		NO FEE PURSUANT T Covernment code Section 6103			
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8	Attorneys for Plaintiff,				
9	People of the State of California				
10	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
11	FOR THE COUN	NTY OF SAN DIEGO			
12					
13	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF	GIC 810828			
14	CALIFORNIA,	COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTION,			
15	Plaintiff,	CIVIL PENALTIES AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF			
16	v.				
17	ALYON TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,				
18	a foreign corporation, STEPHANE TOUBOUL and				
19	DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,				
20	Defendants.				
21	Disingiff Decision of the State of Colliferation (11)	aintiff! or "Doonto" by and through Dill I askyor			
22		aintiff" or "People), by and through Bill Lockyer,			
23	Attorney General of the State of California, alleges the following on information and belief:				
24		ENDANTS			
25	1. Defendants at all relevant times have transacted business in the City and County				
26	of San Diego and elsewhere in the State of California. The violations of law alleged herein have				
27	been and are being carried out within the City	and County of San Diego and elsewhere in			
28	California.				
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COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTION , CIVIL PENALTIES, OTHER EQUITABLE					

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Defendant ALYON TECHNOLOGIES, INC. ("ALYON"), is a Delaware
 corporation with its office and principal place of business at One Harmon Plaza, Second Floor,
 Secausus, New Jersey 07094.

3. Defendant STEPHANE TOUBOUL ("TOUBOUL"), is the chief executive officer
 of ALYON and is sued both in his individual capacity and in his capacity as chief executive
 officer and an owner of ALYON. At all times material to this complaint, acting alone or in
 concert with others, he has formulated, directed, controlled, or participated in the acts and
 practices of Defendant ALYON.

9 4. Whenever reference is made in this complaint to any act or transaction of a
10 Defendant such allegation shall be deemed to mean that said Defendant and its owners, officers,
11 directors, agents, employees, or representatives did or authorized such acts while engaged in the
12 management, direction, or control of the affairs of the Defendant and while acting within the
13 scope and course of their duties.

5. Whenever in this complaint reference is made to any act of any Defendant, such
allegation shall be deemed to mean that said Defendant was acting (a) as a principal, (b) under
express or implied agency, and/or (c) with actual or ostensible authority to perform the acts so
alleged.

6. Whenever in this complaint reference is made to any act of Defendants, such
 allegation shall be deemed to mean the act of each Defendant acting individually and jointly with
 the other Defendants named in that cause of action.

7. At all times mentioned herein, each Defendant knew or realized that the other
Defendants were engaging in or planned to engage in the violations of law alleged in this
Complaint. Knowing or realizing that other Defendants were engaging in such unlawful conduct,
each Defendant nevertheless facilitated the commission of those unlawful acts. Each Defendant
intended to and did encourage, facilitate, or assist in the commission of the unlawful acts, and
thereby aided and abetted the other Defendants in the unlawful conduct.

8. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, or otherwise, of
Defendants sued herein under the fictitious names of DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are

unknown to plaintiff who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will 1 amend this complaint to show the true names of each when the same has been ascertained. 2 **DEFINITIONS** 3 9. For the purposes of this Complaint, the following definitions shall apply: 4 "Line subscriber" means an individual or entity who has arranged to obtain 5 Α. 6 local telephone service provided through an assigned telephone number, and to be billed for such 7 service on a monthly (or other periodic) basis. B. "Videotext services" means visual (and in some instances audio) 8 9 information and entertainment services offered over the Internet through individual World Wide Web sites ("websites"). 10 11 С. "Service vendor" or "vendor" means an entity that offers videotext or 12 other services that are billed to line subscribers either on the telephone bills received by line 13 subscribers or on other bills sent directly to the line subscribers. D. "ALYON Defendants" means Defendant ALYON and Defendant 14 15 TOUBOUL. 16 **DEFENDANTS' BUSINESS PRACTICES** 17 10. ALYON, and TOUBOUL alone or in concert with some of the Defendants herein 18 sued as DOES 1-100, provide or have provided a billing system to service vendors (hereinafter 19 referred to as "the ALYON billing system") that permits the vendors to charge consumers whose 20 telephone lines were allegedly used to access the vendors' videotext services on a per-minute 21 basis. The ALYON billing system is touted as an alternative method of payment for consumers 22 who do not wish to place such charges on their credit cards. 23 11. To use the ALYON billing system, consumers must download on their computer a 24 modem-dialing software program ("dialing program") offered through the service vendors' 25 websites. First, consumers allegedly select the option to access vendor's videotext services 26 without a credit card. Then, consumers allegedly select "modem/ISDN" as the type of Internet 27 connection method used by their computer. After selecting this connection method, a new web 28 page loads, allegedly containing a "disclosure statement" of the "terms of services" that requires 3

