This report compares preliminary crime counts for 2000 with final counts of 1999 for jurisdictions with populations of 100,000 or more. It is estimated that the 77 jurisdictions which meet this criterion account for approximately 65 percent of the crimes reported in the state. All 77 agencies were able to meet the cutoff date for 2000 data submission. However, due to technical problems with a records management system, data for two agencies are shown on the following table but not included in totals used in the narrative.

Jurisdictions are grouped into three categories:

- Police Departments, which provide law enforcement services for incorporated cities;
- Sheriff’s Departments, which provide law enforcement services to unincorporated areas within the county; and
- Contract Cities, which are incorporated cities that contract for law enforcement services (usually with a sheriff’s department) rather than maintain their own police force.

Data used in this report are preliminary counts and subject to change. Crime counts are not adjusted by population. Statewide adjusted data (rates) are included in the annual Crime and Delinquency in California publication.

CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX offenses are homicide, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, and motor vehicle theft. During 2000, the number of reported offenses rose 3.5 percent when compared with 1999.
CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX

**HOMICIDE** - The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter comprise this category.

The number of homicides reported for 2000 increased 3.9 percent compared to 1999.

**FORCIBLE RAPE** - The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included.

Reported forcible rapes increased 6.6 percent in number in 2000 when compared to 1999.

**ROBBERY** - The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

In 2000, reported robberies increased 0.9 percent in number when compared to 1999.
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT - The unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

The number of aggravated assaults reported in 2000 increased 1.8 percent when compared to 1999.

BURGLARY - The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted burglary is included.

In 2000, the number of reported burglaries increased 0.9 percent when compared to 1999.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT - The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

There was an 8.9 percent increase in the number of motor vehicle thefts reported in 2000 when compared to 1999.