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| 2:30 P.M 4:30 P.M. | 12 ROSA AQEEL | 25 | |
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| 1 APPEARANCES | 1 PROCE | EDINGS | |
| 2 From the Office of the Attorney General, Civil Rights | 2 | | |
| Enforcement Section (CRES): | 3 MS. HOVIS: Good | MS. HOVIS: Good afternoon, everyone. So thank | |
| 3 | 4 you all for attending bot | you all for attending both today's board meeting earlier | |
| 4 SHANNON HOVIS, Chairperson | 5 and also the public hear | and also the public hearing right now. We very much | |
| 5 NANCY BENINATI, Supervising Deputy Attorney General 6 CATHERINE YSRAEL, Deputy Attorney General | 6 believe that public partic | believe that public participation in the rule-making | |
| 7 | 7 process is really important, and we thank you for taking | | |
| 8 | 8 the time out of your day | to be here. Really, very, very | |
| 9 | 9 genuinely thank you for | spending the day with us. | |
| 10 | My name is Shanne | on Hovis, and I'm Senior Policy | |
| From the California Justice Information Services | Advisor with the Attorne | ey General's Office. And with me | |
| Division (CJIS): | | <i>y</i> 1 | |
| 12 | | Enforcement Section and our California Justice | |
| 13 AUDRA OPDYKE | | vision. And these are the two bodies | |
| 14 RANDIE CHANCE | | that are responsible for implementing AB 953, the Racial | |
| 15 | - | ct at the Department of Justice. | |
| 16 17 | | So, specifically, to my right is Nancy Beninati, | |
| 18 | | who is our Supervising Deputy Attorney General in the | |
| 19 | _ | nt Section. And we have Audra | |
| 20 | | Opdyke and Randie Chance, who are both with the | |
| 21 | | | |
| 22 | 11 3 1 | | |
| 23 | January 26th, and we are gathered here today at the | | |
| 24 | Downtown Business Hub in Fresno to receive public | | |
| 25 | comments on the propos | sed Stop Data Regulations recently | |
| Page 2 | | Page 4 | |

posted by the California Department of Justice.

The proposed regulations that we are concerned with today pertain to the collection of information regarding stops made by law enforcement agencies and are required by California's Racial and Identity Profiling Act AB 953.

To be clear, this is not a meeting of the board. You were just there, so you know that. This is a public hearing during which you may provide comment to our office, the Department of Justice, on the proposed stop-data regulations since it is our office that is responsible for drafting those.

The board functions in an advisory capacity to us. So earlier they're weighing in, they're discussing all these different elements they want us to include, don't want us to include. That is advice they give to us. And ultimately the decision-making power for what these regulations look like resides with the Department.

On December 9th, 2016, the California Department of Justice posted the proposed text of the regulations and the notice of proposed action, initial statement of reasons, and fiscal impact analysis on our website at "oag.ca.gov/AB953/regulations."

You should have received one page earlier, for

At the front of the room, when you came in, I think you all saw there are copies of the proposed regulations. Hopefully, you received those. There are also some copies of the statute, and I have a couple more if anybody wants those.

The format of today's hearing will be as follows: This is an opportunity for you to provide comment to us on the proposed stop data regulations. Each person will have three minutes to provide their comment. And we'll have the time card similar to how we did this morning, if you were here, showing the time you have remaining

We ask that you provide comments that are relevant to the stop data regulations since the purpose of this hearing is to discuss those.

And this is not a question-and-answer period. So we won't actually go back and forth to say, "This is our rationale for this and this," you know. Most of you were here for the morning so you also heard some of the back and forth about how we came to some of the decisions on our -- on our regulations.

So this is our opportunity to listen to you, which we are excited to do. And all the hearing will be recorded and a transcript of the hearing and all the information presented to us during the hearing will be

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those of you who have been here for the duration of the day, that basically tells you how you can participate in the public comment process and also says specifically where the regulations are posted on our website. If you search on our website, if you go to "oag.ca.gov," you can always just search for "AB 953" and also find that information.

On December 9th, we also sent a notice to interested stakeholders to let them know that the proposed regulations had been posted. This notice also outlined the ability of members of the public to submit comments regarding the proposed regulations in writing or orally at today's hearing. This is the last of three public hearings. We had one in Oakland last week and one in Los Angeles the week before.

The full rulemaking file, including the rulemaking documents, the documents we relied upon to draft the proposed regulations and also the comments we've received to date, are available at one of our offices, the DOJ in Oakland or in Los Angeles. And you can email us if you'd like to see that full file. The email is also on that piece of paper we gave you earlier. But it's "AB953@doj.ca.gov." We just repeat "AB 953" as often as possible so that you remember what we're talking about.

made part of the rulemaking record. So it will be considered by our office as we revisit the regulations to revise them. Any comments that you make here will be taken into account. Okay?

If you wish to submit written comments after you leave today, you may submit them through the Attorney General's website at that same address I gave before. You may also send them to us by email at AB953@doj.ca.gov. The deadline for submitting comments is tomorrow at 5:00 p.m. So if you know anybody who wants to submit comments on the regulations, you think would be interested in knowing what's going on, make sure to let them know that tomorrow is our deadline for receiving comments.

So as you entered the room, you received a speaker card, and we've taken those. If you do want to provide a comment anonymously, that is also an option. So if you give us a speaker card, and you're like, actually, I'd rather you not record my name or whatever, just let us know. You don't have to present it with your name. But for the rulemaking file, just in our records, it's easier if we have that information.

