100,000 respective populations.

### Comparing 1998 to 2007:

☐ The homicide rate for peace officers killed decreased 51.0 percent (10.4 to 5.1). The homicide rate for the general population decreased 7.7 percent (6.5 to 6.0).

Additional information can be found in Tables 37 and 38.

### JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES

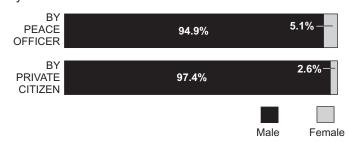
### JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES

A justifiable homicide is defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program as the killing of a felon by a private citizen or peace officer during the commission of a felony. Justifiable homicides are sometimes referred to as excusable or noncriminal homicides.

In 2007, when justifiable homicides were examined by gender, it was found that:

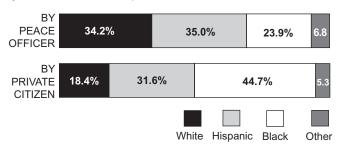
- 94.9 percent (111) of felons killed by peace officers were male; 5.1 percent (6) were female.
- 97.4 percent (37) of felons killed by private citizens were male; 2.6 percent (1) were female.

Figure 49 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007 By Gender of Deceased



Source: Table 39.

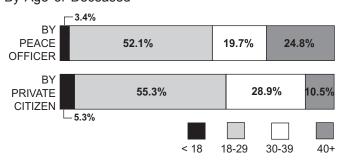
Figure 50 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007 By Race/Ethnic Group of Deceased



Source: Table 39.

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 51 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007 By Age of Deceased



Source: Table 39.

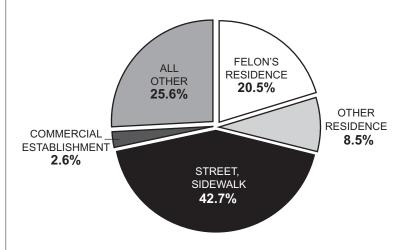
### In 2007,

- ☐ A greater proportion of felons killed by peace officers were white or Hispanic than were black (34.2 and 35.0 percent vs. 23.9 percent, respectively).
- The proportion of felons killed by private citizens were less likely to be white than Hispanic or black (18.4 vs. 31.6 and 44.7 percent, respectively).
- ☐ The majority of felons killed by peace officers and private citizens were aged 18-29 (52.1 and 55.3 percent, respectively).

In 2007, when justifiable homicides were examined by location, it was found that:

■ Most felons killed by peace officers or citizens were killed on a street or sidewalk (42.7 and 34.2 percent, respectively).

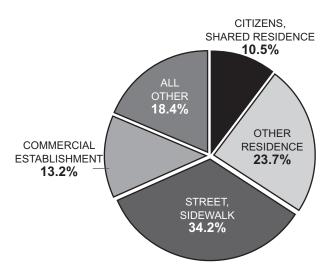
Figure 52 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS, 2007 By Location of Justifiable Homicide



Source: Table 40.

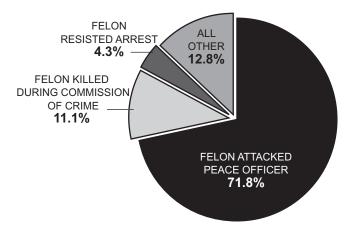
Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Figure 53 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007 By Location of Justifiable Homicide



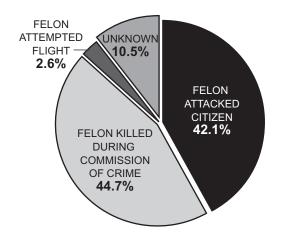
Source: Table 40.

Figure 54 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS, 2007 By Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 41.

Figure 55 JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007 By Contributing Circumstance



Source: Table 41.

Note: Percentages do not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

In 2007, when justifiable homicides were examined by contributing circumstance, it was found that:

- Most felons killed by peace officers were killed while attacking a peace officer (71.8 percent).
- were killed while committing a crime (44.7 percent).

## DATA TABLES

Table 1

VIOLENT CRIMES, 1998-2007

Number, Rate per 100,000 Population, and Percent Change

	T		T		
Year(s)	Total	Homi- cide	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault
		Number			
2007	191,493	2,258	9,047	70,702	109,486
	194,128	2,483	9,213	70,961	111,471
	189,593	2,503	9,345	63,424	114,321
	197,432	2,394	9,598	61,573	123,867
	204,591	2,402	9,918	63,597	128,674
2002	207,988	2,392	10,176	64,805	130,615
2001	210,510	2,201	9,882	63,299	135,128
2000	210,492	2,074	9,785	60,243	138,390
1999	207,874	2,006	9,443	60,027	136,398
1998	229,766	2,170	9,777	68,752	149,067
			n number		
2006-2007	-1.4	-9.1	-1.8	-0.4	-1.8
2005-2006	2.4	-0.8	-1.4	11.9	-2.5
2004-2005	-4.0	4.6	-2.6	3.0	-7.7
2003-2004	-3.5	-0.3	-3.2	-3.2	-3.7
2002-2003	-1.6	0.4	-2.5	-1.9	-1.5
2001-2002	-1.2	8.7	3.0	2.4	-3.3
2000-2001	0.0	6.1	1.0	5.1	-2.4
1999-2000	1.3	3.4	3.6	0.4	1.5
1998-1999	-9.5	-7.6	-3.4	-12.7	-8.5
1998-2007	-16.7	4.1	-7.5	2.8	-26.6
	Rate per	100,000	population	1	
2007	507.0	6.0	24.0	187.2	289.9
2006	518.4	6.6	24.6	189.5	297.7
2005	512.3	6.8	25.3	171.4	308.9
2004	539.6	6.5	26.2	168.3	338.5
2003	569.4	6.7	27.6	177.0	358.1
2002	589.2	6.8	28.8	183.6	370.0
2001	605.6	6.3	28.4	182.1	388.8
2000	610.5	6.0	28.4	174.7	401.4
1999	610.7	5.9	27.7	176.4	400.7
1998	686.0	6.5	29.2	205.3	445.1
	Perce	nt change	e in rate		
2006-2007	-2.2	-9.1	-2.4	-1.2	-2.6
2005-2006	1.2	-2.9	-2.8	10.6	-3.6
2004-2005	-5.1	4.6	-3.4	1.8	-8.7
2003-2004	-5.2	-3.0	-5.1	-4.9	-5.5
2002-2003	-3.4	-1.5	-4.2	-3.6	-3.2
2001-2002	-2.7	7.9	1.4	0.8	-4.8
2000-2001	-0.8	5.0	0.0	4.2	-3.1
1999-2000	0.0	1.7	2.5	-1.0	0.2
1998-1999	-11.0	-9.2	-5.1	-14.1	-10.0
1998-2007	-26.1	-7.7	-17.8	-8.8	-34.9

Note: Rates may not add to total because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Table 2 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007** By Gender of Victim

Number, Percent, and Rate per 100,000 Population

Gender	1000	1000	0000	0004	0000	0000	0004	2025	0000	2227	Percent c	hange
of victim <sup>1</sup>	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	1998- 2007	2006- 2007
Total												
Number of victims	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483	2,258	4.1	-9.1
Percent of victims	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Population	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	35,301,000	35,934,000	36,590,814	37,004,661	37,444,385	37,771,431	12.8	0.9
Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Rate	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.0	-7.7	-9.1
Male <sup>2</sup>												
Number of victims	1,727	1,568	1,666	1,756	1,938	1,972	1,992	2,101	2,070	1,865	8.0	-9.9
Percent of total victims.	79.6%	78.2%	80.3%	79.8%	81.0%	82.1%	83.2%	83.9%	83.4%	82.6%		
Population	16,810,163	17,099,812	17,398,995	17,694,411	17,984,195	18,270,127	18,161,654	18,403,806	18,645,304	18,870,986	12.3	1.2
Percent of population	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	50.2%	49.9%	49.9%	49.9%	49.9%		
Rate	10.3	9.2	9.6	9.9	10.8	10.8	11.0	11.4	11.1	9.9	-3.9	-10.8
Female												
Number of victims	443	438	408	445	454	430	402	402	413	393	-11.3	-4.8
Percent of total victims.	20.4%	21.8%	19.7%	20.2%	19.0%	17.9%	16.8%	16.1%	16.6%	17.4%		
Population	16,696,243	16,972,666	17,254,400	17,538,924	17,818,043	18,093,375	18,214,757	18,450,418	18,689,664	18,939,596	13.4	1.3
Percent of population	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	49.8%	50.1%	50.1%	50.1%	50.1%		
Rate	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	-22.2	-4.5

Notes: Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are calculated using the population for each subgroup shown; therefore, they will not add to the rate calculated for the total population. Population breakdowns by gender will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

The "percent of population" category for male and female was calculated using the sum of the male and female populations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in 2004, population estimates are based on the 2000 Census. Previous population estimates are based on revisions of the 1990 Census. Readers are advised to exercise care in interpreting changes in percent and rate between decennial census samples.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The "male" category includes homicide victims whose gender could not be determined: 2000 includes two, 2001 includes one, and 2002 includes one.

### Table 3 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007

### By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim

Number, Percent, and Rate per 100,000 Population

Race/ethnic group											Pero	
of victim <sup>1</sup>	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	1998-	nge 2006-
											2007	2007
Total												
Number of victims	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483	2,258	4.1	-9.1
Percent of victims	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Population	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	35,301,000	35,934,000	36,590,814	37,004,661	37,444,385	37,771,431	12.8	0.9
Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Rate	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.0	-7.7	-9.1
White												
Number of victims	523	446	421	442	417	444	422	419	432	372	-28.9	-13.9
Percent of total victims	24.1%	22.2%	20.3%	20.1%	17.4%	18.5%	17.6%	16.7%	17.4%	16.5%		
Population	17,258,003	17,339,690	17,421,511	17,503,225	17,573,850	17,635,296	15,967,775	15,852,937	15,766,736	16,423,530	-4.8	4.2
Percent of population	51.5%	50.9%	50.3%	49.7%	49.1%	48.5%	43.9%	43.0%	42.2%	43.4%		
Rate	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.3	-23.3	-14.8
Hispanic												
Number of victims	964	909	933	985	1,066	1,053	1,034	1,139	1,129	1,055	9.4	-6.6
Percent of total victims	44.4%	45.3%	45.0%	44.8%	44.6%	43.8%	43.2%	45.5%	45.5%	46.7%		
Population	10,022,551	10,352,763	10,688,752	11,020,710	11,352,852	11,685,915	12,816,038	13,220,223	13,603,759	13,539,990	35.1	-0.5
Percent of population	29.9%	30.4%	30.8%	31.3%	31.7%	32.1%	35.2%	35.9%	36.4%	35.8%		
Rate	9.6	8.8	8.7	8.9	9.4	9.0	8.1	8.6	8.3	7.8	-18.8	-6.0
Black												
Number of victims	523	488	589	622	734	713	766	758	736	665	27.2	-9.6
Percent of total victims	24.1%	24.3%	28.4%	28.3%	30.7%	29.7%	32.0%	30.3%	29.6%	29.5%		
Population	2,309,152	2,320,916	2,337,935	2,355,812	2,373,399	2,390,411	2,425,066	2,456,783	2,491,247	2,263,690	-2.0	-9.1
Percent of population	6.9%	6.8%	6.7%	6.7%	6.6%	6.6%	6.7%	6.7%	6.7%	6.0%		
Rate	22.6	21.0	25.2	26.4	30.9	29.8	31.6	30.9	29.5	29.4	30.1	-0.3
Other <sup>2</sup>												
Number of victims	147	157	121	145	166	185	167	182	178	156	6.1	-12.4
Percent of total victims	6.8%	7.8%	5.8%	6.6%	6.9%	7.7%	7.0%	7.3%	7.2%	6.9%		
Population	3,916,700	4,059,109	4,205,197	4,353,588	4,502,137	4,651,880	5,167,532	5,324,281	5,473,226	5,583,372	42.6	2.0
Percent of population	11.7%	11.9%	12.1%	12.4%	12.6%	12.8%	14.2%	14.4%	14.7%	14.8%		
Rate	3.8	3.9	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.0	3.2	3.4	3.3	2.8	-26.3	-15.2
Unknown												
Number of victims	13	6	10	7	9	7	5	5	8	10	_	_
Percent of total victims	0.6%	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%		
Population	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Percent of population	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are calculated using the population for each subgroup shown; therefore, they will not add to the rate calculated for the total population.

Population breakdowns by race/ethnic group will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

Dash indicates that the percent of population and rate for the "unknown" category cannot be calculated because there are no unknown race/ethnic group population data.

The "percent of population" category for race/ethnic group was calculated using the sum of the race/ethnic group populations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in 2004, population estimates are based on the 2000 Census. Previous population estimates are based on revisions of the 1990 Census. Readers are advised to exercise care in interpreting changes in percent and rate between decennial census samples.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Beginning in 2004, the "Other" category includes the new race/ethnic group of "Multi-racial." The extent to which this new race/ethnic group effects other population estimates is not known.

