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St. Francis Medical Center

Community Health Needs Assessment
2013

Member of Daughters of Charity Health System

Humanus
Research and Evaluation

SFMC Community Health Needs Assessment 2013

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An Overview

Established in 1945, St. Francis Medical Center of Lynwood (SFMC) is the only comprehensive, non-profit health care institution serving Southeast Los Angeles. The Medical Center provides a full range of diagnostic and treatment services for 700,000 adults and 300,000 children who depend on SFMC for high quality and compassionate medical care. SFMC is committed to respecting the dignity of each patient and to caring for the whole person – body, mind and spirit.

Our Mission and Values

SFMC is a member of the Daughters of Charity Health System. The Mission of SFMC reflects the guiding principle of the Daughters of Charity – caring for those who are sick and underserved.

SFMC fulfills its Mission by living out the Vincentian Values:

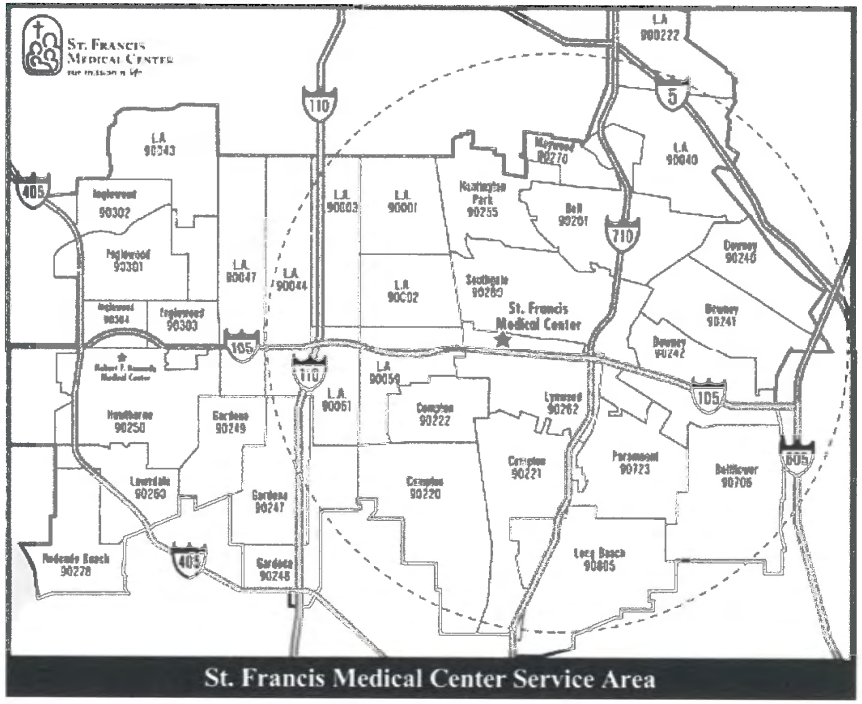
Respect
Compassionate Service
Simplicity
Advocacy for the Poor
Inventiveness to Infinity

In the spirit of our founders, St. Vincent de Paul, St. Louise de Marillac, and St. Elizabeth Ann Seton, the Daughters of Charity Health System is committed to serving the sick and the poor. With Jesus Christ as our model, we advance and strengthen the healing mission of the Catholic Church by providing comprehensive, excellent health care that is compassionate and attentive to the whole person: *body, mind and spirit*. We promote healthy families, responsible stewardship of the environment, and a just society through value-based relationships and community-based collaboration.

SFMC's Service Area

SFMC provides quality medical care, educational programs and support services to the 1,000,000 residents of communities in Southeast Los Angeles County including Lynwood, South Gate, Downey, Huntington Park, Bell, Cudahy, Paramount, Bell Gardens, Long Beach, Maywood and Compton.

The patients of SFMC, located in Lynwood, California, generally live within a 5-mile area between the 110 Freeway on the West, the 605 Freeway on the East, the 91 Freeway on the South and the Alameda Corridor on the North.



St. Francis Medical Center Service Area

Our Health Care Services

The Medical Center operates a 384-bed acute care hospital, with five community-based health clinics, and one of the largest and busiest private emergency trauma centers in Los Angeles County. We offer a full range of diagnostic and treatment services provided by more than 2,000 associates and 350 affiliated physicians. The Family Life Center is supported by a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit and Pediatric Health Unit. Our Center for Heart and Vascular Medicine offers a full range of imaging services including state-of-the-art CT Angiography. In addition, we have specialized centers for Women's Imaging, Behavioral Health, and Wound Care.

Community service programs include a Children's Counseling Center, Health Benefits Resource Center, Casa de Esperanza transitional housing, "Footprints" shoes and clothing for families, and numerous senior wellness and youth mentoring programs. Healthy Community Initiatives bring screenings, immunizations, and health education though its mobile unit to more than 15,000 adults and children annually, and Vida Sana "Healthy Life" provides nutrition, stress-reduction, fitness, and healthy lifestyle sessions that target heart health, obesity, and diabetes through local church collaborations. **SFMC's wide array of specialized services include:**

- 24-hour Emergency Services and Trauma Center
- Approved for Emergency Pediatric Care
- Base Station for L.A. County Mobile Intensive Care Squads
- Helipad for Emergency Air Transport
- Maternal, Child and Family Health Clinics
  - -Located in Lynwood, Compton, Huntington Park, Downey
- Heart and Vascular Center
  - -Cardiovascular, Endovascular and Open Heart Surgery
  - -Coronary Care Unit
  - -Pacemaker Clinic
  - -2 Cardiac Catheterization Labs
  - -3 Interventional Labs
- Inpatient and Outpatient Cancer Care Center
- Family Life Center
  - -Obstetrics, Gynecology, Labor and Delivery
  - -Neonatal Intensive Care
  - -Perinatal Diagnostic Services
  - -Pediatrics
- Diagnostic & Therapeutic Radiology
  - -CT Scan
  - -MRI/MRA
  - -Ultrasound
  - -3D Mammography
  - -Fluoroscopy
  - -Nuclear Medicine
  - -Radiation Therapy
  - -Interventional Radiology
- 36-bed Intensive Care Unit
- Outpatient Ambulatory Care Services
- Acute Renal Dialysis
- Cardiopulmonary Laboratory
- Physical, Occupational and Speech Therapy
- Skilled Nursing Facility
- Behavioral Health Unit
- Children's Counseling Center
- Social Services
- Spiritual Care Services
- Patient Advocacy
- Healthy Community Initiatives
- Health Benefits Resource Center
- Wound Care Center
- Women's Imaging Center

Ensuring Health Care Access

As a member of the Daughters of Charity Health System, the Mission of SFMC reflects the guiding principal of the Daughters of Charity – serving the sick poor. The medical center's operating policy of providing health care for all ill and injured persons, regardless of their ability to pay, has resulted in it being designated by the federal government as a health care institution that serves "a disproportionate share of the medically indigent."

SFMC ranks among the top 10 percent of institutions in this country that serve the medically indigent. It is of note that approximately 80 percent of SFMC's reimbursements for service are derived from Medi-Cal, Medicare, and L.A. County.

Community Health Needs Assessment and Our Strategic Plan

The Community Needs Assessment is an integral part of the Medical Center's Strategic Planning process, which is managed by the Medical Center's Management Council. All strategic planning, budgeting and programming processes are focused on assuring productive use of medical center resources to respond to the changing needs of our community.

The results of the Needs Assessment are integrated into the Medical Center's long-range planning activity, as well as program specific planning. During the annual update of the Medical Center's strategic plan, data derived from the Community Needs Assessment is integrated with the external environment analysis and the organizational analysis. Additional input and information are gathered both informally and through community meetings with stakeholders and community representatives.

The data presented in the Community Health Needs Assessment and the subsequent analysis and prioritization of community needs form the foundation for SFMC's Community Benefit Plan and corresponding programs. St. Francis Medical Center's Board of Directors reviews and gives final approval of SFMC's Community Benefit Plan.

Responding to the Needs of Our Community

Providing high quality, compassionate care for adults and children who are poor and underserved is at the heart of SFMC's Mission. SFMC's ultimate goal is to dramatically improve the health of the community. In response to the community's needs, St. Francis Medical Center's Wellness and Healthy Community Initiatives reflect:

- SFMC's core values of Respect, Compassionate Service, Simplicity, Advocacy for the Poor and Inventiveness to Infinity
- A long tradition of creating innovative programs designed to meet community needs
- An unwavering commitment to building a healthier community
- Strong relationships with collaborative partners
- A commitment to utilizing the most advanced technology possible while delivering services in a caring and nurturing manner

Our response requires an understanding of how key social forces, especially economic and social trends, are shaping SFMC's local community. Like most of Southern California, SFMC's service area is part of a dynamic, diverse community. This population presents a wealth of opportunity and also poses significant challenges as we seek to provide effective medical care, educational programs, and social services to residents. Innovation, flexibility, mission focus and strong collaborative relationships are essential to SFMC's efforts to build a healthier community.

A Shared Commitment to Community Wellness

SFMC's Community Benefit Programs are enhanced by a common purpose – both internally and externally – to improve the health of our community. Internal collaboration involves hospital administration, SFMC associates, affiliated physicians, direct service volunteers, leadership volunteers and a cadre of generous donors. Community partners include elected representatives, community organizations, public agencies, churches, public and private schools, local businesses and individuals from throughout SFMC's service area that share SFMC's vision and commitment to wellness.

Through SFMC's Community Benefit Programs we strive to:

Nurture Healthy Children and Families
Foster Self-sufficiency
Enhance Individual & Community Well-being

It is through the Vision and Vincentian Values we embrace with the Daughters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul, our health care team of physicians, nurses, and staff, and community partners that we are building healthier communities and helping to put within everyone's reach, health, wellness, and wholeness.

How to interpret the data in this report

General Note:

The data in this report should be interpreted cautiously. Although the health indicator data may appear to suggest changes in one particular direction, there are likely several conflicting, demographic processes affecting observed patterns. For example, this report notes that there will be an increasingly elderly (age 65+) population in California over the next decade (2011-2021), at the same time that the state will continue to absorb flows of migration (which are predominantly a young adult population). Because health profiles vary among different age and race groups, health indicator data should be interpreted carefully. Health indicator data should be analyzed in consideration of the state's shifting racial and age dynamics.

Mortality Indicators:

The data for the mortality indicators are compiled from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, as well as the California Department of Public Health Assessment & Policy Section/Data Analysis Reporting Unit and can be compared across years to observe trends over time.

Health Indicators:

The data for the health indicators are compiled from the Key Indicator of Health reports from 2002/2003, 2007, 2009 and 2013 as well as from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. Due to changes in indicator criteria from one survey to the next these data can not be compared across years. The California data are from the California Health Interview Survey from 2003, 2005, 2007 and 2009.

Demographic Projections:

The data for the population projections are compiled from the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2010, Public Use Microdata Sample. The data for the community profiles are compiled from the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2007-2011, 5-year estimates.

Focus Groups:

Supplementary data are included throughout this report from the transcripts of four focus groups that were conducted at SFMC on May 17, 2013. The groups were comprised of key stakeholders, service providers and two groups of beneficiaries (one in English and one in Spanish).

How to interpret the data in this report

Focus Groups, cont.

The purpose of the focus groups was to collect qualitative information on health care issues that could elaborate on and enhance information gleaned from secondary data sources. Participants were identified and recruited by SFMC staff. The groups were mixed by age, race/ethnicity, and gender. Sixty-seven individuals participated in four separate focus groups, including:

Beneficiaries – Individuals or family members of individuals who received care or services from SFMC. Separate groups were conducted in English-speaking (N=7) and Spanish-speaking (N=30) beneficiaries, with a moderator fluent in Spanish conducting the latter.

Providers – Physicians, nurses, technicians, and support personnel who provide health care and social services to the community on a daily basis at SFMC and in the community (N=18).

Stakeholders – St. Francis Medical Center Board members, representatives from local elected officials' offices and local chambers of commerce, and community, education, and health care leaders (N=12).

The focus group discussions assessed:

The most important current health care and social concerns in the community that SFMC serves.

Barriers to accessing health care and ways to improve health care access.

Community assets including health care services available in the community and services that support health and wellness.

Personal experiences with SFMC services and perceptions of service quality.

MORTALITY

LEADING CAUSE OF DEATH

Mortality LA County

Coronary Heart Disease: In LA County, Coronary heart disease remains the leading cause of death over the decade. In 2009, the highest death rate was among African American men (266 per 100,000), the lowest among Asian/Pacific Islander women (75 per 100,000).

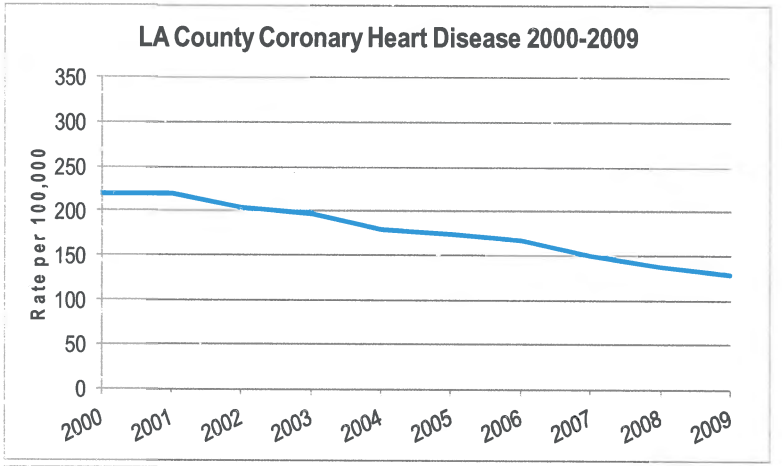
Stroke: Stroke was the second leading cause of death. In 2009, the highest rate was among African Americans (34 per 100,000) but rates have decreased over the last decade.

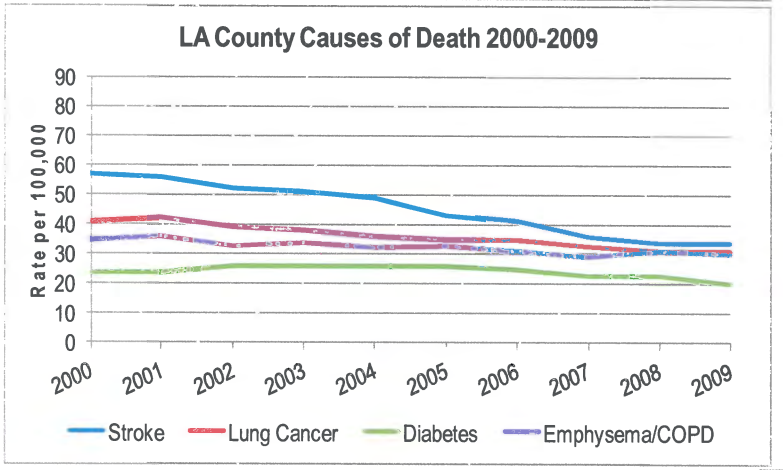
Lung Cancer: Lung cancer was the third leading cause of death. In 2009, the highest rate was among African American men (69 per 100,000), the lowest among Hispanic women (11 per 100,000).

Emphysema: Emphysema/COPD has been the fourth leading cause of death. In 2009, The highest rate was among African American men (54 per 100,000). However, Emphysema/COPD has not been a leading cause of premature death. The median age at death overall is 81 years.

Alzheimer's: Alzheimer's is the fifth leading cause of death in L.A. County, moving up from seventh in 2008. In 2009, the highest rate was among white women (28 per 100,000) and the lowest among Asian/Pacific Islander men (6 per 100,000). The death rate for Alzheimer's has increased 94% over the last 10 years reflecting an aging population and an increased awareness of the disease by the public.

LA County					
Cause of Death	# Deaths	Rank	Cause Premature	Years Life Lost	Rank
Coronary Heart Disease	12,725	1	Coronary Heart Diseas	59,440	1
Stroke	3,301	2	Homicide	31,270	2
Lung Cancer	2,958	3	Motor Vehicle Crash	22,017	3
Emphysema/COPD	2,904	4	Liver Disease	21,515	4
Alzheimers	216	5	Suicide	20,835	5





Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. Mortality in Los Angeles County 2009: Leading causes of death and premature death with trends for 2000 – 2009. October 2012.