Let's see. We also have a sign-in sheet. We had one this morning. If you had not yet signed in, if you'd like to stay apprised of different activities of

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our office and implementing AB 953 and the activities of gender, so that will make six gender options available. 1 1 2 the board, you can sign up. You'll become part of our 2 Two, to add learning disability in the school 3 distribution list and receive notifications about what 3 setting. ADAH was one, hyperactivity, and others to 4 4 we're up to. allow officers to add additional information relative to 5 5 school setting disabilities. Unless you specify otherwise, any correspondence 6 you receive by us, you will receive by email. You can 6 The third was to allow officers to check 7 7 request by snail mail, if that is your preference, but religion if known, and another box, if unknown. 8 8 you will have to let us know that. And, lastly, to eliminate -- there was a 9 9 So we will now begin. recommendation in the regulations to have limited 10 10 English or accent. And to delete the accent only, Do you want to call? 11 MS. BENINATI: I'll call people. 11 just to check limited English proficiency. 12 MS. HOVIS: Okay. So Nancy will just go ahead 12 The board unanimously voted that we forward all and call folks' names. 13 13 of those recommendations to the Department of Justice THE PUBLIC: We have our own order. 14 14 for their consideration and any potential modifications 15 MS. HOVIS: Okay. So just come up and state 15 to the regulations. 16 your name. 16 That is our report. 17 MS. YSRAEL: Shannon, Nancy, I don't think --17 MS. BENINATI: Thank you. 18 18 MS. BENINATI: Just to kind of clarify on So will the next member of the public please 19 Shannon's point, because we are transcribing this 19 come up. And when you do, can you please spell your 20 hearing, we ask that you please be considerate of the 20 name for the Court Reporter. -oOo-21 speaker and allow that person to speak. Because if more 21 22 STATEMENT OF PASTOR AARON PRATT 22 than one voice is heard at the same time, the Court 23 Reporter can't get that down and that person's comment 23 24 24 might be lost or garbled. So just keep that in mind. MR. PRATT: Good evening. Or should I say 25 25 "afternoon"? My name is Pastor Aaron D. Pratt. I want I do have -- we do have a public comment from Page 9 Page 11 the co-chair of the Racial Identity Profiling Board, 1 1 to say thank you to the Department of Justice for your 2 2 Mr. Ed Medrano, who would like to read the board's diligence in, you know, facilitating this, AB 953. It 3 3 recommendations. has been a diligent and very arduous road, and we're 4 MR. MEDRANO: Thank you. My name is Ed Medrano, 4 still going uphill. 5 So what -- I want to say a few things, but I need 5 and I'm one of the co-chairs for the RIPA board which 6 to frame it up right so you can know a little bit about 6 iust met earlier. 7 7 me so when I give you these things that I feel I still The board did make some recommendations for the 8 8 want to work on you will understand where I come from. Department of Justice to consider. Prior to making 9 9 So who am I? I am a pastor. I am a college those recommendations, the board considered formal 10 graduate. Two universities, Syracuse, chemical 10 comments that were submitted by other board members, 11 engineering cum laude; and Cal Berkeley, human services 11 considered comments made by the public prior to the 12 degree. 12 board meeting, as well as public comment that was 13 Why did I chose pastory? Well, as a Navy SEAL, 13 delivered today. Many of you were here today. 14 SEAL Team 5, graduate of Class 189, I found out that 14 Just a quick synopsis of what was voted on and 15 science was real. And in order to do some of the 15 what was recommended to the Department of Justice. 16 processes, running the actions on the USS Enterprise, or 16 First off, in terms of the regulations, there was a 17 the Kittyhawk, riding in humvees, extracting prisoners, 17 recommendation and motion that passed for a narrative 18 extracting hostages, I found that documentation was 18 box to be included for "reason of the stop" and the 19 absolutely necessary. I found out that chemistry --19 "basis for the stop" and anywhere else there is an 20 without me being able to measure variables, I couldn't 20 "other" box to allow the officers to fill in a 21 come up with a solution. 21 narrative. That was the first recommendation. 22 So I'm still perplexed as to why we meet and we 22 In addition to that, a couple different items 23 pondering trying to figure a way of -- you know, the new 23 were added relative to information about the person 24 word, new vernacular, is "alternative facts." 24 that was stopped. The first item is to add a box that 25 I want to know why we are still having a problem 25 can allow officers to check LGBT in terms of Page 10 Page 12

about -- of explaining. I did a lot of writing. A lot of that writing that I did in Iran was on the roof while 32 of my men, under fire, some of them died. But I had to make a report in this handheld recorder when I was calling for help.

I don't understand why the Rules of Engagement that I had to follow on foreign soil, our public servants have a problem with right here. I don't understand anything about my beautiful country, America.

I have problems. PTSD, anxiety. I have issues. And I come home only to find out that my war has just begun.

So I want to know why we have the issue of explaining. Why does the officer have a problem hitting his camera? Why does the officer or technology, mind you -- why can't they do what we did in humvees, make the report and come back and file it? What is this issue about time? Isn't life precious? Don't we as a whole in society matter?

I never -- I promise you -- I promise you, when I jumped out those helicopters, I didn't care what color those people were. I didn't care what they stood for. I had one mission, and that was to serve this country. How about my country serve me?

MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

believe he may have disabled his dash camera. With this and the fact that officers' weapons -- two officers -- were unbuttoned, both my friends and I had reasonable fear of being killed or seriously injured.

"The officers did tell these individuals that they could not record. And after that, they subsequently went to the vehicle and the light that was on was shut off, after he pressed the button."

The response to our request to this individual was: "The information provided is not specific enough to our search. Could you please provide more information, such as time and day and location of the incident to produce the dispatcher logs of the incident."

Now, with our local departments, they have sophisticated software, so that's the first and last name and date of birth of an individual or even a license plate number can give us this information. But yet that information was not entered in the database.

So as far as myself and -- just for background, both of the individuals that were in this citizen complaint that were together, they are relatives, and they're both Mexican; they both have beautiful brown skin

Another citizen complaint, from a different

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MS. BENINATI: The next speaker, please. -oOo-

STATEMENT OF VICTORIA CASTILLO

MS. CASTILLO: Good afternoon, members of the DOJ and others. My name is Victoria Castillo, V-I-C-T-O-R-I-A, C-A-S-T-I-L-L-O. I am from Merced County.