### Table 4 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007**

By Age of Victim
Number, Percent, and Rate per 100,000 Population

A											Pero	
Age	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	cha 1998-	nge 2006-
of victim											2007	2006-
Tatal											2007	2007
Total	2 170	2.006	2,074	2,201	2 202	2.402	2,394	2,503	0.400	2.250	4.1	-9.1
Number of victims Percent of victims	2,170 100.0%	2,006 100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	2,392 100.0%	2,402 100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	2,483 100.0%	2,258 100.0%	4.1	-9.1
	33,494,000	34,036,000	34,480,000	34,758,000	35,301,000	35,934,000	36,590,814	37,004,661	37,444,385	37,771,431	12.8	0.9
Population  Percent of population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	12.0	0.9
Rate	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.0	-7.7	-9.1
	0.5	3.9	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.1	-9.1
Under 18			l								l	
Number of victims	306	276	246	252	247	240	269	285	316	270	-11.8	-14.6
Percent of total victims.	14.1%	13.8%	11.9%	11.4%	10.3%	10.0%	11.2%	11.4%	12.7%	12.0%		
Population	9,426,168	9,587,332	9,770,687	9,932,913	10,095,903	10,248,237	9,575,520	9,620,511	9,664,747	10,007,501	6.2	3.5
Percent of population	28.1%	28.1%	28.2%	28.2%	28.2%	28.2%	26.3%	26.1%	25.9%	26.5%		
Rate	3.2	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.8	3.0	3.3	2.7	-15.6	-18.2
18-29												
Number of victims	933	840	888	992	1,098	1,100	1,110	1,151	1,147	998	7.0	-13.0
Percent of total victims.	43.0%	41.9%	42.8%	45.1%	45.9%	45.8%	46.4%	46.0%	46.2%	44.2%		
Population	5,474,990	5,511,604	5,523,472	5,555,926	6,123,037	5,740,606	6,160,386	6,260,103	6,369,559	6,321,492	15.5	-0.8
Percent of population	16.3%	16.2%	15.9%	15.8%	17.1%	15.8%	16.9%	17.0%	17.1%	16.7%		
Rate	17.0	15.2	16.1	17.9	17.9	19.2	18.0	18.4	18.0	15.8	-7.1	-12.2
30-39												
Number of victims	428	364	377	426	449	486	446	473	418	432	0.9	3.3
Percent of total victims.	19.7%	18.1%	18.2%	19.4%	18.8%	20.2%	18.6%	18.9%	16.8%	19.1%		0.0
Population	5,654,098	5,629,424	5,597,411	5,535,620	4,994,720	5,384,170	5,534,220	5,516,751	5,516,609	5,335,897	-5.6	-3.3
Percent of population	16.9%	16.5%	16.2%	15.7%	14.0%	14.8%	15.2%	15.0%	14.8%	14.1%	0.0	0.0
Rate	7.6	6.5	6.7	7.7	9.0	9.0	8.1	8.6	7.6	8.1	6.6	6.6
40 and over	7.0	0.0			0.0	0.0	""	0.0	1.0		0.0	0.0
Number of victims	480	505	534	519	579	560	569	579	586	552	15.0	-5.8
Percent of total victims.	22.1%	25.2%	25.7%	23.6%	24.2%	23.3%	23.8%	23.1%	23.6%	24.4%	15.0	-5.0
	12,951,150	13,344,118	13,761,825	14,208,876	14,588,578	14,990,489	15,106,285	15,456,859	15,784,053	16,145,692	24.7	2.3
Population  Percent of population	38.7%	39.2%	39.7%	40.3%	40.7%	41.2%	41.5%	41.9%	42.3%	42.7%	24.7	2.3
Rate	36.7%	39.2%	39.7%	3.7	40.7%	3.7	3.8	3.7	42.3% 3.7	3.4	-8.1	-8.1
	3.7	3.0	3.9	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.0	3.7	3.7	3.4	-0.1	-0.1
Unknown							_			_		
Number of victims	23	21	29	12	19	16	0	15	16	6	-	-
Percent of total victims.	1.1%	1.0%	1.4%	0.5%	0.8%	0.7%	0.0%	0.6%	0.6%	0.3%		
Population	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percent of population	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rate	-		-	-		-	-		-	_		-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are calculated using the population for each subgroup shown; therefore, they will not add to the rate calculated for the total population.

Population breakdowns by age will not add to total because of variations in population source data.

Dash indicates that the percent of population and rate for the "unknown" category cannot be calculated because there are no unknown age population data.

The "percent of population" category for age group was calculated using the sum of the age populations.

Table 5
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007
By Gender of Victim

Year(s)	То	tal	Ма	le <sup>1</sup>	Fem	nale
rear(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2007	2,258	100.0	1,865	82.6	393	17.4
2006	2,483	100.0	2,070	83.4	413	16.6
2005	2,503	100.0	2,101	83.9	402	16.1
2004	2,394	100.0	1,992	83.2	402	16.8
2003	2,402	100.0	1,972	82.1	430	17.9
2002	2,392	100.0	1,938	81.0	454	19.0
2001	2,201	100.0	1,756	79.8	445	20.2
2000	2,074	100.0	1,666	80.3	408	19.7
1999	2,006	100.0	1,568	78.2	438	21.8
1998	2,170	100.0	1,727	79.6	443	20.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The "male" category includes homicide victims whose gender could not be determined: 2000 includes two, 2001 includes one, and 2002 includes one.

Table 6 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007**By Race/Ethnic Group of Victim

	Total					Knowr	race/ethn	ic group of	victim			
Year(s)	including	Unknown	To	otal	Wł	nite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Other	
	unknown		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2007	2,258	10	2,248	100.0	372	16.5	1,055	46.9	665	29.6	156	6.9
2006	2,483	8	2,475	100.0	432	17.5	1,129	45.6	736	29.7	178	7.2
2005	2,503	5	2,498	100.0	419	16.8	1,139	45.6	758	30.3	182	7.3
2004	2,394	5	2,389	100.0	422	17.7	1,034	43.3	766	32.1	167	7.0
2003	2,402	7	2,395	100.0	444	18.5	1,053	44.0	713	29.8	185	7.7
2002	2,392	9	2,383	100.0	417	17.5	1,066	44.7	734	30.8	166	7.0
2001	2,201	7	2,194	100.0	442	20.1	985	44.9	622	28.4	145	6.6
2000	2,074	10	2,064	100.0	421	20.4	933	45.2	589	28.5	121	5.9
1999	2,006	6	2,000	100.0	446	22.3	909	45.5	488	24.4	157	7.9
1998	2,170	13	2,157	100.0	523	24.2	964	44.7	523	24.2	147	6.8

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 7 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007**By Age of Victim

	Total						Known age	e of victim				
Year(s)	including	Unknown	То	Total		er 18	18-29		30	-39	40 and over	
	unknown		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2007	2,258	6	2,252	100.0	270	12.0	998	44.3	432	19.2	552	24.5
2006	2,483	16	2,467	100.0	316	12.8	1,147	46.5	418	16.9	586	23.8
2005	2,503	15	2,488	100.0	285	11.5	1,151	46.3	473	19.0	579	23.3
2004	2,394	0	2,394	100.0	269	11.2	1,110	46.4	446	18.6	569	23.8
2003	2,402	16	2,386	100.0	240	10.1	1,100	46.1	486	20.4	560	23.5
2002	2,392	19	2,373	100.0	247	10.4	1,098	46.3	449	18.9	579	24.4
2001	2,201	12	2,189	100.0	252	11.5	992	45.3	426	19.5	519	23.7
2000	2,074	29	2,045	100.0	246	12.0	888	43.4	377	18.4	534	26.1
1999	2,006	21	1,985	100.0	276	13.9	840	42.3	364	18.3	505	25.4
1998	2,170	23	2,147	100.0	306	14.3	933	43.5	428	19.9	480	22.4

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 8 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender of Victim

Gender	Gender Total		White		Hispanic		Bla	ack	Ot	her	Unknown	
of victim	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	2,258	100.0	372	100.0	1,055	100.0	665	100.0	156	100.0	10	100.0
Male	1,865	82.6	266	71.5	912	86.4	569	85.6	110	70.5	8	-
Female	393	17.4	106	28.5	143	13.6	96	14.4	46	29.5	2	-

Note: Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 9 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Age of Victim

Age	To	tal	WI	nite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ick	Ot	her	Unkı	nown
of victim	Number	Percent										
Total including unknown	2,258		372		1,055		665		156		10	
Unknown	6		0		1		1		0		4	
Total known	2,252	100.0	372	100.0	1,054	100.0	664	100.0	156	100.0	6	100.0
Under 18	270	12.0	24	6.5	138	13.1	83	12.5	24	15.4	1	-
18-29	998	44.3	96	25.8	546	51.8	295	44.4	58	37.2	3	-
30-39	432	19.2	82	22.0	184	17.5	144	21.7	22	14.1	0	-
40 and over	552	24.5	170	45.7	186	17.6	142	21.4	52	33.3	2	-

Note: Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50

Table 10 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Gender and Age of Victim

Gender and	То			nite		anic	Bla	nck		her	Unknown	
age	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number		Number	Percent
of victim	INGILIDO	1 CICCIII	INGILIDEI	1 CICCIII	INGILIDO	1 CICCIII	Number	1 CICCIII	Number	1 CICCIII	INGITIDO	
Total	2,258	100.0	372	100.0	1,055	100.0	665	100.0	156	100.0	10	100.0
Under 18	270	12.0	24	6.5	138	13.1	83	12.5	24	15.4	1	-
18-19	217	9.6	11	3.0	121	11.5	75	11.3	10	6.4	0	-
20-24	461	20.4	47	12.6	250	23.7	130	19.5	32	20.5	2	-
25-29	320	14.2	38	10.2	175	16.6	90	13.5	16	10.3	1	-
30-34	259	11.5	43	11.6	117	11.1	87	13.1	12	7.7	0	-
35-39	173	7.7	39	10.5	67	6.4	57	8.6	10	6.4	0	-
40-44	161	7.1	34	9.1	61	5.8	48	7.2	17	10.9	1	-
45-49	136	6.0	40	10.8	45	4.3	40	6.0	10	6.4	1	-
50-54	92	4.1	27	7.3	36	3.4	25	3.8	4	2.6	0	-
55 and over	163	7.2	69	18.5	44	4.2	29	4.4	21	13.5	0	-
Unknown	6	0.3	0	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.2	0	0.0	4	-
Male	1,865	100.0	266	100.0	912	100.0	569	100.0	110	100.0	8	100.0
Under 18	211	11.3	15	5.6	117	12.8	64	11.2	14	12.7	1	-
18-19	199	10.7	10	3.8	113	12.4	68	12.0	8	7.3	0	-
20-24	423	22.7	40	15.0	232	25.4	120	21.1	29	26.4	2	-
25-29	272	14.6	28	10.5	153	16.8	80	14.1	10	9.1	1	-
30-34	215	11.5	33	12.4	96	10.5	78	13.7	8	7.3	0	-
35-39	132	7.1	27	10.2	53	5.8	45	7.9	7	6.4	0	-
40-44	119	6.4	20	7.5	50	5.5	39	6.9	10	9.1	0	-
45-49	109	5.8	30	11.3	38	4.2	33	5.8	7	6.4	1	-
50-54	68	3.6	19	7.1	29	3.2	19	3.3	1	0.9	0	-
55 and over	113	6.1	44	16.5	30	3.3	23	4.0	16	14.5	0	-
Unknown	4	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	-
Female	393	100.0	106	100.0	143	100.0	96	100.0	46	100.0	2	100.0
Under 18	59	15.0	9	8.5	21	14.7	19	19.8	10	-	0	-
18-19	18	4.6	1	0.9	8	5.6	7	7.3	2	-	0	-
20-24	38	9.7	7	6.6	18	12.6	10	10.4	3	-	0	-
25-29	48	12.2	10	9.4	22	15.4	10	10.4	6	-	0	-
30-34	44	11.2	10	9.4	21	14.7	9	9.4	4	-	0	-
35-39	41	10.4	12	11.3	14	9.8	12	12.5	3	-	0	-
40-44	42	10.7	14	13.2	11	7.7	9	9.4	7	-	1	-
45-49	27	6.9	10	9.4	7	4.9	7	7.3	3	-	0	-
50-54	24	6.1	8	7.5	7	4.9	6	6.3	3	-	0	-
55 and over	50	12.7	25	23.6	14	9.8	6	6.3	5	-	0	-
Unknown	2	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	1.0	0	-	1	

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 11 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007 By Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship	19	98	19	1999		2000		2001		02
of victim to offender	Number	Percent								
Total including unknown Unknown	2,170 625		2,006 761		2,074 796		2,201 900		2,392 969	
Total known	1,545	100.0	1,245	100.0	1,278	100.0	1,301	100.0	1,423	100.0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	766	49.6	632	50.8	601	47.0	596	45.8	663	46.6
Spouse, parent, child	192	12.4	202	16.2	207	16.2	183	14.1	204	14.3
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	83	5.4	85	6.8	115	9.0	87	6.7	97	6.8
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	109	7.1	117	9.4	92	7.2	96	7.4	107	7.5
All other relatives	41	2.7	49	3.9	40	3.1	49	3.8	42	3.0
Stranger	546	35.3	362	29.1	430	33.6	473	36.4	514	36.1

