1	STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
2	OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
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9	TRANSCRIPT OF RECORDED PROCEEDINGS
10	CLETS ADVISORY COMMITTEE
11	Held on
12	JUNE 26, 2019
13	1:00 p.m.
14	at
15	Folsom City Council Chambers
16	50 Natoma Street
17	Folsom, CA 95630
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23	Transcribed by: Mary Ellen Edd, CSR 9755
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                  FOLSOM, CALIFORNIA, JUNE 26, 2019
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            MR. HOWLAND: Well, good afternoon. I am Scott
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   Howland, Chair, and I'd like to call this afternoon's CLETS
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   Advisory Committee Meeting to order, here on June 26th,
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   2019, here in Folsom, California.
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            And with that, I'll ask Maria, our secretary, to
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   call roll.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Cory Honea with California State
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   Sheriff's Association.
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            MR. HONEA: Present.
            MS. CRANSTON: Mark Bonini for the California State
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   Association of Counties.
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            MR. BONINI: Present.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Scott Howland, representing
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   California Highway Patrol.
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            MR. HOWLAND: Present.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Rick Hillman representing the
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   California Police Chief's Association.
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            MR. HILLMAN: Present.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Mike Carroll representing California
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   Peace Officers Association.
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            MR. CARROLL: Present.
            MS. CRANSTON: Tom Wilson representing the
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   Department of Motor Vehicles.
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MR. WILSON: Present.

2 MS. CRANSTON: Greg Park representing the

3 | California League -- League of California Cities.

MR. PARK: Present.

MS. CRANSTON: And Joe Dominic representing the Department of Justice.

MR. DOMINIC: Here -- present.

MS. CRANSTON: And then we have two members out today, and it's Mark Pazin representing the Government Office of Emergency Services, and Marc Shaw representing the California Peace Officers Association.

MR. HOWLAND: And do we have a quorum?

MS. CRANSTON: We do, we have a quorum.

MR. HOWLAND: Thank you. I'll start out with housekeeping for those that haven't been here to the Folsom City Council Chambers. If you need restrooms, they're out the door to the right and then a slight turn at the constable hall to the right. You'll find both a men's and women's room.

Now, from that standpoint, I'll remind the committee to make sure that we use the microphones, because the proceedings are being recorded to be transcribed, and that little green light by your microphone tells you your mic is hot. You can turn that off, but make sure you turn that back on when we get underway.

Finally, I'd like to let the audience know that, for public comment, we always find it helpful to know the organization you represent and your name, although that is not required. We'd ask that you do provide that if you would like to, from that standpoint.

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Counsel.

And then a reminder to the committee that for motions, it's always nice to hear the last name associated with the motion, and that way for transcription purposes we know who made the motion and things go a little smoother from that standpoint.

And so at this point, I'd like to do introductions, and we'll start out with our CLETS staff that does a tremendous job helping us get the meeting together and pull it off.

- MS. TOMKINSON: Wendy Tomkinson, CLETS

 Administration Section.
- MR. CARLSON: David Carlson, CLETS Administration

 18 Section.
- MR. MALLORY: Ryan Mallory, CLETS Administration

 Section.
- 21 MS. YANG: I'm Deborah Yang, Legal
- MR. HOWLAND: And then we'll ask the audience, and, again, it's volunteering, if you'd like to state your name and the organization you're with.

- 1 MS. BRANNIGAN: Kelly Brannigan with the
- 2 Department of Justice.
- MS. ARNAIZ: Nicole Arnaiz with the Department of
- 4 Justice.
- 5 MR. MARTIN: Deputy (Unintelligible) Martin,
- 6 Alameda County Sheriff's Office.
- 7 MR. (UNINTELLIGIBLE): Darren (Unintelligible),
- 8 Alameda County IT.
- 9 MS. REICH: Jenny Reich, Department of Justice.
- 10 MS. OPDYKE: Audra Opdyke, Department of
- 11 Justice.
- MR. BEARDWOOD: Kirk Beardwood, Department of
- 13 Justice.
- MR. (UNINTELLIGIBLE): (Unintelligible)
- 15 (Unintelligible), Santa Clara County.
- 16 MS. COOPER: Michelle Cooper, with Santa Clara
- 17 | County Sheriffs.
- 18 MS. ROBLES: Robin Robles, Department of
- 19 Justice.
- 20 MS. TODD-MILLER: Diedre Todd-Miller,
- 21 Department of Motor Vehicles.
- 22 MS. CHOI: Erin Choi, Department of
- 23 Justice.
- 24 MS. PRADO: Jennifer Prado, San Mateo County
- 25 | Sheriff's Office.

- MR. MAASS: Dave Maass, attorney for Electronic Frontier Foundation.
- MR. LUONG: George Luong for Department of Justice.

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- 5 MR. VEGA: Ricardo Vega, Department of Justice.
- MR. HOWLAND: Excellent. Thank you all. And I must say, we have a good showing from DOJ again this meeting.
 - At this point, I'd like to move to the Chairman's report, and I have the pleasure of welcoming three new members to our committee.
- First, Chief Rick Hillman, Chief of the Folsom 12 Police Department, I want to say thank you for helping to 13 host us here. Appreciate the facility. He is representing 14 the California Police Chiefs Association, and is 15 16 replacing Cynthia Renaud, who is now the Santa Monica Police Chief. I want to welcome you and, as I said before, 17 embarrass you a little bit with a very brief bio so that 18 the committee and the audience can get to know you a little 19 bit better from that standpoint. 20
 - Rick Hillman became the Folsom Police Chief on April 23rd, 2018. In his role, he leads a full service police department of 78 sworn officers and 29 professional staff providing service to approximately 80,000 residents living in a 30-square-mile city.

Rick started his career with the Folsom Police

Department in 1995 after serving as a police officer with
the Placerville Police Department. He served in various
capacities within the department including patrol, SWAT, and
internal affairs. As a commander, he led the Operations
Bureau which represents all uniformed staff. Rick holds a
Bachelor of Science degree in criminal justice management
from the Union Institute and University. He's acquired an
intermediate, advanced, supervisory, and management
certificates from POST and is a graduate of the Sherman
Block Supervisory Leadership Institute.

Rick, welcome to the committee.

MR. HILLMAN: Thank you.

MR. HOWLAND: Next we have Sheriff Cory Honea representing the California State Sheriffs Association. Welcome to the committee.

MR. HONEA: Thank you.

MR. HOWLAND: And I'll share a quick bio of you, and as we talked earlier, I'll make it brief from that standpoint.

County since 2014. Sheriff Honea began his law enforcement career with Butt County Sheriff's Office in 1993 when he was hired as a deputy sheriff. He served as a patrol deputy and a detective until 2000 when he transferred to the District Attorney's Office as an investigator.