I am going to again read some excerpts from citizens. And why I'm doing this is because I really took into consideration some of the back-and-forth that was going on between the board earlier as far as unique identifiers for officers. And I feel, personally, that this is important in order to review and establish a pattern of prejudice and/or abuse. It's not something I – I, myself, do public records requests often, and I never come across any personal information from officers, other than if they were involved in a specific situation with an individual. And I never got anything like identifying officers' homes or any other personal information that could put that individual in danger.

Part of these citizen complaints are from different individual and specific officers from Merced Police Department. Part of this says, "At one point, Penner walked to his vehicle and pressed something. We individual: "During the encounter I felt I was treated like human trash, and I was in physical pain. I had to call into my place of work and explain what took place because after the experience, I was not the right state of mind to work and had pressure and a swollen hand. The incident has left me traumatized, and I feel no matter how I attempt to better my life, Merced police will continue to find ways to assault, harass or even kill me. I feel I live with this fear every single day. This is not acceptable for people in my community to be treated so disrespectfully and without regard for their rights. I'm not on probation or parole, even if I were, the way I've been treated repeatedly dehumanizes, to say the least."

And during this actual incident, I was called by the people that were being stopped in his car. And both of these citizen complaints did not result in arrest, but in both incidents the people in the car were both brown-skinned. And I went onto the scene, and these both happened in October of 2016. And I was on foot filming the law enforcement officers and the situation at a reasonable distance and was given a misdemeanor citation for reckless driving but I was not in my vehicle. So now I'm facing a trial for that I'm going to be facing.

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So I just wanted to put that out there, that and something like that. 1 1 2 data is crucial and unique identifiers are important. 2 And the other thing is that, when bus drivers 3 3 Thank you. have an accident on the street, they're tested for drugs 4 4 MS. BENINATI: Thank you very much. or alcohol. So what makes the men in blue above the law 5 5 where they can't be tested for drugs or alcohol? 6 6 STATEMENT OF IRENE ARMENDARIZ Because that Article in that Bill of Rights for them --7 7 that needs to be changed, because that law is outdated. 8 8 MS. ARMENDARIZ: Hello. My name is Irene And then, the other thing is that, when they 9 9 Armendariz, I-R-E-N-E, A-R-M-E-D-A-R-I-Z. I'm from have chance -- when they have their body camera, I feel 10 10 Merced, California, and I support the unique identifier. like once the body camera is activated, then it should 11 Like I said earlier, I have a brother who has 11 not be deactivated. And if it is, it should be 12 been diagnosed with schizophrenic tendency through the 12 automatically reset to turn back on, because this is to 13 13 harassment of the Merced Police Department, and he is protect the officer as well as the citizen that is being 14 14 now looking at several years of prison. It's been a engaged with the law enforcement officer. 15 burden on our family to come up with the money that we 15 So I feel like they should not have control of 16 don't have to get a lawyer so he can get help for his 16 activating or deactivating the body cam when they're 17 mental condition. And I just believe the information on 17 involved in a situation where the whole truth could be 18 18 officers is needed to see if there's any specific really seen and told if they not cutting their video 19 19 patterns of prejudices or abuse. Thank you. cameras off and on. 20 MS. BENINATI: Thank you. 20 And the third thing is that, when they approach 21 MS. HOVIS: Thank you. 21 people, they should de-escalate; they should -- okay. 22 22 -oOo-They should be able to have training to de-escalate 23 STATEMENT BY DENISE FRIDAY-HALL 23 situations instead of escalating them. Because, like we 24 24 say, we have a lot of people out there with a lot of 25 25 MS. FRIDAY-HALL: Good afternoon. My name is issues. And if they just took the time to analyze the Page 17 Page 19 1 Denise Friday, D-E-N-I-S-E, Friday, as in the day of the 1 situation, maybe they wouldn't have to shoot to kill. 2 2 week, Hall. And I'm here because of the identity and MS. HOVIS: Thank you. 3 the protocol of racial profiling, because my son was 3 $-\Omega\Omega_{\Omega}$ 4 assassinated by Officer David Wells because of the color 4 STATEMENT BY MARIA LOPEZ 5 5 of his skin. So what I'm trying to say is that I feel 6 like, in a police-involved shooting, are the police 6 MS. LOPEZ: Maria Lopez from Long Beach. Maria, 7 above the law? When they go to the -- the Article of 7 M-A-R-I-A, and Lopez, L-O-P-E-Z. 8 Police, the Bill of Rights, I want to know all the laws 8 I'm very glad to see that everyone on this table 9 were written in an era where things were different. 9 appears to be -- may not identify but appears to be a 10 Now, things are different now. How come the law can't 10 woman. I also stand here as a woman, a brown Latin 11 be revised where a police officer involved in a police 11 woman, a queer, gender nonconforming one, an 12 shooting is not tested for drugs or alcohol after 12 undocumented, documented woman, a woman in poverty, a 13 involved shooting? And what is the actual protocol 13 first generation woman, a (words spoken in Spanish.) 14 when they are in an involved shooting? When the 14 I do not choose which one to be a day. I'm all 15 commanding officer steps on the scene, is the commanding 15 of them every single day. All of this cannot fill in 16 officer -- is he surrendering his weapon to him? 16 blocks but can be described in a small narrative if you 17 And then, on the other hand, I want to know took the time to see the importance in all that makes me 17 18 that, are they taken immediately to go get tested? 18 who I am. 19 Okay. And then once they get to the office and they 19 When I hear people say they want to be a police 20 begin their report, if they're not verbally able to 20 officer because they want to make a difference, I say, 21 speak their report, are they able to -- I mean, write it 21 "You have a chance with AB 953 to make a difference." 22 out in a report? Do they get an opportunity to verbally 22 I commend the RIPA board on their 23 say their report in a panel or something like that? 23 recommendations that will impact the lives of the most 24 So I would like to know, what is that protocol 24 vulnerable in our communities. Today is a day that will 25 when a police officer shoots someone in the community 25 go down in our people's history as a day we took a step Page 18 Page 20

