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11	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
12	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA			
13	UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION			
14		105CV034239		
15	RUSSELL BRIMER,) No		
16	Plaintiff,) COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL) PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE		
17	v.) RELIEF		
18	STANFORD UNIVERSITY BOOKSTORE;)			
19	THE STANFORD BOOKSTORE; FOLLETT CORPORATION; and DOES 1 through 150,	Health & Safety Code §25249		
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21		_)		
22	RUSSELL BRIMER, by and through his counsel, on behalf of himself, on behalf all others			
23	similarly situated and on behalf of the general public, hereby alleges as follows:			
24	NATURE OF THE ACTION			
25	1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff RUSSELL BRIMER,			
26	on behalf of citizens of the State of California, to enforce each citizen's right to be informed of the			
27	presence of and nature of toxic chemicals in consumer goods.			
28	2. This Complaint seeks to remedy defendants' continuing failures to warn the citizens			
	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL DENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF			

of the State of California about the presence of, the nature of and such citizens' actual and potential exposure to lead and cadmium present in or on consumer products placed into the stream of commerce by defendants.

- 3. Lead and cadmium are chemicals that are identified within 22 C.C.R. §12000 and that are known to the State of California to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm. Lead and cadmium shall hereafter be referred to as "LISTED CHEMICALS".
- 4. The consumer products containing the LISTED CHEMICALS, and for which defendants are responsible, are pilsners, shot glasses and other glassware intended to hold beverages with colored artwork or designs (containing lead) on the exterior, including but not limited to, GLS PILSNR 12OZ 2C/CLEAR/(#1184181), CLCTR GLS FLURD BC/CLEAR/(#1184195), MUG 11OZ 2C MSCT/BLACK/(#1175171), and pilsners, shot glasses and other glassware intended to hold beverages with colored artwork or designs (containing cadmium) on the exterior, including but not limited to, GLS PILSNR 12OZ 2C/CLEAR/(#1184181), CLCTR GLS FLURD BC/CLEAR/(#1184195), MUG 11OZ 2C MSCT/BLACK/(#1175171). All such consumer products containing the LISTED CHEMICALS shall hereafter be referred to as the "PRODUCTS".
 - 5. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq.¹ (hereafter "Proposition 65"), "No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual...."
 - 6. Beginning on October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead (and lead compounds) as a known carcinogen. On February 27, 1987, the State had listed lead as a chemical known to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm. This chemical became subject to the warning requirement one year later and was therefore subject to the "clear and reasonable warning" requirements of Proposition 65, beginning on October 1, 1993 and February 27, 1988, respectively.

¹ Unless specifically noted, all statutory citations refer to California law.

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(22 Code of Regulations §12000(b)(c); Health and Safety Code §25249.5 et seq.)

- Beginning on October 1, 1987, the State of California officially listed cadmium as a 7. known carcinogen. On May 1, 1997, the State had listed cadmium as a chemical known to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm. This chemical became subject to the warning requirement one year later and was therefore subject to the "clear and reasonable warning" requirements of Proposition 65, beginning on October 1, 1988 and May 1, 1998, respectively. (22 Code of Regulations §12000(b)(c); Health and Safety Code §25249.5 et seq.)
- Defendants' failure to provide proper mandatory warnings about exposure to the LISTED CHEMICALS in conjunction with the sale of the PRODUCTS constitute violations of Proposition 65 and subjects defendants, and each of them, to enjoinment of such conduct as well as civil penalties for each such violation.
- For defendants' violation of Proposition 65, plaintiff seeks preliminary injunctive 9. and permanent injunctive relief to compel defendants to provide users of the PRODUCTS with the appropriate Proposition 65 warning regarding the hazards of such LISTED CHEMICALS.
- Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against defendants for their violations of 10. Proposition 65, as provided for by Health & Safety Code §25249.7(b).

PARTIES

- Plaintiff RUSSELL BRIMER is a citizen of the State of California who resides in 11. the City and County of ALAMEDA and who is dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens, including the elimination or reduction of toxic exposures, and brings this action on behalf of the general public pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.7.
- Defendant STANFORD UNIVERSITY BOOKSTORE ("SUBS") is a person doing 12. business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.11.
- SUBS distributes and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of 13. California or implies by its conduct that it distributes and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in State of California.
- Defendant THE STANFORD BOOKSTORE ("STANFORD") is a person doing 14. business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.11.