During his tenure at the District Attorney's Office, Sheriff Honea promoted through the ranks to the position of Chief Investigator.

In 2010, he returned to the Butte County Sheriff's Office and served as the Undersheriff until 2014. Sheriff Honea has extensive training, certified by the POST. He holds a juris doctor and is licensed to practice law in the State of California.

Cory, it's great to have you on the committee, and I know you've been really busy lately with what's been going on in your county, so we appreciate you joining the committee and taking part in the group.

MR. HONEA: My pleasure, thank you.

MR. HOWLAND: And, finally, Chief Tom Wilson, representing the Department of Motor Vehicles. Tom, welcome to the group. And, of course, I have a quick bio for you, too.

Chief Wilson has been a member of the Department of Motor Vehicles Investigations Division since 2000 and has most recently been Investigations Division Regional One Deputy Chief from 2016 to 2018.

While providing leadership to the field investigators as a Regional Deputy Chief, he has also been providing oversight to the Special Operations Command Office of Internal Affairs, the computer forensics team, and the

Confidential Records Unit.

Tom started at DMV as an Investigator in the Fresno district office and was promoted to Supervising I nvestigator in 20 -- in 2004. In 2011, he was promoted as a Central Area Commander where he oversaw operations in Stockton, Fresno, and Bakersfield.

Prior to coming to DMV, Tom was employed as a

Kingsburg police officer and detective for nine years. He's
a graduate of the U.C. Davis Exten -- Executive Leadership

Development Academy, the California Police Officers

Standards and Training and Supervisory Leadership Institute,
and the 18-month POST Command College for Law Enforcement

Executives.

Tom has a Bachelor's Degree in Criminology from Wilmington University. Tom, welcome to the committee.

MR. WILSON: Thank you.

MR. HOWLAND: And, finally, one more introduction. We have new Legal Counsel for the committee, Deborah Yang, and is here to assist the committee with our Bagley Keene Open Meetings Act, and I do have a (unintelligible) bio for you also.

Deborah's work as staff attorney for the Department of General Services and the State Treasurer. In March she joined the Department of Justice as Deputy Attorney General in the Government Law Section. She graduated from U.C.

- 1 Irvine with a BA in Political Science in 2001 and from U.C.
- 2 | Hastings College of Law in 2004.
- Welcome to the committee. And in advance, we appreciate your help.
- 5 MS. YANG: Thank you.

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- 6 MR. HOWLAND: Next we'll move on to the Executive 7 Secretary's report.
- MS. CRANSTON: In today's Executive Secretary's report, I'll be addressing three different areas: CLETS traffic, misuse statistics, and the action items from the last meeting.
 - For the first quarter of 2019, for the total messages inbound and outbound, there was approximately 260 million messages. The monthly average inbound and outbound were a little above 86 million messages per month. The daily average in and outbound were almost three million messages, and the peak day for inbound and outbound were almost three and a half three and a half million. Sorry.
 - In just a little comparison over the last ten years, you can see how the traffic has significantly increased over CLETS, so the monthly average has increased by approximately 21 percent.
 - Next item is the CLETS journal search misuse statistics. These are statistics for misuse investigations when local law enforcement requests DOJ to run a journal

search to assist in their investigations.

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So this year we've had over the last six months, 29 requests related to misuse. Last year for the entire year, we had 50. Out of those 29, 15 cases there was no misuse found, 12 cases are still pending, two misuse cases, misuse was found.

So far there's been no employees counseled reprimanded. However, there were 38 cases where training was required. In that particular case, it had to do with CCW permits, and they were running name checks versus running fingerprints.

And there was also one other. At this point, I don't know what the other type of action that was taken, but these are the figures so far.

Now, for the annual misuse. In February of each year, agencies are required to submit their misuse investigations for the previous year. So here are the infor- -- here is the information for the 2018 year as well as 2017.

So for agencies submitting, we did have less agencies than we did last year. Part of the reason is last year, the courts for L.A. reported separately, so we counted them as individual offices versus putting all the courts together.

Also, we had a lot of agencies that retired that

were no longer independent. They were either contracting with sheriffs or, you know, no longer wanted CLETS service. So the total number of agencies did go down.

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Last year by year's end, we did have 100 percent compliance, and so far we have 100 percent compliance already for this year, for 2018.

Agencies reporting no misuse, 1,090, and there 114 agencies that did report CLETS misuse. Twenty-five of the cases are still pending. We will follow up with those on a monthly basis until they're closed, and we will report those findings.

Investigations performed had 143 cases where CLETS misuse was found, 21 employees have been counseled, 11 employees reprimanded, 62 require training. This is a new category, because last year it was -- it was lumped in with other, and we found there were a lot of training issues, so we did add it as a separate category. Fifteen employees were suspended, 10 had resigned, six terminated. And then other, last year, you can see that number's higher. That's because we included training in the other category. And then there were three cases where no action was taken.

As far as action items, there were no action items in open session from last meeting.

> And that's it for the Executive Secretary's report. MR. HOWLAND: Great. Any questions for the

Secretary from the committee?

I'd just like to say thank you to the DOJ staff because they are 100 percent compliance. That is something we've been working on for quite some time, and to have that achieved is a good -- is a great accomplishment. But knowing there was a lot of work in the background as far as follow-up to make sure we have all the reports and everything else.

MS. CRANSTON: Yes.

MR. HOWLAND: So please pass on our thanks, our appreciation to staff for all their hard work that resulted in 100 percent compliance.

MS. CRANSTON: Thank you.

MR. HOWLAND: At this point, we'd like to move on to pending legislation. And Kelly Brannigan has a presentation for us.

MS. BRANNIGAN: Good afternoon, I'm Kelly
Brannigan. And I'm going to be discussing some of the
legislation that the Department of Justice is currently
looking at this session. We'll be going by vote topic, and
I'm going to be starting with some of the criminal justice
data bills.

First is Assembly Bill 1076, which is criminal records, automatic relief.

AB 1076, was amended on May 16th and would, commencing

January 1st, 2021, require the Department of Justice, on a weekly basis, to review the records in the statewide criminal justice databases and, based on the information within the Automated Criminal History System, or the ACHS, identify persons who are eligible for arrest and/or conviction relief. The bill would require an update to the ACHS and other databases to document that that relief was granted.

AB 1076 would require the DOJ to annually publish to OpenJustice statistics disaggregated to county-level regarding relief granted pursuant to the provisions of the bill, along with statistics of arrests and convictions lacking sufficient information.

The bill would also allow a prosecuting attorney and/or probation department to, no later than 90 calendar days before the date of the person's eligibility date, to file a motion to prohibit the relief, and require the court to conduct a hearing within 45 days.