towards justice. Thank you. 1 constantly have to be perfect in order to fit in a 1 2 MS. BENINATI: Do you do poetry? You're very 2 system that's never going to respect, never going to 3 3 love you. And no matter how much you change yourself, poetic. 4 4 MS. LOPEZ: No, I don't. it still isn't enough. 5 5 So I would like the board to take into account -oOo-6 6 STATEMENT OF NICOLE REMBLE all the stories you've heard today, all the things you 7 7 heard, because the community is crying for help and no 8 8 MS. REMBLE: Hello, Board. My name is Nicole one is listening to us. Thank you. 9 9 Remble, N-I-C-O-L-E, R-E-M-B-L-E. MS. HOVIS: Thank you. 10 10 I'll just start off with this. I've seen racial -oOo-11 profiling. They told me to go to school. "No one will 11 STATEMENT OF ANDREA DONADO 12 harass you." I'm gay. I don't look like a fem all the 12 13 MS. DONADO: Andrea Donado. A-N-D-E -- D-R-E-A, 13 time. There's been times where cops looked at me and 14 14 and Donado is D-O-N-A-D-O. thought I was a man. It could have went another way, 15 15 sometimes my partner say, when we're pulled over in the I'm with the Greater Long Beach Interfaith 16 car 'cause I like to speed sometime. Sometimes I'm 16 Community Organization, and we also are here 17 17 scared of the police. We shouldn't be scared at all. representing ICO organization, which is made up 60 18 18 All we ask for is accountability. That's it. organizations. And we applaud the recommendations from 19 19 Write down what happened; tell us why. And we'll trust the RIPA board. And we ask you to consider them and 20 you more; you can trust us more, and we'll be in peace. 20 actually take them. 21 I'm all about peace, love, and happiness. That's all In Long Beach, actually some time ago, we had a 21 22 22 you need; right? This is the first step. That's it. case in which a white police officer was stopping an 23 23 MS. HOVIS: Thank you. undocumented woman and impounded their cars, because he 24 24 knew that most likely they won't have any papers. 25 25 So this woman that come normally from very Page 21 Page 23 1 -oOo-1 poor communities were facing all the economic 2 STATEMENT OF GENEA NICHOLSON 2 challenges that comes when a car is impounded for them. 3 3 A lot of them, they couldn't even take the car back. 4 MS. NICHOLSON: My name's Genea Nicholson. It's 4 They couldn't fight anything because they were 5 G-E-N-E-A; last name Nicholson, N-I-C-H-O-L-S-O-N. 5 undocumented and they were in fear of the police. 6 And I usually don't tell my story. But today, 6 And this was just happening to very brown, 7 7 hearing everyone's story, made me think about the times Mexican-looking woman. I myself can drive there, 8 I had felt discriminated against and how I was profiled. 8 because I have lighter skin and wouldn't stop me. 9 9 We need also a narrative, because there's a And growing up, I grew up in an abusive home, 10 and there were times when my dad would beat the shit out 10 lot of times in which (unintelligible); how can we 11 of us, but we were too afraid to call the police 11 include "other" when there's so many rights of options. 12 12 because we didn't want anything to happen to him because So we are in favor of the narrative, instead of the 13 we loved him. So as you hear your mom screaming and 13 other part. 14 begging for help, there was nothing I can do to save 14 And also we need to know what is the race of 15 her. I couldn't save her, because I was risking him. 15 the police that's stopping these people. Because we 16 16 need to know whether or not it's Latinos going against And to live with the trauma of that, knowing 17 that even though he's abusing all of us, and he does 17 Latinos, or is whites going for anybody else -- or 18 deserve some type of punishment, to have him killed I 18 blacks. Or how is the interaction going? And it can be 19 knew wasn't the punishment. 19 that there's also black/brown police officers that 2.0 20 are racially bias, but we need a for-sure confirmation. So instead we endeavored years of abuse from 21 him, because we were too afraid to call the police. And 21 So to prevent all these situations to happen, 22 22 so often, whenever we would try to reach out for help, the police situations, we ask you to please take into 23 23 the community would tell us that we couldn't. consideration. Thank you. 24 24 MS. HOVIS: Thank you. And I don't ever want anybody to have to grow up 25 like that. You have no idea what it does to you, to 2.5 Page 22 Page 24

