XAVIER BECERRA **IEXEMPT FROM FILING FEES** Attorney General of California **PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT** 2 NICKLAS A. AKERS **CODE SECTION 61031** Senior Assistant Attorney General 3 STACEY D. SCHESSER Supervising Deputy Attorney General YEN P. NGUYEN (SBN 239095) 4 Deputy Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 5 SEP 3 0 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004 6 Telephone: (415) 510-3497 CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR Fax: (415) 703-5480 E-mail: TiTi.Nguyen@doj.ca.gov 7 8 Attorneys for The People of the State of California 9 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 10 FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA UNLIMITED JURISDICTION 11 12 13 RG20075118 THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF Case No. 14 CALIFORNIA. 15 Plaintiff. COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTION, CIVIL 16 PENALTIES, AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF 17 ANTHEM, INC., a corporation. (BUS & PROF. CODE, § 17200 et seq.) 18 Defendant. 19 20 1. THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), by 21 and through Xavier Becerra, Attorney General of the State of California, brings this action against 22 Anthem, Inc. ("Anthem") for violating Business and Professions Code section 17200 et seg. 23 ("UCL") and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"), Pub. 24 L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1938, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic 25 and Clinical Health Act, Pub. L. No. 111-5, 123 Stat. 226, as well as the Department of Health 26 27 and Human Services Regulations, 45 C.F.R. § 160 et seq., and alleges the following upon information and belief: 28

## **PARTIES**

- 2. Plaintiff is the People of the State of California. Plaintiff brings this action by and through Xavier Becerra, Attorney General. The Attorney General is authorized by Business and Professions Code sections 17204, 17206, and 17207 to bring actions to enforce the Unfair Competition Law, and by 42 U.S.C. § 1320d-5(d)(1) to bring actions to enforce the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1938, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, Pub. L. No. 111-5, 123 Stat. 226, as well as the Department of Health and Human Services Regulations, 45 C.F.R. § 160 et seq.
- 3. Defendant Anthem, Inc. is a domestic corporation with its principal place of business at 120 Monument Circle, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204.
- 4. Anthem is a "covered entity" and a "business associate" within the meaning of 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, and is required to comply with HIPAA federal standards governing the privacy and security of electronic personal health information (ePHI), including the Privacy and Security Rules. (See 45 C.F.R. § 164.032.)
- 5. In the course of its business, Anthem collects, maintains, and/or processes sensitive personal data and health information including personal information, protected health information (PHI), and electronic personal health information (ePHI) (collectively, "Sensitive Data").

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Jurisdiction is proper because Anthem has transacted business within the State of California, including the County of Alameda, or has engaged in conduct impacting the State of California or its residents at all times relevant to this complaint. The violations of law described herein occurred in the County of Alameda and elsewhere in the State of California.

#### **FACTS**

7. On February 4, 2015, Anthem publicly announced that it had discovered unauthorized access to its computer network, which exposed the Sensitive Data of approximately 78,800,000 individuals, identifying at least 13.5 million of whom were California residents.

8. On or about January 29, 2015; Anthem discovered that an unauthorized party (or unauthorized parties) had gained access to Anthem's computer network and infiltrated an essential database containing Sensitive Data of Anthem plan members and other individuals. The Sensitive Data accessed in unencrypted form by the unauthorized party (or unauthorized parties) included names, dates of birth, Social Security numbers, healthcare identification numbers, home addresses, email addresses, phone numbers, and employment information, including income data.

- 9. The unauthorized access, which was the result of spearphishing, began on or about February 18, 2014, and continued until shortly after Anthem discovered it, exploiting Anthem accounts and compromising numerous systems within the Anthem network.
- Anthem's data security that could have prevented or mitigated the impact of the breach. For example, Anthem failed to: properly segment its network; sufficiently log and monitor system activity; regularly and accurately assess and mitigate risks to sensitive information; update its security program to protect against known cybersecurity threats; and implement access controls. Anthem did not properly configure some of its security tools to issue any alerts on the unauthorized activity. Where Anthem had enabled its security tools to issue alerts, Anthem failed to follow up on and respond to alerts regarding backdoor installation, unauthorized device scanning that illicitly mapped Anthem's network, malware execution, and unauthorized queries that should have led to detection of the breach.
- 11. Furthermore, Anthem failed to implement security policies in certain areas, including policies requiring: up-to-date anti-virus protection; strong password practices and secure password storage; encryption; and two-factor authentication for remote access to privileged accounts. And even where Anthem had security policies in place, Anthem failed to follow them.
- 12. Anthem's security failures occurred in spite of state and federal privacy laws that mandate reasonable data security and other safeguards to protect Sensitive Data. For example, California has long recognized a duty to safeguard consumer's personal and medical information in its privacy laws. Similarly, HIPAA sets forth strict rules and standards that require healthcare

companies to adequately safeguard and protect patient data from unauthorized access. These include mitigating risks to ePHI, updating security program, establishing appropriate access controls to ePHI, monitoring login attempts, detecting malicious software, and complying with security procedures and practices.

# **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

# VIOLATIONS OF HIPAA AND ITS ATTENDANT PRIVACY AND SECURITY RULES

# 45 C.F.R. SECTION 160 ET SEQ.

- 13. The People reallege and incorporate by reference each of the paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 14. At all times relevant, Anthem has been a "covered entity" and a "business associate" pursuant to HIPAA, specifically 45 C.F.R. section 160.103.
- 15. At all relevant times, Anthem has maintained the PHI and ePHI of millions of individuals pursuant to HIPAA, specifically 45 C.F.R. section 160.103.
- 16. As a "covered entity" and a "business associate," Anthem is required to comply with HIPAA standards, safeguards, and implementation that govern the privacy of PHI and ePHI, including the Privacy Rule and the Security Rule. (45 C.F.R. Part 164, Subparts A, C, & E.)
- 17. Anthem failed to comply with specific standards mandating administrative, physical, and technical safeguards and implementation specifications as required by HIPAA, the Privacy Rule and the Security Rule. (45 C.F.R. §§ 164.306(a)(1), 164.306(a)(2), 164.306(a)(3), 164.306(d), 164.308(a)(4)(i), 164.308(a)(4)(ii)(B), 164.308(a)(4)(ii)(C), 164.308(a)(1), 164.308(a)(6), 164.308(a)(5)(i), 164.312(a)(1), 164.312(e)(2)(ii), 164.316(a), 164.502 et seq.)
- 18. Each violation of the above standard, administrative safeguard, physical safeguard, technical safeguard, and/or implementation specification by Anthem constitutes a separate violation of HIPAA on each day the violation occurred. (42 U.S.C. § 1320d-5(d)(2); 45 C.F.R. § 160.406.) Plaintiff separately alleges each and every HIPAA violation identified in Paragraph 17 herein.

Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1938, as amended by

1	the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, Pub. L. No. 111-5,		
2	123 Stat. 226, as well as the Department of Health and Human Services Regulations, 45 C.F.R.		
3	§ 160 et seq.		
4	4. That Plaint	ff recovers its cost of suit he	erein, including costs of investigation; and
5		For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.	
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7			,
8	Dated: September 30, 202	0 Re	espectfully Submitted,
9			AVIER BECERRA
10		N	ttorney General of California
11		Sī	enior Assistant Attorney General FACEY D. SCHESSER
12		Si	pervising Deputy Attorney General
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14			PALE NOUNTY
15		De	EN P. NGUYEN eputy Attorney General
16		Co	torneys for The People of the State of alifornia
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