Next is AB 1331, criminal justice data.

AB 1331 was last amended June 20th, and this would, commencing January 1st, 2021, require local and state law enforcement agencies and courts to report specified arrest, sentencing, and related information electronically to the Department of Justice on a weekly basis.

It would also prohibit a person with a public

agency or bona fide research body from being denied access to criminal offender record information required for the performance of his or her duties, as specified, based solely on the person's own criminal record.

Next up, we have the firearms bills.

Starting with AB 12, gun violence restraining orders.

AB 12 was last amended June 19th and would extend the duration of a gun violence restraining order and related renewal from one year to a period of time of one to five years, to be determined the court. It would also authorize a law enforcement officer to file a petition for a gun violence restraining order in the name of the law -- sorry, to file a petition for a gun violence restraining order in the name of the law enforcement agency in which that officer is employed.

AB 340, firearms, armed prohibited persons.

AB 340, last amended May 16th, would authorize the County of Ventura to establish and implement a Disarming Prohibited Persons Taskforce, consisting of officers and agents from specified agencies. This DPPT would be tasked with identifying, monitoring, arresting, and assisting in the prosecution of prohibited persons. It would authorize the DOJ to award a grant to the County of Ventura for the purpose of completing taskforce-related duties. If the

county were to apply or receive such a grant, it would be required to submit a detailed report to the DOJ and the Legislature 15 months prior to receiving that grant.

Then we have AB 879, another firearms bill.

This was last amended June 17th and would, commencing July 1, 2024, require the sale of a firearm precursor part, as specified, to be processed through a licensed firearm precursor part vendor, with specified exemptions.

Commencing July 1st, 2025, the bill would require any person seeking to purchase firearm precursor parts to undergo a background check through the Department of Justice. This background check would be conducted electronically at the time of sale, similar to what will be done with ammunition beginning July 1st of this year.

SB 61, firearms transfers.

This was last amended June 11th and would, beginning July 1st, 2021, prohibit an individual from making more than one application to purchase a long gun within any 30-day period with specified exemptions. It would similarly prohibit a dealer from delivering a long gun to a person whenever the dealer is notified by the DOJ that the purchaser has made another application to purchase a long gun within the preceding 30-day period.

Effective January 1st, 2021, SB 61 would also

prohibit the sale of a semiautomatic centerfire rifle to a person who has a valid hunting license or is honorably discharged from the Armed Forces and is under 21 years of age, unless they possess a Certificate of Eligibility from the DOJ.

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Last firearms bill is SB 376. This is firearms transfers.

Last amended June 11th, this bill would limit the number of firearms transactions that may be conducted by an unlicensed dealer to a maximum of six per year. It would also limit the number of firearms purchases to 50 per person per year. Lastly, SB 376 would require anybody manufacturing 50 or more firearms to be licensed as a manufacturer.

Then we have some miscellaneous bills.

AB 300. This is hate crime and incident reporting.

AB 300, last amended on May 16th, would define hate incident and would require a law enforcement's informational, incident, and crime reports to include a check box indicating whether the underlying incident in the report is a hate crime or hate incident. It would further require completion of a supplemental hate crime or hate incident report form that indicates this type of bias motivation and any other identifying information to assist in the prosecution.

Then we have AB 392, peace officers, deadly force.

AB 391, last amended May 23rd, would change the circumstances under which the use of deadly force is justifiable when the officer reasonably believes, based on the totality of the circumstances, that such force is necessary for either of the following reasons:

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- To defend an imminent -- to defend against an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury to the officer or to another person.
- To apprehend a fleeing person for any felony that has threatened or resulted in death or serious bodily injury, if the officer reasonably believes that the person will cause death or serious bodily injury to another unless immediately apprehended. Where feasible, a peace officer shall, prior to the use of force, make reasonable efforts to identify themselves as a peace officer and to warn that deadly force may be used, unless the officer has objectively reasonable grounds to believe the person is aware of those facts.

The bill stipulates a peace officer shall not use deadly force against a person solely based on the danger that person poses to themselves.

Then we have AB 1747, law enforcement, immigration.

AB 1747, last amended April 24th, would prohibit California law enforcement agency from making agency or

department databases or the information therein available to any entity for the purpose of immigration enforcement. It would exempt from these provisions information regarding an individual for whom an arrest warrant has been issued and information regarding an individual's citizenship or immigration status. The bill would void any contracts or agreements in effect on January 1, 2020, that conflict with these provisions.

Lastly, AB 1747 would require all persons and entities provide access to agency or department databases to agree in writing that material disclosed to them from the databases be treated as confidential and only used for purposes consistent with existing law.

Lastly, SB 620, criminal offender record information, referral of persons on supervised release.

SB 620, last amended June 17th, would authorize a municipal police department or county sheriff's department to provide the name and address of persons on supervised release within their jurisdiction to a county, city, city and county, or nonprofit organization that provides transitional services to persons on supervised release. It would require a person on supervised release to be notified that they may consent to the release of their information for this purpose and would allow these persons to op in to having their information released.

And that concludes the legislative updates. Any questions?

(No audible response.)

MR. HOWLAND: Seeing no questions, thank you so much. Definitely busy tracking bills.

Next we have an update on online applications submission and approval system, and I welcome Ryan Mallory.

MR. MALLORY: Good afternoon. My name is Ryan Mallory. I am Information Technology Associate with the CLETS Administration Section. I've been here for about a year. And I want to discuss today the development and implementation of a project that's, I think we can all agree, is long overdue, which is a web-based interface for a repository for filling out and submitting documentation relating to the CLETS Administration.

I think we can agree that the current process is a bit lengthy, and the documentation handling and processing and work flow needs to be improved. The shortcomings that appear most stem from applications simply because there's so many, or there's three different kinds. You have upgrades, new, and including the now Cloud, infamous Cloud apps.

This implementation of the, um -- I'm sorry, um, when it comes to applications, many outside agencies agree that process is lengthy and cumbersome, primarily due to the fact that, depending on whether it's an upgrade or new, it

can depend on how much you need to fill out.

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2 This new interface will allow outside agencies determine the status when the documentations are submitted, 3 and it will streamline the application process and 4 significantly improve turnaround for CAS documents, and one of the most important factors is that this is going 6 to reduce human errors so that documents will go through less human hands. This will allow the external agencies to 8 track the applications and documents with status updates, 9 which sets the consistent workflow for the approval process, 10 allow external agencies to maintain their contact 11 information and delegate permissions to specific users 12 within their agency, and it's going to create a foundation 13 to easily implement future documents to the 14 framework. 15

This is going to be developed internally within DOJ, and our goal is to utilize accounts already available on the CLEW website. That way there's no new data needing to be created, and we will use existing methods of authentication, and the four primary documents are the ones I mentioned earlier. We hope to have the Subscriber Agreement, the CLETS Change Request, the misuse form, and the CLETS application all on there when -- when it launches.