1 -oOo 1 -oOo-STATEMENT OF ALFREDO AGUERO 2 STATEMENT OF ROSA AQUEEL 2 3 3 4 4 MS. AQUEEL: Hi, again. Rosa Aqueel, first name MR. AGUERO: My name is Alfredo Aguero. And I 5 R-O-S-A; last name A-Q-E-E-L, with Policy Link. 5 want to start with something I read this morning. 6 6 Again, just want to thank all of you for your "There's a reason why we change. One, either because we 7 incredible work today. I want to say that I really 7 learn a lot and we decide change or we been hurt so 8 8 appreciate that the previous public comment hearings much that we have to change." 9 9 were held in the evening. It's something I know PL has I like to say thanks, though, for taking in 10 10 raised repeatedly. So we really appreciate that you consideration for recommendation you made for Prop accommodate that. That was very, very meaningful. 11 11 AB 953. 12 In terms of the regulations, I just want to 12 But I'd like to say that -- like I mentioned bring your attention to the letter that you had received 13 13 before, we need help in a special location because our 14 that was signed by the ACLU, Policy Link, and others, 14 kids, the kids with the special needs, a lot of times that does -- definitely encompasses all of the concerns 15 15 they don't even talk. They get home with scratches, 16 that we have. 16 bruises, and the schools, they don't know why. Nobody 17 And I just wanted to draw your attention, in 17 say anything. 18 18 particular, to Page 4 that focuses on the duration of And sometimes people said, you know what, they 19 19 stats. It was mentioned briefly in the board meeting, was scared and in crisis and the officers come and try 20 but I just wanted to make the case for why we think it's 20 to restrain them. They can't say anything. 21 really important that we include more accurate, specific So really we have to do something. Like I 21 22 22 information. Where there is a stop that is 60 minutes said, if we train our officers how to deal with these 23 or longer, for example, the regulations currently 23 issues, that's going to help a lot. We don't got to see would only capture that it was over 60 minutes. But we 24 24 these kids get in all these kinds of situations because 25 think there is a big difference between someone who is 25 depression, anxiety, mental illness is one of the Page 25 Page 27 1 stopped for 60 minutes and three hours or four hours. 1 strongest parts in special ed kids. 2 2 Right. I have one. My son is -- he got special needs. 3 3 I had a conversation with a young woman who was And we know how it feels to see your kid getting home 4 stopped for two hours, face down on the concrete. She 4 and can't tell you what happened because they been 5 5 bullied. All this kind of stuff happen to them on the was a young girl. She was coming home from school, being 6 schools. 6 harassed by the police, terrified, 12 years old, for 7 7 We supposed to get our schools (sic) to the schools two hours. 8 8 to be protected, from the teachers who teach them. And And so those kinds of data points I think are 9 sometimes they get the bullying even from them, from the 9 really important to making sure that we're really 10 same people, from the same school, from the same 10 understanding the full meaning of the data being 11 teachers. 11 collected. 12 So if we don't do something for them, our 12 Finally, I would just say again that I think 13 society is crooked. Everybody is crooked. If I don't 13 all of the stories that have been shared, while not 14 offer them and I know what happened there, I'm doing 14 directly about a specific regulation, they're all about 15 something wrong. Because we are the voice. Our 15 the regulations; right? And that I think having the 16 community is tired. We have to start working. And the 16 stories and the actual testimonies of folks helps 17 only way we can do this is the officers have to be 17 build humanity into regulations that can at times seem 18 more response -- responsible for what they doing if 18 19 they doing something wrong and get a congratulations if 19 And so really just appreciate the work you have 20 they do something right. in front of you and just really want to thank you for 20 21 But we, as a community, I think we deserve 21 22 respect. Because we like to trust the officers. But if 22 MS. HOVIS: Thank you. 23 they don't help us, impossible. It's all I want to 23 MS. BENINATI: Thank you. 24 say. Thank you. 2.4 25 MS. HOVIS: Thank you. 25 Page 26 Page 28

MS. BENINATI: Thank you. 1 people are mentally ill are the people that are catching 1 2 2 the end -- the excessive force or the violence, then -0003 STATEMENT OF TERRANCE STEWART 3 it's something we have to try to do to put a stop to it. 4 4 I don't honestly believe that AB 953 will be the 5 MR. STEWART: Hello. My name is Terrance 5 complete answer, but I do believe it will be a step in 6 6 Stewart. T-E-R-R-A-N-C-E, S-T-E-W-A-R-T. the right way. Thank you. 7 I kind of highlighted this earlier. There's two 7 -oOo-8 8 STATEMENT OF BRANDON STURDIVANT things I really want to highlight. The first is that I 9 9 was racial profiled a lot as a youth. And every time 10 10 it happened -- I was racially profiled a lot to the MR. STURDIVANT: It's Brandon Sturdivant, 11 point where, like I said, I could tell the different 11 B-R-A-N-D-O-N, S-T-U-R-D-I-V-A-N-T, working with People 12 shifts, like what police worked on what shift. I knew 12 of California, also part of Hope for Community 13 Organizations. 13 the whole police force because every time they pulled me 14 over, there's police in the car, and slowly you get to 14 So first, I hope folks really appreciate the 15 15 knowing everybody. level of trauma that the people in this audience are 16 I watched rookies become lieutenants over the 16 doing right now, to recount stories that seriously 17 17 course of time, you know. And every time I was stopped impacted us in our development and in our lives. 18 Imagine having to interact with a person who abused you 18 by the police, I was -- put a gun on one. But the other 19 19 thing was I was touched in a way in which I didn't find consistently. That is what we have to do. And even 20 appropriate. You know, they touched my genitals. They 20 being in the space with law enforcement officers who are 21 touched, like, my buttocks area because they were saying it's too much to collect data, to me it's an 21 22 looking for something on me. So they'd bring me to the 22 abuser telling me I'm not gonna stop and I don't 23 23 point where I was stopped a whole lot of times but I actually want to take negativisms (sic) to stop, I'm only went to jail a few times. 24 fine with what I'm doing. 24 25 So I hear the argument of "wasting time" and 25 So a lot of trauma in this room. That's the Page 29 Page 31 "too much time" to go to fill out a piece of paper. But 1 1 first thing. it was a whole lot of time that they wasted pulling me 2 2 Second thing is, there's a duel line here. And over when they only arrested me like once or twice. 3 3 I don't want to misstate AB 953, about what the board 4 And they pulled me over many of times, you know. 4 issue brought up. But the thing is, folks in this room 5 And so I think if they stop racially profiling, 5 and so many folks outside mobilized, over a thousand 6 6 they'll have more time. You know, that's one thing. people, and sat on the lawn outside the Capitol to make 7 7 And then the other thing is -- is that I work with sure that this thing is passed, right, to bring our 8 8 Alfredo, and we do work with special education, you work to fruition, to make sure we have the opportunity 9 know. And it's a growing -- everybody knows it. Mental 9 to collect this data. So the folks here are directly health is that -- a lot of people being arrested and 10 10 responsible for this legislation, for this effort. And 11 11 profiled and type of stuff, they do have mental we're proud to see what happened with the 12 recommendations today. We want to see that continue 12 illnesses. 13 13 So I'd like to highlight the part that you all forward implementation. 14 said before, about putting a box there about the mental 14 I was not a part of AB 953. I actually sat out. 15 illnesses, because I believe that has a lot to do -- and 15 The reason why I sat out was because my uncle was beaten 16 now the jail is starting to become the biggest mental 16 to death by the Oakland police. Not shot, not tased. 17 17 health provider for people with mental illnesses. And I Like billy clubs. Nine officers beat him until he believe that it should be some type of mechanism that we 18 18 expired. 19 can help people that are mentally ill before they go to 19 My cousin was shot in the back, killed by the 2.0 20 Oakland police. I got something on it, but it was just iail. 21 And I say -- that's all I have to say. But every 21 weak narrative, weak-ass narrative, that didn't explain 22 22 life has a value, you know. And like it's happening exactly what happened. 23 real fast. The first -- what is it? -- three minutes, 23 So for me, and knowing other folks who 24 two minutes is where people are being killed. 24 experienced police brutality, I thought what the hell 25 2.5 And if it's people being racially profiled and are we doing. But the folks in this audience inspired Page 30 Page 32

me to step off the sidelines over the last year and work. I've been throwing myself into it actually and confront something that has caused trauma to my entire family.