Relationship	20	03	2004		2005		2006		2007		Percent change	
of victim to offender (cont.)	Number	Percent	1998- 2007	2006- 2007								
Total including unknown Unknown	2,402 1,109		2,394 1,018		2,503 1,082		2,483 1,109		2,258 1,131			
Total known	1,293	100.0	1,376	100.0	1,421	100.0	1,374	100.0	1,127	100.0	-27.1	-18.0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	601	46.5	667	48.5	548	38.6	593	43.2	475	42.1	-38.0	-19.9
Spouse, parent, child	198	15.3	174	12.6	174	12.2	180	13.1	155	13.8	-19.3	-13.9
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	93	7.2	84	6.1	77	5.4	86	6.3	76	6.7	-8.4	-11.6
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	105	8.1	90	6.5	97	6.8	94	6.8	79	7.0	-27.5	-16.0
All other relatives	52	4.0	46	3.3	61	4.3	43	3.1	40	3.5	-	-
Stranger	442	34.2	489	35.5	638	44.9	558	40.6	457	40.6	-16.3	-18.1

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 12 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship		Ge	nder		Rac	e/ethnic g	roup	
of victim to offender	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
			Number					
Total including unknown	2,258	1,865	393	372	1,055	665	156	10
Unknown	1,131	1,020	111	109	539	400	76	7
Total known	1,127	845	282	263	516	265	80	3
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	475	358	117	121	206	121	25	2
Spouse, parent, child	155	52	103	53	57	25	20	0
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	76	11	65	28	26	10	12	0
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	79	41	38	25	31	15	8	0
All other relatives	40	30	10	11	12	11	6	0
Stranger	457	405	52	78	241	108	29	1
		Percent b	pased on to	tal known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	42.1	42.4	41.5	46.0	39.9	45.7	31.3	-
Spouse, parent, child	13.8	6.2	36.5	20.2	11.0	9.4	25.0	-
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	6.7	1.3	23.0	10.6	5.0	3.8	15.0	-
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	7.0	4.9	13.5	9.5	6.0	5.7	10.0	-
All other relatives	3.5	3.6	3.5	4.2	2.3	4.2	7.5	-
Stranger	40.6	47.9	18.4	29.7	46.7	40.8	36.3	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 13 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Age of Victim by Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship		Under			40	
of victim to offender	Total		10.00	20.20		Linkanaka
or victim to offender	Total	18	18-29	30-39	and over	Unknown
		Numbe	er			
Total including unknown	2,258	270	998	432	552	6
Unknown	1,131	113	567	215	230	6
Total known	1,127	157	431	217	322	0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	475	44	179	108	144	0
Spouse, parent, child	155	51	13	24	67	0
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	76	0	8	22	46	0
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	79	51	5	2	21	0
All other relatives	40	10	14	7	9	0
Stranger	457	52	225	78	102	0
	Perce	ent based on	total known			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-
Friend, acquaintance <sup>1</sup>	42.1	28.0	41.5	49.8	44.7	-
Spouse, parent, child	13.8	32.5	3.0	11.1	20.8	-
Spouse <sup>2</sup>	6.7	0.0	1.9	10.1	14.3	-
Parent, child <sup>3</sup>	7.0	32.5	1.2	0.9	6.5	-
All other relatives	3.5	6.4	3.2	3.2	2.8	-
Stranger	40.6	33.1	52.2	35.9	31.7	

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 14 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007**By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

						<u> </u>				
County	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
		!		Nu	mber					•
Statewide total	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483	2,258
Alameda	107	85	110	108	144	139	117	126	172	152
Alpine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Amador	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	0
Butte	6	4	8	11	5	9	6	10	11	9
Calaveras	2	0	4	2	2	2	3	2	1	0
Colusa	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Contra Costa	54	57	56	49	48	74	76	80	93	98
Del Norte	0	1	1	1	2	0	1	1	0	2
El Dorado	7	3	3	5	4	2	2	5	4	4
Fresno	57	43	38	61	62	59	69	77	74	73
Glenn	3	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	2
Humboldt	5	12	4	7	12	8	5	3	5	3
Imperial	8	2	4	5	3	12	4	0	3	4
Inyo	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0
Kern	55	52	37	39	51	46	51	69	65	50
Kings	5	1	3	1	4	5	6	4	4	7
Lake	6	4	5	1	4	1	1	1	7	5
Lassen	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0
Los Angeles	959	891	1,000	1,070	1,162	1,053	1,038	1,068	1,012	863
Madera	12	6	10	15	6	7	7	10	2	5
Marin	1	2	5	3	4	0	3	3	3	1
Mariposa	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Mendocino	6	7	5	4	4	9	6	4	6	6
Merced	17	14	6	5	18	16	16	22	22	17
Modoc	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Mono	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Monterey	27	29	25	26	28	27	33	14	15	29
Napa	1	2	3	1	2	2	3	1	2	6
Nevada	3	6	1	6	3	2	1	2	2	2
Orange	85	92	56	63	77	64	81	77	79	77
										(continued)

(continued)

Table 14 - continued **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007**By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

Country	1000	4000	2000	2004	2002	2002	2004	2005	2006	2007
County	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
				Nu	mber			_		
Placer	7	1	5	3	0	10	3	5	6	4
Plumas	1	1	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	1
Riverside	104	89	79	93	111	94	93	109	109	105
Sacramento	73	82	75	78	83	83	92	110	99	91
San Benito	2	1	3	6	1	2	0	1	2	5
San Bernardino	147	110	145	125	141	163	165	174	161	159
San Diego	87	106	97	92	87	129	127	98	126	107
San Francisco	58	64	59	62	68	69	88	96	86	100
San Joaquin	42	39	39	50	59	58	55	56	57	45
San Luis Obispo	7	4	3	7	3	7	2	4	6	5
San Mateo	23	18	10	18	21	20	26	30	22	13
Santa Barbara	11	5	10	12	8	4	7	9	13	10
Santa Clara	44	37	34	34	37	48	37	43	37	46
Santa Cruz	9	4	9	13	6	13	5	5	16	6
Shasta	7	11	3	5	5	5	4	4	8	11
Sierra	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Siskiyou	3	0	1	1	4	2	1	4	0	2
Solano	14	16	21	10	16	20	19	29	14	31
Sonoma	11	8	11	12	16	12	17	5	11	8
Stanislaus	25	25	16	34	15	27	42	30	29	27
Sutter	1	5	2	5	7	3	3	3	4	2
Tehama	5	1	5	3	2	1	3	3	5	1
Trinity	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
Tulare	22	24	17	26	29	30	25	54	49	38
Tuolumne	0	2	2	1	2	4	2	3	0	1
Ventura	24	19	24	19	21	42	33	32	29	17
Yolo	8	6	6	4	5	5	5	4	4	4
Yuba	6	2	3	3	0	5	5	8	3	0
	-	•		•	=	-		:	<del>-</del>	(continued)

Table 14 - continued **HOMICIDE CRIMES**, **1998-2007**By County

Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

County	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
			R	ate per 100,	000 populat	ion	!		!	
Statewide total	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.0
Alameda	7.5	5.9	7.5	7.3	9.7	9.3	7.8	8.4	11.2	9.9
Alpine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amador Butte Calaveras	3.0	2.0	3.9	5.3	2.4	4.2 -	2.8	4.6 -	5.0 -	4.1
Colusa Contra Costa Del Norte	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.0 -	4.9 -	7.4	7.5	7.8	8.9	9.4
El Dorado	4.7	2.0	1.9	3.1	2.4	1.2	1.2	2.8	2.2	2.2
Fresno	7.3	5.4	4.7	7.4	7.4	6.9	7.9	8.6	8.0	7.9
Glenn	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Humboldt	4.0	9.5	3.1	5.5	9.4	6.2	3.8	2.3	3.8	2.3
Imperial	5.6	1.4	2.7	3.3	2.0	7.8	2.5	0.0	1.7	2.3
Inyo Kern	8.6	- 8.0	5.5	5.7	7.3	6.4	- 6.9	9.0	- 8.0	6.2
Kings	4.0	0.8	2.2	0.8	3.0	3.6	4.2	2.6	2.6	4.6
Lake	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Lassen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Los Angeles	9.9	9.1	10.3	11.0	11.7	10.5	10.2	10.4	9.8	8.4
Madera	10.5	5.1	7.8	11.5	4.6	5.2	5.0	7.0	1.3	3.3
Marin	0.4	0.8	2.0	1.2	1.6	0.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.4
Mariposa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mendocino	-	-	-	-	- 0.4	-		-	-	
Merced	8.3	6.8	2.8	2.3	8.1	6.9	6.7	9.0	8.7	6.7
Modoc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mono	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monterey	7.0	7.4	6.1	6.4	6.8	6.4	7.8	3.3	3.5	6.8
Napa	0.8	1.6	2.4	0.8	1.6	1.5	2.3	0.7	1.5	4.4
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	-
Orange	3.1	3.3	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.1	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.5 (continued

Table 14 - continued **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007** 

### By County Number and Rate per 100,000 Population

County	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
			D	l ate per 100	000 nonulat	ion				
Placer	3.1	0.4	2.0	1.1	0.0	3.5	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.2
Plumas					-					
Riverside	7.1	5.9	5.0	5.7	6.6	5.3	5.0	5.6	5.3	5.1
Sacramento	6.3	6.8	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.8	8.0	7.0	6.4
San Benito	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
San Bernardino	8.9	6.6	8.3	7.1	7.8	8.7	8.5	8.8	7.9	7.8
San Diego	3.1	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.0	4.3	4.2	3.1	4.0	3.4
San Francisco	7.3	8.0	7.5	7.9	8.6	8.8	11.1	12.1	10.5	12.2
San Joaquin	7.6	6.9	6.8	8.5	9.7	9.3	8.5	8.4	8.4	6.6
San Luis Obispo	2.9	1.7	1.2	2.8	1.2	2.7	0.8	1.5	2.2	1.9
San Mateo	3.2	2.5	1.4	2.5	2.9	2.8	3.6	4.2	3.0	1.8
Santa Barbara	2.7	1.2	2.5	3.0	2.0	1.0	1.7	2.1	3.1	2.3
Santa Clara	2.6	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.8	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.5
Santa Cruz	3.6	1.6	3.5	5.0	2.2	5.0	1.9	1.9	6.0	2.3
Shasta	4.2	6.7	1.8	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.3	2.2	4.4	6.1
Silasta	4.2	0.7	1.0	3.0	2.9	2.0	2.3	2.2	4.4	0.1
Sierra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Siskiyou	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solano	3.6	4.1	5.2	2.5	3.9	4.8	4.5	6.8	3.3	7.3
Sonoma	2.5	1.8	2.4	2.6	3.4	2.5	3.6	1.0	2.3	1.7
Stanislaus	5.8	5.7	3.5	7.3	3.1	5.5	8.4	5.9	5.5	5.2
Sutter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tehama	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Trinity	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tulare	6.1	6.6	4.5	6.9	7.6	7.6	6.2	12.9	11.4	8.8
Tuolumne	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ventura	3.3	2.5	3.1	2.5	2.7	5.3	4.1	3.9	3.5	2.1
Yolo	5.1	3.8	3.5	2.3	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.0	2.0	2.0
Yuba	J.1	] 5.5	5.5	2.5	2.0		2.7	2.0	2.0	2.0
ı uba	_		_		_	_	_	_		

Notes: Dash indicates that a rate is not computed when a county's population is less than 100,000 in a given year.

Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are calculated using the population for each county shown; therefore, they will not add to the rate calculated for the state.