Mortality LA County (2000-2010)

LA COUNTY DATA	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	% CHANGE 2000-10 **2005-10
MORTALITY HEALTH INDICATOR *Age-adjusted rates per 100,000	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	
CORONARY HEART DISEASE	231.8	224.5	214.5	186.2	170.4	179.5	169.7	160.9	151.1	140.3	132.8	**-43%**
STROKE	59.7	57.5	55.1	47.7	44.6	46.8	43.3	39.5	36.9	35.0	34.2	**-43%**
CHRONIC LOWER RESPIRATORY DISEASE	*	*	*	*	*	33.8	32.6	32.0	31.8	32.0	31.3	-7%**
LUNG CANCER	41.9	41.3	39.8	37.1	34.7	35.4	34.3	33.4	32.4	31.5	30.9	-26%
ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE	*	*	*	*	*	16.3	16.8	18.1	19.7	21.3	22.4	**38%****
INFLUENZA/PNEUMONIA	*	*	*	*	*	27.3	26.1	25.3	24.1	22.9	21.7	-21%**
DIABETES	24.2	23.9	24.7	23.8	23.9	25.4	25.0	24.2	23.4	22.1	20.8	-14%
PROSTATE CANCER	*	*	*	*	*	22.1	21.2	21.3	20.8	20.9	20.3	-8%**
FEMALE BREAST CANCER	24.2	23.6	22.9	22.2	21.8	22.6	22.1	21.5	20.5	20.8	20.2	-17%
ACCIDENTS (UNINTENTIONAL INJURIES)	22.0	21.8	22.3	23.0	23.3	23.5	23.2	23.0	22.3	21.3	19.8	-10%
COLORECTAL CANCER	*	*	*	*	*	16.2	15.5	14.9	14.5	14.2	13.8	-15%**
CHRONIC LIVER DISEASE AND CIRRHOSIS	*	*	*	*	*	11.1	11.0	11.1	11.1	11.4	11.3	2%**
FIREARM-RELATED DEATHS	*	*	*	*	*	11.9	11.4	10.7	9.8	8.9	8.2	-31%**
SUICIDE	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.6	-6%
HOMICIDE	9.9	10.4	11.2	10.9	10.8	10.6	10.5	9.7	8.8	7.7	6.9	-30%
DRUG-INDUCED DEATHS	7.8	7.4	7.5	8.2	8.5	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.4	7.2	6.9	-12%
MOTOR VEHICLE CRASH	8.6	8.8	9.1	9.3	9.4	9.7	9.6	9.1	8.6	7.5	6.5	-24%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Mortality LA County Data request provided by John Rudzinskas, RPS1 California Department of Public Health Assessment & Policy Section/Data Analysis Reporting Unit. Indicators are 3-yr. averages, e.g., 2010 mortality indicators are the 2008-2010 average for each indicator.

Mortality SPA 6

Coronary heart disease: In SPA 6, coronary heart disease was the leading cause of death at 178.2 per 100,000, down 35.3% from 2000. Coronary heart disease is also the leading cause of premature death in SPA 6, followed closely by Homicide.

Stroke: Stroke was the second leading cause of death at 45.5 per 100,000 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates have decreased 42.8%.

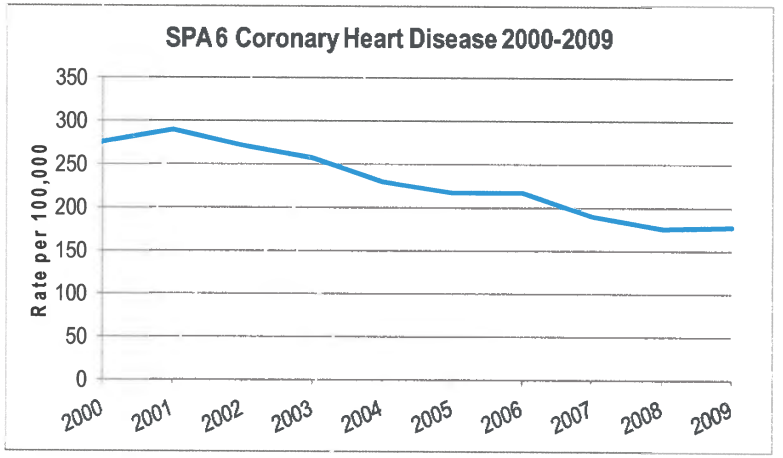
Lung cancer: Lung cancer was the third leading cause of death at 39.9 per 100,00 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates per 100,000 have decreased 22.4%.

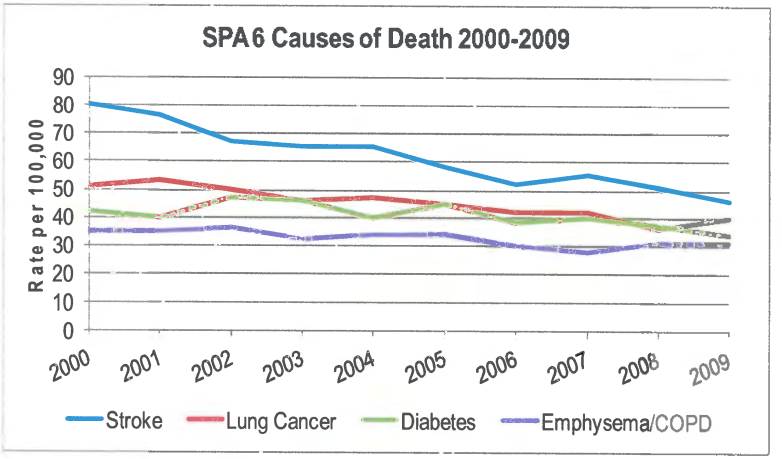
Diabetes: Diabetes was the fourth leading cause of death at 34.1 per 100,000. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates have decreased 18.7%.

Emphysema: Emphysema was the fifth leading cause of death at 31.3 per 100,000 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates have decreased 11%.

Alzheimer's: Alzheimer's was the ninth-leading cause of death in 2009 with a rate of 18.3 per 100,000. This was an 88.6% increase from 2000.

SPA 6					
Cause of Death	# Deaths	Rank	Cause Premature	Years Life Lost	Rank
Coronary Heart Disease	1,271	1	Coronary Heart Diseas	8,926	1
Stroke	323	2	Homicide	8,891	2
Lung Cancer	275	3	Motor Vehicle Crash	3,480	3
Diabetes	247	4	Diabetes	2,661	4
Emphysema/COPD	216	5	Stroke	2,545	5





Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. Mortality in Los Angeles County 2009: Leading causes of death and premature death with trends for 2000 – 2009. October 2012.

Mortality SPA 6 (2000-2009)

SPA 6 DATA	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	% CHANGE 2000-09
MORTALITY HEALTH INDICATOR *Age-adjusted rates per 100,000	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	
CORONARY HEART DISEASE	275.4	289.0	271.0	257.0	230.0	217.8	217.6	191.3	175.8	178.2	-35.3%
STROKE	79.5	76.0	67.0	65.0	65.0	58.2	51.9	55.3	51.1	45.5	**-42.8%**
LUNG CANCER	51.4	53.0	50.0	46.0	47.0	45.5	41.8	42.1	36.0	39.9	-22.4%
DIABETES	41.9	40.0	47.0	46.0	40.0	44.8	37.9	40.1	37.4	34.1	-18.7%
PROSTATE CANCER	*	*	*	35.7	43.0	37.6	34.1	44.2	38.4	39.6	10.9%*
EMPHYSEMA	35.2	35.0	36.0	32.0	34.0	34.4	30.3	27.6	31.4	31.3	-11.0%
BREAST CANCER (FEMALE)	27.0	23.0	24.0	26.0	28.0	28.7	26.8	24.4	24.9	28.5	5.4%
PNEUMONIA/INFLUENZA	38.1	37.0	33.0	30.0	29.0	28.2	31.4	29.4	27.1	24.6	-35.4%
COLORECTAL CANCER	23.2	23.0	22.0	22.0	23.0	20.0	21.4	16.4	18.2	19.8	-14.5%
ALZHEIMER'S	9.7	11.7	10.6	12.8	17.9	16.3	15.8	13.7	18.5	18.3	**88.6%**
HOMICIDE	31.0	32.0	34.0	29.0	32.0	34.1	27.9	21.9	20.8	17.2	**-44.6%**
LIVER DISEASE	17.7	17.0	17.0	15.0	17.0	13.6	15.5	15.9	14.5	16.5	-6.6%
MOTOR VEHICLE CRASH	10.8	13.4	11.7	11.5	11.0	10.2	12.7	12.7	11.9	9.6	-11.4%
DRUG OVERDOSE	6.0	6.0	9.0	7.0	5.0	8.1	5.6	8.2	7.3	8.0	33.8%
HIV	10.9	11.0	10.0	12.0	13.0	8.8	6.8	9.0	9.6	7.1	-34.8%
SUICIDE	5.4	5.0	5.0	4.0	5.0	3.4	4.8	4.0	5.0	3.5	-35.4%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. Mortality in Los Angeles County 2009: Leading causes of death and premature death with trends for 2000 – 2009. October 2012.

Mortality SPA 7

Coronary heart disease: In SPA 7, Coronary heart disease was the leading cause of death at 122.3 per 100,000, down 45.5% from 2000. Coronary heart disease is also the leading cause of premature death in SPA 7.

Stroke: Stroke was the second leading cause of death at 33.7 per 100,000 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates have decreased 40.8%.

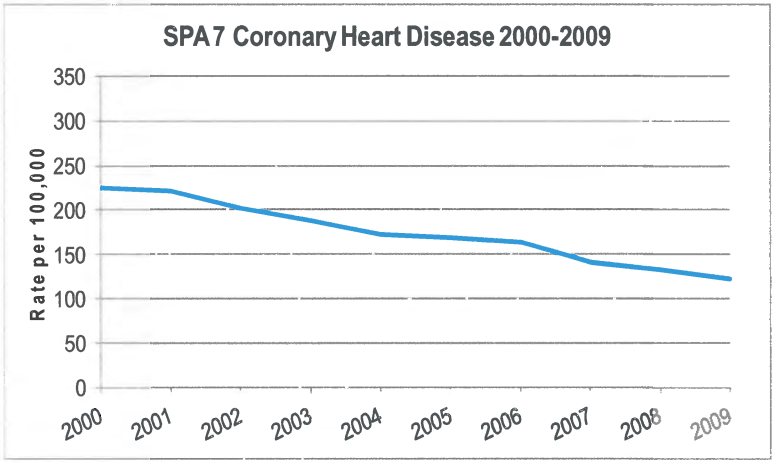
Emphysema: Emphysema was the third leading cause of death at 30.7 per 100,000 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates have decreased 20.9%.

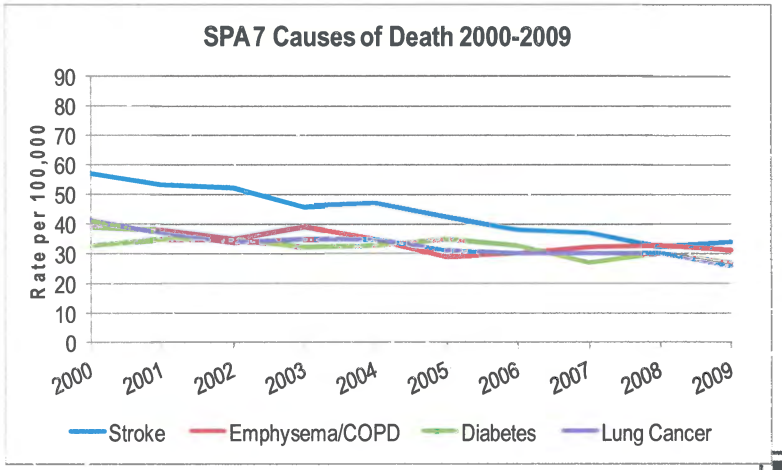
Diabetes: Diabetes was the fourth leading cause of death at 27.5 per 100,000. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates have decreased 16.8%.

Lung cancer: Lung cancer was the fifth leading cause of death at 25.9 per 100,000 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates per 100,000 have decreased 37.6%.

Alzheimer's: Alzheimer's was the eighth-leading cause of death in 2009 with a rate of 21 per 100,000. This was a 136% increase from 2000.

SPA 7					
Cause of Death	**# Deaths**	**Rank**	**Cause Premature**	**Years Life Lost**	**Rank**
Coronary Heart Disease	1,488	1	Coronary Heart Diseas	7,235	1
Stroke	411	2	Homicide	4,341	2
Emphysema/COPD	359	3	Liver Disease	3,585	3
Diabetes	323	4	Motor Vehicle Crash	2,831	4
Lung Cancer	300	5	Suicide	2,634	5





Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. Mortality in Los Angeles County 2009: Leading causes of death and premature death with trends for 2000 – 2009. October 2012.

Mortality SPA 7 (2000-2009)

SPA 7 DATA	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	% CHANGE2000-09
MORTALITY HEALTH INDICATOR *Age-adjusted rates per 100,000	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	
CORONARY HEART DISEASE	224.6	222.0	203.0	189.0	172.0	168.9	164.0	141.5	132.9	122.3	**-45.5%**
STROKE	56.9	53.0	52.0	46.0	47.0	42.0	37.5	37.0	31.8	33.7	**-40.8%**
LUNG CANCER	41.5	37.0	34.0	35.0	35.0	31.0	29.9	30.4	30.2	25.9	-37.6%
DIABETES	33.0	35.0	35.0	32.0	33.0	34.8	32.8	27.0	30.0	27.5	-16.8%
EMPHYSEMA	38.8	38.0	35.0	39.5	35.0	29.4	30.2	32.0	32.8	30.7	-20.9%
BREAST CANCER (FEMALE)	20.8	24.0	18.0	24.0	21.0	20.9	18.9	22.1	17.3	23.0	10.3%
PNEUMONIA/INFLUENZA	32.2	29.0	27.0	25.0	25.0	23.2	25.6	20.5	20.8	21.5	-33.2%
COLORECTAL CANCER	17.0	16.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	14.4	13.7	14.0	12.8	-24.9%
PROSTATE CANCER	*	*	*	21.5	20.6	18.3	19.9	15.7	21.5	20.0	-7.0%*
ALZHEIMER'S	8.9	10.4	9.9	13.3	13.4	13.3	17.2	14.4	19.5	21.0	**136.0%**
HOMICIDE	7.9	8.0	9.0	8.0	7.0	9.0	8.7	7.3	6.7	7.0	-11.6%
LIVER DISEASE	19.3	15.0	17.0	16.0	15.0	15.4	14.0	16.7	16.4	18.5	-4.3%
MOTOR VEHICLE CRASH	7.9	8.0	9.0	8.6	8.0	8.2	8.3	9.2	8.3	6.3	-20.6%
DRUG OVERDOSE	5.0	6.0	5.0	6.0	5.0	4.1	6.0	6.1	4.7	5.3	6.4%
HIV	2.8	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.2	2.1	1.8	-34.3%
SUICIDE	6.8	7.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.4	4.4	5.0	5.6	7.1	4.1%

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. Mortality in Los Angeles County 2009: Leading causes of death and premature death with trends for 2000 – 2009. October 2012.

Mortality SPA 8

Coronary heart disease: In SPA 8, Coronary heart disease was the leading cause of death at 130.8 per 100,000, down 43.1% from 2000. Coronary heart disease is also the leading cause of premature death in SPA 8.

Lung cancer: Lung cancer was the second leading cause of death at 36.1 per 100,000 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates per 100,000 have decreased 22.3%.