So we want to see the recommendations move forward as we saw fit. We want to see over this next period that you're not going to (unintelligible). We want to see more data, as much as possible, especially — especially around — the data around the minutes that folks are being held. We don't want to see checkboxes. If you hold somebody for 60 minutes, put 60. If you hold them for five hours, put five hours. We need to know down to a "T".

Last thing, I'm really, really concerned about the implementation of this. So what happens when law enforcement doesn't do it? What happens when we get back crappy data? We've done public records requests for the Sheriff's Department in Alameda County and gotten back crap, like receipts for coffee, stuff like that, just paper. So I'm really concerned, and I'm wondering, how do we make sure these regulations move forward and hit the ground.

And the last thing is, for me, this is about an ark. This moment is about public safety transformation. We can't get it without the data. But this is the

rule-making process. I also have copies if anybody needs it

In particular, we support the RIPA board recommendations to require use of open text fields with respect to data elements of reason for stop, basis for search, and any data value that refers to "other." The proposed regulations must require data collection that captures actual law enforcement practices by including these open field texts where officers provide factual detail and context for their stops.

We also believe that the regulation should require officers to provide a description of the actual location of the stop, such as sidewalk, public transportation, public housing or building, to provide context about where these stops are taking place and what that might mean. Moreover, there are several data elements that we believe the data value is offered use time periods that do not allow for sufficient detail to echo the duration of the stop that others have mentioned, the perceived age of person stopped and officers' years of experience.

Finally, we think there needs to be multiple data values added in response to data element for actions taken by officer during stop. The -- we might -- we suggest additional values such as other

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beginning. So we have to start off on a good foot and push back on the law enforcement officers who are consistently sending a message that they want to do as little as possible. Thank you.
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MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

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STATEMENT OF KENA CADOR

MS. CADOR: Hello. My name is Kena Cador, K-E-N-A, C-A-D-O-R. I'm here on behalf of the ACLU of Northern California, Fresno office.

I want to start by saying that I think the stories today demonstrate the undeniable human element involved in police interactions. It also highlights the need for effective data.

The ACLU commends DOJ and AOG for their consideration and adoption of recommendations made by advocacy organizations over the past several months.

The proposed regulations reflect recommendations related to perceived identities and any stops of youth, particularly of youth on and around school grounds or in the school setting. However, the ACLU and many other advocacy organizations are very concerned in certain aspects of proposed recommendations and have submitted written comments to the DOJ and AOG as part of the

agency called to the scene or unit, unbuttoning the holster or grabbing the weapon.

I think that the importance of AB 953 cannot be overstated, especially as evidenced by the public participation here today, making sure police are acting fairly and lawfully and that burdens of being stopped and searched are not falling on some racial groups more than others is crucial and is part of the job. Thank

MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

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STATEMENT OF CRISANTEMA GALLARDO

MS. GALLARDO: Hi, everyone. My name is Crisantema Gallardo, C-R-I-S-A-N-T-E-M-A, G-A-L-L-A-R-D-O.

As I spoke earlier, I'm from Merced, and I really want to lift up the importance of ensuring that we have individual and personal identifications for peace officers.

You can go into any (speaking in Spanish) -- any hood, and people in the community, well, they know what streets, what police officers are stopping our community members.

In my community, on Winway near a church,

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there's a white police officer that will park his vehicle there and stop brown and dark-skinned people for no reason. I think it's really important for us to be able to identify which law enforcement officers are the ones doing this.

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Again, I'm really happy to be here today, because we were there in 2015 pushing AB 953, because we know it's the beginning to any (unintelligible) in our community. And I say "beginning" because it's not going to end all the injustice that we're living as people of color in this state, but it is going to ensure that we hold law enforcement officers, individual folks, accountable so that they can do the job they're supposed to be doing, so they can really build trust with our communities.

Again, I also think it's really important for our community groups to have access to the data. And not just community groups, but myself as an individual who has a brother that is in and out of prison and dad who was formerly incarcerated, I want to have access to all the data. So we need to create, like, a clear plan of how we as community members can know no who -- which officers are stopping who in our community and what ethnicities are being stopped the most. Thank you.

MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

-oOo-STATEMENT OF GREG JONES

MR. JONES: Good afternoon. I'm going to take this thing off. I'm sorry. My name is Greg Jones. I'm within the Congregation out for Change. And there are a couple things that really -- that really resonated with me.

One of them is, you know, how can a group of individuals who don't want there to be transparency decide how transparency is going to be implemented. I cannot get past that in my mind to understand how a group of -- a group of individuals who we're trying to hold accountable, as a society, as taxpayers, as citizens, sometimes it's victims, how we want to correct the system that has been flawed since its inception.

We all know that police officers were founded on the slave patrol. They would capture runaway slaves and, to tell the truth, they pretty much operate the same way today.

When slavery ended -- before slavery ended, excuse me, the prison system was 95 percent white. Afterwards, it was 97 percent black. That's no mistake.

The prison system was put in and perpetrated on African Americans in order to keep free labor going.

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-oOo-STATEMENT OF BOBBI BUTTS

MS. BUTTS: First of all, I'd like to give our praises to God. He's the love of my life.