consumers to click "I accept" before they are able to access vendors' videotext services by
clicking "I Accept." Some consumers first get to ALYON's network by responding to pop-up
boxes which appear on their computer screen when they or their children are on other web cites
on the Internet. Once there, they are prompted to download certain dialer programs onto the
computer they are using. Other consumers report that when they open unsolicited electronic mail
messages, they receive prompts to download certain dialer programs onto the computer they are
using.

8 12. The material terms of service, including the cost and the method by which 9 consumers will be billed, are often not clearly and conspicuously disclosed. In numerous 10 instances, the disclosure statement is presented in the form of a text box that contains only a few 11 lines of text at any one time; sometimes the scroll down function of the box is disabled so that 12 even consumers who want to cannot read the purported disclosure. To print out the full text of 13 the disclosure statement requires up to four or more pages. Consumers can become part of 14 Defendants' billing system without actually reading or scrolling through the text, because 15 Defendants' system can be entered merely by clicking the "I Accept" button.

16 13. Defendants claim that after consumers click "I Accept," they must click
17 "Connect." If the person using the computer does this, the dialing program disconnects the
18 consumer's modem from the consumer's normal Internet Service Provider ("ISP") and
19 reconnects the consumer's modem to the Internet through a telephone connection to ALYON's
20 network via a telephone connection to a "201" area code telephone number which is in New
21 Jersey. The consumer may then access the service vendor's videotext services. The consumer is
22 charged \$4.99 for each minute he or she is connected to the Internet via ALYON's network.

14. The ALYON Internet reconnect dialing program disconnects the consumer line
subscriber's modem from the line subscriber's normal ISP when the consumer tries to connect to
the Internet and reconnects to the Internet through ALYON's network via a telephone connection
to a "201" area code telephone number which is in New Jersey. In numerous instances, the
ALYON Internet reconnect dialing program is downloaded to a consumer's computer without the
knowledge or consent of the consumer line subscriber whose telephone line is connected to the

computer. Some consumers who claim that they did not click "I accept" still report having the 1 2 ALYON Internet reconnect program downloaded onto their computers. Some of these programs and/or files appear to be self-executing, meaning that the program can cause a computer to 3 reconnect to the 201 area code telephone number without the consumer using the computer 4 taking any affirmative steps. The Defendants charge the consumer line subscriber, or the person 5 the Defendants believe is the line subscriber, \$4.99 for each minute the line subscriber's 6 7 computer is connected to the Internet via ALYON's network.

8 15. The programs and/or files which the Defendants place or cause to be placed on consumers' computers do not work as the Defendants claim. Instead, consumers report that these 9 10 programs and/or files function or have in some instances functioned in the following ways:

Upon visiting a website for which the Defendants provide their billing A. 12 services, consumers' computers are bombarded with numerous pop-up boxes, and while 13 the consumers were trying unsuccessfully to close all of the pop-up boxes, the dialer 14 program was downloaded onto their computers without their authorization;

15 Β. Consumers' computers have been connected to the 201 area code 16 telephone numbers, even if consumers have not first clicked on both "I Agree" and 17 "Connect."

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18 When a consumer uses the dialing program to access a vendor's videotext 16. 19 services, a system known as Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") is used to capture the 20 telephone number from which the call is being placed. Using ANI information, Defendants 21 identify the consumer who they believe is the line subscriber responsible for the captured 22 telephone number, and send that consumer a bill. Defendants make no attempt to determine 23 whether the person they are billing downloaded the dialing program, or viewed the vendor's 24 videotext services, or authorized anyone else to do so from the consumer's computer.

25 17. Since a date unknown to plaintiff but at least since June 2002, the ALYON 26 Defendants, themselves or using the services of some of the Doe Defendants or other agents, 27 have mailed bills directly to the consumer line subscribers whose telephone lines purportedly 28 were used to access vendors' videotext services through the ALYON billing system. The

Defendants initially send bills that list ALYON's name at the top to consumers, and include a
 Post Office Box number to which consumers are instructed to return their payments. These bills
 also list a toll-free number for consumers to call if they have any questions about the bill, and
 direct consumers to access ALYON's website at www.Alyon.net for customer service.