The current status right now, I'm just now finalizing the business requirements and documentation and

drafting the final workflow chart and database requirements. 1 We are projected to go into a test environment within the 2 next few months and hopefully ending later this year, we 3 will have something workable that will allow somebody to start using as a primary function. 5 6 That's it. 7 MR. HOWLAND: Any questions from the committee? UNID. MALE: No question, just comment. Thank you. 8 MR. MALLORY: You're welcome. 9 UNID. MALE2: I'd like to go that thank you, too. 10 Just a quick question. 11 MR. MALLORY: Sure. 12 UNID. MALE2: Do you have any idea, as far as time 13 savings as far as users go projected how much time will be 14 saved in the application process? 15 MR. MALLORY: I believe, for the most part, it's 16 going to be -- make things easier. They are going to have 17 -- everything we have is manual right now. We reach out to 18 the agencies. You have to resubmit all the documents. This 19 20 way we're just going to reach out and say, "Hey, we found some issues with this specific application." All we have to 21 do is long in, change it, resubmit it, and that's it. 22 There's no printing out, getting new signatures, or anything 23 like that. It's just all going to be in a specific 24 25 repository for your agency with a status and everything that

just streamline. It's -- it's hard to say how much infor--- how much time it will particularly save. But --

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- MS. CRANSTON: I'd also like to chime in. One of the other benefits of this will be everything comes in now either fax machine, snail mail, or through e-mail. It will have one portal to come in, so everything's tracked and logged. You don't have to worry about things slipping through the cracks, because it's always going to be there with reminders of what the status is. So that in itself will be a huge benefit.
- And also, there won't be a lot of us duplicate entering information, misuse forms, for example. They come in, we enter them onto a spreadsheet. Now it'll come directly from the client into the database. We don't have to touch it other than gather the numbers.
- MR. MALLORY: Yeah, the numbers will be one specific export, and that's it.
- 18 MR. HOWLAND: Appreciate the work on that and look 19 forward to seeing it go live.
- Next we have an update on Senate Bill 54. Dave 20 Carlsen's going to give us an update on the changes that 21 have been made as a result of SB 54. 22
 - MR. CARLSEN: Good afternoon, members of the committee. My name is David Carlsen. I work for the CLETS Administration Section at the DOJ, and I've been there for

about three years.

So I'm just going to be providing a brief overview of the efforts of the California Department of Justice, specifically the CLETS Administration Section, have taken to educate, inform, and otherwise provide details to agencies regarding the usage of our databases in relation to SB 54.

So basically, brief overview of SB 54, which is also known as the California Values Act, its intention and focus is to prevent the utilization of California's non-criminal history information databases to perform Federal immigration enforcement, with the exception of certain exceptions that are defined by law.

The CLETS Administration Section has required that all subscribing CLETS agencies submit a subscriber agreement and a CLETS Policies, Practices and Procedures

Acknowledgment form in relation to the changes that we have made in relation SB 54.

Both of these documents signify the signing agencies understand the changes that have been made and to the PPP specifically as they relate to the California Values Act. And as on the presentation, you can see some specific PPP sections that were changed specifically for SB 54.

In relation to SB 54, we also modified some system use notifications or banner language on multiple DOJ applications. I won't go through them all, but I've listed

them on the Power Point there, that, uh, some banner language was changed on.

One of the actions that we made this year, as I stated earlier, was the requiring of a Subscriber Agreement and a PPP Acknowledgement Form from all agencies. I am pleased to say that over 99 percent of the agencies have submitted these forms. So far there are a few that haven't gotten them to us yet, but we are actively pursuing getting those documents from those agencies and just trying to track them down.

As noted on the Power Point, if, for whatever reason, we are unable to get those agencies to provide those forms, we are intending to terminate CLETS access.

And I think that's it. Have any questions?

MR. HOWLAND: Thank you for the update. Any questions from the committee?

MR. PARK: Thank you for the report. In the analysis preparing for this and with the legislative update, 1774 kinda does have 1747, Assembly Bill 1747 does have some kind of overlap on the use of databases and what could happen if that gets passed.

MR. CARLSEN: Uh-huh.

MR. PARK: What new potential workload would we see that kinda relates to this on behalf of the agencies or DOJ that some of those databases aren't allowed to be shared

anymore?

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MR. CARLSEN: We will have to modify the documentation that we've already submitted to different agencies, and we may need them to -- Joe wants to answer that question.

MR. DOMINIC: No, I'm sorry.

MR. CARLSEN: Um, and we will have to send out a new document for agencies to sign to cover the new language as specified in AB 1747.

MR. DOMINIC: Yeah. So 54 has --

UNID. MALE: (Unintelligible).

UNID MALE: -- thank you, very much.

Values Act that is very specific, and then 1747 actually takes It a step further. So our policies and everything else will be updated with more - with stronger language and actually into things a little deeper because each entity or department will be impacted by this bill. So with 54, DOJ is providing more guidance and oversight. 1747 is really across the board to all entities, and then the key there is that any information not just non criminal justice data, right, any information should not be used for immigration enforcement. That's the biggest impact.

MR. HOWLAND: Thank you. Any other questions?

(No audible response.)

MR. HOWLAND: Great. Thank you for the presentation.

Next we have a presentation from Dave Maass, The Electronic Frontier Foundation, an analysis of misuse data and developments in regards to CLETS access and immigration enforcement. Dave, welcome to the committee.

MR. MAASS: Thank you. Let me see if I can find the mouse on here. Oh, it's this one here. That would explain it. Excellent.

So my name is Dave Maass. I'm a Senior Investigative Researcher at The Electronic Frontier Foundation. If you're not familiar with us, we are a non-profit based in San Francisco. We've been around for, since about 1990, and we focus on civil liberties issues as it comes to technology and the law. And this ranges from everything from freedom of information to privacy and free speech. I tend to focus on law enforcement surveillance and law enforcement technology.

When people ask that, you know, Latin question, I'm not going to try it in Latin, but, you know, who watches the watchmen, and that often is me and my colleagues.

And I've been coming to these committee hearings and following them for probably for about five or six years now, and, uh, the reason this came on my radar is, about six

years ago, I saw a Power Point presentation which described misuse of CLETS, and the numbers didn't really make any sense to me. It was just kind of a number of journal searches, and I had no idea. I was like this doesn't tell me anything about how police are misusing this system, what kind of misuse, what's being done, and so it's been a long process of five or six years coming to this committee, writing letters, asking for things to be updated.