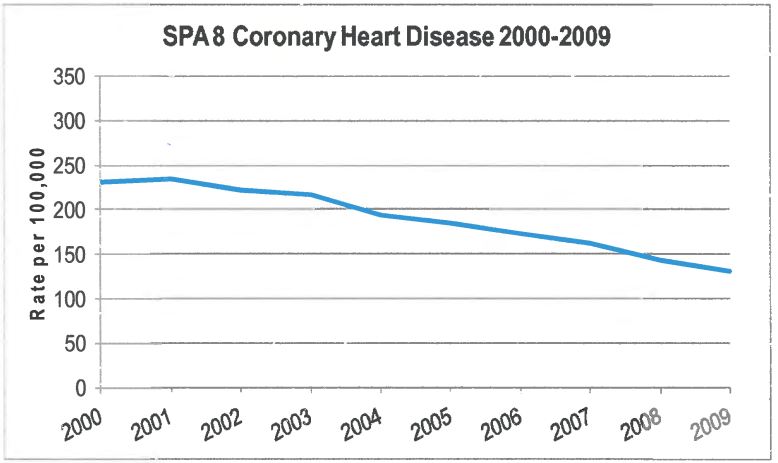
Stroke: Stroke was the third leading cause of death at 33.4 per 100,000 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates have decreased 47%.

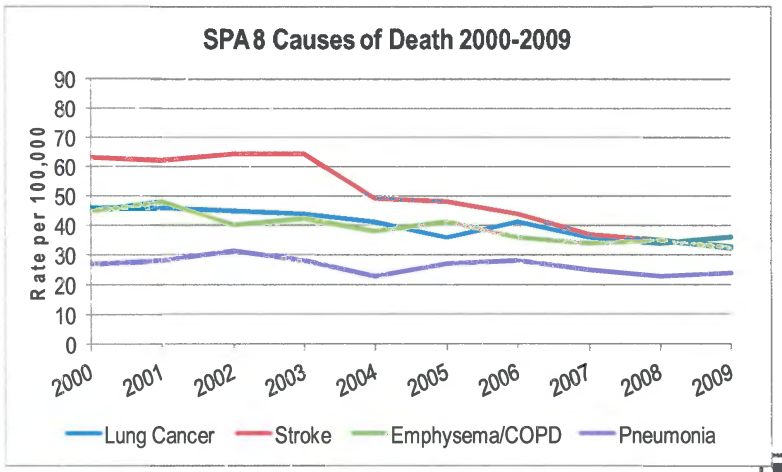
Emphysema: Emphysema was the fourth leading cause of death at 32.4 per 100,000 in 2009. From 2000 to 2009, overall rates have decreased 27.2%.

Pneumonia/Influenza: Pneumonia/Influenza was the fifth leading cause of death in 2009 at 23.6 per 100,000, however, this is an 13.4% decrease from 2000.

Alzheimer's: Alzheimer's was the seventh-leading cause of death in 2009 with a rate of 20.1 per 100,000. This was a 78% increase from 2000.

SPA 8					
Cause of Death	# Deaths	Rank	Cause Premature	Years Life Lost	Rank
Coronary Heart Disease	2,029	1	Coronary Heart Diseas	10,507	1
Lung Cancer	541	2	Homicide	6,623	2
Stroke	510	3	Lung Cancer	3,282	3
Emphysema/COPD	488	4	Drug Overdose	3,222	4
Pneumonia	360	5	Liver Disease	2,895	5





Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. Mortality in Los Angeles County 2009: Leading causes of death and premature death with trends for 2000 – 2009. October 2012.

Mortality SPA 8 (2000-2009)

SPA 8 DATA	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	% CHANGE 2000-09
MORTALITY HEALTH INDICATOR *Age-adjusted rates per 100,000	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	RATE	
CORONARY HEART DISEASE	230.0	233.0	221.0	217.0	193.0	185.1	172.5	162.0	142.9	130.8	**-43.1%**
LUNG CANCER	46.4	46.0	45.0	44.0	41.0	36.4	40.5	36.2	33.5	36.1	-22.3%
STROKE	63.0	62.0	64.0	64.0	49.0	47.7	43.7	37.2	34.7	33.4	**-47.0%**
DIABETES	23.2	22.0	24.0	26.0	23.0	23.3	24.6	23.3	20.6	18.3	-21.3%
EMPHYSEMA	44.5	48.0	40.0	42.0	38.0	41.0	35.7	34.0	34.6	32.4	-27.2%
BREAST CANCER (FEMALE)	25.1	27.0	22.0	23.0	26.0	24.3	17.8	22.4	20.7	23.3	-7.2%
PNEUMONIA/INFLUENZA	27.2	28.0	31.0	28.0	23.0	27.2	27.6	25.1	23.2	23.6	-13.4%
PROSTATE CANCER	*	*	*	22.9	21.7	29.3	21.7	23.9	20.9	20.2	-11.8%*
COLORECTAL CANCER	16.9	18.0	16.0	19.0	17.0	15.0	15.0	14.4	15.0	15.3	-9.5%
ALZHEIMER'S	11.3	13.9	11.3	16.1	13.8	17.2	16.7	19.4	20.8	20.1	**78.0%**
HOMICIDE	12.5	11.0	12.0	12.0	11.0	10.0	11.2	8.9	8.6	8.7	-30.1%
LIVER DISEASE	12.4	11.0	12.0	11.0	10.0	10.7	10.2	11.8	10.9	10.9	-12.5%
MOTOR VEHICLE CRASH	8.7	8.5	7.6	7.6	7.0	7.5	8.8	7.1	7.0	5.5	-36.4%
DRUG OVERDOSE	5.0	5.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	4.9	5.0	6.4	6.7	6.5	30.0%
HIV	5.6	6.0	5.0	4.0	5.0	4.4	4.0	4.3	4.4	3.5	-38.0%
SUICIDE	7.2	9.0	9.0	8.0	7.0	7.4	6.9	6.7	8.8	6.8	-5.1%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. Mortality in Los Angeles County 2009: Leading causes of death and premature death with trends for 2000 – 2009. October 2012.

HEALTH INDICATORS

ADULTS

Health Indicators Adults

Environment and Neighborhood

•Percent of adults who perceive their neighborhood is safe from crime is consistently lower in SPA 6 compared to other areas for each time period

Health Status

•Percent of adults (18-64 years old) with reported fair to poor health status was highest among Latinos (27.5%) followed by African Americans (21.6%)

•Among health districts, it was highest in the Southeast, East LA and Compton districts (38.8%, 32.7%, and 30.9% respectively)

According to stakeholder and provider focus group participants, among the primary health concerns over the last two to three years in the SFMC service area, the following were highlighted:

•Diabetes
•Obesity
•High blood pressure
•Pulmonary disease

Also according to stakeholder provider participants, African American and Latino community members remain disproportionately affected by these health concerns

"Obesity is a problem in our community because many of our folks have no access to or aren't aware of healthy foods they can be eating. As a high risk OB provider I see a lot of hypertension and diabetes in our pregnant women because they do not have access to the foods that we recommend by our diabetic center at St Francis, and combine that with the cultural difficulties and challenges with accepting the initial diagnosis of hypertension or diabetes and what that actually means. We have the challenge with access to services and in educating our community."—Provider focus group participant

Health Indicators Adults (2011)
Education, Environment and Neighborhood, and Health Status

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	CA	L.A.	SPA 6	SPA 7	SPA 8
	2009	2011	2011	2011	2011
Education (18-64 yrs)					
Less than high school	16.0%	23.2%	38.8%	27.5%	18.9%
High school	25.5%	22.3%	24.2%	28.1%	25.6%
Some college or trade school	24.0%	27.9%	25.5%	29.9%	28.4%
College or post graduate degree	34.6%	26.6%	11.5%	14.5%	27.0%
Environment and Neighborhood					
Perceived neighborhood is safe from crime (feel safe in the neighborhood all or some of the time	*	84.3%	64.4%	84.2%	86.3%
Easy to get fresh produce (fruits/vegetables)	*	89.7%	77.9%	89.4%	89.2%
Percent of household with children exposed to tobacco smoke at home	*	16.7%	19.3%	22.5%	14.5%
Health Status					
Fair/Poor Health Status	15.2%	20.7%	30.5%	24.1%	17.6%
Average # of days (past month) activities limited due to poor physical or mental health	*	2.1	2.5	2.0	1.7
Average number of unhealthy days (past month)	*	5.4	6.1	5.3	5.0
Average number of poor mental health days (past month)	*	3.3	4.0	3.5	2.9
Percent of adults who provided care or assistance during the past month to another adult	*	20.0%	16.9%	25.5%	24.0%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Adults (2003-2011) – CA and LA County
Education, Environment and Neighborhood, and Health Status

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.								
	CA				LA County			
	2003	2005	2007	2009	2003	2005	2007	2011
Education (18-64 yrs)								
Less than high school	19.7%	16.0%	15.9%	16.0%	*	*	22.1%	23.2%
High school	23.7%	25.7%	26.5%	25.5%	*	*	18.6%	22.3%
Some college or trade school	25.4%	25.2%	24.8%	24.0%	*	*	24.4%	27.9%
College or post graduate degree	31.1%	33.2%	32.7%	34.6%	*	*	34.9%	26.6%
Environment and Neighborhood								
Perceived neighborhood is safe from crime	*	92.4%	94.4%	*	79.4%	80.9%	82.1%	84.3%
Easy to get fresh produce (fruits/vegetables)	*	*	*	*	*	*	36.0%*	89.7%
Household with children exposed to tobacco smoke at home	*	*	*	*	6.8%	3.5%	13.2%*	16.7%
Health Status								
Fair/Poor Health Status	*	16.3%	15.8%	15.2%	21.6%	20.6%	18.5%	20.7%
Average # of days (past month) activities limited due to poor physical or mental health	*	*	*	*	2.5	2.4	2.1	2.1
Average number of unhealthy days (past month)	*	*	*	*	*	6.4	5.4	5.4
Average number of poor mental health days (past month)	*	*	*	*	*	*	3.1	3.3
Percent of adults who provided care or assistance during the past month to another adult	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	20.0%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Adults (2003-2011)–SPA 6, SPA 7, and SPA 8 Education, Environment and Neighborhood, and Health Status

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	SPA 6: South				SPA 7: East				SPA 8: South Bay			
	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011
Education (18-64 yrs)												
Less than high school	*	*	39.3%	38.8%	*	*	30.0%	27.5%	*	*	19.4%	18.9%
High school	*	*	23.2%	24.2%	*	*	24.6%	28.1%	*	*	16.9%	25.6%
Some college or trade school	*	*	28.1%	25.5%	*	*	24.7%	29.9%	*	*	26.3%	28.4%
College or post graduate degree	*	*	9.4%	11.5%	*	*	20.8%	14.5%	*	*	37.4%	27.0%
Environment and Neighborhood												
Perceived neighborhood is safe from crime	54.4%	57.7%	57.0%	64.4%	80.9%	82.6%	82.4%	84.2%	80.9%	82.8%	81.8%	86.3%
Easy to get fresh produce (fruits/vegetables)	*	*	27.6%	77.9%	*	*	30.6%	89.4%	*	*	38.3%	89.2%
Percent of household with children exposed to tobacco smoke at home	8.5%	5.6%	9.4%*	19.3%	6.5%	2.9%	17.3%*	22.5%	7.4%	3.4%	14.3%	14.5%
Health Status												
Fair/Poor Health Status	30.1%	33.4%	27.1%	30.5%	24.6%	23.2%	19.1%	24.1%	21.0%	20.5%	17.4%	17.6%
Average # of days (past month) activities limited due to poor physical or mental health	2.7	3.3	3.1	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.0	1.7
Average number of unhealthy days (past month	*	7.9	6.8	6.1	*	6.2	5.1	5.3	*	6.2	5.3	5.0
Average number of poor mental health days (past month)	*	*	*	4.0	*	*	*	3.5	*	*	*	2.9
Percent of adults who provided care or assistance during the past month to another adult	*	*	*	16.9%	*	*	*	25.5%	*	*	*	24.0%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Adults

Dental Care

•Adults (18+ years old) who were unable to obtain dental care was highest among African Americans (38.0%) and Latinos (36.6%)

Access to Care

•Adults (18+ years old) who were unable to see a doctor for a health problem was highest among African Americans (21.0%) and Latinos (19.2%)
•Among health districts, it was highest in the Compton (20.4%), East L.A. (22.2%) and Whittier (21.2%)

•Percent of adults (18+ years old) who reported that they could not obtain prescription medication was highest among African American (22.7%) and Latinos (17.0%)
•Among health districts, it was highest in the Southwest (18.8%) and Whittier (18.6%)

•Percent of adults (18+ years old) who reported not having a regular source of health care (RSC) was consistently higher in SPA 6 compared to other areas for each time period
•It was highest among Latinos (26.7%) and Asian/PI (22.6%)
•Among health districts, it was highest in the Southeast (38.9%), Compton (29.7%), Harbor (23.9%), Southwest (23.5%), Inglewood (22.9%), and San Antonio (21.0%)

"A majority of our patients have Medi-Cal and for pregnancy and emergency are covered. The specialists do not accept temp Medi-Cal or pregnancy related Medi-Cal.."—Provider focus group participant

- Percent of adults (18+ years old) who reported that obtaining medical care when needed is difficult was consistently higher in SPA 6 compared to other areas for each time period
- It was highest among Latinos (45.6%), African Americans (27.2%) and Asian/PI (31.4%)
- It was consistently highest in SPA 6 compared to other areas for each time period
- Among health districts, it was highest in the Southeast (56.3%), South (49.1%), East L.A. (45.3%), Compton (42.4%) and San Antonio (41.2%)

"According to clients, they are not finding a lot of free health services available to the community. Or when they do receive services, it takes a long time before they are seen. When they need a specialist (such as cardiologist or neurologist) it is always problematic and it can be seven to ten months before they can be seen. It's even worse, for single males and the poor…because priority services are given to women and children first. At the county clinics there are even longer waiting lists…approximately a year to see a specialist. As for the Senior citizens that only have Medicare Part A…If they have an acute attack and come to the hospital, they can only be admitted for a day or two because of lack of coverage."—Provider focus group participant

"We need to develop materials so we can educate the consumers especially with the affordable care act. There are going to people folks that have never had medical insurance and they are not going to be sure how to navigate to receive services."—Provider focus group participant

Health Indicators Adults

According to stakeholder and provider focus group participants, among the primary barriers to healthcare access and general healthy living in the SFMC service area, the following were highlighted:

- Linguistic isolation and illiteracy among immigrant communities
- Lack of free or low-cost services and long waiting periods for specialty care among low-income communities
- Lack of adequate transportation
- Lack of childcare
- The requirement of among specialist referrals that SFMC transfer patients for care

According to beneficiary focus group participants, language remains a key barrier to maintaining health and wellness

"There are no interpreters to receive help such as what the doctor said about their medical condition…if staff doesn't know Spanish they wont help the patient"—Beneficiary focus group participant

Health Indicators Adults (2011)
Health Insurance, Dental Insurance, and Access to Care

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.					
	CA	L.A.	SPA 6	SPA 7	SPA 8
	2009	2011	2011	2011	2011
Health Insurance (18-64 yrs)					
Medi-Cal	10.0%	17.3%	28.9%	18.8%	16.8%
Medicare	0.7%	1.4%	1.8%*	2.3%*	1.2%*
Private	7.3%	52.9%	31.1%	46.5%	55.3%
No Insurance	20.9%	28.5%	38.2%	32.4%	26.7%
Health Insurance (65+ yrs)					
Medi-Medi	18.6%	25.9%	38.0%	33.4%	22.3%
Medicare & Private	*	25.4%	21.4%	22.8%	26.8%
Medicare (only)	5.9%	36.9%	27.8%	28.1%	41.6%
Medi-Cal (w/o Medicare)	1.2%	3.4%	*	*	2.8%*
Private	0.2%	6.4%	6.7%*	7.4%*	5.3%*
No Insurance	0.9%	2.1%*	*	*	1.2%*
Dental Insurance					
No dental insurance 18-64 yrs	*	51.5%	64.6%	52.5%	48.2%
No dental insurance 65+ yrs	*	53.4%	48.8%	56.3%	55.6%
Access to Care					
No regular source of care	14.2%	20.9%	26.5%	18.1%	18.8%
Difficulty accessing medical care	12.5%	31.7%	44.6%	34.6%	28.5%
Did not obtain dental care because could not afford it (past yr)	*	30.3%	35.0%	33.9%	27.4%
Did not obtain needed prescription medication because could not afford it (past yr)	8.2%	15.4%	18.8%	15.3%	15.1%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.
Health insurance data provided by Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology, Los Angeles County Department of Public Health.