5 18. The bills include a statement that charges are for "Pay Per Use Internet Access to 6 Proprietary Content as an Entertainment Fee." The second page of each bill lists any calls 7 purportedly made using the ALYON Internet reconnect dialing program. Each call is billed at a 8 rate of \$4.99 per minute with an offsetting credit of \$0.10 per minute for "LD charges." The bills 9 are sent to consumers with a "due date" less than two weeks from the date of the invoice. In 10 numerous instances, consumers receive their first bill three or four days before payment is due.

11 19. The bills also provide a notice of customers' billing rights, which states that the "rights and obligations of the customer and the billing entity are provided under the Telephone 12 13 Disclosure and Dispute Resolution Act." This notice also states that consumers must provide 14 notification of any billing error in writing to ALYON's P.O. Box in Georgia within 30 days after 15 the mailing date of the first bill. In numerous instances, after receiving written notices of billing 16 errors from consumers, Defendants do not forgive the charges, nor do they conduct a reasonable 17 investigation into the validity of the charges and notify the customers of why they are sustaining 18 the charges. Instead, Defendants simply subject complainants to additional billing and collection 19 efforts, and in some instances directly or indirectly threaten to adversely affect a complainant's 20 credit history.

21 20. In the vast majority of instances, consumers who do not pay after receiving their
22 first bill receive a second bill. Defendants mail the second bill less than thirty days from the
23 invoice date of the first bill. The second bill states that payment is necessary to prevent
24 collection activity.

25 21. Many consumers who have received the Defendants' bills do not know what they
are being billed for. In many instances, neither the consumer nor anyone in the consumer's
household has ever accessed ALYON's vendors' videotext services on the Internet, used their
computer modem to make such a call, or has ever authorized any person to do so. In other

instances, a line subscriber has discovered that a minor in the line subscriber's household, or
 another who does not have the line subscriber's authorization, has accessed videotext services
 using the ALYON billing system.

4 22. In numerous instances, consumers who have called ALYON's toll-free number to 5 inquire about the charges that appear on the bills find it virtually impossible to reach an ALYON 6 representative. Consumers report calling numerous times throughout a number of days, without 7 ever receiving an answer. In numerous instances, consumers who have e-mailed Defendant 8 ALYON via its website have received only a form response which indicates that the consumer 9 must pay the bill. In the vast majority of instances, ALYON representatives represent that 10 consumers, as line subscribers, are responsible for the charges made over their telephone lines, 11 regardless of the explanation.

12 23. In some instances, ALYON representatives offer to reduce the amount owed when 13 a minor has accessed a vendor's website without the line subscriber's permission, but only if a 14 line subscriber provides an affidavit and copy of the minor's birth certificate. In some other 15 instances, ALYON, through its representatives and its website, represents to line subscribers that 16 they must provide an affidavit and proof from their telephone exchange carrier that no call was 17 made to ALYON's servers before ALYON will remove the charges.

24. Consumers have indicated they have had difficulty removing Defendant
ALYON's dialer program from their computers once it has been downloaded. In numerous
instances, consumers who have followed Defendant ALYON's dialer program removal
instructions on its website, complain that the dialer program comes back even when they follow
the instructions. Since the program is downloaded into the computer's registry, it often becomes
part of the computer's booting process and thus can come back when the computer is rebooted
even if consumers delete the shortcut icon from the desktop.

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1 2	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS FOR UNTRUE OR MISLEADING STATEMENTS (Violations of Business and Professions Code section 17500)			
3 4	25. Paragraphs 1 through 24 of this complaint are incorporated herein as though set			
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20				
21 22	Defendants for videotext services accessed via Defendants' dialing program using the line subscribers' telephone lines.			
 23 24 25 26 27 28 	C. Defendants represent to consumers that they owe money to the Defendants when, in fact, such representations are untrue or misleading in that in numerous instances: i. the telephone number from which the connection to videotext services was made was not assigned to the billed consumers at the time the call was made;			
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	COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTION, CIVIL PENALTIES, OTHER EQUITABLE RELIE			