Table 15 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007**By Season and Month of Incident

		1	<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>		1	1		1	1	<u> </u>
Season and month of incident	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
	•		•	Numb	er		•			
Total including unknown	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483	2,258
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,170	2,006	2,074	2,201	2,392	2,402	2,394	2,503	2,483	2,258
Spring	517	451	464	528	582	566	616	580	609	528
March	197	142	126	159	189	191	204	195	180	171
April	156	147	162	176	188	154	199	191	220	172
May	164	162	176	193	205	221	213	194	209	185
Summer	568	562	597	581	623	652	648	689	683	656
June	177	157	205	165	183	197	190	199	220	206
July	171	199	185	208	230	233	228	253	240	228
August	220	206	207	208	210	222	230	237	223	222
Fall	522	516	497	613	638	601	580	629	612	528
September	159	171	173	221	253	209	211	183	204	172
October	178	174	174	213	181	213	187	233	209	189
November	185	171	150	179	204	179	182	213	199	167
Winter	563	477	516	479	549	583	550	605	579	546
December	207	166	210	168	175	210	193	210	200	186
January	199	183	175	171	214	189	197	217	204	210
February	157	128	131	140	160	184	160	178	175	150
-	•	•	Perc	ent based or	n total known		•	•	•	•
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Spring	23.8	22.5	22.4	24.0	24.3	23.6	25.7	23.2	24.5	23.4
March	9.1	7.1	6.1	7.2	7.9	8.0	8.5	7.8	7.2	7.6
April	7.2	7.3	7.8	8.0	7.9	6.4	8.3	7.6	8.9	7.6
May	7.6	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.6	9.2	8.9	7.8	8.4	8.2
Summer	26.2	28.0	28.8	26.4	26.0	27.1	27.1	27.5	27.5	29.1
June	8.2	7.8	9.9	7.5	7.7	8.2	7.9	8.0	8.9	9.1
July	7.9	9.9	8.9	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.5	10.1	9.7	10.1
August	10.1	10.3	10.0	9.5	8.8	9.2	9.6	9.5	9.0	9.8
Fall	24.1	25.7	24.0	27.9	26.7	25.0	24.2	25.1	24.6	23.4
September	7.3	8.5	8.3	10.0	10.6	8.7	8.8	7.3	8.2	7.6
October	8.2	8.7	8.4	9.7	7.6	8.9	7.8	9.3	8.4	8.4
November	8.5	8.5	7.2	8.1	8.5	7.5	7.6	8.5	8.0	7.4
Winter	25.9	23.8	24.9	21.8	23.0	24.3	23.0	24.2	23.3	24.2
December	9.5	8.3	10.1	7.6	7.3	8.7	8.1	8.4	8.1	8.2
January	9.2	9.1	8.4	7.8	8.9	7.9	8.2	8.7	8.2	9.3
February	7.2	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.7	7.7	6.7	7.1	7.0	6.6

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 16 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Day of Incident

Day		Ge	nder		Rac	e/ethnic g	roup	
of incident	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
			Numbe	r				
Total including unknown	2,258	1,865	393	372	1,055	665	156	10
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,258	1,865	393	372	1,055	665	156	10
Weekday	1,395	1,128	267	256	607	428	100	4
Monday	305	251	54	59	134	83	29	0
Tuesday	255	195	60	63	100	75	15	2
Wednesday	263	213	50	44	120	82	16	1
Thursday	266	219	47	40	122	80	24	0
Friday	306	250	56	50	131	108	16	1
Weekend	863	737	126	116	448	237	56	6
Saturday	421	360	61	64	220	104	30	3
Sunday	442	377	65	52	228	133	26	3
		Percen	it based on	total know	'n			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Weekday	61.8	60.5	67.9	68.8	57.5	64.4	64.1	-
Monday	13.5	13.5	13.7	15.9	12.7	12.5	18.6	-
Tuesday	11.3	10.5	15.3	16.9	9.5	11.3	9.6	-
Wednesday	11.6	11.4	12.7	11.8	11.4	12.3	10.3	-
Thursday	11.8	11.7	12.0	10.8	11.6	12.0	15.4	-
Friday	13.6	13.4	14.2	13.4	12.4	16.2	10.3	-
Weekend	38.2	39.5	32.1	31.2	42.5	35.6	35.9	-
Saturday	18.6	19.3	15.5	17.2	20.9	15.6	19.2	-
Sunday	19.6	20.2	16.5	14.0	21.6	20.0	16.7	-
		Average of	daily numbe	er of incide	nts <sup>1</sup>			
Weekday	5.3	4.3	1.0	1.0	2.3	1.6	0.4	0.0
Weekend	8.3	7.1	1.2	1.1	4.3	2.3	0.5	0.1

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Average daily number of incidents may not add to totals because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There were 365 days in 2007; 261 weekdays and 104 weekend days. The average daily number of incidents for weekdays was calculated by dividing weekday totals by 261. The average daily number of incidents for weekends was calculated by dividing weekend totals by 104.

Table 17 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Age of Victim by Day of Incident

Day	Total	Under 18	18-29	30-39	40	Unknown
of incident		Numb	or		and over	
<del></del>	0.050			400		
Total including unknown	2,258	270	998	432	552	6
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total known	2,258	270	998	432	552	6
Weekday	1,395	184	554	280	374	3
Monday	305	38	129	56	82	0
Tuesday	255	29	103	44	78	1
Wednesday	263	45	97	55	65	1
Thursday	266	23	108	60	75	0
Friday	306	49	117	65	74	1
Weekend	863	86	444	152	178	3
Saturday	421	41	206	77	95	2
Sunday	442	45	238	75	83	1
	Perc	ent based or	n total known	1		
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Weekday	61.8	68.1	55.5	64.8	67.8	-
Monday	13.5	14.1	12.9	13.0	14.9	-
Tuesday	11.3	10.7	10.3	10.2	14.1	-
Wednesday	11.6	16.7	9.7	12.7	11.8	-
Thursday	11.8	8.5	10.8	13.9	13.6	-
Friday	13.6	18.1	11.7	15.0	13.4	-
Weekend	38.2	31.9	44.5	35.2	32.2	-
Saturday	18.6	15.2	20.6	17.8	17.2	-
Sunday	19.6	16.7	23.8	17.4	15.0	-
	Averag	e daily numb	er of inciden	ts <sup>1</sup>		-
Weekday	5.3	0.7	2.1	1.1	1.4	0.0
Weekend	8.3	0.8	4.3	1.5	1.7	0.0

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50. Average daily number of incidents may not add to totals because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There were 365 days in 2007; 261 weekdays and 104 weekend days. The average daily number of incidents for weekdays was calculated by dividing weekday totals by 261. The average daily number of incidents for weekends was calculated by dividing weekend totals by 104.

Table 18
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007
By Location of Homicide

Location	19	98	19	99	2000		2001		2002	
of homicide	Number	Percent								
Total including unknown	2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201		2,392	
Unknown	2		4		4		0		2	
Total known	2,168	100.0	2,002	100.0	2,070	100.0	2,201	100.0	2,390	100.0
Victim's, shared residence	629	29.0	686	34.3	612	29.6	573	26.0	655	27.4
Victim's residence	404	18.6	520	26.0	439	21.2	417	18.9	465	19.5
Shared residence	225	10.4	166	8.3	173	8.4	156	7.1	190	7.9
Street, sidewalk	823	38.0	710	35.5	779	37.6	845	38.4	970	40.6
All other	716	33.0	606	30.3	679	32.8	783	35.6	765	32.0
Hotel, motel	26	1.2	28	1.4	23	1.1	28	1.3	26	1.1
Other residence	132	6.1	119	5.9	162	7.8	173	7.9	147	6.2
Liquor store	4	0.2	5	0.2	4	0.2	7	0.3	4	0.2
Bar	32	1.5	35	1.7	37	1.8	44	2.0	40	1.7
Other business	84	3.9	54	2.7	76	3.7	61	2.8	61	2.6
Parking lot	68	3.1	59	2.9	72	3.5	75	3.4	87	3.6
Vehicle	182	8.4	139	6.9	156	7.5	196	8.9	228	9.5
Field, park	157	7.2	129	6.4	120	5.8	167	7.6	134	5.6
School	9	0.4	5	0.2	2	0.1	3	0.1	1	0.0
Other	22	1.0	33	1.6	27	1.3	29	1.3	37	1.5

Location	20	03	20	04	20	05	20	06	20	07	Percent	change
of homicide (cont.)	Number	Percent	1998- 2007	2006- 2007								
Total including unknown	2,402		2,394		2,503		2,483		2,258			
Unknown	0		13		25		19		58			
Total known	2,402	100.0	2,381	100.0	2,478	100.0	2,464	100.0	2,200	100.0	1.5	-10.7
Victim's, shared residence	623	25.9	630	26.5	567	22.9	548	22.2	485	22.0	-22.9	-11.5
Victim's residence	425	17.7	479	20.1	414	16.7	397	16.1	424	19.3	5.0	6.8
Shared residence	198	8.2	151	6.3	153	6.2	151	6.1	61	2.8	-72.9	-59.6
Street, sidewalk	909	37.8	1,046	43.9	1,116	45.0	1,097	44.5	980	44.5	19.1	-10.7
All other	870	36.2	705	29.6	795	32.1	819	33.2	735	33.4	2.7	-10.3
Hotel, motel	26	1.1	20	0.8	23	0.9	22	0.9	15	0.7	-	-
Other residence	173	7.2	146	6.1	138	5.6	167	6.8	165	7.5	25.0	-1.2
Liquor store	6	0.2	9	0.4	6	0.2	5	0.2	8	0.4	-	-
Bar	38	1.6	35	1.5	34	1.4	41	1.7	36	1.6	-	-
Other business	75	3.1	47	2.0	70	2.8	61	2.5	48	2.2	-42.9	-21.3
Parking lot	98	4.1	74	3.1	97	3.9	104	4.2	108	4.9	58.8	3.8
Vehicle	274	11.4	240	10.1	282	11.4	296	12.0	176	8.0	-3.3	-40.5
Field, park	147	6.1	102	4.3	94	3.8	92	3.7	125	5.7	-20.4	35.9
School	3	0.1	4	0.2	4	0.2	3	0.1	2	0.1	-	-
Other	30	1.2	28	1.2	47	1.9	28	1.1	52	2.4	-	

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 19 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Location of Homicide

Location		Ge	nder		Rac	e/ethnic g	roup	
of homicide	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
	<u>I</u>	1	Number					
Total including unknown	2,258	1,865	393	372	1,055	665	156	10
Unknown	58	44	14	8	28	18	3	1
Total known	2,200	1,821	379	364	1,027	647	153	9
Victim's, shared residence	485	285	200	145	195	105	40	0
Victim's residence	424	263	161	117	174	95	38	0
Shared residence	61	22	39	28	21	10	2	0
Street, sidewalk	980	908	72	96	482	347	52	3
All other	735	628	107	123	350	195	61	6
Hotel, motel	15	9	6	3	3	9	0	0
Other residence	165	151	14	31	89	30	13	2
Liquor store	8	8	0	1	6	1	0	0
Bar	36	35	1	7	17	6	6	0
Other business	48	40	8	11	15	16	6	0
Parking lot	108	97	11	17	48	34	9	0
Vehicle	176	142	34	13	89	61	12	1
Field, park	125	104	21	27	64	20	13	1
School	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Other	52	40	12	13	19	16	2	2
		Percent b	ased on to	tal known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Victim's, shared residence	22.0	15.7	52.8	39.8	19.0	16.2	26.1	-
Victim's residence	19.3	14.4	42.5	32.1	16.9	14.7	24.8	-
Shared residence	2.8	1.2	10.3	7.7	2.0	1.5	1.3	-
Street, sidewalk	44.5	49.9	19.0	26.4	46.9	53.6	34.0	-
All other	33.4	34.5	28.2	33.8	34.1	30.1	39.9	-
Hotel, motel	0.7	0.5	1.6	0.8	0.3	1.4	0.0	-
Other residence	7.5	8.3	3.7	8.5	8.7	4.6	8.5	-
Liquor store	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.0	-
Bar	1.6	1.9	0.3	1.9	1.7	0.9	3.9	-
Other business	2.2	2.2	2.1	3.0	1.5	2.5	3.9	-
Parking lot	4.9	5.3	2.9	4.7	4.7	5.3	5.9	-
Vehicle	8.0	7.8	9.0	3.6	8.7	9.4	7.8	-
Field, park	5.7	5.7	5.5	7.4	6.2	3.1	8.5	-
School	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	-
Other	2.4	2.2	3.2	3.6	1.9	2.5	1.3	=

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 20
HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007
Age of Victim by Location of Homicide

Location		Under	40.00	00.00	40	
of homicide	Total	18	18-29	30-39	and over	Unknown
	ı	Number		•		
Total including unknown	2,258	270	998	432	552	6
Unknown	58	9	26	9	14	0
Total known	2,200	261	972	423	538	6
Victim's, shared residence	485	73	117	100	195	0
Victim's residence	424	62	107	90	165	0
Shared residence	61	11	10	10	30	0
Street, sidewalk	980	122	501	185	171	1
All other	735	66	354	138	172	5
Hotel, motel	15	0	4	2	9	0
Other residence	165	16	82	29	37	1
Liquor store	8	0	4	3	1	0
Bar	36	2	23	4	7	0
Other business	48	3	17	9	19	0
Parking lot	108	6	56	23	23	0
Vehicle	176	16	93	33	32	2
Field, park	125	18	55	23	29	0
School	2	0	2	0	0	0
Other	52	5	18	12	15	2
		based on to	ı	1	1	
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Victim's, shared residence	22.0	28.0	12.0	23.6	36.2	-
Victim's residence	19.3	23.8	11.0	21.3	30.7	=
Shared residence	2.8	4.2	1.0	2.4	5.6	-
Street, sidewalk	44.5	46.7	51.5	43.7	31.8	-
All other	33.4	25.3	36.4	32.6	32.0	-
Hotel, motel	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.5	1.7	-
Other residence	7.5	6.1	8.4	6.9	6.9	-
Liquor store	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.2	-
Bar	1.6	0.8	2.4	0.9	1.3	-
Other business	2.2	1.1	1.7	2.1	3.5	-
Parking lot	4.9	2.3	5.8	5.4	4.3	-
Vehicle	8.0	6.1	9.6	7.8	5.9	-
Field, park	5.7	6.9	5.7	5.4	5.4	-
School	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	-
Other	2.4	1.9	1.9	2.8	2.8	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 21 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007**By Type of Weapon Used