- 15. STANFORD distributes and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California or implies by its conduct that it distributes and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in State of California.
- 16. Defendant FOLLETT CORPORATION ("FOLLETT") is a person doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.11.
- 17. FOLLETT distributes and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California or implies by its conduct that it distributes and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in State of California.
- 18. DOES 1-50 (hereafter "MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS") are each persons doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.11.
- 19. MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS engage in the process of research, testing, designing, assembling, fabricating and/or manufacturing, or imply by their conduct that they engage in the process of research, testing, designing, assembling, fabricating and/or manufacturing, one or more of the PRODUCTS in the State of California or for consumption or use in the State of California.
- 20. DOES 51-100 (hereafter "DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS") are each persons doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.11.
- 21. DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS distribute, exchange, transfer, process and/or transport one or more of the PRODUCTS to individuals, businesses or retailers in the State of California.
- 22. DOES 101-150 (hereafter "RETAIL DEFENDANTS") are each persons doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.
- 23. RETAIL DEFENDANTS offer one or more of the PRODUCTS for sale to individuals in the State of California.
- 24. At this time, the true names of DOES 1 through 150, inclusive, are unknown to plaintiff, who therefore sues said defendants by their fictitious name pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure §474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible for the acts and occurrences herein alleged. When

Proposition 65 further states that, "No person in the course of doing business shall

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knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual...."

- 32. Based on information and good faith belief, plaintiff alleges that, at all times relevant to this Complaint, DEFENDANTS have engaged in the sales of these PRODUCTS in violation Health & Safety Code §25249.6, et seq., and that DEFENDANTS' offensive sale of these PRODUCTS continues to occur beyond DEFENDANTS' receipt of plaintiff's 60-Day Notice of Violation. Plaintiff also alleges and believes that such violations will also continue to occur into the future.
- 33. Beginning on October 18, 2004, "60-Day Notices" of Proposition 65 violations were provided to public enforcement agencies and to SUBS, STANFORD and FOLLETT stating that exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS were occurring in the State of California from the reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS, without the individual users first having been provided with a "clear and reasonable warning" regarding such exposures.
- 34. The appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action, under Health & Safety Code §25249.6, et seq., against DEFENDANTS based on the claims asserted in Plaintiff's 60-Day Notices.
- 35. At all times relevant to this action, the PRODUCTS contained the LISTED CHEMICALS.
- 36. At all times relevant to this action, the DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that the PRODUCTS contained the LISTED CHEMICALS.
- 37. At all times relevant to this action, the LISTED CHEMICALS were present in or on the PRODUCTS in such a way as to be available for transfer or release from the PRODUCTS to individuals during the reasonably foreseeable use of PRODUCTS.
- 38. The normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS has caused and continues to cause an exposure to the LISTED CHEMICALS, as such exposure is defined by 22 C.C.R. §12601.
- 39. Based on information and good faith belief, plaintiff alleges that at all times relevant to this action, DEFENDANTS had knowledge that individuals' normal and reasonably foreseeable

use of the PRODUCTS would cause an exposure to the LISTED CHEMICALS.

- 40. At all times relevant to this action, DEFENDANTS, and each of them, intended that such exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS from the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCT would occur by their deliberate, non-accidental participation in the manufacture, distribution and/or sale of PRODUCTS to individuals.
- 41. At all times relevant to this action, DEFENDANTS failed to provide a "clear and reasonable warning" of reproductive toxicity (as defined by 22 C.C.R. §12601) to those consumers or other individuals in the State of California who were or could become exposed to the -PRODUCTS and the LISTED CHEMICALS contained therein.
- 42. Contrary to the express policy and statutory prohibition of Proposition 65, enacted directly by California voters, individuals thus exposed to the LISTED CHEMICALS from the PRODUCTS, without "clear and reasonable warning", have suffered and continue to suffer irreparable harm, for which harm they have no plain, speedy or adequate remedy at law.
- 43. As a consequence of the above-described acts, DEFENDANTS, and each of them, are liable, pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.7(b), for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day for each violation.
- 44. As a consequence of the above-described acts, Health & Safety Code §25249.7 specifically also authorizes the grant of injunctive relief under Proposition 65.

Wherefore, plaintiff prays judgment against DEFENDANTS as set forth hereafter.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, plaintiff prays for judgment against defendants as follows:

- 1. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.7(b), assess civil penalties against DEFENDANTS, and each of them, in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation alleged herein;
- 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.7(a), preliminarily and permanently enjoin DEFENDANTS from offering the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California, without providing an identification of the LISTED CHEMICALS in the PRODUCTS as well as "clear and reasonable warning[s]" as defined by 22 CCR §12601, as plaintiff shall specify in

1	further application to the Court;		
2	3.	That the Court grant plaintiff his reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and	
3	4.	That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.	
4	Data da Tana	20, 2005 P.	concetfully Submitted
5	Dated: Janu	ary 20, 2005 Re CI	espectfully Submitted, HANLER LAW GROUP
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8		R	ttorneys for Plaintiff USSELL BRIMER
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