My name is Bobbi Butts, B-O-B-B-I, B-U-T-T-S. I'm with a lot of different organizations. I was at the legislators office making sure the Transparency Bill came through.

I just know that being as dark skinned as I am, I have witnessed and been the part of a lot of racial profiling, especially living in Tennessee and out here in California as well.

I'm raising a son who wants to be a cardiologist and he plays instruments. But I know he'll grow up and be a big, black guy. So I know if I don't put my feet to the ground today and tomorrow, I'm probably not giving my son the chance that he deserves.

So I just want to thank you all in the Department of Justice for just having our back and continuing to work with us with regards to this system that is so injustice to people of color. Thank you.

MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

THE PUBLIC: One people, one fight. One people. One fight.

And today it operates the same exact way. Please, if you don't believe me, do your research.

The problem is that I myself don't consider myself a free man because I have to do things that I don't want to do. I don't any adult that has to do things they don't want to do.

But the problem is, when you have a system that's breathing over you and it has individuals who are equal to you, equal to you, equal to you, are telling you -- are making you feel that the system no longer applies to them, the rules no longer apply to them, and all they have to do is claim to feel fear and they can take your life, take your life with zero accountability. And we sit here and act as if that's the norm. We sit here and act as if that's necessary in order for America to be great again. Like that's what it has to be like.

My children tremble in fear. They've seen me become a victim of police brutality. They still talk about it to this day, every time it comes up. It doesn't come up in conversations with family. It comes up in society. It's one of those things we talk about. It's one of those things that we live. It's normal. Just like the space landing or the comet -- whatever is the norm

Police brutality is the norm. And for people

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who have the privilege to not be personally affected by it or not have a family member affected by it and someone that looks like them to not be affected by it, it's asinine to me to understand how you can say their experiences are less valued than yours just because you were put in the position to make that decision amongst those who don't know how to get to where you're at, who don't think that you belong where you belong, who may not have the resource that you have to get to where you're at. So what I'm asking is that you all take a look outside of yourselves, take a look outside of your experiences, outside your responsibilities as you see them and take a look at the society that you live in. THE PUBLIC: My God.

MR. JONES: It's a wasteland. We're in a disgusting movie. This is a movie from the '80s that we're living in today, with this -- with this -- I don't even know what kind of -- this Commander-In-Chief, this CEO -- I don't know.

I don't know what we're going to do. But it's up to you guys to make something happen in California that's not happening anywhere else in America. We're way behind so many other countries. It's going to take at least 40, 50 years to make America great again. And

actions. Maybe we can change hiring practices as we go forward.

And just to note on a local level, I live here in Fresno, our chief of police actually ordered an internal study review of his department, and what came back was that two-thirds of the officers didn't trust the chief and a third of officers complained about officers that falsified evidence or falsified police reports. And what we're talking about is years on someone's life; right? When you falsify --

We have a brother right now that we're trying to help out who went to rescue his brothers from a shooting at a party, and he's -- now he's facing jail time because he was resisting arrest. Even though he showed up way after the cops did and he was drug through the mud physically, literally, and now he's facing jail time. And he's young. He's a young man.

And so -- again, thank you guys for being here. We just want to continue to hold up these -- these stories and these experiences.

MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

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STATEMENT BY SUKAINA HUSSAIN

MS. HUSSAIN: Good afternoon. My name is

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by the way we're going now, it's not going to happen.

So we're asking you all to take the responsibility, take the accountability, and to ensure that the things that have happened in the past, the injustices that have happened in the past, never happen again to another person. Thank you.

MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

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STATEMENT BY NEBYOU BERHE

MR. BERHE: Hello. My name is Nebyou Berhe, N-E-B-Y-O-U, B-E-R-H-E.

So just a couple things real quick. These narrative boxes -- and I find it amusing that there was so much pushback on them. Every time we see an officer-involved shooting video or anything related to police misconduct, we're always told -- the public is told to suspend your judgment because we don't know what happened before or after. We don't know what the context was; right? We don't know what the narrative was. We don't know all these factors.

And that leads to the unique identifiers. Right. And what is this? It's this accountability so we can say, hey, man, these type of officers are the ones -- should be held responsible for these type of Sukaina Hussain, S-U-K-A-I-N-A, H-U-S-S-A-I-N.

I shared some comments with the board this morning, but I wanted to reiterate to you all. Thank you again for the time to hear us out. I know some people had to take off but they're with us in spirit. They're from all over California. They're making their way back.

I wanted to highlight what was brought up before, the significance of the stories that my black and brown brothers and sisters have shared and how much of themselves they're putting out there so that all of us can live in a better community.

And I'm speaking on behalf of immigrant families who are communities of color who have come from militarized states, who have come from environments where they're being targeted for the way they look, who are daily met with tanks in the street with automatic weapons in their face, whose children have to walk by army and militants just on the way to school or to the grocery store.

And they came here. My family is from an immigrant background (unintelligible). And unfortunately we know it's going to be difficult for families coming from other countries in the future. But for those who are here, came here seeking that safe

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haven and seeking a way to provide a better opportunity for their families.

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So I know that the role of law enforcement is to provide that peace, to serve and protect. And if we're continuing to militarize, we're not serving that purpose. So I hope the investment in this regulation really provide them education and training into making our community safer instead of more militarized.

I also wanted to speak to the piece around religion. I know there was some discussion with the board on what the identifier looks like. I do agree it's important to be able to collect data to name their specific religion, backgrounds and ethnicities. Nationalities are being targeted.

However, it may be visible what religion I am but may not be for another person of color. So I think in order to make sure we're not falling into the trap of continually stereotyping and going down this rabbit hole of stereotyping by filling the box, but there should even still be a narrative space for why the officer chose to identify the person of that religion. Was it a cross or symbol or something specific they were wearing that caused them to feel they were of religious background. And maybe use that to identify if there are wrongful assumptions being made, if there are

sufficient descriptive data in order to compile it and interpret in a way that can identify how these officers may be profiling folks, then that extra five or ten minutes that it's costing them right now could save an extra 500 lives in a couple years, and it will all be worth it then.