Type	19	1998		99	2000		2001		2002	
of weapon used	Number	Percent								
Total including unknown	2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201		2,392	
Unknown	36		29		28		28		28	
Total known	2,134	100.0	1,977	100.0	2,046	100.0	2,173	100.0	2,364	100.0
Firearm	1,469	68.8	1,334	67.5	1,440	70.4	1,568	72.2	1,735	73.4
Handgun	1,315	61.6	1,152	58.3	1,242	60.7	1,341	61.7	1,555	65.8
All other firearms	154	7.2	182	9.2	198	9.7	227	10.4	180	7.6
Rifle	89	4.2	62	3.1	66	3.2	67	3.1	80	3.4
Shotgun	57	2.7	63	3.2	55	2.7	68	3.1	60	2.5
Other firearm	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0	2	0.1	2	0.1
Firearm - unknown type	8	0.4	57	2.9	76	3.7	90	4.1	38	1.6
Nonfirearm	665	31.2	643	32.5	606	29.6	605	27.8	629	26.6
Knife <sup>1</sup>	289	13.5	254	12.8	285	13.9	298	13.7	274	11.6
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	117	5.5	134	6.8	98	4.8	95	4.4	116	4.9
Personal weapon <sup>3</sup>	112	5.2	106	5.4	111	5.4	103	4.7	118	5.0
All other	147	6.9	149	7.5	112	5.5	109	5.0	121	5.1
Rope <sup>4</sup>	63	3.0	60	3.0	40	2.0	37	1.7	41	1.7
Drugs	2	0.1	8	0.4	3	0.1	4	0.2	5	0.2
Other	82	3.8	81	4.1	69	3.4	68	3.1	75	3.2

Type	20	03	20	04	20	05	20	06	20	07	Percent	change
Type of weapon used (cont.)	Number	Percent	1998- 2007	2006- 2007								
Total including unknown	2,402		2,394		2,503		2,483		2,258			
Unknown	23		12		22		25		34			
Total known	2,379	100.0	2,382	100.0	2,481	100.0	2,458	100.0	2,224	100.0	4.2	-9.5
Firearm	1,733	72.8	1,730	72.6	1,845	74.4	1,821	74.1	1,611	72.4	9.7	-11.5
Handgun	1,566	65.8	1,462	61.4	1,547	62.4	1,619	65.9	1,373	61.7	4.4	-15.2
All other firearms	167	7.0	268	11.3	298	12.0	202	8.2	238	10.7	54.5	17.8
Rifle	62	2.6	73	3.1	87	3.5	74	3.0	52	2.3	-41.6	-29.7
Shotgun	53	2.2	69	2.9	75	3.0	70	2.8	73	3.3	28.1	4.3
Other firearm	3	0.1	3	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.1	-	-
Firearm - unknown type	49	2.1	123	5.2	136	5.5	58	2.4	110	4.9	-	89.7
Nonfirearm	646	27.2	652	27.4	636	25.6	637	25.9	613	27.6	-7.8	-3.8
Knife <sup>1</sup>	258	10.8	282	11.8	291	11.7	314	12.8	298	13.4	3.1	-5.1
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	116	4.9	104	4.4	78	3.1	77	3.1	94	4.2	-19.7	22.1
Personal weapon <sup>3</sup>	138	5.8	148	6.2	138	5.6	130	5.3	118	5.3	5.4	-9.2
All other	134	5.6	118	5.0	129	5.2	116	4.7	103	4.6	-29.9	-11.2
Rope <sup>4</sup>	58	2.4	49	2.1	30	1.2	33	1.3	29	1.3	-54.0	-
Drugs	2	0.1	5	0.2	2	0.1	5	0.2	1	0.0	-	-
Other	74	3.1	64	2.7	97	3.9	78	3.2	73	3.3	-11.0	-6.4

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Any instrument used to cut or stab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Club, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hands, feet, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 22 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Type of Weapon Used

Type		Ge	nder		Rac	e/ethnic g	roup	
of weapon used	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
	I		Number	ı				
Total including unknown	2,258	1,865	393	372	1,055	665	156	10
Unknown	34	22	12	9	10	8	5	2
Total known	2,224	1,843	381	363	1,045	657	151	8
Firearm	1,611	1,401	210	203	783	540	82	3
Handgun	1,373	1,188	185	165	685	450	71	2
All other firearms	238	213	25	38	98	90	11	1
Rifle	52	46	6	9	22	19	2	0
Shotgun	73	62	11	17	39	14	3	0
Other firearm	3	3	0	1	1	1	0	0
Firearm - unknown type	110	102	8	11	36	56	6	1
Nonfirearm	613	442	171	160	262	117	69	5
Knife <sup>1</sup>	298	231	67	58	147	55	36	2
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	94	70	24	28	38	19	9	0
Personal weapon 3	118	88	30	39	40	23	16	0
All other	103	53	50	35	37	20	8	3
Rope <sup>4</sup>	29	11	18	10	10	5	3	1
Drugs	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Other	73	41	32	24	27	15	5	2
	_	Percent b	ased on tot	al known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Firearm	72.4	76.0	55.1	55.9	74.9	82.2	54.3	-
Handgun	61.7	64.5	48.6	45.5	65.6	68.5	47.0	-
All other firearms	10.7	11.6	6.6	10.5	9.4	13.7	7.3	-
Rifle	2.3	2.5	1.6	2.5	2.1	2.9	1.3	-
Shotgun	3.3	3.4	2.9	4.7	3.7	2.1	2.0	-
Other firearm	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	-
Firearm - unknown type	4.9	5.5	2.1	3.0	3.4	8.5	4.0	-
Nonfirearm	27.6	24.0	44.9	44.1	25.1	17.8	45.7	-
Knife <sup>1</sup>	13.4	12.5	17.6	16.0	14.1	8.4	23.8	-
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	4.2	3.8	6.3	7.7	3.6	2.9	6.0	-
Personal weapon 3	5.3	4.8	7.9	10.7	3.8	3.5	10.6	-
All other	4.6	2.9	13.1	9.6	3.5	3.0	5.3	-
Rope <sup>4</sup>	1.3	0.6	4.7	2.8	1.0	8.0	2.0	-
Drugs	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	-
Other	3.3	2.2	8.4	6.6	2.6	2.3	3.3	

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Any instrument used to cut or stab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Club, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hands, feet, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 23 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007 Age of Victim by Type of Weapon Used

	I					1
Type of weapon used	Total	Under 18	18-29	30-39	40 and over	Unknown
or weapon asea		Number			and over	
Total including unknown	2.258	270	998	432	552	6
Total including unknown	34	3	990	432	16	2
Unknown	1	I	1	l '	I -	
Total known	2,224	267	989	428	536	4
Firearm	1,611	180	824	315	291	1
Handgun	1,373	152	711	260	249	1
All other firearms	238	28	113	55	42	0
Rifle	52	9	25	8	10	0
Shotgun	73	7	34	18	14	0
Other firearm	3	0	1	1	1	0
Firearm - unknown type	110	12	53	28	17	0
Nonfirearm	613	87	165	113	245	3
Knife <sup>1</sup>	298	25	101	63	109	0
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	94	11	16	18	49	0
Personal weapon 3	118	32	18	18	49	1
All other	103	19	30	14	38	2
Rope <sup>4</sup>	29	2	13	2	12	0
Drugs	1	1	0	О	О	0
Other	73	16	17	12	26	2
	Percen	t based on to	otal known			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Firearm	72.4	67.4	83.3	73.6	54.3	-
Handgun	61.7	56.9	71.9	60.7	46.5	-
All other firearms	10.7	10.5	11.4	12.9	7.8	-
Rifle	2.3	3.4	2.5	1.9	1.9	-
Shotgun	3.3	2.6	3.4	4.2	2.6	-
Other firearm	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	-
Firearm - unknown type	4.9	4.5	5.4	6.5	3.2	-
Nonfirearm	27.6	32.6	16.7	26.4	45.7	_
Knife <sup>1</sup>	13.4	9.4	10.2	14.7	20.3	_
Blunt object <sup>2</sup>	4.2	4.1	1.6	4.2	9.1	_
Personal weapon <sup>3</sup>	5.3	12.0	1.8	4.2	9.1	_
All other	4.6	7.1	3.0	3.3	7.1	_
Rope <sup>4</sup>	1.3	0.7	1.3	0.5	2.2	_
Drugs	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	_
Other	3.3	6.0	1.7	2.8	4.9	_
	J.J	1 0.0	1.7	L 2.0	1 7.3	

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Any instrument used to cut or stab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Club, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hands, feet, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Any instrument used to hang or strangle.

Table 24 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1998-2007** By Contributing Circumstance

	10	98	10	99	20	100	20	Λ1	20	002
Contributing	19	90	19	99	20	100	20	01	20	02
circumstance	Number	Percent								
Total including unknown	2,170		2,006		2,074		2,201		2,392	
Unknown	336		304		314		317		370	
Total known	1,834	100.0	1,702	100.0	1,760	100.0	1,884	100.0	2,022	100.0
Rape, robbery, burglary	206	11.2	157	9.2	206	11.7	149	7.9	179	8.9
Rape	9	0.5	16	0.9	8	0.5	12	0.6	8	0.4
Robbery	183	10.0	127	7.5	186	10.6	133	7.1	163	8.1
Burglary	14	8.0	14	8.0	12	0.7	4	0.2	8	0.4
Argument	857	46.7	710	41.7	726	41.3	793	42.1	779	38.5
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	120	6.5	128	7.5	147	8.4	176	9.3	181	9.0
All other argument	737	40.2	582	34.2	579	32.9	617	32.7	598	29.6
Gang-, drug-related	512	27.9	487	28.6	581	33.0	726	38.5	816	40.4
Gang-related	404	22.0	402	23.6	506	28.8	647	34.3	730	36.1
Drug-related	108	5.9	85	5.0	75	4.3	79	4.2	86	4.3
All other	259	14.1	348	20.4	247	14.0	216	11.5	248	12.3

Contributing	20	03	20	004	20	005	20	06	20	07	Percent	change
circumstance (cont.)	Number	Percent	1998- 2007	2006- 2007								
Total including unknown	2,402 410		2,394 320		2,503 526		2,483 568		2,258 825			
Total known	1,992	100.0	2,074	100.0	1,977	100.0	1,915	100.0	1,433	100.0	-21.9	-25.2
Rape, robbery, burglary Rape	161 7	8.1 0.4	145 6	7.0 0.3	151 7	7.6 0.4	141	7.4 0.3	107 3	7.5 0.2	-48.1 -	-24.1 -
RobberyBurglary	137 17	6.9 0.9	128 11	6.2 0.5	135 9	6.8 0.5	132 3	6.9 0.2	94 10	6.6 0.7	-48.6 -	-28.8
Argument	836	42.0	886	42.7	791	40.0	741	38.7	599	41.8	-30.1	-19.2
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup> All other argument	187 649	9.4 32.6	163 723	7.9 34.9	160 631	8.1 31.9	141 600	7.4 31.3	119 480	8.3 33.5	-0.8 -34.9	-15.6 -20.0
Gang-, drug-related Gang-related	772 669	38.8 33.6	786 698	37.9 33.7	756 653	38.2 33.0	748 645	39.1 33.7	510 469	35.6 32.7	-0.4 16.1	-31.8 -27.3
Drug-related	103	5.2	88	4.2	103	5.2	103	5.4	41	2.9	-62.0	-60.2
All other	223	11.2	257	12.4	279	14.1	285	14.9	217	15.1	-16.2	-23.9

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that a percent change is not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Data reflect 1) homicides submitted to the CJSC from law enforcement agencies as domestic violence-related, and 2) homicides interpreted by the CJSC as domestic violence-related based on available information, including victim/offender relationship.

Table 25 HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007
Gender and Race/Ethnic Group of Victim by Contributing Circumstance

Contributing		Ge	nder		Rad	ce/ethnic g	group	
circumstance	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Unknown
	!		Numbe	r				
Total including unknown	2,258	1,865	393	372	1,055	665	156	10
Unknown	825	695	130	134	356	275	55	5
Total known	1,433	1,170	263	238	699	390	101	5
Rape, robbery, burglary	107	92	15	25	45	22	14	1
Rape	3	0	3	2	0	1	0	0
Robbery, burglary	104	92	12	23	45	21	14	1
Robbery	94	84	10	19	42	18	14	1
Burglary	10	8	2	4	3	3	0	0
Argument	599	445	154	155	239	153	51	1
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	119	18	101	40	43	22	14	0
All other argument	480	427	53	115	196	131	37	1
Gang-, drug-related	510	479	31	25	315	150	19	1
Gang-related	469	439	30	17	297	135	19	1
Drug-related	41	40	1	8	18	15	0	0
All other	217	154	63	33	100	65	17	2
		Percent	based on	total know	n			
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Rape, robbery, burglary	7.5	7.9	5.7	10.5	6.4	5.6	13.9	-
Rape	0.2	0.0	1.1	0.8	0.0	0.3	0.0	-
Robbery, burglary	7.3	7.9	4.6	9.7	6.4	5.4	13.9	-
Robbery	6.6	7.2	3.8	8.0	6.0	4.6	13.9	-
Burglary	0.7	0.7	8.0	1.7	0.4	8.0	0.0	-
Argument	41.8	38.0	58.6	65.1	34.2	39.2	50.5	-
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	8.3	1.5	38.4	16.8	6.2	5.6	13.9	-
All other argument	33.5	36.5	20.2	48.3	28.0	33.6	36.6	-
Gang-, drug-related	35.6	40.9	11.8	10.5	45.1	38.5	18.8	-
Gang-related	32.7	37.5	11.4	7.1	42.5	34.6	18.8	-
Drug-related	2.9	3.4	0.4	3.4	2.6	3.8	0.0	-
All other	15.1	13.2	24.0	13.9	14.3	16.7	16.8	

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data reflect (1) homicides submitted to the CJSC from law enforcement agencies as domestic violence-related, and (2) homicides interpreted by the CJSC as domestic violence-related based on available information, including victim/offender relationship.