I generally don't have nice things to say to a room full of cops, but I can say that this is one of those rare times where I feel like the California Department of Justice has taken amazing strides related to this. They have, you know, as a lot of the presentations before have shown, the amount of data being collected has just grown substantially hearing that we're 100 percent compliance. Like I don't even believe it, but I will take your word for it today.

I think Joe Dominic has been responsive to a lot of our complaints over the years, a lot of our criticisms. If he hasn't been able to fully address them, he's been able to, in good faith, negotiate and find ways for us to interact.

So I just want to like -- I'm sorry -- outpour my gratitude to this committee and to the California Department of Justice on this.

So I want to walk you a little bit through why, you know, how I look at this data, what I do with it, and why I

collect it.

I'm interested on one level about data privacy. The public has never been more concerned about data privacy than now. But also with the CLETS, I mean CLETS has been around since, like 1965 or, you know, some really long time. It's before I was born. But it's a fairly mature system that has controls put in place that there is, you know, a process for getting misuse, which we don't see on a lot of other databases.

There isn't necessarily this kind of control over face recognition databases or license plate databases or all these other things that police are collecting. And so we use CLETS's misuse as a way to understand what kinds of abuse is happening from police, you know, what we -- you know, how often does it happen, are there particular agencies that have a problem, because if they can do it through CLETS and get caught, then what is happening on these other systems where there isn't these kind of controls and oversight in place.

So this is going to be a sense of like where I'm coming from on this.

And so when I look at this data, and I also want to say that I think that the numbers I'm going to show you are a little bit different than the numbers that were presented before. I think part of that is just based on the timing of

when I filed my California Public Records Act request to get this information. I think often more data comes in, and it gets updated. And also there might be some issues where I'm kind of using different terminology. It's the same terminology but to describe different things. So I'll try to work through that.

So when we looked at the data that we got I think about a month ago, you know, we started comparing. Well, how did this compare to last year? And we found that last year, there were 143 misuse violations. The data we have from this year said 142. I think that's been increased by one since we got the data. So I think that we're at a good -- we have a good idea now of what like the base line level is.

I am not -- going forward, I'm not going to be comparing data to years prior to 2016. I don't think they're apples to oranges anymore because of the amount of compliance that we're having.

The numbers I have here for reported misuse, I believe that possibly in the other presentation, this was agencies who had reported misuse investigations, but not necessarily a conclusion of that being misuse. For us, we're talking about here specifically whether they had a positive finding of misuse -- I'm gonna keep whacking that -- um, the had a positive finding that misuse had

happened. And then there were 27 investigations pending.

This is not going to match exactly what you've just seen for

3 | the reasons I explained.

But I think what's interesting though is that, if there has been a decrease in the number of agencies presenting mis -- uh, finding misuse, that's a positive step forward even if the actual misuse violation stayed the same.

I also like looking at the discipline. The discipline is really important, because we don't necessarily know what the nature of the misuse was, but we get a sense of how bad it was based on the type of discipline.

So in 2018, 16 people lost or left their jobs, that is resigned or terminated, 15 people were suspended. We don't exactly know how long that suspension lasted, but it's good to know that -- that people are taking that kind of action. There were six criminal charges filed, and there were ten people reprimanded.

But I'm just dealing with data. It's mostly in this like really long spreadsheet. And then also the DOJ's really nice enough to give me thousands of pages of individual forms to comb through as well. But when we look at it, we see the numbers, and we see, okay, Chula Vista Police Department had 38 violations. That is an all-time record from whenever looking at CLETS misuse data, oh, my gosh, there must be, you know, a horrible agency, right?

And then you have Glendale Police Department coming in second with 25. But are these comparable and do they actually mean what, you know, well, what do they actually mean once you look at the data?

So we made some calls, and we found that these numbers aren't comparable at all. So with Chula Vista, while it did have a record of misuse, it was actually a small problem. What happened is that Chula -- and I think this was addressed in an earlier presentation -- that Chula Vista Police Department had gotten a memo that, uh, the DOJ sent out saying, hey, you know, you can't use this stuff for background checks, for gun purposes, like that is a misuse.

And so Chula Vista Police Department got that memo, and they're like, oh, man, we were actually doing that. We need to actually go back through and check on this. And so they did some new training, and they very diligently wrote down how many misuses there were as opposed to just saying, well, we're going to count all three cases as one case of misuse, because they were all the same problem. It was very good that they did that. But it's not something that really concerns me too greatly.

However, then you look at Glendale Police Department, and when I called them up, what had actually happened is that they had a -- a -- a newish employer or employees going through a probationary period who, in answering questions

during his interview, disclosed that he had run 15 to 25 searches of women that he found attractive through the And that is a much bigger problem. That is like the exact sort of thing that we do not want to see happening with CLETS. However, it's just one person. So it isn't necessarily an agency-wide system.

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We also, uh, you know, I also want to give a, you know, compliment to, uh, to Chair Howland, because I also sent him a query about what had happened with CHP's misuse, and he broke it down in a really interesting way.

He said that there were three incidents where an officer ran a license plate through CLETS without a need to know. One officer was terminated and two were suspended. And then there were six instances where CLETS was used for licensing purposes where they should have been running fingerprinting checks instead of running, you know, things through CLETS.

And I think it's really helpful to me to have that information to understand the context of, you know, what is a low-level misuse and what is actually like an abuse of the system.

So we -- we came up with some recommendations on how this stuff might be easier for -- for the public to understand and also easier for you to understand to figure out whether you need to put more controls in place, figure

out how bad this misuse problem is.

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And one is to disclose the aggregate number of employees who are engaged in this use. If I had, looking at, um, this, you know, this case from Glendale Police Department and I saw that it was one percent who did 25 violations, I have a better context of what's going on. Ιt doesn't necessarily get into personnel issues that people find sensitive; it just lets me know that this was one person. On the other hand, if I see that it was, you know, 35 people, then that maybe raises other kinds of concerns.

I also think there's an opportunity to come up with some -- some broad categories of what that misuse is that, again, doesn't get into super confidential issues. It doesn't get into investigative process, or it doesn't get into personnel records, but allows people to know that this was a gun licensing issue, or this was an issue of personal use of the system, you know, things that would help everybody look at this data and be like, okay, we have this one agency where we had, you know, 15 employees, you know, searching their ex-wives with this system versus, you know, licensing issues.

And I think there's a way to go about it. I think the DOJ has put together already a decent list of what various categories of misuse are that you could start from.

So I want to switch a little bit, because one of

the things that happened earlier this year, and you saw this in a presentation, is that the PPP was updated to classify immigration enforcement as misuse. And this really only applies to anything that's not criminal history records.

We're not going to read through this again. I just wanted to put this in my presentation so it's there.