So I'm asking you all, when you hear that argument about time consumption that you let it bounce off your ears because we're looking towards the future. And in doing that, we have to spend the necessary time focusing on those variables that are causing so many of our people to suffer here.

I appreciate you all for hearing us out today. I ask that you keep in mind the stories you heard and the pain you heard when you're making those decisions and finalizing the regulations.

MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

STATEMENT OF JULIA DUDLEY

MS. DUDLEY: Afternoon, to you. I definitely wasn't slated to speak but I felt compelled to do so. My name is Julia, J-U-L-I-A, D-U-D-L-E-Y.

And I have been a long time resident of Fresno, but my roots are actually in San Jose. And I think

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stereotypes that are being mislabeled. And put those learnings into trainings on how we're miscategorizing individually or how we're correctly or incorrectly identifying backgrounds to have more accurate information and learning ahead. Thank you.

MS. HOVIS: Thank you.

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STATEMENT OF TAYMAH JAHSI

MS. JAHSI: Hello. My name is Taymah Jahsi, spelled T-A-Y-M-A-H, last name, J-A-H-S-I. I'm with PICO, specifically Faith in the Valley here in Fresno. We represent over 120 congregations here in the Valley. Many of them went with us to the Capitol to make sure AB 953 passed.

And we went there with the expectation with racial profiling not ending tomorrow but sometime in the future. Maybe our grandchildren wouldn't have to face some of the pain we face.

So when I hear officers say it's too time-consuming, I view that as an excuse. Because what's more time-consuming is burying your child. I've done that before. We heard from Mrs. Friday who's done that.

And if we have the opportunity to collect

today is so important because my family has continually had to go through racial profiling, even in front of my house where we lived in a very affluent neighborhood and we might have been one or two black families.

I watched my brother get beat up by nine or ten cops because they didn't believe that was his house. And I had to testify and watch these cops lie in court, and it was traumatizing. Because he was in a car with another non-black person, so they pulled him over and assumed it wasn't his car. So that was my first unfortunate incident with the police. And then it continued, where I was always pulled over because of who I was, because of being black and driving in a car down a street where they felt I didn't belong.

Now we fast-forward here to Fresno, California, where I live now. I'm a business owner. I'm an entrepreneur. I'm also part of the African American media. So I came here today, and we wanted to make sure to have a story.

But I think it's also important I share my story. And just last year, at the end of the year, we were pulled over coming from my shop. We were terrified. Me and my husband were very terrified. We were in our car, which was a Mustang. The officer asked what were we doing in a Mustang, why were we there,

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1 where were we coming from. I was asked these -- this 1 And if you want to speak and haven't done so, we 2 myriad of questions as if I didn't even belong being a 2 have an open mic. 3 3 (Whereupon the meeting concluded at business owner or even in my car. 4 4 So that is not just happening to me but a whole 4:30 p.m.) 5 5 bunch of people that look like me, a whole bunch of 6 6 other black and brown folks that look like me. And I 7 7 was shaking and I was terrified. And I shared it on 8 8 Facebook. I couldn't get over it for weeks. And every 9 9 time I saw an officer, all I could do was be fearful and 10 10 look forward. And even when I was pulled over, I didn't 11 11 know if we were going to be shot. No one was around. 12 12 I'm looking around to see where I could -- who's 13 13 watching and what I can do. 14 14 No one should feel that terrified when they're 15 15 pulled over by an officer. And loudly I remember 16 16 speaking to the officer, letting him know, "Officer, I 17 17 can't -- my license. It's in the back in my purse." And 18 18 I was very scared to reach back. I'd already watched the 19 19 Sandra Bland. Myself being a part of the media, it was 20 20 a very terrifying experience for me. 21 21 I've been stopped, my son's been stopped, my 22 22 husband has been stopped, everyone's been stopped in my 23 23 family. For what? 2.4 24 And also being 15 years as an educator, as a 25 25 state-mandated reporter, it was very important for me to Page 49 Page 51 1 write out paperwork. And when something happens in the 1 STATE OF CALIFORNIA 2 classroom, you had to write it out. Time is nothing. 3 2 COUNTY OF FRESNO Time is of the essence. And it's very important for us 3 4 to take our time when we must write that report. When 5 4 I, MIRANDA K. ANTHONY, Certified Shorthand we must be a part of the solution versus the problem. 5 Reporter, in and for the State of California, do hereby 6 If I didn't write about things that happened to 6 certify: 7 my students, and they would tell me about stuff going on 7 That the foregoing proceedings were taken before 8 at home, should I be that teacher that says, heck, I 8 me at the time and place herein set forth; that any 9 don't have time to write that out? Should I have done 9 witness in the foregoing proceedings, prior to 10 that? 10 testifying, were duly sworn; that a record of the 11 So that's why it's so important for us to look 11 proceedings was made by me using machine shorthand which 12 at time as not an issue but part of it, to take the time 12 was thereafter transcribed under my direction; that the 13 to write that information down so we can see where the 13 foregoing is a true record of the testimony given. 14 problem is and look forward to solutions. 14 I further certify that I am neither financially 15 MS. HOVIS: Thank you. 15 interested in the action, nor a relative or employee of 16 So since the public hearing is slated to go 16 any attorney or party to this action. 17 until 4:30, we sit and stay here until 4:30. That's how 17 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have this date subscribed my 18 it works. So we will be here. 18 name. 19 Thank you for being here everybody who came, 19 20 honestly. I'm just really pleased to see that -- the 20 Dated:___/___/ 21 energy and commitment to ensure that AB 953 is 21 22 effectively implemented because it's certainly 22 23 consuming our lives. And it's just really great to have 23 MIRANDA K. ANTHONY, CSR NO. 13453 24 members of the public so participatory. So thank you so 24 25 much. 25 Page 52 Page 50