Table 26 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007** Age of Victim by Contributing Circumstance

<u> </u>												
Contributing circumstance	Total	Under 5	5-17	18-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70 and over	Unknown		
	-			Numbe	r		-	-	-			
Total including unknown Unknown	2,258 825	60 9	210 61	998 363	432 165	297 123	153 58	60 26	42 16	6 4		
						_				·		
Total known	1,433	51	149	635	267	174	95	34	26	2		
Rape, robbery, burglary	107	0	4	31	26	25	11	6	4	0		
Rape	3	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0		
Robbery	94	0	3	29	22	24	8	5	3	0		
Burglary	10	0	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	0		
Argument	599	0	26	232	142	99	67	20	13	0		
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	119	0	0	27	37	29	16	4	6	0		
All other argument	480	0	26	205	105	70	51	16	7	0		
Gang-, drug-related	510	2	86	300	72	37	8	3	2	0		
Gang-related	469	2	86	288	57	25	7	2	2	0		
Drug-related	41	0	0	12	15	12	1	1	0	0		
Child abuse	53	43	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	0		
All other	164	6	23	72	27	13	9	5	7	2		
			Perce	nt based on	total known							
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Rape, robbery, burglary	7.5	0.0	2.7	4.9	9.7	14.4	11.6	-	-	-		
Rape	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0	1.1	-	-	-		
Robbery	6.6	0.0	2.0	4.6	8.2	13.8	8.4	-	-	-		
Burglary	0.7	0.0	0.7	0.2	1.1	0.6	2.1	-	-	-		
Argument	41.8	0.0	17.4	36.5	53.2	56.9	70.5	-	-	-		
Domestic violence <sup>1</sup>	8.3	0.0	0.0	4.3	13.9	16.7	16.8	-	-	-		
All other argument	33.5	0.0	17.4	32.3	39.3	40.2	53.7	-	-	-		
Gang-, drug-related	35.6	3.9	57.7	47.2	27.0	21.3	8.4	-	-	-		
Gang-related	32.7	3.9	57.7	45.4	21.3	14.4	7.4	-	-	-		
Drug-related	2.9	0.0	0.0	1.9	5.6	6.9	1.1	-	-	-		
Child abuse	3.7	84.3	6.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
All other	11.4	11.8	15.4	11.3	10.1	7.5	9.5	-	-	-		

Notes: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that data are not applicable or that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data reflect 1) homicides submitted to the CJSC from law enforcement agencies as domestic violence-related, and 2) homicides interpreted by the CJSC as domestic violence-related based on available information, including victim/offender relationship.

Table 27 **HOMICIDE CRIMES, 2007**Contributing Circumstance by Relationship of Victim to Offender

Relationship of victim to offender	Total	Rape	Robbery, burglary	Argument <sup>1</sup>	Gang-, drug- related	Child abuse	All other	Unknown
			Numb	er				
Total including unknown	2,258	3	104	599	510	53	164	825
Unknown	1,131	2	51	104	279	1	98	596
Total known	1,127	1	53	495	231	52	66	229
Friend, acquaintance <sup>2</sup>	475	0	5	266	109	6	20	69
Spouse <sup>3</sup>	76	0	0	69	0	0	0	7
Parent, child <sup>4</sup>	79	0	0	16	0	43	8	12
All other relatives	40	0	0	19	1	3	4	13
Stranger	457	1	48	125	121	0	34	128
		Perc	ent based o	n total known				
Total known	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Friend, acquaintance <sup>2</sup>	42.1	-	9.4	53.7	47.2	11.5	30.3	30.1
Spouse <sup>3</sup>	6.7	-	0.0	13.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1
Parent, child <sup>4</sup>	7.0	-	0.0	3.2	0.0	82.7	12.1	5.2
All other relatives	3.5	-	0.0	3.8	0.4	5.8	6.1	5.7
Stranger	40.6	-	90.6	25.3	52.4	0.0	51.5	55.9

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes domestic violence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes ex-husband, ex-wife, employer, employee, gang member, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes "common-law" marriage partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes stepmother, stepfather, stepdaughter, and stepson.

Table 28 **HOMICIDE CRIMES CLEARED, 1998-2007**Number Reported, Number Cleared, and Clearance Rate

Year(s)	Number of homicides reported	Number of homicides cleared	Clearance rate <sup>1</sup>
2007	2,258	1,208	53.5
2006	2,483	1,292	52.0
2005	2,503	1,249	49.9
2004	2,394	1,314	54.9
2003	2,402	1,323	55.1
2002	2,392	1,362	56.9
2001	2,201	1,091	49.6
2000	2,074	1,082	52.2
1999	2,006	1,200	59.8
1998	2,170	1,369	63.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes (homicides) reported that have been cleared. It is calculated by dividing the number of homicides cleared by the number of homicides reported. The result is multiplied by 100. Please see "Appendix III - Criminal Justice Glossary" for a detailed explanation of clearances.

Table 29
FELONY ARRESTS FOR
SELECTED VIOLENT OFFENSES, 1998-2007

Number, Rate per 100,000 Population at Risk, and Percent Change

Year(s)	Total	Homicide	Forcible rape	Robbery	Assault
	Į.	Number			
2007	127,633	2,017	2,164	21,614	101,838
2006	124,624	1,967	2,122	20,376	100,159
2005	123,967	1,956	2,098	18,218	101,695
2004	125,263	1,978	2,237	17,864	103,184
2003	129,522	1,839	2,456	17,501	107,726
2002	130,295	1,864	2,549	16,957	108,925
2001	134,398	1,754	2,730	17,167	112,747
2000	130,259	1,627	2,702	17,122	108,808
1999	134,319	1,770	2,887	18,753	110,909
1998	142,498	2,117	3,032	21,507	115,842
	Percen	t change in	number		
2006 to 2007	2.4	2.5	2.0	6.1	1.7
2005 to 2006	0.5	0.6	1.1	11.8	-1.5
2004 to 2005	-1.0	-1.1	-6.2	2.0	-1.4
2003 to 2004	-3.3	7.6	-8.9	2.1	-4.2
2002 to 2003	-0.6	-1.3	-3.6	3.2	-1.1
2001 to 2002	-3.1	6.3	-6.6	-1.2	-3.4
2000 to 2001	3.2	7.8	1.0	0.3	3.6
1999 to 2000	-3.0	-8.1	-6.4	-8.7	-1.9
1998 to 1999	-5.7	-16.4	-4.8	-12.8	-4.3
1998 to 2007	-10.4	-4.7	-28.6	0.5	-12.1
	Rate per 10				
2007	431.8	6.8	7.3	73.1	344.5
2006	426.3	6.7	7.3	69.7	342.6
2005	430.3	6.8	7.3	63.2	353.0
2004	441.7	7.0	7.9	63.0	363.9
2003	465.6	6.6	8.8	62.9	387.3
2002	477.2	6.8	9.3	62.1	399.0
2001	502.5	6.6	10.2	64.2	421.6
2000	497.1	6.2	10.3	65.3	415.2
1999	522.4	6.9	11.2	72.9	431.4
1998	564.1	8.4	12.0	85.1	458.5
20001 2007		ent change		4.0	
2006 to 2007	1.3	1.5	0.0	4.9	0.6
2005 to 2006	-0.9	-1.5	0.0	10.3	-2.9
2004 to 2005	-2.6	-2.9	-7.6	0.3	-3.0
2003 to 2004	-5.1	6.1	-10.2	0.2	-6.0
2002 to 2003	-2.4	-2.9	-5.4	1.3	-2.9
2001 to 2002	-5.0	3.0	-8.8	-3.3	-5.4
2000 to 2001	1.1	6.5	-1.0	-1.7	1.5
1999 to 2000	-4.8	-10.1	-8.0	-10.4	-3.8
1998 to 1999	-7.4	-17.9	-6.7	-14.3	-5.9
1998 to 2007	-23.5	-19.0	-39.2	-14.1	-24.9

Notes: Rates may not add to total because of rounding.
Rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Rates are based on the total population at risk (10-69 years of age).

Table 30 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1998-2007**By Gender of Arrestee

Voor(o)	То	tal	Ma	ale	Fem	nale
Year(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2007	2,017	100.0	1,802	89.3	215	10.7
2006	1,967	100.0	1,732	88.1	235	11.9
2005	1,956	100.0	1,737	88.8	219	11.2
2004	1,978	100.0	1,745	88.2	233	11.8
2003	1,839	100.0	1,627	88.5	212	11.5
2002	1,864	100.0	1,655	88.8	209	11.2
2001	1,754	100.0	1,537	87.6	217	12.4
2000	1,627	100.0	1,426	87.6	201	12.4
1999	1,770	100.0	1,579	89.2	191	10.8
1998	2,117	100.0	1,870	88.3	247	11.7

Table 31 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1998-2007**By Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee

Veer(e)	To	tal	Wi	nite	Hisp	anic	Black		Other	
Year(s)	Number	Percent								
2007	2,017	100.0	373	18.5	1,022	50.7	495	24.5	127	6.3
2006	1,967	100.0	351	17.8	910	46.3	539	27.4	167	8.5
2005	1,956	100.0	386	19.7	946	48.4	487	24.9	137	7.0
2004	1,978	100.0	409	20.7	932	47.1	476	24.1	161	8.1
2003	1,839	100.0	424	23.1	812	44.2	456	24.8	147	8.0
2002	1,864	100.0	349	18.7	897	48.1	455	24.4	163	8.7
2001	1,754	100.0	400	22.8	832	47.4	406	23.1	116	6.6
2000	1,627	100.0	374	23.0	698	42.9	397	24.4	158	9.7
1999	1,770	100.0	382	21.6	845	47.7	417	23.6	126	7.1
1998	2,117	100.0	484	22.9	987	46.6	470	22.2	176	8.3

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 32
HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 1998-2007
By Age of Arrestee

Year(s)	То	tal	Und	Under 18		-29	30-39		40 and over	
rear(s)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2007	2,017	100.0	235	11.7	1,193	59.1	293	14.5	296	14.7
2006	1,967	100.0	241	12.3	1,154	58.7	267	13.6	305	15.5
2005	1,956	100.0	185	9.5	1,207	61.7	281	14.4	283	14.5
2004	1,978	100.0	185	9.4	1,143	57.8	313	15.8	337	17.0
2003	1,839	100.0	167	9.1	1,077	58.6	326	17.7	269	14.6
2002	1,864	100.0	215	11.5	1,097	58.9	293	15.7	259	13.9
2001	1,754	100.0	194	11.1	1,011	57.6	291	16.6	258	14.7
2000	1,627	100.0	160	9.8	913	56.1	299	18.4	255	15.7
1999	1,770	100.0	182	10.3	1,037	58.6	317	17.9	234	13.2
1998	2,117	100.0	308	14.5	1,244	58.8	302	14.3	263	12.4

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 33 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2007**Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender and Age of Arrestee

Gender and age	Gender and age Total		WI	hite	Hisp	anic	Bla	ack	Other			
of arrestee	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total												
Total	2,017	100.0	373	100.0	1,022	100.0	495	100.0	127	100.0		
	-		-	Ger	nder				-			
Male	1,802	89.3	296	79.4	955	93.4	440	88.9	111	87.4		
Female	215	10.7	77	20.6	67	6.6	55	11.1	16	12.6		
	-			A	ge							
Under 18	235	11.7	14	3.8	157	15.4	48	9.7	16	12.6		
18-29	1,193	59.1	160	42.9	660	64.6	299	60.4	74	58.3		
30-39	293	14.5	64	17.2	128	12.5	78	15.8	23	18.1		
40 and over	296	14.7	135	36.2	77	7.5	70	14.1	14	11.0		

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 34 **HOMICIDE ARRESTS, 2007**Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestee by Gender and Age of Arrestee

