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CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE SET

MAR 03 2006 09 30 AM

DEPARTMENT 212

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION

16 RUSSELL BRIMER,)
17)
18 Plaintiff,)
19 v.)
20 CORONADO BREWING COMPANY, INC.;)
21 and DOES 1 through 150, inclusive.)
22 Defendants.)
23)
24)
25)
26)
27)
28)

No. **CGC-05-445295**

**COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL
PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE
RELIEF**

(Health & Safety Code §25249, et seq.)

RUSSELL BRIMER, by and through his counsel, on behalf of himself, on behalf all others similarly situated and on behalf of the general public, hereby alleges as follows:

1 **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

2 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff RUSSELL BRIMER,
3 on behalf of citizens of the State of California, to enforce each citizen's right to be informed of the
4 presence of and nature of toxic chemicals in consumer goods.

5 2. This Complaint seeks to remedy defendants' continuing failures to warn the citizens
6 of the State of California about the presence of, the nature of, and such citizens' actual and
7 potential exposure to lead present in or on consumer products placed into the stream of commerce
8 by defendants.

9 3. Lead is a chemical that is identified in 22 California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.")
10 §12000 that is known to the State of California to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm.
11 Lead shall hereafter be referred to as the "LISTED CHEMICAL".

12 4. The consumer products containing the LISTED CHEMICAL, and for which
13 defendants are responsible, are pint glasses and other glassware intended for the consumption of
14 food or beverages with colored artwork or designs (containing lead) on the exterior including, but
15 not limited to, *Color Pint Glass, Coronado Brewing Company*. All such consumer products
16 containing the LISTED CHEMICAL shall hereafter be referred to as the "PRODUCTS".

17 5. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986,
18 Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*¹ (hereafter "Proposition 65"), "No person in the course of
19 doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the
20 state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to
21 such individual...."

22 6. On February 27, 1987, the State listed lead as a chemical known to cause birth
23 defects and other reproductive harm. This chemical became subject to the warning requirement
24 one year later and was therefore subject to the "clear and reasonable warning" requirements of
25 Proposition 65, beginning on February 27, 1988. (22 C.C.R. §12000(b)(c); Health & Safety Code
26 §25249.5 *et seq.*)

27
28 ¹ Unless specifically noted, all statutory citations refer to California law.

1 transport one or more of the PRODUCTS to individuals, businesses or retailers in the State of
2 California.

3 17. Defendants DOES 101-150 (hereafter "RETAIL DEFENDANTS") are each persons
4 doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.

5 18. RETAIL DEFENDANTS offer the PRODUCTS for sale to individuals in the State
6 of California.

7 19. At this time, the true names of Defendants DOES 1 through 150, inclusive, are
8 unknown to plaintiff, who therefore sues said defendants by their fictitious name pursuant to Code
9 of Civil Procedure §474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each of
10 the fictitiously named defendants is responsible for the acts and occurrences herein alleged. When
11 ascertained, their true names shall be reflected in an amended complaint.

12 20. CORONADO, MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS, DISTRIBUTOR
13 DEFENDANTS, RETAIL DEFENDANTS, and Defendants DOES 1 through 150 shall, where
14 appropriate, collectively be referred to hereafter as "DEFENDANTS".

15 VENUE AND JURISDICTION

16 21. Venue is proper in the San Francisco Superior Court, pursuant to Code of Civil
17 Procedure §§394, 395, 395.5 because this Court is a court of competent jurisdiction, because one or
18 more instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continues to occur, in the County of San
19 Francisco and/or because DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in this
20 County with respect to the PRODUCTS.

21 22. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to
22 California Constitution Article VI, §10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all
23 causes except those given by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this action is
24 brought does not specify any other basis of subject matter jurisdiction.

25 23. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANTS based on
26 plaintiff's information and good faith belief that each defendant is a person, firm, corporation or
27 association that either is a citizen of the State of California, has sufficient minimum contacts in the
28 State of California, or otherwise purposefully avails itself of the California market.

1 DEFENDANTS' purposeful availment renders the exercise of personal jurisdiction by California
2 courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

3 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

4 **(Violation of Proposition 65)**

5 24. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein,
6 Paragraphs 1 through 23, inclusive.

7 25. The citizens of the State of California have expressly stated in the Safe Drinking
8 Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health & Safety Code §25249.5, *et seq.* ("Proposition
9 65") that they must be informed "about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects and
10 other reproductive harm." (Proposition 65, §1(b).)

11 26. Proposition 65 further states that, "No person in the course of doing business shall
12 knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer
13 or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual...."

14 27. Based on information and good faith belief, plaintiff alleges that, at all times
15 relevant to this Complaint, DEFENDANTS have engaged in the sales of the PRODUCTS in
16 violation Health & Safety Code §25249.6, *et seq.*, and that DEFENDANTS' offensive sale of the
17 PRODUCTS has continued to occur beyond DEFENDANTS' receipt of plaintiff's 60-Day Notice
18 of Violation. Plaintiff also alleges and believes that such violations will continue to occur into the
19 future.

20 28. Beginning on July 25, 2005, "60-Day Notices" of Proposition 65 violations were
21 provided to public enforcement agencies and to CORONADO stating that exposures to the
22 LISTED CHEMICAL were occurring in the State of California from the reasonably foreseeable
23 uses of the PRODUCTS, without the individual purchasers and users first having been provided
24 with a "clear and reasonable warning" regarding such exposure.

25 29. The appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and
26 diligently prosecute a cause of action, under Health & Safety Code §25249.6, *et seq.*, against
27 DEFENDANTS based on the claims asserted in Plaintiff's 60-Day Notices.

28 //

1 30. At all times relevant to this action, the PRODUCTS contained the LISTED
2 CHEMICAL.

3 31. At all times relevant to this action, the DEFENDANTS knew or should have known
4 that the PRODUCTS contained the LISTED CHEMICAL.

5 32. At all times relevant to this action, the LISTED CHEMICAL was present in or on
6 the PRODUCTS in such a way as to be available for transfer or release from PRODUCTS to
7 individuals during the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS.

8 33. The normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS has caused and
9 continues to cause an exposure to the LISTED CHEMICAL, as such exposure is defined by
10 22 C.C.R. §12601.

11 34. Based on information and good faith belief, plaintiff alleges that at all times relevant
12 to this action, DEFENDANTS had knowledge that individuals' normal and reasonably foreseeable
13 use of the PRODUCTS would cause an exposure to the LISTED CHEMICAL.

14 35. At all times relevant to this action, DEFENDANTS, and each of them, intended that
15 such exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL from the reasonably foreseeable use of the
16 PRODUCTS would occur by their deliberate, non-accidental participation in the manufacture,
17 distribution and/or sale of PRODUCTS to individuals in the State of California.

18 36. At all times relevant to this action, DEFENDANTS failed to provide a "clear and
19 reasonable warning" of reproductive toxicity (as defined by 22 C.C.R. §12601) to those consumers
20 or other individuals in the State of California who were or could become exposed to the
21 PRODUCTS and the LISTED CHEMICAL contained therein.

22 37. Contrary to the express policy and statutory prohibition of Proposition 65, enacted
23 directly by California voters, individuals thus exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL from the
24 PRODUCTS, without "clear and reasonable warning", have suffered and continue to suffer
25 irreparable harm, for which harm they have no plain, speedy or adequate remedy at law.

26 38. As a consequence of the above-described acts, DEFENDANTS, and each of them,
27 are liable, pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.7(b), for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500
28 per day for each violation.