Health Indicators Adults (2003-2011) – CA and LA County
Health Insurance, Dental Insurance, and Access to Care

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	CA				LA County			
	2003	2005	2007	2009	2003	2005	2007	2011
Health Insurance (18-64 yrs)								
Medi-Cal	*	9.8%	9.3%	10.0%	*	*	*	17.3%
Medicare	*	0.6%	0.5%	0.7%	*	*	*	1.4%
Private	*	7.0%	6.7%	7.3%	*	*	*	52.9%
No Insurance	*	18.8%	18.5%	20.9%	26.2%	21.8%	22.0%	28.5%
Health Insurance (65+ yrs)								
Medi-Medi	*	20.0%	18.6%	18.6%	*	*	*	25.9%
Medicare & Private	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	25.4%
Medicare (only)	*	10.7%	8.2%	5.9%	*	*	*	36.9%
Medi-Cal (w/o Medicare)	*	0.9%	1.1%	1.2%	*	*	*	3.4%
Private	*	0.6%	0.4%	0.2%	*	*	*	6.4%
No Insurance	*	0.7%	0.8%	0.9%	*	*	*	2.1%*
Dental Insurance								
No dental insurance 18-64 yrs	33.5%	*	31.4%	*	*	*	43.0%	51.5%
No dental insurance 65+ yrs	45.3%	*	47.3%	*	*	*	*	53.4%
Access to Care								
No regular source of care	12.5%	12.2%	*	14.2%	19.3%	19.8%	19.2%	20.9%
Difficulty accessing medical care	12.5%	*	13.4%	12.5%	*	30.1%	27.3%	31.7%
Did not obtain dental care because could not afford it (past yr)	17.3%	*	*	*	24.1%	25.6%	22.3%	30.3%
Did not obtain needed prescription medication because could not afford it (past yr)	10.2%	*	11.0%	8.2%	*	*	12.1%	15.4%

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Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.
Health insurance data provided by Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology, Los Angeles County Department of Public Health.

Health Indicators Adults (2003-2011)–SPA 6, SPA 7, and SPA 8
Health Insurance, Dental Insurance, and Access to Care

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	SPA 6: South				SPA 7: East				SPA 8: South Bay			
	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011
Health Insurance (18-64 yrs)												
Medi-Cal	*	*	*	28.9%	*	*	*	18.8%	*	*	*	16.8%
Medicare	*	*	*	1.8%*	*	*	*	2.3%*	*	*	*	1.2%*
Private	*	*	*	31.1%	*	*	*	46.5%	*	*	*	55.3%
No Insurance	36.4%	31.7%	32.9%	38.2%	28.7%	23.2%	24.2%	32.4%	22.5%	17.7%	17.9%	26.7%
Health Insurance (65+ yrs)												
Medi-Medi	*	*	*	38.0%	*	*	*	33.4%	*	*	*	22.3%
Medicare & Private	*	*	*	21.4%	*	*	*	22.8%	*	*	*	26.8%
Medicare (only)	*	*	*	27.8%	*	*	*	28.1%	*	*	*	41.6%
Medi-Cal (w/o Medicare)	*	*	*	-	*	*	*	-	*	*	*	2.8%*
Private	*	*	*	6.7%*	*	*	*	7.4%*	*	*	*	5.3%*
No Insurance	*	*	*	-	*	*	*	-	*	*	*	1.2%*
Dental Insurance												
No dental insurance 18-64 yrs	*	*	51.3%	64.6%	*	*	44.8%	52.5%			37.5%	48.2%
No dental insurance 65+ yrs	*	*	*	48.8%	*	*	*	56.3%				55.6%
Access to Care												
No regular source of care	21.1%	26.9%	20.9%	26.5%	18.6%	19.1%	19.4%	18.1%	15.9%	17.0%	16.5%	18.8%
Difficulty accessing medical care	*	43.9%	38.8%	44.6%	*	34.2%	27.2%	34.6%	*	26.2%	25.7%	28.5%
Did not obtain dental care because could not afford it (past yr)	27.2%	35.1%	28.8%	35.0%	26.6%	26.7%	24.0%	33.9%	22.1%	24.4%	22.1%	27.4%
Did not obtain needed prescription medication because could not afford it (past yr)	*	*	18.7%	18.8%	*	*	13.6%	15.3%	*	*	10.9%	15.1%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.
Health insurance data provided by Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology, Los Angeles County Department of Public Health.

Health Indicators Adults

Preventive Services

•Percent of women (50-74 Years Old) who reported having a mammogram in the past 2 years was lowest among Asian/PI (69.9%)
•Among health districts, it was lowest in the Harbor (67.6%), Inglewood (71.6%) and Whittier (73.8%)

•Percent of women (18-65 Years Old) who reported having a pap smear within the past 3 years was lowest among Asian/PI (65.9%) and American Indian/AN (72.5%)
•Among health districts, it was lowest in the Whittier (79.2%), Bellflower (79.8%) and Southeast (81.8%)

•Percent of Adults (18+ years old) who reported having a flu shot or pneumonia vaccination in the past 12 months was consistently lower in SPA 6 compared to other areas for each time period
•It was lowest among Latinos (25.0%) and African Americans (27.8%)
•Among health districts, it was lowest in the Compton (19.7%), East L.A. (24.0%), South (24.9%), Inglewood (26.1%), Southwest (28.7%) and San Antonio (28.8%)

•Percent of adults (65+ years old) who reported having a flu shot in the past 12 months was lowest among African Americans (52.5%) and Latinos (53.6%)
•Among health districts, it was lowest in the Whittier (50.2%) and East L.A. (55.7%)

Health Behaviors

•Percent of adults (18+ years old) who reported binge drinking (in the past month) was highest among Latinos (18.1%)
•Among health districts, it was highest in Bellflower (19.9%)

Chronic Conditions

•Percent of adults (18+ years old) ever diagnosed with diabetes was highest among African Americans (12.6%)
• Among health districts, it was highest in Whittier (18.8%)

According to provider focus group participants lack of trust among immigrant communities remains a significant barrier to disease prevention

"We need key stakeholders like parish priest, Baptist minister that everyone knows and trusts to get the word out to the people. We have many demographics in our service area, we need to make sure that everyone is served equally. We need a representative for each demographic …to engage them."— Provider focus group participant

"We have a hard time convincing the community that the services we are offering are actually free for them to use. Word of mouth would be the best way to promote this, it's easier than someone going out to the community dressed in suit & tie to convince the folks of the community to come in, they may not believe it as much. People need to feel comfortable with the person providing them information about the services so they can open up and ask questions."— Provider focus group participant

"Certain populations such as Asians are kind of secluded to themselves, not sure how receptive they would be in receiving information from others. So we miss out on providing that population with literature…absolutely, within the Asian population we have a lot of [preventable] diseases"— Stakeholder focus group participant

Health Indicators Adults (2011)
Preventive Services and Health Behaviors

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	CA	L.A.	SPA 6	SPA 7	SPA 8
	2009	2011	2011	2011	2011
Preventive Services					
Pap smear in the past 3 yrs (women 18-65 yrs)	*	82.8%	87.4%	83.3%	83.3%
Mammogram in the past 2 yrs (women 50-74 yrs)	86.3%	79.8%	82.8%	81.1%	76.0%
Flu shot in the past year (18+ yrs)	34.8%	28.7%	22.7%	26.2%	28.1%
Flu shot in the past year (65+ yrs)	65.9%	64.2%	51.7%	61.7%	63.9%
Pneumonia vaccination, ever (65+ yrs)	*	61.3%	53.9%	62.4%	62.9%
Screened for colon cancer in the past 5 yrs (50-74 yrs)	*	65.3%	57.8%	57.2%	69.7%
All live births where mother received prenatal care (1st trimester)	*	81.6%	77.1%	82.4%	79.6%
Health Behaviors					
Binge drink	*	15.4%	16.9%	15.7%	16.3%
Smoke cigarettes	13.6%	13.1%	13.3%	14.4%	13.0%
Eat 5+ servings fruits/vegetables a day	*	16.2%	11.4%	12.4%	17.2%
Eat fast food at least once a week	62.4%	40.0%	46.5%	50.6%	38.9%
Drink at least one soda or sweetened beverage a day	*	35.5%	35.2%*	38.2%	37.7%
Meet recommended physical activity a week (Aerobic)	*	61.8%	61.0%	61.1%	64.2%
Meet recommended physical activity a week (Aerobic & Strengthening)	*	29.7%	28.1%	29.9%	31.7%
Physically inactive	*	12.0%	12.0%	11.6%	12.3%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Adults (2003-2011)– CA and LA County
Preventive Services and Health Behaviors

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.								
	CA				LA County			
	2003	2005	2007	2009	2003	2005	2007	2011
Preventive Services								
Pap smear in the past 3 yrs (women 21-65 yrs)	89.3%	88.3%	89.9%	*	85.2%*	83.8%	84.4%	82.8%
Mammogram in the past 2 yrs (women 50-74 yrs)	82.6%	84.7%	84.5%	86.3%	77.2%	70.6%	73.7%*	79.8%
Flu shot in the past year (18+ yrs)	54.1%	25.4%	32.9%	34.8%	*	*	*	28.7%
Flu shot in the past year (65+ yrs)	73.9%	65.7%	68.9%	65.9%	69.6%*	40.7%*	51.9%	64.2%
Pneumonia vaccination, ever (65+ yrs)	63.0%	*	*	*	*	57.7%	60.5%	61.3%
Screened for colon cancer in the past 5 yrs (50-74 yrs)	*	*	*	*	32.2%*	63.8%*	45.8%*	65.3%
All live births where mother received late or no prenatal care	2.5%	2.7%	3.2%	3.2%	13.5%	10.1%	9.3%	*
Health Behaviors								
Binge drink	15.1%	17.6%	*	*	17.1%	17.3%	16.2%	15.4%
Smoke cigarettes	16.5%	15.2%	14.4%	13.6%	15.6%	14.6%	14.3%	13.1%
Eat 5+ servings fruits/vegetables a day	*	48.7%	*	*	12.1%	14.6%	15.1%	16.2%
Eat fast food at least once a week	*	*	61.7%	62.4%	*	*	40.2%	40.0%
Drink at least one soda or sweetened beverage a day	*	*	*	*	*	*	38.8%	35.5%
Meet recommended physical activity a week (Aerobic)	*	*	*	*	47.3%	51.8%	53.2%	61.8%
Meet recommended physical activity a week (Aerobic & Strengthening)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	29.7%
Physically inactive	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.0%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Adults (2003-2011)–SPA 6, SPA 7, and SPA 8 Preventive Services and Health Behaviors

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	SPA 6: South				SPA 7: East				SPA 8: South Bay			
	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011
Preventive Services												
Pap smear in the past 3 yrs (women 21-65 yrs)	90.4%*	83.3%	88.3%	87.4%	84.9%*	84.9%	85.0%	83.3%	87.4%*	83.2%	84.8%	83.3%
Mammogram in past 2 yrs (women 50-74 yrs)	78.5%	69.1%	72.0%*	82.8%	78.2%	74.6%	77.0%*	81.1%	78.8%	71.0%	73.3%*	76.0%
Flu shot in the past year (18+ yrs)	*	*	*	22.7%	*	*	*	26.2%	*	*	*	28.1%
Flu shot in the past year (65+ yrs)	47.8%*	32.5%*	43.9%*	51.7%	73.3%*	41.8%*	50.4%*	61.7%	72.5%	37.5%	50.2%*	63.9%
Pneumonia vaccination, ever (65+ yrs)	*	49.5%	51.1%	53.9%	*	55.6%	56.6%	62.4%	*	57.1%	63.9%	62.9%
Screened for colon cancer in the past 5 yrs (50-74 yrs)	31.4%*	64.3%*	43.6%*	57.8%	30.9%*	58.5%*	44.0%*	57.2%	35.3%*	67.1%*	50.8%*	69.7%
Mother received late or no prenatal care	19.1%	13.4%	11.8%	*	14.3%	11.9%	9.7%	*	13.6%	8.7%	9.7%	*
Health Behaviors												
Binge drink	16.1%	13.7%	17.9%	16.9%	19.1%	17.8%	18.5%	15.7%	17.3%	17.6%	15.9%	16.3%
Smoke cigarettes	14.2%	17.3%	19.7%	13.3%	15.0%	10.7%	13.8%	14.4%	16.9%	16.7%	15.5%	13.0%
Eat 5+ servings fruits/vegetables a day	8.9%	10.7%	12.7%	11.4%	10.9%	13.9%	13.8%	12.4%	11.2%	16.6%	13.6%	17.2%
Eat fast food at least once a week	*	*	42.0%	46.5%	*	*	46.4%	50.6%	*	*	43.9%	38.9%
Drink at least one soda or sweetened beverage a day	*	*	56.2%	35.2%	*	*	54.0%	38.2%	*	*	30.7%	37.7%
Meet recommended physical activity a week (Aerobic)	44.5%	45.6%	51.6%	61.0%	47.6%	51.5%	51.9%	61.1%	44.6%	52.5%	53.7%	64.2%
Meet recommended physical activity a week (Aerobic & Strengthening)	*	*	*	28.1%	*	*	*	29.9%	*	*	*	31.7%
Physically inactive	*	*	*	12.0%	*	*	*	11.6%	*	*	*	12.3%

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Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Adults (2011)
Chronic Conditions and Communicable Diseases

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	CA	L.A.	SPA 6	SPA 7	SPA 8
	2009	2011	2011	2011	2011
Chronic Conditions/Outcomes					
Obese	22.7%	23.6%	32.7%	30.1%	22.7%
Overweight	33.6%	37.1%	37.3%	40.1%	42.8%
Diabetes (ever diagnosed)	8.5%	9.5%	10.1%	15.1%	9.8%
Hypertension (ever diagnosed)	26.2%	24.0%	28.4%	24.4%	24.5%
High cholesterol (ever diagnosed)	*	25.6%	22.9%	25.4%	26.5%
Depression (ever diagnosed)	*	12.2%	10.8%	11.7%	10.7%
Communicable Diseases					
Chlamydia	*	512.9	999.5	488.0	504.9
Gonorrhea	*	103.4	231.9	58.4	109.2
Early Syphilis	*	19.4	24.4	12.2	12.0

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Division of HIV and STD Programs ,Los Angeles County Department of Public Health 2011 *Sexually Transmitted Disease Morbidity Report*

Health Indicators Adults (2003-2011) - CA and LA County
Chronic Conditions

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.								
	CA				LA County			
	2003	2005	2007	2009	2003	2005	2007	2011
Chronic Conditions/Outcomes								
Obese	20.4%	21.2%	22.6%	22.7%	19.3%	20.9%	22.2%	23.6%
Overweight	35.2%	34.3%	33.9%	33.6%	35.4%	35.5%	35.9%	37.1%
Diabetes (ever diagnosed)	6.6%	7.0%	7.8%	8.5%	7.2%	8.1%	8.7%	9.5%
Hypertension (ever diagnosed)	23.5%	24.8%	26.1%	26.2%	20.4%	23.4%	24.7%	24.0%
High cholesterol (ever diagnosed)	*	22.1%	*	*	*	23.7%	29.1%	25.6%
Depression (ever diagnosed)	*	*	*	*	9.8%	12.9%	13.6%	12.2%
Communicable Diseases								
Chlamydia	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	512.9
Gonorrhea	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	103.4
Early Syphilis	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19.4

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Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Adults (2003-2011)–SPA 6, SPA 7, and SPA 8 Chronic Conditions