Gender and age of arrestee         Total         Number         Percent         Numl           Total	3 100.0 4 3.8	Number 1,022	Percent 100.0	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 18 235 11.7 1	4 3.8		100.0				
		457	100.0	495	100.0	127	100.0
10.10	4 91	157	15.4	48	9.7	16	12.6
18-19 335 16.6 3	7 5.1	190	18.6	87	17.6	24	18.9
20-24 530 26.3 6	4 17.2	302	29.5	129	26.1	35	27.6
25-29	2 16.6	168	16.4	83	16.8	15	11.8
30-34 171 8.5 3	1 8.3	74	7.2	54	10.9	12	9.4
35-39 122 6.0 3	3 8.8	54	5.3	24	4.8	11	8.7
40-44 91 4.5 3	4 9.1	33	3.2	22	4.4	2	1.6
45-49 87 4.3 3	2 8.6	22	2.2	23	4.6	10	7.9
50-54 51 2.5 2	5 6.7	12	1.2	14	2.8	0	0.0
55 and over 67 3.3 4	4 11.8	10	1.0	11	2.2	2	1.6
Male 1,802 100.0 29	6 100.0	955	100.0	440	100.0	111	100.0
Under 18 218 12.1	9 3.0	149	15.6	44	10.0	16	14.4
18-19 318 17.6 2	9.5	184	19.3	84	19.1	22	19.8
20-24 477 26.5 5	2 17.6	280	29.3	112	25.5	33	29.7
25-29 297 16.5 5	2 17.6	157	16.4	76	17.3	12	10.8
30-34 140 7.8 2	1 7.1	64	6.7	47	10.7	8	7.2
35-39 105 5.8 2	7 9.1	51	5.3	21	4.8	6	5.4
40-44 76 4.2 2	7 9.1	31	3.2	16	3.6	2	1.8
45-49 72 4.0 2	4 8.1	19	2.0	19	4.3	10	9.0
50-54 40 2.2 2		10	1.0	10	2.3	0	0.0
55 and over 59 3.3 3	6 12.2	10	1.0	11	2.5	2	1.8
Female 215 100.0 7	7 100.0	67	100.0	55	100.0	16	100.0
Under 18 17 7.9	5 6.5	8	11.9	4	7.3	0	-
	6 7.8	6	9.0	3	5.5	2	-
20-24 53 24.7 1		22	32.8	17	30.9	2	-
25-29		11	16.4	7	12.7	3	-
30-34 31 14.4 1	0 13.0	10	14.9	7	12.7	4	-
35-39 17 7.9	6 7.8	3	4.5	3	5.5	5	-
	7 9.1	2	3.0	6	10.9	0	-
	8 10.4	3	4.5	4	7.3	0	-
	5 6.5	2	3.0	4	7.3	0	-
55 and over 8 3.7	8 10.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	-

Notes: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

Table 35
PERSONS UNDER CALIFORNIA
SENTENCE OF DEATH, 1978-2007

Year(s)	Initial sentences	Total persons under sentence of death 1.2
2007	17 17	673 665
2005	22 12 22 17	654 642 639 618
2001	25 33	610 589
1999	42	558
1998	32	518
1997	40	493
1996	40	461
1995	38	426
1994	21	391
1993	34	374
1992	40	345
1991	26	305
1990	33	279
1989	33	247
1988	34	223
1987	25	203
1986	21	179
1985	16	159
1984	27	161
1983	35	143
1982	39	113
1981	39	80
1980	23	42
1979	20	25
1978	7	7

Source: California Appellate Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total persons under sentence of death on December 31 of each year.

Persons with multiple California death sentences are counted once.

<sup>2</sup> The increase in the total number of persons under sentence of death from year-to-year will *not* equal the number of initial sentences reported each year. This is because, in addition to initial sentences, persons may be resentenced to death, no longer under sentence of death because of execution or death by other causes, removed pending retrial, resentenced to a penalty less than death, or freed.

Table 36
PERSONS SENTENCED TO DEATH, 2007
Sentencing County by Gender, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age

Contonoing		Ge	Gender Race/ethnic group				Age at arrest						
Sentencing county	Total	Male	Female	White	Hispanic	Black	Other	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40 and over
Total	17	17	0	3	9	5	0	3	6	2	1	3	2
Alameda	2	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Colusa	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Contra Costa	2	2	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Imperial	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Kern	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Los Angeles	6	6	0	0	4	2	0	1	1	2	1	1	0
Riverside	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
San Bernardino	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Tulare	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Note: This table does not include persons resentenced to death after their death sentence was reversed on appeal.

Table 37

HOMICIDE CRIMES AND PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 1998-2007

Number and Rate per 100,000 Respective Population

Year(s)	California	Homicides		Sworn law enforcement	Peace officers killed in the line of duty	
, ,	population	Number <sup>1</sup>	Rate	personnel <sup>2</sup>	Number	Rate
2007	37,771,431	2,258	6.0	78,724	4	5.1
2006	37,444,385	2,483	6.6	75,625	5	6.6
2005	37,004,661	2,503	6.8	74,445	5	6.7
2004	36,590,814	2,394	6.5	73,951	4	5.4
2003	35,934,000	2,402	6.7	75,336	6	8.0
2002	35,301,000	2,392	6.8	75,612	4	5.3
2001	34,758,000	2,201	6.3	72,119	6	8.3
2000	34,480,000	2,074	6.0	69,029	2	2.9
1999	34,036,000	2,006	5.9	69,363	4	5.8
1998	33,494,000	2,170	6.5	67,035	7	10.4

Note: Homicide rates are based on annual population estimates provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

Table 38

PEACE OFFICERS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY, 2007

By Contributing Circumstance

Contributing circumstance	Number	Percent
Total	4	100.0
Attempting arrest	1	-
Investigating motor vehicle theft	1	-
Investigating suspicious persons	1	-
Traffic pursuit/stop	1	-

Note: Dash indicates that percent distributions are not calculated when the base number is less than 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes peace officers feloniously killed in the line of duty.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Personnel in the Department of Justice and other state regulatory agencies are not included.

Table 39

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007

By Gender, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age of Deceased

Gender,	I т	otal	Peace	officer	Private	citizen			
race/ethnic group,	Total		justifiable		justifiable				
and	NIla a	D	NIl	D	NI la	D			
age of deceased	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
		Tot	:al						
Total	155	100.0	117	100.0	38	100.0			
	•	Gen	der						
Male	148	95.5	111	94.9	37	97.4			
Female	7	4.5	6	5.1	1	2.6			
		Race/ethr	nic group						
White	47	30.3	40	34.2	7	18.4			
Hispanic	53	34.2	41	35.0	12	31.6			
Black	45	29.0	28	23.9	17	44.7			
Other	10	6.5	8	6.8	2	5.3			
Unknown	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0			
	-	Ag	е						
Under 18	6	3.9	4	3.4	2	5.3			
18-29	82	52.9	61	52.1	21	55.3			
18-19	8	5.2	3	2.6	5	13.2			
20-24	44	28.4	34	29.1	10	26.3			
25-29	30	19.4	24	20.5	6	15.8			
30-39	34	21.9	23	19.7	11	28.9			
30-34	19	12.3	14	12.0	5	13.2			
35-39	15	9.7	9	7.7	6	15.8			
40 and over	33	21.3	29	24.8	4	10.5			
40-44	15	9.7	14	12.0	1	2.6			
45-49	11	7.1	10	8.5	1	2.6			
50-54	3	1.9	3	2.6	0	0.0			
55 and over	4	2.6	2	1.7	2	5.3			
Unknown	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0			

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 40

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007

By Location of Justifiable Homicide

Location of justifiable homicide	Number	Percent					
Total							
Total	155						
Peace officer just	ifiable						
Total	117	100.0					
Felon's residence	24	20.5					
Other residence	10	8.5					
Street, sidewalk	50	42.7					
Commercial establishment	3	2.6					
Hotel, motel	2	1.7					
Liquor store	0	0.0					
Bar	0	0.0					
Other business	1	0.9					
All other	30	25.6					
Parking lot	4	3.4					
Vehicle	11	9.4					
Field, park	4	3.4					
Other	11	9.4					
Citizen justifial	ole						
Total	38	100.0					
Citizen's, shared residence	4	10.5					
Citizen's residence	3	7.9					
Shared residence	1	2.6					
Other residence	9	23.7					
Felon's residence	3	7.9					
Other residence	6	15.8					
Street, sidewalk	13	34.2					
Commercial establishment	5	13.2					
Hotel, motel	0	0.0					
Liquor store	2	5.3					
Bar	1	2.6					
Other business	2	5.3					
All other	7	18.4					
Parking lot	3	7.9					
Vehicle	2	5.3					
Field, park	1	2.6					
Other	1	2.6					

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 41

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007

By Contributing Circumstance

Contributing circumstance	Number	Percent					
Total	Total						
Total	155						
Peace officer justifiable							
Total	117	100.0					
Felon attacked peace officer	84	71.8					
Felon killed during commission of crime	13	11.1					
Felon resisted arrest	5	4.3					
All other	15	12.8					
Felon attacked another peace officer	2	1.7					
Felon attacked citizen	4	3.4					
Felon attempted flight	5	4.3					
Unknown	4	3.4					
Citizen justifiable							
Total	38	100.0					
Felon attacked citizen	16	42.1					
Felon killed during commission of crime	17	44.7					
Felon attempted flight	1	2.6					
Unknown	4	10.5					

Note: Percentages may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Table 42

JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDES BY PEACE OFFICERS
OR PRIVATE CITIZENS, 2007

By Type of Weapon Used

Type of	Total		Peace officer justifiable		Citizen justifiable	
weapon used	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	155	100.0	117	100.0	38	100.0
Firearm	140	90.3	116	99.1	24	63.2
Handgun	130	83.9	108	92.3	22	57.9
Rifle	1	0.6	1	0.9	0	0.0
Shotgun	5	3.2	3	2.6	2	5.3
Other firearm	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Firearm - unknown type	4	2.6	4	3.4	0	0.0
Nonfirearm	15	9.7	1	0.9	14	36.8
Knife <sup>1</sup>	9	5.8	0	0.0	9	23.7
Personal weapon <sup>2</sup>	4	2.6	0	0.0	4	10.5
Other	2	1.3	1	0.9	1	2.6

Note: Percentages may not add to subtotals or to 100.0 because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Any instrument used to cut or stab.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Hands, feet, etc.

Table 43 **POPULATION ESTIMATES, 1960-2007** 

	TOLATION LOTINIATES, 1300-2007							
Year(s)	Total		opulation at risl					
	population	Total <sup>1</sup>	Adult <sup>2</sup>	Juvenile <sup>3</sup>				
2007	37,771,431	29,558,540	24,902,100	4,656,440				
2006	37,444,385	29,236,911	24,731,088	4,505,823				
2005	37,004,661	28,809,579	24,316,140	4,493,439				
2004	36,590,814	28,357,204	23,906,564	4,450,640				
2003	35,934,000	27,815,344	23,295,523	4,519,821				
2002	35,301,000	27,302,433	22,927,383	4,375,050				
2001	34,758,000	26,745,137	22,555,739	4,189,398				
2000	34,480,000	26,203,950	22,198,297	4,005,653				
1999	34,036,000	25,711,892	21,855,190	3,856,702				
1998	33,494,000	25,263,064	21,498,170	3,764,894				
1997	32,957,000	25,760,375	21,934,916	3,825,459				
1996	32,383,000	25,554,242	21,825,735	3,728,507				
1995	32,063,000	25,122,782	21,505,839	3,616,943				
1994	32,140,000	24,703,379	21,193,571	3,509,808				
1993	31,742,000	24,334,534	20,923,632	3,410,902				
1992	31,300,000	23,975,578	20,661,120	3,314,458				
1991	30,646,000	23,585,168	20,356,984	3,228,184				
1990	29,557,836	23,178,961	20,027,633	3,151,328				
1989	28,771,207	22,524,392	19,451,763	3,072,629				
1988	28,060,746	21,969,953	18,885,349	3,084,604				
1987	27,388,477	21,483,563	18,378,758	3,104,805				
1986	26,741,621	21,009,362	17,903,122	3,106,240				
1985	26,112,632	20,563,314	17,468,941	3,094,373				
1984	25,587,254	20,167,923	17,083,479	3,084,444				
1983 1982	25,075,581 24,546,566	19,860,746 19,510,945	16,763,095 16,415,571	3,097,651 3,095,374				
1981	24,038,711	19,310,343	16,082,355	3,090,457				
1980	23,668,145	18,824,197	15,778,999	3,045,198				
1979	23,255,000	18,371,691	15,776,999	3,045,196				
1978	22,839,000	18,012,901	14,916,032	3,096,869				
1977	22,350,000	17,619,453	14,470,680	3,148,773				
1976	21,935,000	17,269,884	14,080,872	3,189,012				
1975	21,537,000	16,914,556	13,694,793	3,219,763				
1974	21,173,000	16,563,671	13,339,906	3,223,765				
1973	20,868,000	16,237,031	13,031,007	3,206,024				
1972	20,585,000	15,926,249	12,758,809	3,167,440				
1971	20,346,000	15,657,238	12,542,795	3,114,443				
1970	20,039,000	15,378,312	12,339,580	3,038,732				
1969	19,856,000	14,697,200	11,657,600	3,039,600				
1968	19,554,000	14,379,400	11,403,700	2,975,700				
1967	19,478,000	14,065,700	11,159,800	2,905,900				
1966	19,132,000	13,696,700	10,872,500	2,824,200				
1965	18,756,000	13,377,400	10,620,600	2,756,800				
1964	18,234,000	12,981,700	10,311,100	2,670,600				
1963	17,675,000	12,564,600	10,047,700	2,516,900				
1962	17,044,000	12,099,200	9,740,000	2,359,200				
1961	16,445,000	11,697,900	9,469,100	2,228,800				
1960	15,860,000	11,314,900	9,203,300	2,111,600				

Source: Population estimates were provided by the Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total population at risk, 10-69 years of age.
<sup>2</sup> Adult population at risk, 18-69 years of age.
<sup>3</sup> Juvenile population at risk, 10-17 years of age.