The one thing that concerned us looking through the data is that no component of DHS opened a single investigation into misuse this year. They're a very large agency with a lot of employees. I find it normal when I find a small town or small -- small city or small county that doesn't have a lot of officers, if they don't do an investigation that year, it makes sense. You know, they have five employees. You know, there's not a lot of people to abuse it.

But when you have ICE, which has tons of people across the state, and there's not one case where they're like maybe we need to inspect this a little bit closer, or maybe there was something hinky going on. And I'm not talking about running an investigation and finding no misuse. I'm talking no investigations whatsoever, which is concerning considering that there was memos sent out saying why, you know, immigration enforcement is misuse.

So Voice of San Diego earlier this year came out with a report. There was ICE officers seen doing, um, you

know, making arrests, carrying around printouts of DMV data.

Um, Voice checked around, and the DMV said that this data

did not come from them, which really only left one place it

could come from, and that was CLETS. Maybe it wasn't CLETS

and maybe there's something I'm missing here, but

nevertheless, the story did highlight CLETS as being a

potential area of where this data came from.

And one would expect, when you see a new story that creates a new cycle saying that this system might have been misused, that ICE would have at least opened up an investigation, I think any other department in California, if they saw a credible allegation in a news story that CLETS was abused, would have opened up an investigation. I think it should raise some serious red flags that ICE did not even open one. Because it did actually really alarm Assembly Member Lorena Gonzales who, in her, you know, actual, you know, Senate analysis of these forms, goes into process after her, you know, communications with the DMV believing that, yes, like that DHS officers were accessing information information on CLETS that was not criminal history information.

Now, this is something that may have been updated since the last time I got the records, but one of the things that also jumped out at me in the misuse is that, when I looked at it the first time, there were only two agencies that hadn't

reported. There was a local agency in Riverside, and then there was ICE Orange County. And maybe you can let me know if ICE Orange County has filed its misuse report since we got the data.

But, according to the CJIS bulletin, agencies that fail to report misuse annually will be subject to sanctions up to and including removal of CLETS. And so, if it is still the case that ICE Orange County has not produced the misuse report, then I do think that this committee needs to take some serious steps about, uh, you know, to apply the teeth that it has written into its own policies.

You know, California is not the only place in the country dealing with these issues. If you're following the news in Chicago, and I'm not sure you are, but there is been moves in Chicago for them to shut off access to Chicago's databases to ICE. The Mayor did confirm that this is the case, that ICE can no longer access any CPD -- CPD database. They are still concerned, however, that the FBI, which they did not cut off access to, the FBI might be pass through where the FBI is accessing the database and then passing things on to ICE.

So we also had a few recommendations, and one is that we feel like ICE Orange County is, you know, maybe doesn't deserve the trust of CLETS, and this committee should start looking out what it can do to address that. We

would recommend suspension, but obviously, the various sanctions that are available to you, uh, that's a decision for you to make.

But as people probably noted over last week, there have been a lot of talks about raids, deportation raids in California and other states. We expected those to happen on Sunday. The President has said that he is delaying it two weeks and that we can expect it to start over again.

What I would suggest is that the Department of
Justice, that's the California Department of Justice,
closely monitor CLETS over the next two weeks and beyond.

And if you start seeing some strange things happening from
the ICE subscribers, you know, searches that don't have the
kinds of, uh, of, you know, supporting details that you'd
expect or certain officers running it over and over again, I
think that's cause for suspending access to CLETS.

You know, under SB 54, you can't deny ICE access to criminal history data. But as I read SB 54, you don't actually have to give them direct access to CLETS. You can actually ask ICE to contact the Department of Justice when it wants information, say this is what we want, here's why we want it, and then DOJ can give it to them.

I would also suggest that DOJ take a look at, you know, maybe do some spot checks, some audits of ICE agencies access over the last year considering what we saw come out

of San Diego and considering the ramp-up of immigration enforcement we're seeing from this administration.

So I'm here to take any other questions, but that basically covers what I wanted to address today.

MR. HOWLAND: Any questions?

UNID. MALE: I just want to say thank you for the compliments on behalf of the committee, because any time we, the cops can get the compliments, we'll take them. But I know there has been great progress made from that standpoint, so it's nice to have that recognized. And, again, thank DOJ's staff for all their hard work for that. Thank you for the presentation. Appreciate it.

MR. MAASS: You're welcome.

MR. HOWLAND: Next on the agenda, we'll move on to Upgrade Applications approved by DOJ. I'll point the committee to your folders where there's 19 CLETS Upgrade Applications. And, as a reminder, these applications will not be voted upon as they were approved by DOJ management but are being presented as information only.

And, for the record, can I ask the Secretary just to read the list of agencies' applications that have been approved.

MS. CRANSTON: Sure. The applications that have been approved since the last CLETS Advisory Committee meeting include the Butte County Sheriff's Office, the

- 1 California State University Dominguez Hills Police Department, Delano Police Department, Judicial Council California, La Habra Police Department, Madera Police
- Department, Manteca Police Department, Marysville Police 4
- Department, Nevada County Sheriff's Office, Palm Springs
- Police Department, Paso Robles Police Department, Pinole 6
- Police Department, Redding Police Department, the
- Joaquin County District Attorney's Office, San Luis Obispo 8
- Count Sheriff's Office, Santa Ana Unified School District 9
- Police Department, University of California San Diego Police 10
- Department, the University of California San Francisco 11
- Police Department, and the Ventura Police Department. 12

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- MR. HOWLAND: Thank you for that. Next we'll move 13 on to New Service Applications calendar, and I'll ask our 14 secretary to present the information about this application, 15 and then as a committee, we will have to vote on this.
 - MS. CRANSTON: We received one application for a new service to CLETS from the Merced County Human Service Agency's Special Investigations Unit. This agency is a Class 3 agency which means it's a law enforcement unit of a non-law enforcement agency. They qualify under California Penal Code 830.35(a) as well as 11105(b).
 - The primary function of this agency is to investigate suspected welfare fraud, and they do have six peace officers. Staff does recommend approval of this