Health Indicators for Adults (18+ years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	SPA 6: South				SPA 7: East				SPA 8: South Bay			
	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011
Chronic Conditions/Outcomes												
Obese	30.0%	30.0%	35.4%	32.7%	23.6%	27.3%	26.6%	30.1%	21.2%	21.0%	24.4%	22.7%
Overweight	35.0%	38.7%	38.0%	37.3%	41.2%	37.7%	39.4%	40.1%	33.9%	38.7%	36.8%	42.8%
Diabetes (ever diagnosed)	9.2%	11.7%	12.3%	10.1%	9.4%	9.7%	11.0%	15.1%	8.0%	8.3%	8.8%	9.8%
Hypertension (ever diagnosed)	25.4%	29.0%	29.0%	28.4%	20.7%	23.9%	25.3%	24.4%	22.4%	24.5%	25.0%	24.5%
High cholesterol (ever diagnosed)	*	18.3%	25.5%	22.9%	*	27.1%	30.5%	25.4%	*	24.3%	29.6%	26.5%
Depression (ever diagnosed)	6.6%	12.2%	13.6%	10.8%	9.8%	13.2%	13.4%	11.7%	9.7%	13.7%	13.8%	10.7%
Communicable Diseases												
Chlamydia	*	*	*	999.5	*	*	*	488.0	*	*	*	504.9
Gonorrhea	*	*	*	231.9	*	*	*	58.4	*	*	*	109.2
Early Syphilis	*	*	*	24.4	*	*	*	12.2	*	*	*	12.0

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Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Division of HIV and STD Programs ,Los Angeles County Department of Public Health 2011 *Sexually Transmitted Disease Morbidity Report*

HEALTH INDICATORS

CHILDREN

Health Indicators Children

Breastfeeding

•Percent of children (0-5 years old) who were breastfed by their biological mothers for at least 6 months was lowest among Latinos (41.9%) and Asian/PI (42.4%)

Childcare

•Percent of children (0-5 years old) whose primary caretaker reported it is very or somewhat difficult to find childcare on a regular basis (excluding those who reported they do not need childcare) was highest among Latinos (33.0%) and Asian/PI (18.9%)

Health Status

•Percent of children (0-17 years old) with reported fair to poor health status was highest among Latinos (7.6%)

According to stakeholder focus group participants, obesity and diabetes among children remains a critical health issue

"There is an increase in diabetes within the elementary students, a lot of kids aren't getting nutrition , exercise, needing insulin a lot earlier than ever before…Obesity is also a concern in our community."—Stakeholder focus group participant

According to beneficiary focus group the limited availability and high cost of healthy food choices and the lack of education on healthy cooking are major factors impacting child health

"Then when there is a sale in the community market, you cant even going to the market because it will be crowded due to it being a one day sale…We choose the bad stuff over the good stuff because it is cost effective. If I only have $20 I'm going to try and stretch this out as much as I can…Most people in our community aren't driving, don't have a car or may not even have a driver's license."– Beneficiary focus group participant

"We have to learn a healthy way to cook, by either teaching us what's good to use or what's not. A majority of us will be buying oil by the gallons, but there has to be something else we can use. Going back to food being expensive olive oil is a better choice than vegetable oil. Eating healthy is a preventative measure. There are classes available in the community but people are unaware of them and if they do know about them, they don't really want to do them because of things that are going on in their lives; they feel they don't have time to attend those classes, or they don't have anyone to watch their children. Some of the classes offer free child care during the class."– Beneficiary focus group participant

Health Indicators Children (2011)
Environment, TV Viewing, Breastfeeding, Child Care, Health Status, and Health Insurance

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.					
	CA	L.A.	SPA 6	SPA 7	SPA 8
	2009	2011	2011	2011	2011
Environment					
Can get to a safe place to play (1-17 yrs)	*	84.2%	68.0%	88.2%	83.7%
TV Viewing					
Watch any TV (6-23 months)	*	74.8%	72.6%	78.9%	76.1%
Watch 3+ hours of TV (2-17 yrs)	*	22.7%	29.5%	26.0%	22.5%
Breastfeeding					
Initiation (0-5 yrs)	*	87.4%	86.6%	90.2%	89.5%
At least 6 months (6 months -5 yrs)	*	44.9%	43.8%	43.5%	42.4%
Child Care					
Difficulty finding child care (0-5 yrs)	7.1%	26.9%	36.7%	28.2%	19.2%
Health Status					
Fair/poor health	6.4%	5.8%	8.5%	5.3%	6.9%
Special health care needs	*	15.8%	12.5%	15.2%	18.2%
Diagnosed with ADD/ADHD (2-17yrs)	*	6.0%	4.2%	4.6%	7.2%
Health Insurance					
Healthy Families	7.2%	12.0%	13.5%	11.1%	8.7%
Medi-Cal	28.9%	34.4%	52.9%	39.5%	35.4%
Private	4.3%	46.4%	23.8%	40.4%	50.8%
No Insurance	4.9%	5.0%	8.6%	6.5%	2.9%
Healthy Kids	*	2.2%	1.2%	2.5%	2.3%

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Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Children (2003-2011)– CA and LA County Environment, TV Viewing, Breastfeeding, Child Care, Health Status, and Health Insurance

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.								
	CA				LA County			
	2003	2005	2007	2009	2003	2005	2007	2011
Environment								
Can get to a safe place to play (1-17 yrs)	*	*	*	*	83.1%	83.1%	79.8%	84.2%
TV Viewing								
Watch any TV (6-23 months)	*	*	*	*	*	62.1%	67.6%	74.8%
Watch 3+ hours of TV (2-17 yrs)	*	24.7%	*	*	27.1%	30.5%	24.6%	22.7%
Breastfeeding								
Initiation (0-5 yrs)	84.2%	86.5%	*	*	*	90.1%	92.2%	87.4%
At least 6 months (6 months -5 yrs)	*	*	*	*	*	56.4%	61.2%	44.9%
Child Care								
Difficulty finding child care (0-5 yrs)	9.7%	9.4%	9.2%	7.1%	37.6%	35.8%	36.9%	26.9%
Health Status								
Fair/poor health	8.5%	8.3%	6.9%	6.4%	15.5%	12.7%	8.4%	5.8%
Special health care needs	*	*	*	*	15.0%	15.7%	15.7%	15.8%
Diagnosed with ADD/ADHD (2-17yrs)	4.2%	4.2%	3.7%	*	*	*	5.3%	6.0%
Health Insurance								
Healthy Families	6.1%	6.5%	6.8%	7.2%	*	*	*	12.0%
Medi-Cal	26.1%	27.8%	25.8%	28.9%	*	*	*	34.4%
Private	4.9%	4.8%	4.5%	4.3%	*	*	*	46.4%
No Insurance	7.1%	6.4%	5.7%	4.9%	10.3%	8.3%	7.0%	5.0%
Healthy Kids	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2.2%

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Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Children (2003-2011)–SPA 6, SPA 7, and SPA 8 Environment, TV Viewing, Breastfeeding, Child Care, Health Status, and Health Insurance

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.												
	SPA 6: South				SPA 7: East				SPA 8: South Bay			
	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011
Environment												
Can get to a safe place to play (1-17 yrs)	71.7%	72.1%	62.6%	68.0%	89.4%	86.1%	85.0%	88.2%	84.5%	90.0%	83.1%	83.7%
TV Viewing												
Watch any TV (6-23 months)	*	70.8%	69.5%	72.6%	*	70.1%	79.5%	78.9%	*	57.9%	75.4%	76.1%
Watch 3+ hours of TV (2-17 yrs)	35.1%	34.0%	29.0%	29.5%	28.4%	32.0%	27.8%	26.0%	31.6%	33.2%	23.5%	22.5%
Breastfeeding												
Initiation (0-5 yrs)	*	89.2%	84.2%	86.6%	*	85.4%	91.1%	90.2%	*	88.3%	92.0%	89.5%
At least 6 months (6 months -5 yrs)	*	60.5%	48.8%	43.8%	*	50.6%	57.9%	43.5%	*	47.4%	60.6%	42.4%
Child Care												
Difficulty finding child care (0-5 yrs)	43.4%	48.6%	35.2%	36.7%	37.3%	29.2%	40.0%	28.2%	29.2%	31.1%	40.4%	19.2%
Health Status												
Fair/poor health	24.6%	17.6%	12.3%	8.5%	16.2%	13.1%	10.1%	5.3%	12.4%	11.4%	8.2%	6.9%
Special health care needs	14.6%	15.8%	15.8%	12.5%	15.0%	14.8%	14.8%	15.2%	15.7%	15.3%	15.3%	18.2%
Diagnosed with ADD/ADHD (2-17yrs)	*	*	4.8%	4.2%	*	*	3.4%	4.6%	*	*	6.9%	7.2%
Health Insurance												
Healthy Families	*	*	*	13.5%	*	*	*	11.1%	*	*	*	8.7%
Medi-Cal	*	*	*	52.9%	*	*	*	39.5%	*	*	*	35.4%
Private	*	*	*	23.8%	*	*	*	40.4%	*	*	*	50.8%
No Insurance	17.7%	11.3%	9.7%	8.6%	10.2%	10.0%	8.9%	6.5%	9.6%	7.1%	4.6%	2.9%
Healthy Kids	*	*	*	1.2%	*	*	*	2.5%	*	*	*	2.3%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Children

Access to Care

•Percent of children (0-17 years old) whose primary caretaker reported having no regular source of care was highest among Latinos (6.2%)

•Percent of children (0-17 years old) whose primary caretaker reported difficulty accessing medical care was highest among Latinos (15.6%) and Asian/PI (14.6%)

•Percent of children (3-17 years old) whose primary caretaker reported being unable to afford dental care and check-ups in the past year was highest among Latinos (14.1%)

Reproductive Health

•Rate of births (per 1,000 live births) to teens ages 15-19 yrs is consistently higher in SPA 6 compared to other areas for each time period

Health Behaviors

•Percent of Children (2-17 years old) whose primary caretaker reported them eating breakfast daily in a typical week was highest among African-Americans (80.5%)
•Among health districts, it was highest in the East L.A. (77.5%), Torrance (74.9%) and Whittier (78.5%)

"A lot of kids are growing up without the proper nutrition… Overweight, obesity, cholesterol [are serious concerns]… We don't have finances to get nutritious food. We need more information for programs to learn how to keep a good nutrition."—Beneficiary focus group participant

"The first concern, is the form of nutrition. What type nutrition do I give my child? In school they don't give adequate nutrition [which can lead to obesity]."—Beneficiary focus group participant

"Participating in physical activities is definitely low, at schools the kids aren't participating in recess, the television and video games are taking priorities. There is a need to increase physical activity in children."—Stakeholder focus group participant

Respiratory Disease

•Percent of children (0-17 years old) whose primary caretaker reported them with current prevalence of asthma (ever diagnosed with asthma AND either currently still has asthma and/or had an asthma attack in the past 12 months) was highest among African-Americans (23.9%) **

Health Indicators Children (2011)
Dental Insurance, Access to Care, Health Behaviors, Reproductive Health and Infant Deaths

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	CA	L.A.	SPA 6	SPA 7	SPA 8
	2009	2011	2011	2011	2011
Dental Insurance					
No dental insurance 0-17 yrs	*	21.8%	24.2%	20.8%	18.5%
Access to Care					
No regular source of health care	7.8%	4.8%	7.3%	5.1%	4.5%
Difficulty accessing medical care	*	12.3%	17.7%	16.4%	10.1%
Did not obtain dental care because could not afford it (past yr)	*	12.6%	14.9%	16.6%	12.2%
Health Behaviors					
Teens (14-17 yrs) who consumed at least one alcoholic drink in the past 30 days	*	32.9%	*	*	*
Teens (14-17 yrs) who binge drink	8.2%	17.9%	*	*	*
Teens (14-17 yrs) who smoke cigarettes	5.9%	9.1%	*	*	*
Eat breakfast daily (2-17 yrs)	*	84.5%	85.9%	84.2%	82.4%
Eat fast food at least once a week	72.0%	50.5%	60.7%	55.4%	52.9%
Drink at least one soda or sugar sweetened beverage a day	*	38.3%	53.3%	41.2%	40.4%
Meet recommended physical activity (6-17 yrs)	38.3%	28.7%	32.0%	33.4%	30.1%
Physically inactive (6-17 yrs)	14.3%	10.9%	12.4%	10.0%	8.0%
Reproductive Health					
Rate of births (per 1,000 live births) to teens ages 15-19 yrs	9.1%	28.1	51.1	30.9	25.7
Low weight (<2,500 grams) births (per 100 live births)	6.8%	7.1%	8.1%	6.6%	7.1%
Low weight (<2,500 grams) African American births (per 100 live births)	*	11.8%	13.4%	12.0%	10.6%
Infant Deaths					
Death rate < 365 days		4.6**	6.1**	3.7**	4.7**

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
LA County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.
County of LA Department of Public Health Maternal, Child & Adolescent Health Programs Selected Perinatal Health Indicators, LA County 2010.
* *2010 Infant death rate per 1,000 live births

Health Indicators Children (2003-2011)– CA and LA County Dental Insurance, Access to Care, Health Behaviors, Reproductive Health and Infant Deaths

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.								
	CA				LA County			
	2003	2005	2007	2009	2003	2005	2007	2011
Dental Insurance								
No dental insurance 0-17 yrs	17.6%	17.3%	19.6%	*	*	*	27.2%	21.8%
Access to Care								
No regular source of health care	9.8%	9.1%	*	7.8%	6.6%	8.2%	7.4%	4.8%
Difficulty accessing medical care	*	*	*	*	*	14.5%	14.7%	12.3%
Did not obtain dental care because could not afford it (past yr)	8.6%	*	6.3%	*	*	17.1%	13.7%	12.6%
Health Behaviors								
Teens (14-17 yrs) who consumed at least one alcoholic drink in the past 30 days	*	*	*	*	41.6%*	38.7%	41.6%	32.9%
Teens (14-17 yrs) who binge drink	9.5%	10%	6.9%	8.2%	*	*	24.6%	17.9%
Teens (14-17 yrs) who smoke cigarettes	8.1%	9.4%	6.9%	5.9%	13.9%*	11.8%	12.8%	9.1%
Eat breakfast daily (2-17 yrs)	*	*	*	*	*	77.2%	84.2%	84.5%
Eat fast food at least once a week	*	*	71.7%	72.0%	*	*	47.7%	50.5%
Drink at least one soda or sugar sweetened beverage a day	*	*	*	*	*	*	43.3%	38.3%
Meet recommended physical activity (6-17 yrs)	*	*	41.7%	38.3%	*	*	37.6%	28.7%
Physically inactive (6-17 yrs)	*	*	10.7%	14.3%	*	*	15.2%	10.9%
Reproductive Health								
Rate of births (per 1,000 live births) to teens ages 15-19 yrs	9.1	9.1	9.4	9.1	44.4	93.6	40.0	28.1
Low weight (<2,500 grams) births (per 100 live births)	6.6%	6.9%	6.9%	6.8%	6.7%	7.1%	7.4%	7.1%
Low weight (<2,500 grams) African American births (per 100 live births)	12.4%	12.6%	*	*	11.8%	12.7%	12.7%	11.8%
Infant Deaths								
Death rate < 365 Days	*	*	*	*	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.6

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.

LA County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

County of LA Department of Public Health Maternal, Child & Adolescent Health Programs Selected Perinatal Health Indicators, LA County 2010.

* *2010 Infant death rate per 1,000 live births

Health Indicators Children (2003-2011)–SPA 6, SPA 7, and SPA 8 Dental Insurance, Access to Care, Health Behaviors, Reproductive Health, and Infant Deaths

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County

Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.

