SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

NRA CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, INC.; MANCEBO CORPORATION; DOUG ROSS ENGINEERING CONCEPTS, INC.; (Additional Parties Attachment form is attached)

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC., in the interest of the Public

FOR COURT USE ONE.

MAR 2 4 2008

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

CASE NUMBER: G 08378175

CCP 416.60 (minor)

CCP 416.70 (conservatee)

CCP 416.90 (authorized person)

Deputy

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia. Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un

servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es):

Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Alameda

Rene C. Davidson Alameda County Courthouse

1225 Fallon St, Oakland, CA 94612

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): Reuben Yeroushalmi, Yeroushalmi & Associates, 3700 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 480,

Los Angeles, CA 90010, 213-382-3183

DATE: (Fecha) MAR 2 4 2008

Pat S. Sweeten

Clerk, by (Secretario)

Deputy (Adjunto)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).) (Para prueba de entrega de esta citatión use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).

NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served as an individual defendant.

ISEAL

as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):

3. ____ on behalf of (specify):

CCP 416.10 (corporation) under: L

CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)

other (specify): by personal delivery on (date):

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Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465

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Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California SUM-100 [Rev. January 1, 2004]

	SUM-200(A	
SHORT TITLE: _ Consumer Advocacy Group Inc. v. N R A Construction Company, et al	CASE NUMBER:	
INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE → This form may be used as an attachment to any summons if space does not permit the listing of all parties on the summons. → if this attachment is used, insert the following statement in the plaintiff or defendant box on the summons: "Additional Parties Attachment form is attached." List additional parties (Check only one box. Use a separate page for each type of party.):		
Plaintiff Defendant Cross-Complainant Cross-Defendant PAUL T. BECK CONTRACTORS, INC.; MONTEREY PENINSULA DASPHALT MAINTENANCE SPECIALISTS INC.; ASPHALT MAINTENANCE CONSTRUCTION; AMERICAN ASPHALT & CONCRETE, PAVING, INC.; MILLER PAVING CORPORATION; APEX DEVELO	ENGINEERING; K & M ENANCE SYSTEMS INC.; INC.; FRANK AND SON PMENT INC.; INTERSTATE	
GRADING AND PAVING, INC.; RELIABLE PAVING COMPANY; a	na DOES 1-1000	

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BACKGROUND AND PRELIMINARY FACTS

- 1. In 1986, California voters approved an initiative to address growing concerns about exposure to toxic chemicals. The initiative, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at Health and Safety Code sections 25249.5 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), helps to protect California's drinking water sources from contamination, to allow consumers to make informed choices about the products they buy, and to enable persons to protect themselves from toxic chemicals as they see fit.
- 2. Proposition 65 requires the Governor of California to publish a list of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm ("Proposition 65-Listed Chemicals"). (Health & Saf. Code, § 25249.8.) The list, which the Governor updates at least once a year, contains over 550 chemicals. Proposition 65 imposes warning requirements and other controls that apply to Proposition 65-Listed Chemicals.
- 3. All businesses with ten or more employees that operate or sell products in California must comply with Proposition 65. Under Proposition 65, businesses are: (1) prohibited from knowingly discharging Proposition 65-Listed Chemicals into sources of drinking water (Health & Saf. Code, § 25249.5), and (2) required to provide "clear and reasonable" warnings before exposing a person, knowingly and intentionally, to a Proposition 65-Listed Chemical (Health & Saf. Code, § 25249.6.)
- 4. Plaintiff, Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc. ("Plaintiff") is a non-profit corporation qualified to do business in the State of California. It brings this action in the public interest as defined under Health and Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivision (d).
- 5. Defendants N R A Construction Company, Inc.; Mancebo Corporation; Doug Ross Engineering Concepts, Inc.; Paul T. Beck Contractors, Inc.; Monterey Peninsula Engineering; K & M Asphalt Maintenance Specialists Inc.; Asphalt Maintenance

Systems Inc.; Amtek Construction; American Asphalt & Concrete, Inc.; Frank and Son Paving, Inc.; Miller Paving Corporation; Apex Development Inc.; Interstate Grading and Paving, Inc.; Reliable Paving Company; and Does 1-1000 (collectively, "Defendants"), are and at all times mentioned herein have been qualified to do business in the State of California, and at all times mentioned herein have conducted business within the State of California.

- 6. Plaintiff is ignorant of the true names and capacities of defendants sued as Does 1-1000, and therefore sue these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged and the damages caused thereby.
- 7. At all times mentioned herein, "Defendants" include N R A Construction Company, Inc.; Mancebo Corporation; Doug Ross Engineering Concepts, Inc.; Paul T. Beck Contractors, Inc.; Monterey Peninsula Engineering; K & M Asphalt Maintenance Specialists Inc.; Asphalt Maintenance Systems Inc.; Amtek Construction; American Asphalt & Concrete, Inc.; Frank and Son Paving, Inc.; Miller Paving Corporation; Apex Development Inc.; Interstate Grading and Paving, Inc.; Reliable Paving Company; and Does 1-1000.
- 8. At all relevant times, each Defendant was a person doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11, subdivision (a). Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that at all times mentioned herein each Defendant has had 10 or more employees.