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   application.
            MR. HOWLAND: Any questions on the application from
   the committee?
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            (No audible response.)
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            MR. HOWLAND: Any public comment on this
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   application?
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7
             (No audible response.)
            MR. HOWLAND: Seeing no public comment, do I hear a
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   motion?
            MR. HILLMAN: Hillman, make a motion to accept the
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   application.
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            MR. HOWLAND: We have a motion to accept the
   application. Do we have a second?
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            MR. PARK: Park, I'll second.
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            MR. HOWLAND: Park for the second. I'll ask the
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   Secretary call roll.
            MS. CRANSTON: Sheriff Honea?
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            MR. HONEA: I approve.
            MS. CRANSTON: Marc Bonini?
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            MR. BONINI: Approve.
            MS. CRANSTON: Scott Howland?
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            MR. HOWLAND: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Rick Hillman?
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            MR. HILLMAN: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Mike Carroll?
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- 1 MR. CARROLL: Yes.
- MS. CRANSTON: Tom Wilson?
- 3 MR. WILSON: Yes.
- 4 MS. CRANSTON: Greg Park?
- 5 MR. PARK: Yes.
- 6 MS. CRANSTON: And Joe Dominic?
- 7 MR. DOMINIC: Yes.
- MS. CRANSTON: Motion passes.
- 9 MR. HOWLAND: Great. Thank you very much.
- Next we'll move to client reports, and we'll have our Secretary go through our resident client reports.
- MS. CRANSTON: The first agency for open session is
 Chula Vista Police Department. The 2017 FBI audit revealed
 the agency had nine compliance issues. And as of December
 3rd, this agency is compliant with all issues and is no
- 16 longer required to report.

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- The next agency is Glendale Police Department, and they were found to be noncompliant with ten different issues from the 2017 FBI audit. As of November 29th, 2018, the agency is completely compliant in both open and closed sessions and will no longer be required to report.
- The Long Beach Police Department. The 2017 FBI
 audit revealed the agency had seven compliance issues. As
 of May 31st of this year, the agency's compliant and will no
 longer be required to report.

Pasadena Police Department. Their 2017 FBI audit revealed they had 10 compliance issues. As of December 12th, the agency is compliant with all outstanding issues and are no longer or will be no longer required to report.

The San Diego Harbor Police. Their 2017 FBI audit revealed they had 11 compliance issues. All open session issues have been resolved effective November 29th, 2018.

San Diego Unified School District Police

Department. The 2017 FBI audit revealed the agency had eight compliance issues, all of which have been resolved as of April 3rd. They are compliant, and they will no longer be required to report.

Next we have San Diego County Sheriff's Office.

Their 2017 FBI audit revealed the agency had 11 compliance issues of which there's only one remaining which is personnel security. The agency is requesting an extension to September 1st, 2019. They were unable to attend the meeting, but they did request and send a letter apologizing for their inability to be here.

MR. HOWLAND: And because this is an extension, this is an item that the committee is going to need to vote on, and I'll point that there's a letter in the packet from the Sheriff indicating that in order to achieve compliance, There are some contractual changes they're in the process of making. Want to open up for any discussion?

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            And they anticipated they're requesting an
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   extension through September of '19. Do we have a motion?
            MR. HONEA: Sheriff Honea, I'll make the motion to
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   approve extension.
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            MR. HOWLAND: And do we have a second?
            MR. HILLMAN: Hillman, I'll second the motion.
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            MR. HOWLAND: Hillman with the second. I'll ask the
   Secretary to call the roll.
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            MS. YANG:
                          Ask for public comments.
            MR. HOWLAND: Oh, any public comments on this one?
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   Thank you.
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             (No audible response.)
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            MR. HOWLAND: Seeing no public comments, now I'll
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   ask the Secretary to call the roll.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Joe Dominic?
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            MR. DOMINIC: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Greg Park?
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            MR. PARK:
                      Yes.
            MS. CRANSTON: Tom Wilson?
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            MR. WILSON: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Mike Carroll?
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            MR. CARROLL: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Rick Hillman?
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            MR. HILLMAN: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Scott Howland?
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MR. HOWLAND: Yes. 1 2 MS. CRANSTON: Mark Bonini? MR. BONINI: Yes. 3 MS. CRANSTON: Cory Honea? 4 MR. HONEA: 5 Yes. 6 MS. CRANSTON: We have a motion. The motion 7 passes. MR. HOWLAND: Motion passes, thank you. 8 MS. CRANSTON: San Diego Police Department. The 9 2017 FBI audit revealed the agency had six compliance 10 issues. All have been resolved except one issue for open 11 session, which is system use notifications. The agency is 12 on target for compliance by September 2019. 13 The next agency is the San Mateo County Sheriff's 14 Office. Their 2017 FBI audit revealed the agency had 14 15 compliance issues of which there are still five remaining 16 open session issues which include the security addendums, 17 personnel security, security awareness training, physical 18 security, and event auditing. Compliance was expected by 19 20 April 1st of this year; however, an extension is required, and we have Jennifer Prado from the San Mateo County 21 Sheriff's Office here to request the extension. 22 23 MR. HOWLAND: Welcome. MS. PRADO: So we expect to be compliant by July 24

15th of next month, for all items for the security

- 1 addendums, personal security, security awareness training,
- 2 and we will not need the fingerprints for Raging Wire or the
- 3 | contracts because BMI is going to get an electronic badge
- 4 | control blocks put on their cages, so Raging Wire houses
- 5 their servers, and currently I think only a security quard
- 6 has access in there, so they're going to eliminate that
- 7 | where only BMI employees have access. So and that will be
- 8 done by July 15th.
- 9 UNID. MALE: So it sounds like when I'm looking at
- 10 | the letter, most items will be done by July 15th, and there
- 11 was an event logging issue that according to the letter is
- 12 | anticipated by September; is that correct?
- MS. PRADO: Uh, yeah. BMI has confirmed that they
- 14 do review that log and there is a log. I think there was a
- 15 question at the time when FBI did the audit where I did not
- 16 have an answer. I did not know the answer for them, but
- 17 | they, BMI does do an audit.
- 18 UNID. MALE: Got it. So -- so you are compliant
- 19 there.
- 20 MS. PRADO: Yeah, the are compliant.
- 21 UNID. MALE: And you're requesting an extension to
- 22 July 15th to finish the other items.
- MS. PRADO: For the batch control.
- 24 UNID. MALE: Okay.
- 25 MR. HOWLAND: Any questions or discussions from the