	ii. the person who was operating the computer at the time the		
	connection to the videotext services was established from the billed telephone		
number does not have the legal ability to establish a contract between the line			
subscribers for the billed telephone number and the Defendants;			
iii. the consumers did not request and/or did not agree to purchase			
access to the videotext services which is the basis for the Defendants' claim that			
the consumers owe money to the Defendants.			
27. Defendants knew, or should have known, that the statements or omissions set			
forth in parag	raph 26, were untrue or misleading at the time such statements were made.		
SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS FOR UNLAWFUL, UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE BUSINESS PRACTICES (Violations of California Business and Professions Code 17200)			
28.	Paragraphs 1 through 27 of this complaint are incorporated herein as though so	et	
forth in full. 29.	Beginning at an exact date unknown to plaintiff and continuing to the present,		
	UBOUL and DOES 1 through 100, have engaged in unfair competition as defin		
in Business and Professions Code section 17200, in the City and County of San Diego and			
elsewhere in the State of California. Such unfair competition includes, but is not limited to, the			
	s or practices:		
ione wing we	A. Defendants have violated Business and Professions Code section 1750)0 a	
alleg	d in paragraphs 26 and 27 of the above First Cause of Action.		
	B. In numerous instances, based on the use of a line subscriber's telephon	ıe	
line t	call a domestic telephone number in order to access paid videotext services usi		
	dants' dialing program, Defendants, directly or through one or more of the DOF	-	
Defendants, bill, attempt to collect, and collect charges from line subscribers who did not			
themselves access videotext services, or authorize anyone else to do so. For example,			
	dants directly or through one or more of the DOE Defendants, bill, attempt to	7	
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collect, and collect charges from consumers: 1 2 i. who do not own a computer; 3 ii. who were not assigned the billed telephone number at the time the Defendants claim the connection to the videotext services were made; 4 iii. 5 who were not at home or who were not using their computers at the time the Defendants claim the connection to the videotext services were made; 6 7 and 8 iv. whose minor children accessed the videotext services. 9 C. A line subscriber cannot reasonably avoid Defendants' billing and 10 collection efforts for videotext services accessed through the line subscriber's telephone 11 line because a line subscriber cannot reasonably anticipate or prevent charges incurred 12 through use of his or her telephone line to domestic telephone numbers (such as a "201" 13 area code telephone number) using Defendants' dialing program. 14 Defendants' engage in the practice of billing, attempting to collect, and D. 15 collecting charges from line subscribers who neither themselves access videotext services 16 provided over domestic telephone lines using the Defendants' dialing program, nor who 17 authorize anyone else to do so. In numerous instances, the ALYON Defendants' dialing 18 programs are downloaded onto line subscribers' computers without their authorization. 19 The dialing programs then cause the line subscribers' telephone lines to dial a 201 area 20 code telephone number in New Jersey to access videotext services for which Defendants 21 cause consumers to be billed to and for which Defendants collect, attempt to collect or 22 arrange for the collection of payment from the line subscriber. Because line subscribers 23 can neither reasonably block Defendants' dialing programs from their computers nor 24 block the use of their telephone lines to make long distance calls to telephone numbers 25 which are not traditional pay-per-call prefixed numbers (i.e., 900, 976, etc.), consumers cannot reasonably avoid the use of their telephone line to sign onto Defendants' dialing 26 27 programs to access videotext services. Therefore, line subscribers cannot reasonably 28 avoid the billing and collection efforts for supposed videotext services accessed through

Defendants' dialing programs and the line subscribers' telephone lines.

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E. Defendants' commit the practice of downloading dialing programs to line subscribers' computers that access videotext services through long distance telephone calls without the line subscribers' authorization.

F. Defendants have violated the federal "Pay-Per-Call" Rule,16 C.F.R. Section 308.7, which regulates billing and collection practices for pay-per-call services including telephone-billed purchases, by failing to comply with the procedures required therein, as follows:

i. Section 308.7(a)(6) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule defines a telephone billed purchase as "any purchase that is completed solely as a consequence of the completion of the call or a subsequent dialing, touch tone entry, or comparable action of the caller." In numerous instances, Defendants bill line subscribers for videotext services purchased as the result of the completion of a call from the line subscriber's telephone lines. Therefore, Defendants' bills contain charges for telephone-billed purchases.