	SPA 6: South				SPA 7: East				SPA 8: South Bay			
	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011
Dental Insurance												
No dental insurance 0-17 years	*	*	32.1%	24.2%	*	*	28.2%	20.8%	*	*	23.2%	18.5%
Access to Care												
No regular source of health care	8.7%	12.0%	10.2%	7.3%*	5.9%	8.6%	7.3%	5.1%	6.0%	6.8%	7.5%	4.5%*
Difficulty accessing medical care	*	20.8%	19.9%	17.7%	*	14.1%	15.4%	16.4%	*	11.2%	11.6%	10.1%
Did not obtain dental care because could not afford it (past yr)	*	18.6%	17.7%	14.9%	*	17.0%	15.0%	16.6%	*	17.2%	13.3%	12.2%
Health Behaviors												
Eat breakfast daily (2-17 years)	*	75.8%	87.0%	85.9%	*	78.8%	81.5%	84.2%	*	75.8%	82.4%	82.4%
Eat fast food at least once a week	*	*	51.8%	60.7%	*	*	53.7%	55.4%	*	*	48.9%	52.9%
Drink at least one soda or sugar sweetened beverage a day	*	*	55.4%	53.3%	*	*	49.8%	41.2%	*	*	42.6%	40.4%
Meet recommended physical activity (6-17 years)	*	*	34.4%	32.0%	*	*	44.2%	33.4%	*	*	42.0%	30.1%
Physically inactive (6-17 years)	*	*	17.7%	12.4%	*	*	13.8%	10.0%	*	*	11.8%	8.0%*
Reproductive Health												
Rate of births (per 1,000 live births) to teens ages 15-19 years	85.7	149.6	74.1	51.1	50.8	101.0	42.7	30.9	40.8	86.4	35.3	25.7
Low weight (<2,500 grams) births (per 100 live births)	7.3%	8.3%	8.5%	8.1%	6.1%	6.3%	6.9%	6.6%	6.7%	7.3%	7.5%	7.1%
Low weight (<2,500 grams) African American births (per 100 live births)	12.2%	13.3%	14.4%	13.4%	10.8%	15.2%	12.0%	12.0%	11.0%	11.5%	11.7%	10.6%
Infant Deaths												
Death rate < 365 Days	*	6.0	5.4	6.1	*	4.2	4.7	3.7	*	5.1	5.0	4.7

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.

LA County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

County of LA Department of Public Health Maternal, Child & Adolescent Health Programs Selected Perinatal Health Indicators, LA County 2010.

* *2010 Infant death rate per 1,000 live births

Health Indicators Children (2011)
Respiratory Disease and Chronic Conditions

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.	CA	L.A.	SPA 6	SPA 7	SPA 8
	2009	2011	2011	2011	2011
Respiratory Disease					
0-17 years with current asthma	*	9.0%	9.4%	9.9%	11.5%
Chronic Conditions					
Children in grades 5, 7, & 9 who are obese (BMI above the 95th percentile)	11.9%	22.4%	29.0%	25.7%	20.7%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Children (2011) – CA and LA County
Respiratory Disease and Chronic Conditions

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.								
	CA				LA County			
	2003	2005	2007	2009	2003	2005	2007	2011
Respiratory Disease								
0-17 years with current asthma	*	*	*	*	7.9%	8.8%	7.9%	9.0%
Chronic Conditions								
Children in grades 5, 7, & 9 who are obese (BMI above the 95th percentile)	12.4%	14.3%	13.3%	11.9%	21.2%	23.3%	22.9%	22.4%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

Health Indicators Children (2003-2011) – SPA 6, SPA 7, and SPA 8 Respiratory Disease and Chronic Conditions

Health Indicators for Children (0-17 years old) in Los Angeles County Los Angeles County Health Survey 2011.												
	SPA 6: South				SPA 7: East				SPA 8: South Bay			
	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011	2003	2005	2007	2011
Respiratory Disease												
0-17 years with current asthma	5.9%	9.0%	7.8%	9.4%	6.9%	8.8%	8.8%	9.9%	9.8%	11.0%	9.5%	11.5%
Chronic Conditions												
Children in grades 5, 7, & 9 who are obese (BMI above the 95th percentile)	25.5%	29.0%	28.9%	29.0%	25.0%	26.5%	26.0%	25.7%	19.6%	21.6%	21.3%	20.7%

* Indicates that the indicator is statistically unstable due to the small sample size or unavailable.
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology. *Key Indicators of Health by Service Planning Area;* March 2013, June 2009, April 2007, and 2002-03.

AND COLLABORATORS

Community Assets and Potential Collaborators

Stakeholder and provider focus group participants identified the following community assets

- Compton Unified School district secured a grant to teach students about healthy eating inside the classroom
- South Central Family Health Centers have set up a dental clinic at Jefferson High School
- USC has a dental program to provide services to community schools to provide some free exams and cleanings
- Big Smiles is a program that comes to some local community schools to educate them about the importance of oral health care
- Dominguez High school has a full service dental facility serving parents and students in partnership with St Johns. Efforts are underway to set one up at Compton High School
- City of Lynwood is organizing a Farmers Market, every summer
- Lynwood also offers free evening entertainment for the community called, "Movies Under the Stars" at a specific park [name unspecified]
- Some community based organizations in Wilmington promote bicycle rides every last Sunday of the month. They also have partnered up with Law Enforcement to provide a variety of activities
- WIC provides a list of medical clinics to promote the establishment of medical homes

Stakeholder and provider focus group participants recommended collaborating with the following

- School based services since parents already consider them trusted entities
- Students at local high schools who are increasingly willing to become engaged in their community (consider working with school programs to provide incentives for student engagement)
- Churches are already utilized and considered trusted entities for information
- Community leaders, agencies, promotoras and local businesses coordinating the sharing of resources and information, as well as providing support (e.g., healthy beverages or supplies)
- Establishing and maintaining a network calendar for service referral updates to new programs
- Increasing efforts to establish a long-term presence in local communities to build trust among community residents
- Utilizing the ER where patients are being seen already to provide additional information and a variety of services or referrals

"There was a relay for health is a program that is put together by the south gate high school students; they are passionate about education and went to council committee to bring in more healthy food choices."—Stakeholder focus group participant

DEMOGRAPHICS

PROJECTIONS

Demographic Projections

The highest overall population growth rate is projected to occur in SPA 6 (7.2% from 2011-2016 and another 3.1% from 2016-2021) outpacing both the state and county.

Population Growth by Age

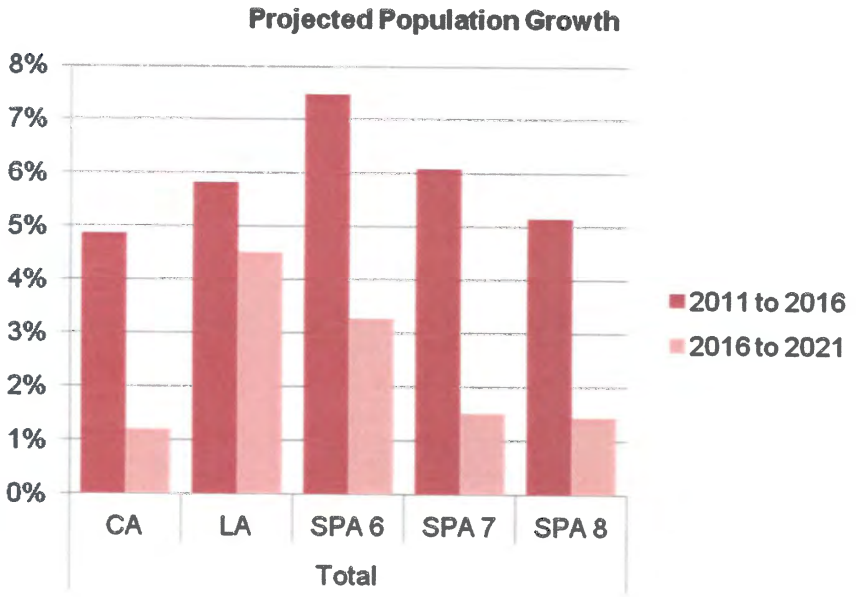
In the State, County, and SFMC Service area (SPA's 6, 7, and 8) the fastest growing age demographic is age 65+, followed by age 55-64.

In the SFMC service area the 65+ demographic is projected to increase from 9.8% to 13.5% by 2021.

The next highest rate of growth is projected to occur in the 45-54 age demographic (about 23% from 2011-2016 slowing to 12% from 2016-2021).

The highest growth rate in the 65+ demographic is projected to occur in SPA 6 (more than 25% from 2011-2016 and another 30% from 2016-2021).

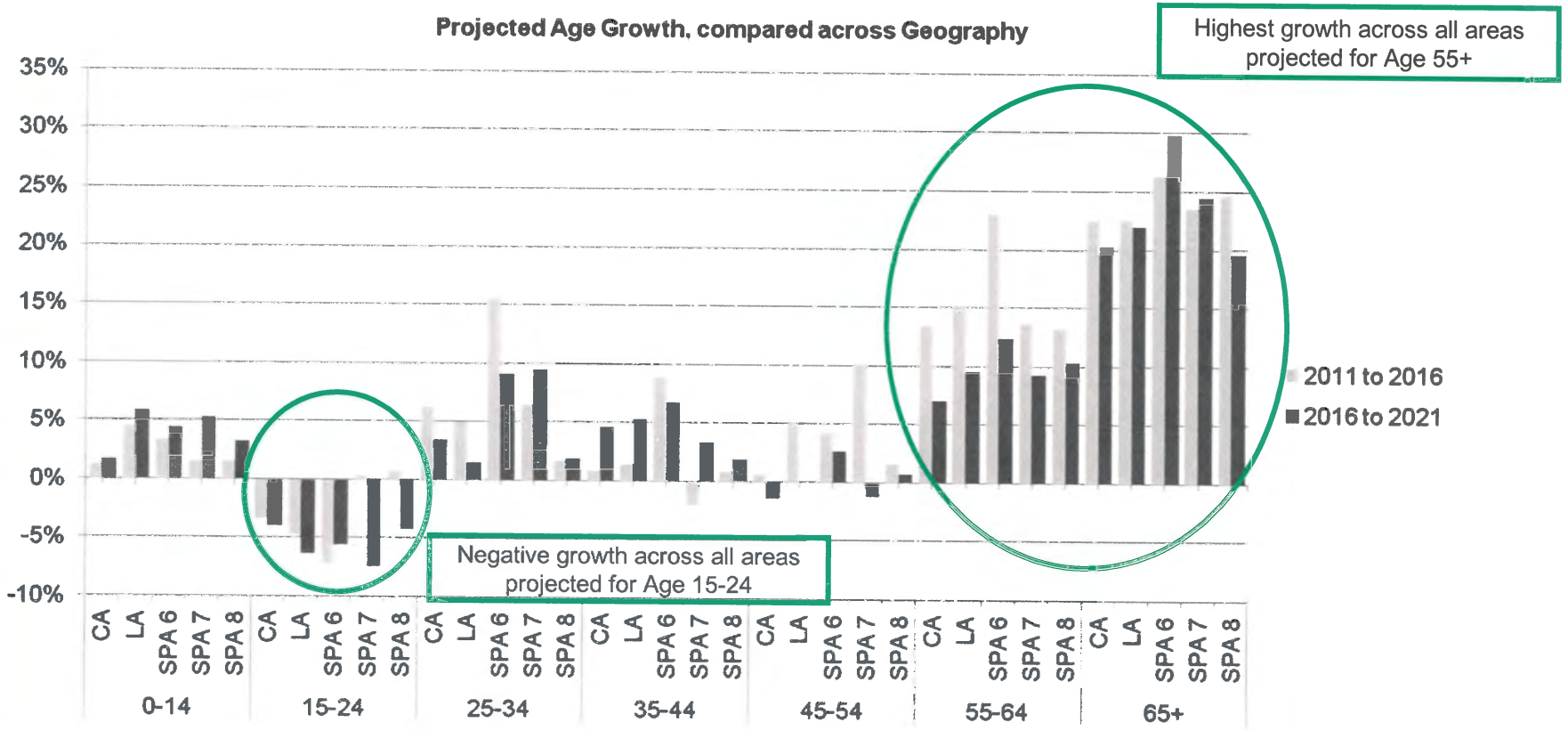
In SPA 7 the 65+ demographic is projected to increase 23% from 2011-2016 and another 24% from 2016-2021). In SPA 8 the rates are projected to increase 24% from 2011-2016 slowing to 19% from 2016-2021.



U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2010, Public Use Microdata Sample

* These projections are 5 year estimates from July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2016 and from July 1, 2016 to July 1, 2021

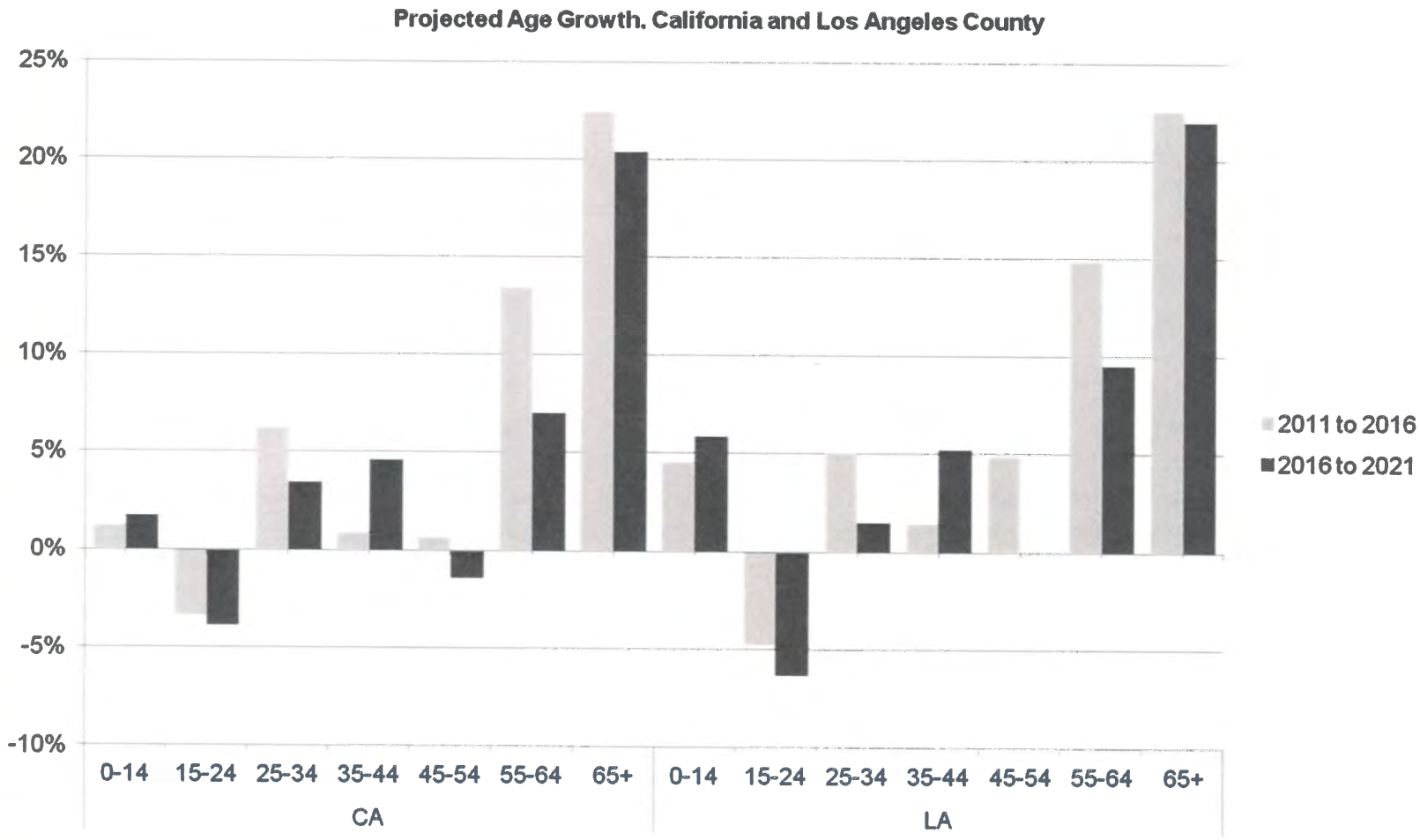
Demographic Projections



U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2010, Public Use Microdata Sample

* These projections are 5 year estimates from July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2016 and from July 1, 2016 to July 1, 2021

Demographic Projections



U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2010, Public Use Microdata Sample

