1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	BILL LOCKYER Attorney General of the State of California DENNIS M. EAGAN Senior Assistant Attorney General BELINDA J. JOHNS Supervising Deputy Attorney General MARK J. URBAN Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 63058 1300 I Street P.O. Box 944255 Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Attorneys for Plaintiff SUPERIOR COURT OF CAI	JEORNIA	
10	COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO		
11	COOM FOR SANTIVINGISCO		
12	BILL LOCKYER, in his official capacity as	NO.	
13	Attorney General of the State of California,	COMPLAINT FOR	
14	Plaintiff,	INVOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION,	
15	V.	ACCOUNTING, AND APPOINTMENT OF	
16	PIPEVINE, INC., a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, and DOES 1 through 200,	RECEIVER	
17	Defendants.		
18			
19	GENERAL ALLEGATIONS		
20	1. Bill Lockyer is the Attorney General of the State of California. As such, he is		
21	charged with the general supervision of nonprofit public benefit corporations and all		
22	organizations and individuals who obtain, hold, or control property in trust for charitable or		
23	eleemosynary purposes in this state. The Attorney General is authorized to enforce the		
24	provisions of the Supervision of Trustees and Fundraisers for Charitable Purposes Act (Gov.		
25	Code, §§ 12580-12599.5) and the provisions of the Nonprofit Corporations Law pertaining		
26	to nonprofit public benefit corporations (Corp. Code, §§ 5000-6910). Corporations Code		
27	5142 authorizes the Attorney General to bring actions to remedy a breach of charitable trust.		
28	2. Defendant PipeVine, Inc. (PipeVine) is a nonprofit public benefit corporation		
	COMPLAINT FOR INVOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION, ACCOUNTING AND APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER		

that was incorporated in the State of California in February 1993 under the name "United Nonprofit Operations, Inc." In May 2000, the corporation's name was changed to "PipeVine, Incorporated." PipeVine's stated charitable purpose is "to provide cost-effective services to independent United Ways and other nonprofit entities which have established their tax-exempt status under section 501, subdivision (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and to engage in such other activities as may be deemed in the general interest of charity in the State of California." PipeVine's principal business office is located in the City and County of San Francisco.

- 3. In carrying out its corporate purposes, PipeVine processed charitable contributions solicited through employer charitable campaigns, United Way campaigns and the Internet. As set forth in contracts with employers, United Ways, and websites, PipeVine receives funds from employees and other persons and entities that are designated for donation to specified charities and provides those funds to the designated charities. All donations received by PipeVine that are designated for specific charities are charitable trust assets of those charities. PipeVine and its officers, directors, and employees have a fiduciary obligation to the specified charities and their beneficiaries in managing these trust funds.
- 4. Defendant Does 1 through 100 are the fictitious names of defendants who acted as directors, officers, trustees, advisors, agents, or employees of PipeVine, or who have participated or acted in concert with one or more of the named defendants, or who have acted on behalf of an agent, servant, or employee of one or more of the named defendants, but whose true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate or otherwise, are presently unknown to plaintiff. Plaintiff is informed and believes and therefore alleges that defendants Does 1 through 100 are liable for breaches of fiduciary duties owed to PipeVine, to charitable donors whose donations were received by PipeVine, and to charitable organizations of any kind that were designated recipients of funds received or processed by PipeVine. Because plaintiff is presently uninformed as to the true names and capacities of these defendants, plaintiff sues them by fictitious names and will seek leave to amend this complaint when their true names are discovered.