Under Section 308.7(a)(1) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule a "billing entity" is defined as "any person who transmits a billing statement to a customer for a telephone-billed purchase, or any person who assumes responsibility for receiving and responding to billing error complaints." As described above, ALYON, directly or through one or more of the DOE Defendants, transmits billing statements to customers for telephone-billed purchases and assumes responsibility for receiving and responding to billing error complaints, and therefore is a billing entity.

Section 308.7(d) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule provides that once a customer has submitted notice of billing error, the billing entity must, either forgive the charge or send a written acknowledgment to the customer including a statement that any disputed amount need not be paid pending investigation of the billing error, no later than 40 days after receiving the notice; conduct a reasonable

1	investigation; and, where a billing error has occurred, correct the customer's			
2	account for any disputed amount and any related charges, and notify the customer			
3	setting forth the reasons why it has determined that no billing error occurred.			
4	Defendants have violated Section 308.7(d) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule by engaging			
5	in the following acts or practices including, but not limited to:			
6	a. After receiving notices of billing errors from customers,			
7	Defendants have failed and continue to fail to either correct billing errors			
8	and credit the accounts or transmit explanations of why Defendants have			
9	determined, after conducting a reasonable investigation, that no billing			
10	errors have occurred;			
11	b. Defendants have attempted and continue to attempt to			
12	collect disputed amounts from customers after such customers have			
13	submitted notices of billing errors to Defendants but before the Defendants			
14	have complied with Section 308.7(d) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule;			
15	ii. Section 308.7(g) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule provides that once a			
16	customer has submitted notice of a billing error to a billing entity, the customer			
17	need not pay, and the billing entity may not try to collect, any portion of any			
18	required payment that the customer reasonably believes is related to the disputed			
19	amount until the billing entity receiving the notice has conducted a reasonable			
20	investigation and either corrected the charge or determined that the charge is not			
21	in error, or set forth the reasons why it has determined that no billing error			
22	occurred. Defendants have violated Section 308.7(g) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule in			
23	that even after consumers submit notice of a billing error to Defendants, they			
24	have tried to collect payments from the consumer that the consumer reasonably			
25	believes are related to the disputed amount, without first notifying the consumer			
26	that Defendants have conducted a reasonable investigation and either corrected			
27	the charge or determined that the charge is not in error, or set forth the reasons			
28	why they have determined that no billing error occurred.			
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1	iii. Section 308.7(i) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule provides that once a	
2	billing entity has received notice of a billing error, the billing entity may not	
3	threaten directly or indirectly to report adverse information to any person because	
4	of the customer's withholding payment of the disputed amount or related charges,	
5	until the billing entity has met the requirements of 308.7(d) and allowed the	
6	customer as many days thereafter to make payments as prescribed by	
7	308.7(d)(3)(ii). Defendants have violated Section 308.7(i) of the Pay-Per-Call	
8	Rule in that Defendants have threatened and continue to threaten directly or	
9	indirectly to report adverse information because of customers' withholding of	
10	payment of disputed amounts, after such customers have submitted notices of	
11	billing errors to Defendants but before the Defendants have complied with Section	
12	308.7(d) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule;	
13	iv. Section 308.7(n) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule requires billing entities	
14	to notify their customers of their dispute resolution rights. Defendants have	
15	violated Section 308.7(n) of the Pay-Per-Call Rule in that Defendants have failed	
16	and continue to fail to provide customers with accurate notices of their dispute	
17	resolution rights under the Pay-Per-Call Rule as required.	
18	G. Defendants provide an "information-access service" as defined by	
19	Business and Professions Code section 17539.5 subdivision (a)(6) in that they permit	
20	consumers to access a telephone number, for which the consumer is assessed, by virtue of	
21	placing or completing the call, a charge that is greater than, or in addition to, the charge	
22	for the transmission of the call. Defendants are an "information provider" as defined by	
23	Business and Professions Code section 17539.5 subdivision (a)(5) in that they advertise	
24	or sell an information-access service on whose behalf charges are billed. Business and	
25	Professions Code section 17539.5 subdivision (c) prohibits any person to solicit or sell an	
26	information access service unless the person clearly and conspicuously discloses in all	
27	solicitations an accurate description of the information-access service; the name, address,	
28	and non-900 telephone number of the information provider; the cost of the call if the call	
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COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTION , CIVIL PENALTIES, OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF

is based on a usage sensitive basis, the cost per minute or other unit of time. Defendants 1 2 have violated Business and Professions Code section 17539.5 subdivision (c) by placing 3 or causing to be placed on California consumers' computers, the dialing program offered through the service vendors' websites through which the consumer will be billed by the 4 5 ALYON billing system, without clearly and conspicuously disclosing the material terms of service, in that: 6 7 i. The disclosure statement if presented at all, is presented, in the 8 form of a text box that contains only a few lines of text at any one time. In some 9 instances, the disclosure statement, including, but not limited to, the cost of the 10 videotext services to which Defendants provide access and billing services, are 11 not actually available to be viewed in its entirety, in that the scroll capability 12 within the text box has been disabled; 13 ii. To print out the full text requires four or more pages; 14 iii. To accept the terms of service, consumers need not scroll through 15 the text, they only need to click "I Accept." 16 iv. Defendants do not clearly and conspicuously provide an accurate 17 description of how the ALYON Internet reconnect dialing program works. H. 18 Defendants send bills to consumers without providing sufficient time for 19 the consumers to pay the bill in that in numerous instances consumers receive their first 20 bill three or four days before payment is due. 21 I. Defendants do not provide adequate means for consumers to inquire about 22 the charges that appear on the bills in that, in numerous instances: 23 i. consumers report being unable to reach a representative by calling 24 ALYON's toll-free number; 25 ii. consumers who have e-mailed Defendant ALYON with inquiries 26 receive only a form response; and 27 iii. when consumers do reach an ALYON representative, the 28 representative represents that consumers, as line subscribers, are responsible for 14 COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTION, CIVIL PENALTIES, OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF

1	the charges made over their telephone lines, regardless of the explanation.		
2	J. Defendants have violated Penal Code section 313.1, subdivision (a) in that		
3	they have, while failing to exercise reasonable care in ascertaining the true ages of		
4	minors, knowingly distributed, sent, or caused to be sent harmful matter, within the		
5	meaning of Penal Code section 313, subdivision (a), to said minors, and Defendants do		
6	not constitute a telephone corporation as defined by Public Utilities Code section 234.		
7	PRAYER FOR RELIEF		
8	WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays for judgment as follows:		
9	1. That pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17203 and 17535,		
10	Defendants, their successors, agents, representatives, employees, and all other persons who act		
11	under, by, through, or on behalf of any of them, or any of them, be permanently restrained and		
12	enjoined from doing any of the following acts:		
13	A. Making or disseminating any of the untrue or misleading statements		
14	alleged in paragraphs 26 and 27 of this complaint or any other untrue or misleading		
15	statement in violation of Business and Professions Code sections 17500 et seq., relating		
16	to the ALYON billing system services.		
17	B. Engaging in any of the acts of unfair competition set forth in paragraph 29		
18	of this complaint or any other act of unfair competition in violation of Business and		
19	Professions Code sections 17200 et seq., relating to ALYON billing system services.		
20	2. That pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17203 and 17535,		
21	Defendants be ordered to restore to California consumers any money which Defendants have		
22	acquired by means of their violations of section 17200 or 17500, respectively.		
23	3. That pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17206, each Defendant be		
24	assessed a civil penalty of \$2,500.00 for each violation of Business and Professions Code section		
25	17200, as proven at trial, but in an amount of not less than \$1,000,000.00.		
26	4. That pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17536, each Defendant be		
27	assessed a civil penalty of \$2,500.00 for each violation of Business and Professions Code section		
28	17500, as proven at trial, but in an amount of not less than \$1,000,000.00.		
	15		

1	5. That plaintiff have such other and further relief as the nature of the case may			
2	require and as the court deems appropriate and necessary.			
3		6. That plaintiff recover its costs.		
4				
5		Dated:	: May 15, 2003	
6			Re	espectfully submitted,
7				LL LOCKYER
8				ttorney General of the State of California ERSCHEL T. ELKINS
9				enior Assistant Attorney General
10				LBERT NORMAN SHELDEN apervising Deputy Attorney General
11			π	. HOWARD WAYNE JDITH A. FIORENTINI
12			De	eputy Attorneys General
13				
14			JZ Ød	JDITH A. FIORENTINI eputy Attorney General
15			At	ttorneys for Plaintiff, People of the State of alifornia
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