# APPENDICES

# **DATA CHARACTERISTICS AND KNOWN LIMITATIONS**

## **HOMICIDE CRIMES**

Homicide data is obtained from the Supplementary Homicide Report (SHR). The SHR is submitted monthly by local California law enforcement agencies as part of the national Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system.

The number of reported homicide crimes represents known victims.

Per UCR definition, suicides, fetal deaths, traffic fatalities, accidental deaths, assaults to murder, and attempts to murder are not classified as criminal homicide and are not included in this report.

The findings of a court, coroner's inquest, etc., do not affect classifying or scoring of the SHR homicide counts.

Detailed data regarding the criminal homicide category can only be as comprehensive as the input provided by the individual contributing agency.

Offender data (race/ethnicity, age, and gender) are based on law enforcement identification of the offender as a suspect. No follow-up is made to determine if a conviction was obtained.

Weapon - Reporting agencies report a complete description of the weapon and the ways in which the weapon was used. For example, if a bottle was used in the commission of a murder, the agency will state whether the person was killed by beating, cutting, or stabbing.

Relationship - The relationship reported is that of the victim to the offender. For example, if a wife is killed by her husband the reported relationship is wife.

Circumstances - Statements of circumstances must be based on information known to law enforcement, not decisions of a grand jury, coroner's inquest, or other agency outside law enforcement. The reporting agency provides a brief statement as to the circumstances or precipitating events leading to the victim's death. If the killing occurred in conjunction with the commission of another felony such as a robbery or rape, the agency identifies the specific offense involved.

# **ARRESTS Monthly Arrest and Citation Register (MACR)**

Arrest data from the MACR reporting system are designed to collect data on the number of persons arrested, not the number of charges lodged.

If a person is arrested for multiple offenses, MACR selects only the most serious offense, based on the severity of possible punishment.

The subjectivity of the classification and labeling process must be considered in the analysis of race/ethnic group data.

# ADULT FELONY ARREST DISPOSITIONS Offender-Based Transaction Statistics (OBTS)

To provide the most valid data possible, the disposition section of this report has been removed. In 2001, Criminal Justice Statistics Center staff determined that a number of homicide arrests submitted to the DOJ's Automated Criminal History System (from which adult felony arrest disposition data are extracted) between 1998 and 2001 should have been submitted as arrests for attempted homicide. As a result, more homicide arrests were counted during these years than occurred. This caused a lower percentage of homicide convictions and a higher percentage of assault convictions. (Both percentages were based on the number of adult felony arrests for homicide for which dispositions were received.) It should be noted that the DOJ has addressed this issue and that the exclusion of disposition data does not affect crime. arrest, death penalty, nor other data included in this or past reports. When homicide disposition data are once again determined to be accurate, they will be included in this publication.

## **POPULATION**

Since 2004, the population estimates used to calculate rates were based on revisions of the 2000 census. Prior to 2003, these population estimates were based on revisions of the 1990 census. Readers are advised to exercise care in interpreting changes in percent and rates between decennial census samples. In addition, the "other" population category now includes the Department of Finance's race/ethnic group of "multi-racial."

# **COMPUTATIONAL FORMULAS**

**ARREST RATE** – An arrest rate describes the number of arrests made by law enforcement agencies per 100,000 total population or per 100,000 population considered to be at risk for arrest. Regardless of the population used, both rates are calculated in the same manner. An arrest rate is calculated by dividing the number of reported arrests by the respective population; the result is multiplied by 100,000. For example, in 2007 there were 2,017 homicide arrests. The total population was 37,771,431 and the total population at risk (10–69 years of age) was 29,558,540.

$$\frac{2,017}{37,771,431}$$
 = 0.000053400 x 100,000 = 5.3 per 100,000 population  
 $\frac{2,017}{29,558,540}$  = 0.000068237 x 100,000 = 6.8 per 100,000 population at risk

**CLEARANCE RATE** – A clearance rate is the percentage of crimes reported that have been cleared. A clearance rate is calculated by dividing the number of crimes cleared by the number of crimes reported; the result is multiplied by 100. For example, in 2007 there were 1,208 homicides cleared and 2,258 homicides reported. This equals a homicide clearance rate of 53.5 percent.

$$\frac{1,208}{2,258}$$
 = 0.534986714 x 100 = 53.5 percent

**CRIME RATE** – A crime rate describes the number of crimes reported to law enforcement agencies per 100,000 total population. A crime rate is calculated by dividing the number of reported crimes by the total population; the result is multiplied by 100,000. For example, in 2007 there were 2,258 homicides in California and the population was 37,771,431. This equals a homicide crime rate of 6.0 per 100,000 general population.

$$\frac{2,258}{37,771,431}$$
 = 0.000059781 x 100,000 = 6.0 per 100,000 population

**PERCENT CHANGE** – A percent change describes a change in number or rate from one year to another. A percent change is calculated by subtracting base-year data from current-year data; the result is divided by base-year data and multiplied by 100. For example, in 2007 the homicide crime rate was 6.0. In 1998 the homicide crime rate was 6.5. The percent change in rate from 1998 to 2007 is a 7.7 percent decrease.

$$\frac{6.0 - 6.5}{6.5}$$
 = -0.076923077 x 100 = -7.7 percent

**POPULATION AT RISK** – Arrest section data tables include three comparison populations: total (10–69 years of age), adult (18–69 years of age), and juvenile (10–17 years of age).

Notes: When a series of rates are calculated using different populations, the rate calculated for the total will not be equal to the sum of the rates calculated for each subtotal. For example, the total arrest rate (calculated using the *total* at-risk population) will not equal the sum of the adult arrest rate (calculated using the *adult* at-risk population) and the juvenile arrest rate (calculated using the *juvenile* at-risk population).

Calculating rates for counties of less than 100,000 will generate an inflated rate when compared to counties with populations of 100,000 or more; therefore, rates are not calculated for counties with populations of less than 100,000.

# **CRIMINAL JUSTICE GLOSSARY**

ACQUITTAL: a judgment of a court, based either on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer, that the defendant is not guilty of the offense(s) for which he/she was tried.

ADULT: a person 18 years of age or older.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: an unlawful attack or attempted attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm (UCR definition).

APPEAL: a petition initiated by a defendant for a rehearing in an appellate court regarding a previous sentence or motion.

ARREST: ". . . taking a person into custody, in a case and in the manner authorized by law. An arrest may be made by a peace officer or by a private person" (834 PC).

ARREST RATE: the number of arrests per 100,000 population. See "Computational Formulas" (preceding page) for further explanation.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF THE YOUTH AUTHOR-ITY (CYA): the state agency which has jurisdiction over and maintains institutions as correctional schools for the reception of wards of the juvenile court and other persons committed from trial courts. (Consolidated with the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, July 2006).

CLEARANCE: an offense is "cleared by arrest" or solved, for crime reporting purposes, when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of an offense, and turned over to a court for prosecution. Although no physical arrest is made, a clearance by arrest can be claimed when an offender is a person under 18 years of age and is cited to appear in juvenile court or before other juvenile authorities. An offense can also be "cleared exceptionally" for crime reporting purposes when an investigation has definitely established the identity of an offender; there is enough information to support an arrest; and the exact location of an offender is known but, for some reason, law enforcement cannot take the offender into custody.

**CLEARANCE RATE:** the percentage of crimes reported that have been cleared.

COMBINED CASES: cases rejected by the prosecutor in favor of other counts/cases.

COMPLAINT: a verified written accusation, filed by a prosecuting attorney with a local criminal court, which charges one or more persons with the commission of one or more offenses.

**CONVICTION:** a judgment, based either on the verdict of a jury or a judicial officer or on the guilty plea of the defendant, that the defendant is quilty.

COURT: an agency of the judicial branch of government, authorized or established by statute or constitution, having one or more judicial officers on its staff. A court has the authority to decide upon controversies in law and disputed matters of fact brought before it. Because of court consolidation we no longer distinguish between lower court and superior court.

CRIME: ". . . an act committed or omitted in violation of a law forbidding or commanding it. . . " (15 PC).

CRIME RATE: the number of reported crimes per 100,000 general population. See "Computational Formulas" (preceding page) for further explanation.

CYA: see "California Department of the Youth Authority."

DISMISSAL: a decision by a judicial officer to terminate a case without a determination of guilt or innocence.

**DISPOSITION - COURT:** an action taken as the result of an appearance in court by a defendant. Examples are: adults - dismissed, acquitted, or convicted; juveniles - dismissed, transferred, or remanded to adult court.

**DISPOSITION - LAW ENFORCEMENT:** an action taken as the result of an arrest. Examples of police dispositions are: adults - released by law enforcement, referred to another jurisdiction, or a misdemeanor or felony complaint sought; juveniles - handled within the department, referred to another agency, or referred to the probation department or juvenile court.

DISPOSITION - PROSECUTOR: an action taken as the result of a complaint requested by an arresting agency. Dispositions include granting a misdemeanor or a felony complaint or denying a complaint for reasons such as lack of sufficient evidence or complainant refuses to testify.

**DIVERSION:** a disposition of a criminal defendant either before adjudication or following adjudication, but prior to sentencing, in which the court directs the defendant to participate in a work, educational, or rehabilitative program.

# **CRIMINAL JUSTICE GLOSSARY**

**DIVERSION DISMISSED:** the successful completion of a diversion program.

**EXCEPTIONAL MEANS:** an offense can also be "cleared exceptionally" for crime reporting purposes when an investigation has definitely established the identity of an offender; there is enough information to support an arrest; and the exact location of an offender is known but, for some reason, law enforcement cannot take the offender into custody.

FELON: one who has committed a felony.

**FELONY:** a crime which is punishable by death or by imprisonment in a state prison (17 & 18 PC).

**FILING:** a document filed with the court clerk or county clerk by a prosecuting attorney alleging that a person committed or attempted to commit a crime.

**FORCIBLE RAPE:** the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included (UCR definition).

**HOMICIDE:** the willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter are included (UCR definition).

**JAIL:** a county or city facility for incarceration of sentenced and unsentenced persons.

JUVENILE: a person under the age of 18.

**MISDEMEANOR:** a crime punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for up to one year.

MONTHLY ARREST AND CITATION REGISTER (MACR): a reporting system used to collect information on adult and juvenile arrests and citations by police and sheriffs' departments. This register contains data on arrest offenses, arrestee characteristics (age, gender, and race/ethnic group), and law enforcement dispositions.

**OFFENDER-BASED TRANSACTION STATISTICS (OBTS):** a system designed to collect statistical information on the various processes within the criminal justice system that occur between the point of the felony arrest of an adult and the point of final disposition.

**OFFENSE**: the charged offense is the crime for which the defendant was arrested or filed on by the district attorney. The convicted offense is the offense the defendant was convicted of or pled guilty to in court.

**PC** (**PENAL CODE**): the California Penal Code contains statutes that define criminal offenses and specify corresponding punishments. Criminal justice system mandates and procedures are also included.

**POPULATION AT RISK:** that portion of the total population who, because of like characteristics to the specific study group, are considered "at risk." For example, if one were studying juvenile arrestees, all persons between 10 and 17 years of age would constitute the at-risk population.

**PRISON:** a state correctional facility where persons are confined following conviction for a felony offense.

**PROBATION:** a judicial requirement that a person fulfill certain conditions of behavior in lieu of a sentence to confinement. See "Straight Probation."

**PROBATION WITH JAIL:** a type of disposition given upon conviction which imposes a jail term as a condition of probation.

RATE: a comparison of a number of events to a population.

**REMAND:** to send back (a case) to another court for further action.

**ROBBERY:** the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by creating fear in the victim (UCR definition).

**SENTENCE**: the penalty imposed by a court upon a convicted person.

**STRAIGHT PROBATION:** probation granted to adults without condition or stipulation that the defendant serve time in jail as a condition of probation.

**UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING (UCR):** a federal reporting system which compiles crime data based on information submitted by law enforcement agencies throughout the nation. In California, the Department of Justice administers and forwards these law enforcement data to the federal program.

**VIOLENT CRIMES:** crimes committed against people. This category includes homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

**YOUTH AUTHORITY:** see "California Department of the Youth Authority."

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Crime in California, Advance Release\*\*
Criminal Justice Profile - A Supplement to
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Hate Crime in California\*\*
Homicide in California\*\*
Juvenile Justice in California\*\*
Preliminary Report, Crime (January through June, January through September, and January through December)\*\*

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Juvenile Justice in California, 1983 (June 1984)

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#### Miscellaneous

California Criminal Justice Time Line, 1822-2000 (June 2001)\*\* Crime in California (April 2001)\*\* Gang Organization and Migration/Drugs, Gangs & Law Enforcement Proceedings of the Attorney General's Crime Conference 85 (September 1985) Proceedings of Symposium 87: White Collar/Institutional Crime - Its Measurement and Analysis

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