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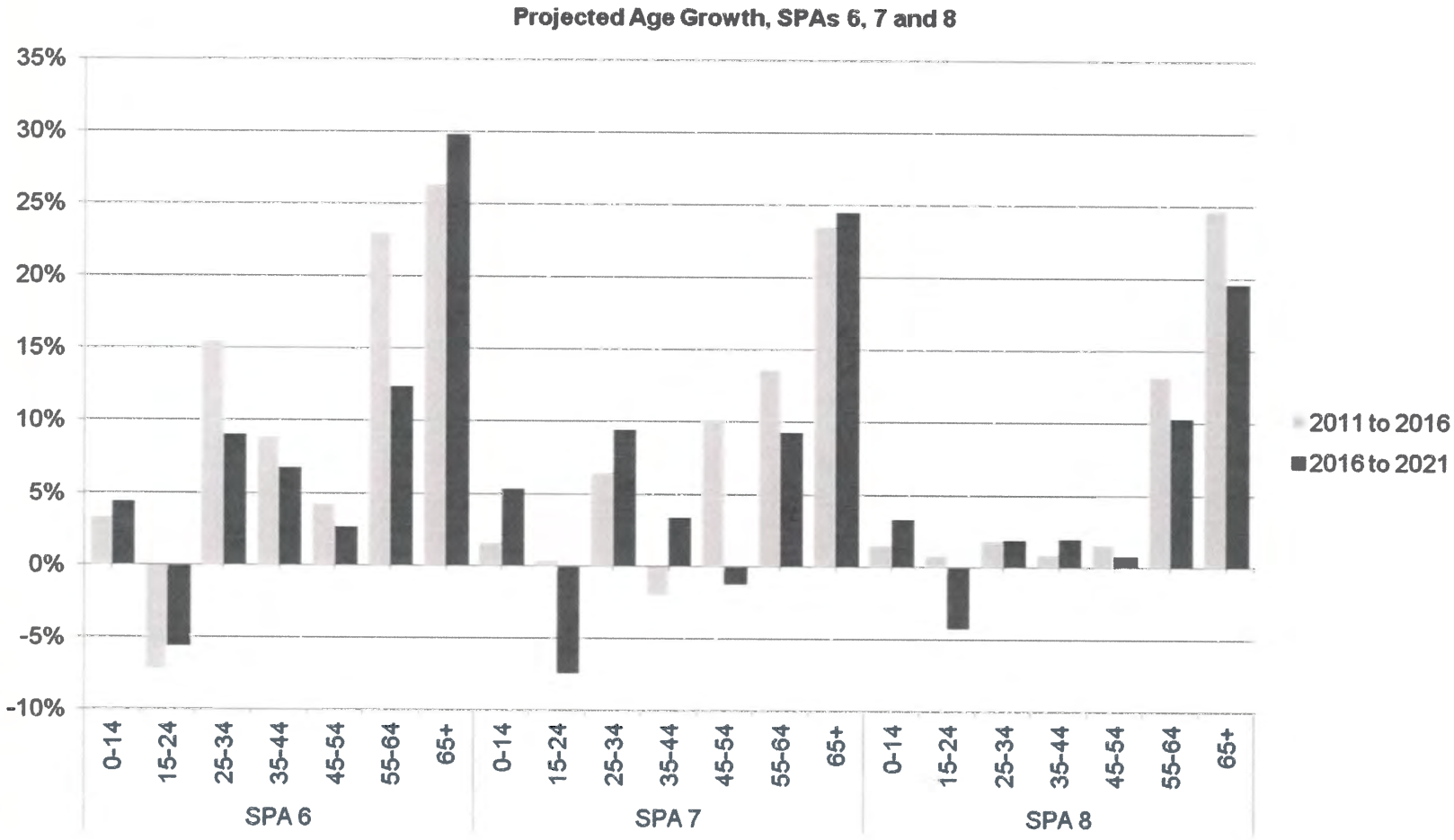
Demographic Projections



U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2010, Public Use Microdata Sample

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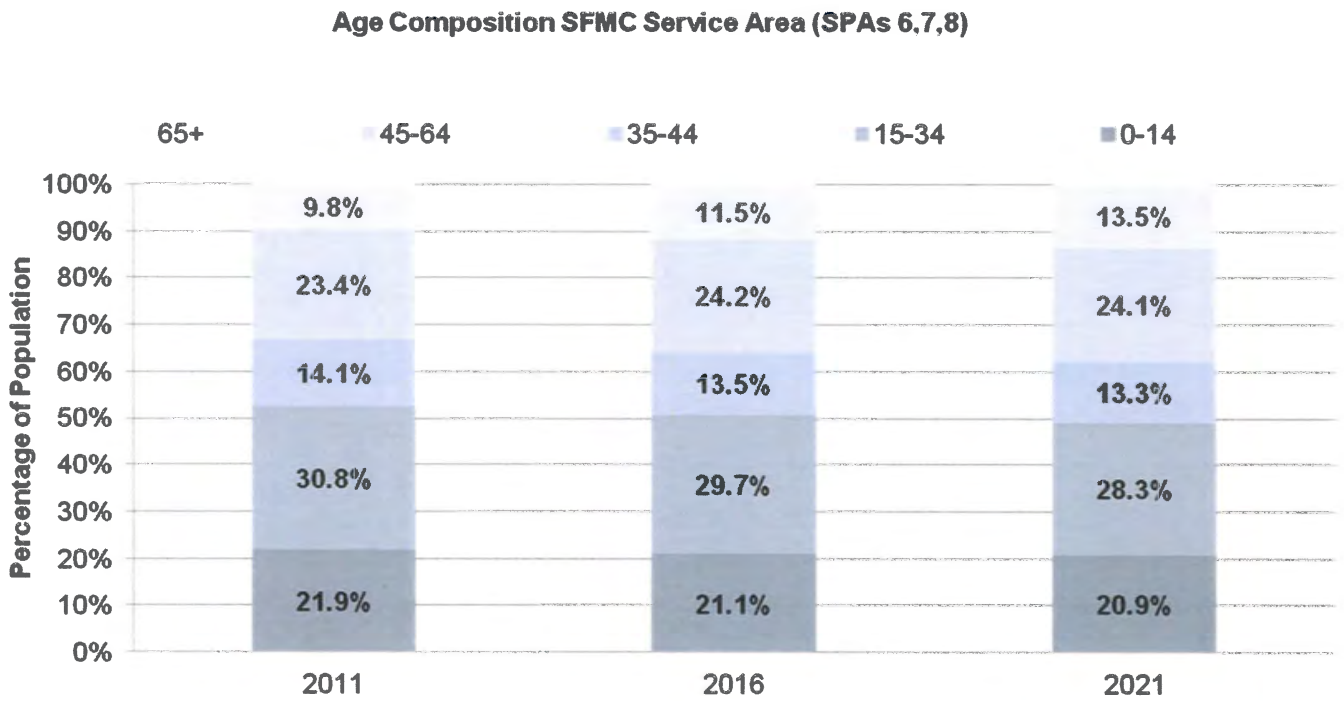
Demographic Projections



U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2010, Public Use Microdata Sample

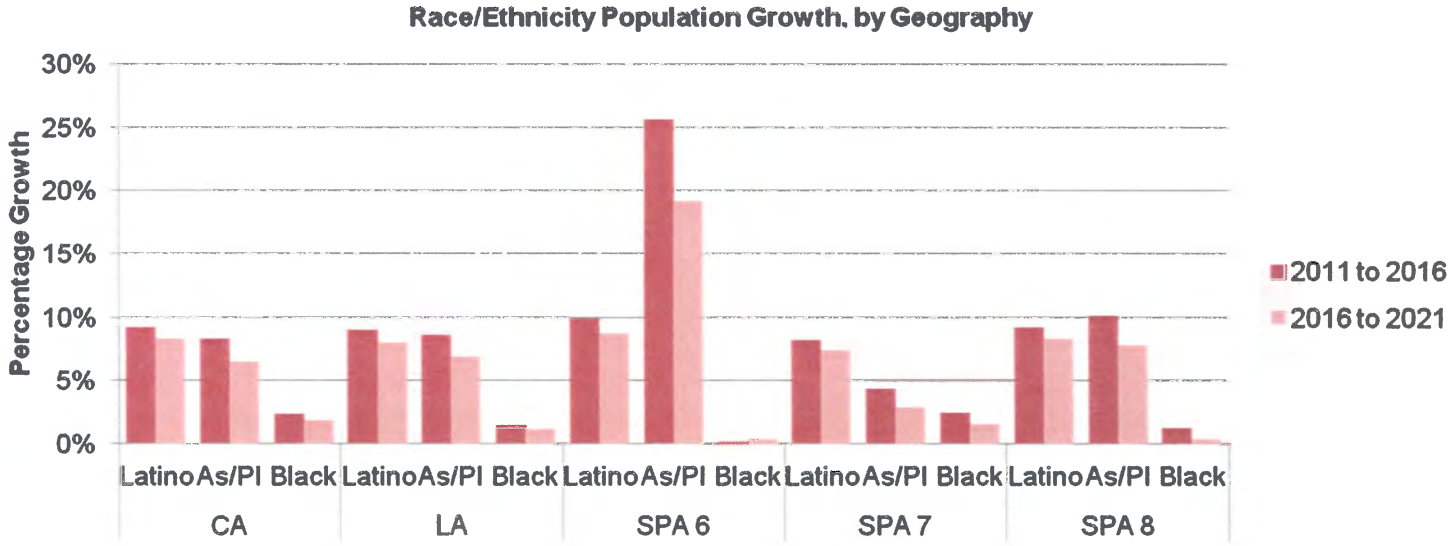
* These projections are 5 year estimates from July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2016 and from July 1, 2016 to July 1, 2021

Demographic Projections

Population Growth by Race/Ethnicity

The Asian/Pacific Islander population is projected to increase at the highest rate in SPA 6 (26% from 2011-2016 and 19% 2016-2021.) far outpacing both the state and LA County.

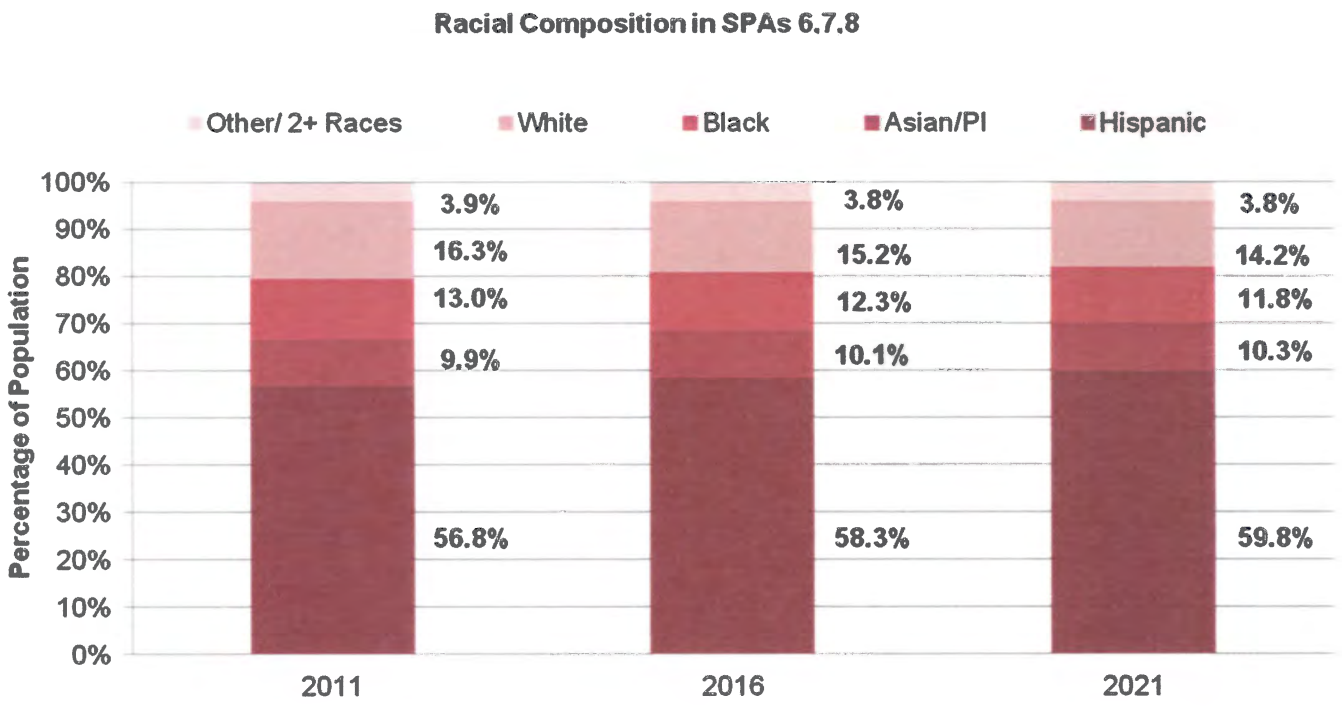
In the SFMC service area Hispanics are projected to remain the largest demographic group, increasing from 56.8% in 2011 to 59.8% in 2021. The black population is projected to decrease slightly from 13% in 2011 to 11.8% in 2021, while Asian/Pacific Islanders are projected to increase slightly from 9.9% to 10.3% of the overall population.



U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2010, Public Use Microdata Sample

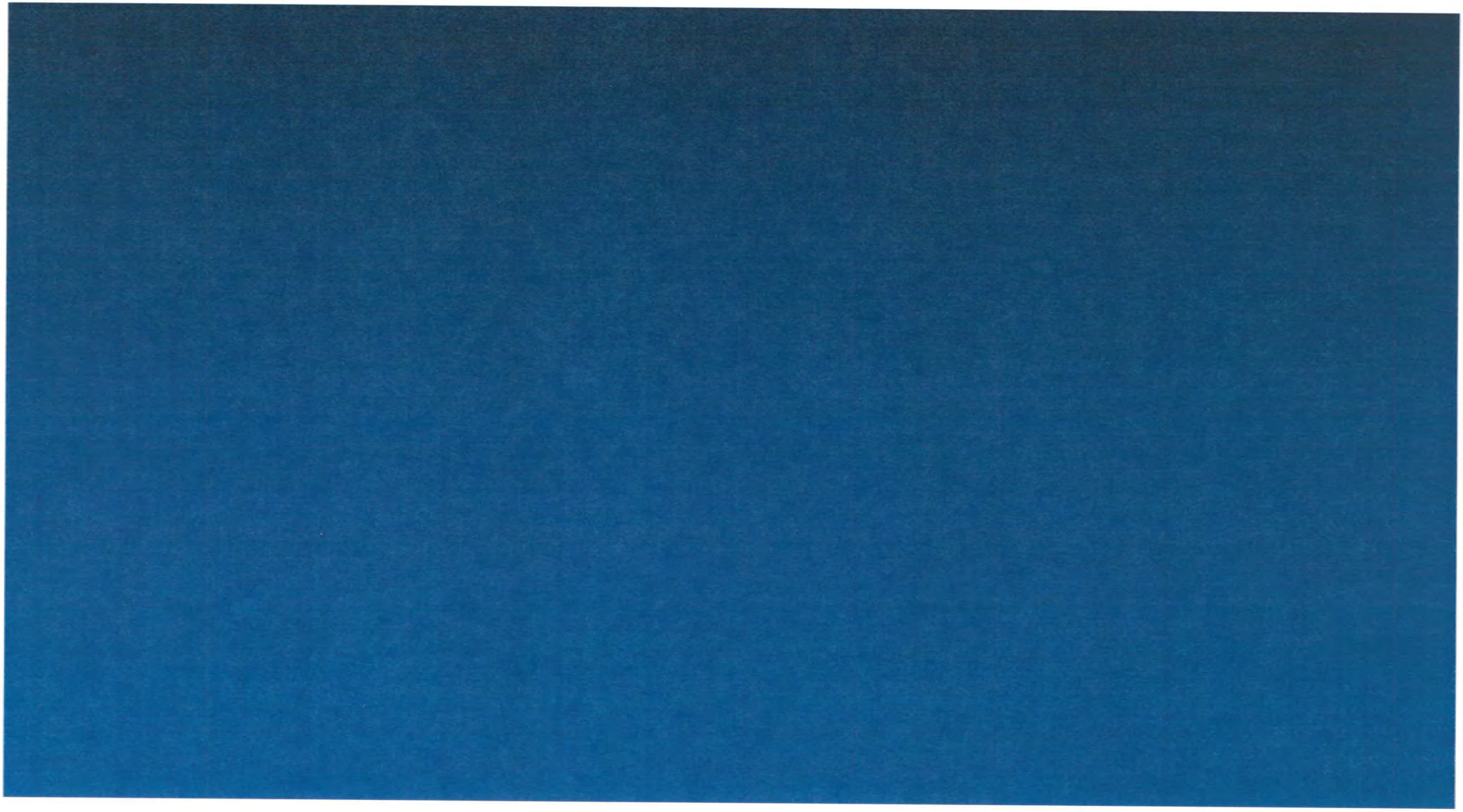
* These projections are 5 year estimates from July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2016 and from July 1, 2016 to July 1, 2021