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   committee?
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             (No audible response.)
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            MR. HOWLAND: And with that, I will open it up for
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   any public comments.
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             (No audible response.)
            MR. HOWLAND: And with that, do I hear a motion?
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            MR. BONINI: Mark will make a motion to extend to
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   July 15th, 2019.
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            MR. CARROLL: Mike Carroll, I'll second.
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            MR. HOWLAND: We have a motion and a second. I'll
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   ask the Secretary to call the roll.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Cory Honea?
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            MR. HONEA: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Mark Bonini?
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            MR. BONINI: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Scott Howland?
            MR. BONINI: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Rick Hillman?
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            MR. HILLMAN: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Mike Carroll?
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            MR. CARROLL: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Tom Wilson?
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            MR. WILSON: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Greg Park?
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            MR. PARK: Yes.
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MS. CRANSTON: And Joe Dominic?
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            MR. DOMINIC: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Motion passes.
            MR. HOWLAND: Congratulations, the extension has been
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   granted.
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            MS. PRADO: Thank you.
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            MR. HOWLAND: At this point, we are going to move
   to closed session, and I will ask our Secretary to present
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   the information.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Thank you. Pursuant to Government
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   Code Section 11126(c)(18)(a), a closed session is being
   conducted in order to review detailed client reports
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   regarding specific matters that pose a threat or potential
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   threat of criminal activity against CLETS and/or CLETS data
   transmitted between the DOJ and specific client law
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   enforcement agencies.
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            MR. HOWLAND: I'll ask the Secretary to do a roll
   call.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Cory Honea?
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            MR. HONEA: Here.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Mark Bonini?
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            MR. BONINI: Here.
            MS. CRANSTON: Scott Howland?
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            MR. HOWLAND: Yes.
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            MS. CRANSTON: Rick Hillman.
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MR. HILLMAN: Here. 1 MS. CRANSTON: Mark Pazin? I'm sorry, he's not 2 here. 3 Mike Carroll? 4 MR. CARROLL: 5 Here. MS. CRANSTON: Tom Wilson? 6 MR. WILSON: Here. 7 MS. CRANSTON: Greg Park? 8 MR. PARK: Here. 9 MR. CRANSTON: And Joe Domnic? 10 MR. DOMINIC: 11 Here. MR. HOWLAND: That gives us our two-third 12 consensus, so we will all adjourn to closed session. 13 (CLOSED SESSION HELD.) 14 MR. HOWLAND: From closed session, would like to call 15 the meeting back to order and ask our Executive Secretary to 16 provide an update from closed session. 17 MS. CRANSTON: A closed session was held pursuant to 18 Government Code Section 11126(c)(18)(a), the committee 19 received special or status reports regarding specific matters 20 that posed a threat or potential threat of criminal activity 21 against CLETS and/or CLETS data transmitted between the DOJ 22 23 and specific client law enforcement agencies. Where the disclosure of these considerations could compromise the 24 security of CLETS or the transmitted CLETS data. The CLETS 25

Advisory Committee evaluated the status of compliance efforts and directed dates by which items need to be resolved.

MR. HOWLAND: Thank you very much.

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At this point, we'd like to move on to the part of our agenda where we have member reports, and that gives the opportunity for the members of the committee to give any applicable updates regarding their organization or the association which they represent.

> Let's see. I don't want to start with the first time-UNID. MALE: I'm good if you're good. I can start.

MR. HOWLAND: All right. We'll start down there.

UNID. MALE: Okay. Thank you. I actually only have one thing to bring up. Uh, committee member Park brought up at the last meeting, which I was not in attendance, the usage of digital license plates and what's happening with the pilot project with the department. And so I just obtained an update so that we could put it out here today just to make sure there's some clarity in what's going on.

Right now we are not approving digital license We are just doing a simple pilot of a project to determine if development is warranted or not, and if there will be successes. And my understanding from a conference call yesterday is that that pilot is getting ready to have a review and assessment of what they found, but at this time, we will not be proceeding with digital license plates until there's some more improvements and enhancements.

At the same time, we brought up the fact that law enforcement needs to sit at the table to discuss the issues related to reporting as stolen, because what came up with, Mr. Park, is that if someone had their vehicle stolen and had a digital license plate, they could go and report it stolen to local agencies, but then they had to call the vendor who sells the license plates, and they can hit a button from their facility that then would say this vehicle is stolen on the license plate. Which is a great concept except for there's too many steps and layers that need to happen for that to occur.

So we are making recommendations that the hot wash that they have during the breakdown, that we're looking at those as potentials that law enforcement's entry into SVS would somehow automatically trigger that vehicle to be identified as stolen.

So at this time, they will not be proceeding with, uh, authorizing anything further than what's out there in the pilot, which is a very minimal amount of license plates at this time. But we'll have more in future meetings to discuss, and that's all I have.

MR. HOWLAND: Great, thank you for that update.

MR. PARK: And I too thank you for that update;

very, very informative and good to hear how that project's

Moving on. Greg Park extending kudos and thanks to the

Department of Justice for the work that they're doing in the

master offense code table.

- For the last year, Joe Dominic's team under Marc
- 3 | St. Pierre have been working to develop a uniform gold
- 4 standard offense code table for use in California and all the
- 5 | justice partners. That work has been moving forward
- 6 phenomenally, and believe we're almost finished with the
- 7 Penal Code if I understand it correctly. So good work.
- 8 Thank you for that support.
- 9 MR. HOWLAND: Great. Thank you for that update.
- 10 MR. CARROLL: Mike Carroll, nothing.
- MR. DOMINIC: Nothing for me.
- 12 MR. HILLMAN: Nothing other than to say, uh, I'm
- 13 happy to be here representing the California Police Chiefs
- 14 Association. Thank you.
- 15 UNID. MALE: Nothing for me. Thank you.
- 16 UNID. MALE: I have nothing.
- 17 MR. HOWLAND: All right. Thank you very much.
- 18 | Nothing from the chair.
- 19 Next is our CAC discussion and open forum as well
- 20 as public comment. And I'll start with any additional items
- 21 | the committee would like to discuss?
- (No audible response.)
- MR. HOWLAND: Seeing none from the committee, um,
- 24 I'd like to open it up at this point for public comment.
- 25 Any members of the public who would like to make a comment?

1	(No audible response.)
2	MR. HOWLAND: Very quiet group today.
3	And with that, we're going to move towards adjournment.
4	Our next meeting will be scheduled for November or December of
5	2019, and we'll provide appropriate public notice for that.
6	And with that, I would like to adjourn our meeting and
7	thank you, everyone, for attending today. Have a great afternoon.
8	(Meeting adjourned.)
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1 CERTIFICATION AND DECLARATION OF TRANSCRIBER --000--3 I, MARY ELLEN EDD, CSR, and a duly designated 4 transcriber, do hereby declare and certify under penalty of 5 perjury that I have transcribed recording(s) which total one 6 in number and cover a total of pages numbered 1 through 54 and which recording was duly recorded at Folsom, California, 8 on the 26th day of June, 2019, and that the foregoing pages 9 constitute a true, complete, and accurate transcription of 10 the aforementioned recording(s) to the best of my ability 11 within the limits of the quality of the recording(s). 12 I hereby declare that I am a disinterested person 13 in the above-captioned matter and have no interest in the 14 outcome of this proceeding. 15 16 Dated this 30th day of June, 2019, at Sacramento, California. 17 18 /s/ Mary Ellen Edd 19 2.0 MARY ELLEN EDD, CSR NO. 9755 2.1 22

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