5. Defendants Does 101 through 200 are the fictitious names of defendants who in various capacities had business dealings with PipeVine, but whose true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate or otherwise, are presently unknown to plaintiff. Plaintiff is informed and believes and therefore alleges that defendants Does 101 through 200 are liable for breaches of various fiduciary duties owed to PipeVine, to charitable donors whose donations were received by PipeVine, and to charitable organizations of any kind that were designated recipients of funds received or processed by PipeVine. Because plaintiff is presently uninformed as to the true names and capacities of these defendants, plaintiff sues them by fictitious names and will seek leave to amend this complaint when their true names are discovered.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Involuntary Dissolution)

- 6. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 5 above.
- 7. PipeVine's board of directors reportedly discovered in February 2003 that certain of its officers, agents, and employees had, since at least May 2002, been diverting and commingling funds that had been designated by donors for specific charities into the general operating accounts of PipeVine. The diverted funds were improperly used to pay PipeVine's general operating expenses. The PipeVine board of directors began an investigation of this diversion and commingling of funds.
- 8. In May 2003, the PipeVine board reportedly determined that PipeVine's operating costs were significantly greater than PipeVine's operating revenues. It also determined that its available assets were significantly less than the amount of charitable trust funds that it was required to pay to designated charities. On June 2, 2003, PipeVine terminated most of its employees and shut down its regular business operations. On or about June 12, 2003, Bank of America froze PipeVine's bank accounts.
- 9. Because it terminated its business operations, PipeVine cannot process charitable contributions that have been made and continue to be made through its various

customers. The freezing of its bank accounts has prevented PipeVine from disbursing funds to specified charities. PipeVine is unable to determine the specific amounts that are due to individual charitable organizations but were improperly diverted to operating revenues. As a result of the foregoing, PipeVine is a failing corporation that is unable to carry out its stated charitable purposes.

- 10. By improperly commingling and diverting charitable trust funds into general operating revenues, officers and employees in control of PipeVine have knowingly countenanced persistent and pervasive mismanagement and abuse of authority.
- 11. Corporations Code sections 6510 and 6511 authorize the Attorney General to bring an action for involuntary dissolution of a nonprofit public benefit corporation. The grounds upon which the Attorney General may seek involuntary dissolution include knowingly countenancing persistent and pervasive mismanagement or abuse of authority (Corp. Code, § 6510, subd. (b)(5)), failure of the corporation to carry out its purposes (Corp. Code, § 6510, subd. (b)(6)), and serious offense against provisions of statutes regulating corporations or charitable organizations (Corp. Code, § 6511, subd. (a)(1)).
- 12. Based on the foregoing, PipeVine should be involuntarily dissolved under Corporations Code sections 6510 and 6511 and its assets distributed in the manner provided by law.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (Accounting)

- 13. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 12 above.
- 14. PipeVine and its officers, directors and employees have breached their fiduciary obligations in managing charitable trust funds that it received and that were to be provided to the specified charitable organizations. Because it comingled these trust funds with general operating revenues, PipeVine is unable to determine the amount of charitable

trust funds that should have been provided to specific charitable organizations since at least May 2002.

15. The specific charitable organizations that were to receive charitable trust funds from PipeVine and their charitable beneficiaries are entitled to an accounting of the amount of funds due to them since the incorporation of PipeVine.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Appointment of Receiver)

- 16. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 15 above.
- 17. Corporations Code section 6513 provides for the appointment of a receiver upon the filing of a complaint for involuntary dissolution of a nonprofit public benefit corporation to take over, manage the affairs of the corporation, and preserve its property. To protect the interests of the specific charitable organizations and their beneficiaries for which PipeVine has held funds in trust, to prevent further loss of PipeVine's charitable assets, and to carry out the public and charitable purposes of PipeVine, it is necessary to appoint a receiver to take over and manage the affairs of PipeVine, marshal and preserve PipeVine's assets pending the hearing and determination of this complaint for involuntary dissolution, account for all of the charitable trust assets received by PipeVine for the benefit of specific charitable organizations, provide those assets to their intended beneficiaries, and distribute PipeVine's assets after involuntary dissolution in the manner provided by law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff prays for a judgment as follows:

1. An order appointing a receiver to take over and manage the affairs of PipeVine, marshal and preserve PipeVine's assets pending the hearing and determination of this complaint for involuntary dissolution, account for all of the charitable trust assets received by PipeVine for the benefit of specific charitable organizations, provide those assets to their intended beneficiaries and distribute PipeVine's assets after involuntary dissolution in the manner provided by law.