Demographic Projections



U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2010, Public Use Microdata Sample

* These projections are 5 year estimates from July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2016 and from July 1, 2016 to July 1, 2021



APPENDIX

Mortality SFMC Service Area by Zip Code

Number of Deaths by SFMC ZIP Code of Decedent's Residence
By Sex and Age of Decedent California, 2010

ZIP CODES	TOTAL DEATHS	SEX		AGE										
		M	F	<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
90001	230	111	119	9	1	2	9	5	14	19	38	29	46	58
90002	259	121	138	14	2	1	9	13	9	32	41	38	42	58
90003	316	170	146	9	2	3	13	19	18	50	66	46	44	46
90011	321	186	135	14	-	3	17	13	16	44	50	49	58	57
90044	473	258	215	14	-	2	17	18	18	53	92	89	88	82
90047	452	240	212	6	2	-	16	11	21	43	64	89	106	94
90058	11	6	5	-	1	-	1	-	-	2	3	2	1	1
90059	222	102	120	5	-	-	7	10	17	20	45	27	47	44
90061	162	89	73	6	1	-	8	4	6	17	20	24	39	37
90201	335	189	146	7	1	5	15	12	24	34	57	53	58	69
90220	293	153	140	2	1	1	9	10	10	36	46	49	75	54
90221	224	123	101	5	4	2	11	9	17	27	36	51	34	28
90222	166	86	80	2	1	-	5	5	9	19	23	34	30	38
90240	148	69	79	-	-	1	3	-	1	12	8	13	35	75
90242	232	101	131	1	-	1	4	7	9	9	31	42	48	80
90255	249	132	117	5	-	1	7	9	13	24	44	31	68	47
90262	242	141	101	3	1	2	8	9	17	26	45	46	45	40
90270	101	55	46	1	1	1	1	3	7	11	14	17	24	21
90280	364	209	155	4	1	5	13	10	15	28	72	70	67	79
90706	412	230	182	2	-	1	6	9	22	39	53	79	89	112
90723	230	113	117	5	-	2	3	3	15	26	36	44	44	52
90805	430	233	197	7	2	2	9	13	18	66	79	79	78	77
TOTAL	5,872	3,117	2,755	121	21	35	191	192	296	637	963	1,001	1,166	1,249

* NOTE: ZIP CODES WITH FEWER THAN FIVE DEATHS ARE NOT LISTED.

Appendix

Mortality SFMC Service Area by Zip Code

Number of Deaths by SFMC ZIP Code of Decedent's Residence
By Cause of Death California, 2010

ZIP CODES	TOTAL DEATHS	(See Footnotes for definitions of abbreviations.)												
		HTD	CAN	STK	CLD	ALZ	INJ	DIA	PNF	LIV	SUI	HYP	NEP	OTH
90001	230	57	56	14	7	3	11	4	4	13	1	8	4	48
90002	259	70	48	15	8	4	7	12	8	4	4	10	7	62
90003	316	74	74	12	17	4	8	9	9	9	5	8	7	80
90011	321	86	74	22	7	4	17	12	12	10	6	5	8	58
90044	473	137	99	29	17	8	24	21	14	14	4	12	9	85
90047	452	136	109	20	22	12	11	19	15	5	3	6	12	82
90058	11	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
90059	222	57	47	12	7	2	5	6	12	4	2	6	7	55
90061	162	45	32	11	9	4	3	6	6	3	1	3	4	35
90201	335	98	67	16	16	3	15	18	4	15	2	4	8	69
90220	293	76	69	16	17	8	8	9	8	4	2	9	7	60
90221	224	47	63	10	9	7	7	14	3	12	1	4	6	41
90222	166	44	39	11	7	2	11	11	9	3	-	4	5	20
90240	148	44	31	13	9	10	4	3	10	3	1	3	3	14
90242	232	70	50	17	9	6	6	8	4	6	4	4	6	42
90255	249	56	56	16	9	5	10	20	6	11	2	6	7	45
90262	242	65	53	23	8	1	8	8	10	11	5	-	6	44
90270	101	21	24	7	3	5	3	8	7	2	1	1	5	14
90280	364	96	101	22	17	10	9	21	9	13	8	4	7	47
90706	412	91	116	28	31	16	8	15	11	18	2	1	9	66
90723	230	67	51	12	12	4	7	10	8	8	2	5	14	30
90805	430	117	104	23	17	13	17	15	9	12	11	12	6	74
TOTAL	5,872	1,557	1,365	351	258	131	200	249	178	181	69	115	147	1,071

* NOTE: ZIP CODES WITH FEWER THAN FIVE DEATHS ARE NOT LISTED.

Cause of Death Definitions and ICD-10 Codes (International Classification of Diseases, Revision 10)

HTD	Diseases of the Heart	I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51
CAN	Malignant Neoplasms (Cancer)	C00-C97
STK	Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke)	I60-I69
CLD	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	J40-J47
ALZ	Alzheimer's Disease	G30
INJ	Unintentional Injuries (Accidents)	V01-X59, Y85-Y86
DIA	Diabetes Mellitus	E10-E14
PNF	Influenza and Pneumonia	J09-J18
LIV	Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis	K70, K73-K74
SUI	Intentional Self Harm (Suicide)	U03, X60-X84, Y87.0
HYP	Essential Hypertension & Hypertensive Renal Disease	I10, I12, I15
NEP	Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27
OTH	All Other Causes	Residual Codes

Community Area "At-A-Glance" Characteristics

I. "At-A-Glance" Characteristics

Demographic Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Total Households	14,455	8,974	5,649	9,940	23,283	33,374	15,270	6,430	23,718	24,005	3,218,518
% of Households w/ subfamilies	13%	10%	9%	11%	14%	6%	13%	11%	11%	13%	6%
Total Population	58,471	35,170	23,846	42,294	95,761	111,329	69,818	27,454	94,586	101,269	9,787,747
% Workers	42%	38%	38%	39%	37%	45%	37%	40%	40%	37%	46%
% Enrolled in School (pre-k thru 12)	25%	27%	30%	29%	27%	22%	27%	26%	25%	28%	20%
Diversity Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Foreign born	30,150	16,458	11,505	19,015	29,706	39,192	28,660	13,333	42,619	40,052	3,481,731
% Foreign born	52%	47%	48%	45%	31%	35%	41%	49%	45%	40%	36%
Household Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Total Dwellings	15,153	9,573	5,879	10,278	24,879	34,713	16,312	6,763	24,692	26,087	3,437,584
% Homeowners	28%	27%	16%	26%	**55%**	**52%**	48%	26%	44%	39%	48%
% Below poverty (past 12 months)	25%	24%	28%	25%	24%	11%	22%	26%	20%	30%	16%
% Overcrowded (>1 person/ room)	41%	28%	35%	33%	23%	12%	30%	36%	25%	31%	12%
Education Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Total Population (Age 25+)	32,426	19,252	12,473	22,538	51,619	69,933	38,003	14,667	53,813	52,624	6,318,305
% Bachelor's Degree	5%	4%	2%	4%	5%	**13%**	3%	2%	5%	3%	19%
Workforce Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Civilian Labor Force (Age 16+)	27,376	14,849	10,173	18,084	41,042	55,542	29,086	12,408	43,426	40,716	4,947,492
% Unemployment	10%	9%	10%	9%	14%	10%	11%	11%	12%	9%	9%
Median income (past 12 months)	17,778	19,083	19,119	18,296	18,822	**26,665**	17,998	17,927	19,693	17,332	25,343

Appendix

Appendix

Community Area "At-A-Glance" Characteristics

I. "At-A-Glance" Characteristics

Demographic Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Total Households	14,455	8,974	5,649	9,940	23,283	33,374	15,270	6,430	23,718	24,005	3,218,518
% of Households w/ subfamilies	13%	10%	9%	11%	14%	6%	13%	11%	11%	13%	6%
Total Population	58,471	35,170	23,846	42,294	95,761	111,329	69,818	27,454	94,586	101,269	9,787,747
% Workers	42%	38%	38%	39%	37%	45%	37%	40%	40%	37%	46%
% Enrolled in School (pre-k thru 12)	25%	27%	30%	29%	27%	22%	27%	26%	25%	28%	20%
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Foreign born	30,150	16,458	11,505	19,015	29,706	39,192	28,660	13,333	42,619	40,052	3,481,731
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Household Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Total Dwellings	15,153	9,573	5,879	10,278	24,879	34,713	16,312	6,763	24,692	26,087	3,437,584
% Homeowners	28%	27%	16%	26%	**55%**	**52%**	48%	26%	44%	39%	48%
% Below poverty (past 12 months)	25%	24%	28%	25%	24%	11%	22%	26%	20%	30%	16%
% Overcrowded (>1 person/ room)	41%	28%	35%	33%	23%	12%	30%	36%	25%	31%	12%
Education Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Total Population (Age 25+)	32,426	19,252	12,473	22,538	51,619	69,933	38,003	14,667	53,813	52,624	6,318,305
% Bachelor's Degree	5%	4%	2%	4%	5%	**13%**	3%	2%	5%	3%	19%
Workforce Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Civilian Labor Force (Age 16+)	27,376	14,849	10,173	18,084	41,042	55,542	29,086	12,408	43,426	40,716	4,947,492
% Unemployment	10%	9%	10%	9%	14%	10%	11%	11%	12%	9%	9%
Median income (past 12 months)	17,778	19,083	19,119	18,296	18,822	**26,665**	17,998	17,927	19,693	17,332	25,343

Community Areas by Diversity Characteristics

II. Diversity Characteristics

Household Language	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
English only	4%	9%	6%	6%	46%	31%	16%	5%	9%	27%	46%
Spanish	94%	88%	94%	93%	53%	58%	84%	94%	89%	72%	34%
Asian/Pacific Islander	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	6%	1%	0%	1%	0%	12%
Other Language	1%	3%	0%	1%	1%	7%	0%	1%	2%	1%	16%
Households in Linguistic Isolation	**Huntington Park**	**Bell**	**Cudahy**	**Bell Gardens**	**Compton**	**Downey**	**Lynwood**	**Maywood**	**Southgate**	**Los Angeles**	**LA County**
% of Spanish	35%	37%	38%	33%	29%	17%	29%	41%	30%	30%	27%
% of Asian/PI	17%	2%	59%	0%	29%	23%	7%	100%	13%	23%	33%
% of Other	64%	47%	0%	0%	0%	21%	45%	22%	0%	0%	24%
Year of Entry (Foreign-born only)	**Huntington Park**	**Bell**	**Cudahy**	**Bell Gardens**	**Compton**	**Downey**	**Lynwood**	**Maywood**	**Southgate**	**Los Angeles**	**LA County**
Post-2000	17%	20%	20%	17%	20%	18%	18%	22%	14%	21%	23%
1990-1999	30%	26%	30%	30%	31%	19%	26%	26%	24%	29%	26%
1980-1989	28%	28%	33%	29%	27%	30%	29%	24%	30%	28%	27%
pre-1980	25%	26%	17%	25%	22%	33%	27%	27%	32%	22%	24%
Ancestry	**Huntington Park**	**Bell**	**Cudahy**	**Bell Gardens**	**Compton**	**Downey**	**Lynwood**	**Maywood**	**Southgate**	**Los Angeles**	**LA County**
Arab	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Dutch	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
English	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%
French	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
German	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	3%
Greek	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Irish	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%
Italian	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%
Polish	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Russian	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Subsaharan African	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%
West Indian	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Community Areas by Household Characteristics

III. Household Characteristics

Ratio of Household Income to Poverty Level	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
% Under 100% of poverty level	25%	24%	28%	25%	24%	11%	22%	26%	20%	30%	16%
% Between 100% to 199% of poverty level	37%	35%	32%	37%	32%	21%	34%	34%	31%	33%	22%
% Over 200% of poverty level	37%	41%	40%	38%	43%	67%	44%	41%	49%	37%	62%

Household Size	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
% 1 persons	11%	12%	7%	11%	15%	18%	12%	10%	11%	13%	26%
% 2 persons	19%	19%	19%	13%	19%	25%	13%	14%	17%	16%	27%
% 3 persons	19%	17%	19%	16%	16%	18%	18%	18%	19%	15%	16%
% 4 persons	21%	22%	18%	22%	16%	19%	21%	23%	22%	21%	15%
% 5 persons	13%	16%	16%	18%	16%	13%	17%	18%	18%	16%	9%
% 6 persons	9%	7%	12%	11%	10%	5%	10%	9%	8%	10%	4%
% 7+ persons	8%	7%	9%	9%	10%	3%	10%	9%	6%	10%	3%

Subfamily Characteristics	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Number of Subfamilies	1,862	897	513	1,058	3,146	2,132	2,025	738	2,697	3,002	189,729
% Married-couple subfamily	29%	41%	27%	32%	25%	41%	32%	19%	33%	32%	39%
% Mother-child subfamily	55%	52%	66%	55%	61%	51%	56%	68%	59%	53%	49%
% Father-child subfamily	16%	7%	7%	13%	13%	8%	12%	13%	7%	16%	12%

Number of Units per Household Dwelling	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
% 1	52%	67%	55%	74%	78%	62%	68%	67%	70%	70%	56%
% 2	5%	4%	2%	3%	3%	2%	3%	4%	3%	6%	2%
% 3-4	9%	8%	6%	7%	6%	3%	8%	10%	11%	9%	6%
% 5-9	13%	8%	9%	6%	5%	7%	10%	9%	8%	7%	8%
% 10-19	9%	4%	9%	4%	3%	7%	6%	4%	3%	2%	8%
% 20-49	8%	3%	10%	1%	1%	10%	4%	3%	2%	2%	9%
% 50+	6%	1%	2%	2%	2%	8%	1%	3%	1%	3%	9%
% Mobile home	0%	4%	7%	3%	2%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	2%

Community Areas by Education Characteristics

Appendix

IV. Education Characteristics

Highest Education (Age 25+)	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Less than High School	58%	58%	61%	58%	42%	25%	51%	62%	49%	56%	24%
High school or equivalent	21%	22%	24%	22%	26%	28%	27%	20%	26%	24%	21%
Some College	15%	15%	12%	14%	25%	28%	18%	15%	19%	16%	26%
Bachelor's Degree	5%	4%	2%	4%	5%	13%	3%	2%	5%	3%	19%
Graduate Degree	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	5%	1%	1%	2%	1%	10%

Community Areas by Workforce Characteristics

V. Workforce Characteristics

Industry of Employment	Huntington Park	Bell	Cudahy	Bell Gardens	Compton	Downey	Lynwood	Maywood	Southgate	Los Angeles	LA County
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	0%	2%	0%	2%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%
Construction	8%	9%	8%	9%	6%	7%	8%	11%	8%	9%	6%
Manufacturing	23%	20%	23%	19%	18%	12%	21%	20%	19%	19%	11%
Wholesale trade	7%	6%	3%	7%	5%	6%	6%	6%	5%	5%	4%
Retail trade	12%	13%	17%	12%	12%	12%	10%	10%	12%	12%	11%
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	6%	8%	13%	8%	8%	8%	10%	8%	8%	8%	5%
Information	2%	0%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	4%
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	3%	2%	3%	3%	4%	7%	3%	2%	5%	3%	7%
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	6%	7%	6%	9%	9%	8%	6%	10%	8%	10%	12%
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	15%	17%	12%	13%	20%	21%	15%	13%	17%	14%	20%
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	10%	7%	6%	9%	7%	8%	8%	9%	8%	9%	10%
Other services, except public administration	6%	6%	6%	7%	6%	5%	7%	7%	5%	7%	6%
Public administration	2%	3%	1%	1%	4%	4%	3%	1%	2%	2%	3%