- 9. In 2000 and 2001, Plaintiff conducted research, from which it identified an industry-wide practice among California companies involved in paving operations, of exposing, knowingly and intentionally, persons to asphalt paving products without first providing clear and reasonable warnings of such to the exposed persons prior to exposure. Asphalt is extremely toxic material, containing numerous Proposition 65-Listed Chemicals.
- 10. Each respective defendant has been intentionally exposing persons, by deliberately using Asphalt, to the constituent chemicals of Asphalt and related products and materials, including Hot Mix Asphalt, as listed in herein and designated by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and reproductive toxicity, pursuant to the Code of Civil Regulations (hereinafter "CCR"), title 22, section 12000, without first giving a clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons, in violation of Proposition 65.
- 11. Plaintiff mailed a separate Proposition 65 60-day Notice of intent to sue to Defendants N R A Construction Company, Inc.; Mancebo Corporation; Doug Ross Engineering Concepts, Inc.; Paul T. Beck Contractors, Inc.; Monterey Peninsula Engineering; K & M Asphalt Maintenance Specialists Inc.; Asphalt Maintenance Systems Inc.; Amtek Construction; American Asphalt & Concrete, Inc.; Frank and Son Paving, Inc.; Miller Paving Corporation; Apex Development Inc.; Interstate Grading and Paving, Inc.; and Reliable Paving Company; respectively. Such Notices stated that each respective defendant, by failing to warn persons of exposures to Proposition 65-Listed Chemicals before exposing them to such chemicals, had violated Proposition 65. Copies of the notices were mailed to the California Attorney General ("Attorney General") and the County District Attorneys and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at

least 750,000 people, for the locations within which Defendants have allegedly violated Proposition 65.

12. The Court has jurisdiction over this lawsuit pursuant to California Constitution Article

VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all causes except

those given by statute to other trial courts. Plaintiff brings this lawsuit under statutes that
do not specify any other basis of jurisdiction.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION BY CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC AND AGAINST DEFENDANTS N R A CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, INC.; MANCEBO CORPORATION; DOUG ROSS ENGINEERING CONCEPTS, INC.; PAUL T. BECK CONTRACTORS, INC.; MONTEREY PENINSULA ENGINEERING; K & M ASPHALT MAINTENANCE SPECIALISTS INC.; ASPHALT MAINTENANCE SYSTEMS INC.; AMTEK CONSTRUCTION; AMERICAN ASPHALT & CONCRETE, INC.; FRANK AND SON PAVING, INC.; MILLER PAVING CORPORATION; APEX DEVELOPMENT INC.; INTERSTATE GRADING AND PAVING, INC.; RELIABLE PAVING COMPANY; AND DOES 1-1000 FOR VIOLATIONS OF PROPOSITION 65, THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT, 1986 (HEALTH & SAF. CODE, §§ 25249.5, ET SEQ.

- 13. Plaintiff CAG repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 12 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 14. Defendants are and at all times mentioned herein have been engaged in the business of the paving of roads, berms, pathways, parking lots, and other surfaces, or the manufacturing, selling, storing, distributing, installing, and laying of Asphalt products.
- 15. Defendants have been exposing persons, knowingly and intentionally, by deliberately using asphalt, to the constituent Proposition 65-Listed Chemicals of asphalt, without first giving clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. (Health & Saf. Code, § 25249.6.)

16. On or about August 29, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to NR A Construction Company, Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.

- 17. On or about August 29, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Mancebo Corporation, alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 18. On or about August 29, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Doug Ross Engineering Concepts, Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 19. On or about August 29, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Paul T. Beck Contractors, Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 20. On or about August 29, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Monterey Peninsula Engineering alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 21. On or about August 29, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to K & M Asphalt Maintenance Specialists Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 22. On or about August 29, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Asphalt Maintenance Systems Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 23. On or about August 23, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Amtek Construction alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.

- 24. On or about June 1, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to American Asphalt & Concrete, Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 25. On or about June 1, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Frank and Son Paving, Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 26. On or about June 1, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Miller Paving Corporation alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 27. On or about March 9, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Apex Development Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 28. On or about August 29, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Interstate Grading and Paving, Inc. alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 29. On or about March 9, 2006, Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue to Reliable Paving Company alleging the facts found in Paragraph 10 of this pleading.
- 30. Each Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue listed above included a certificate of merit executed by the attorney for the noticing party, Plaintiff. The certificate of merit stated that the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the certificate had consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who had reviewed data regarding the exposure to Proposition 65-Listed Chemicals that are the subjects of the action.

 Based on that information, the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the certificate believed there was a reasonable and meritorious case for this private action. The attorney for Plaintiff attached to the certificate of merit served on the Attorney General information sufficient to establish the basis of the certificate of merit.

- 31. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty days (plus five calendar days because the place of mailing and the place of address as to those notices were within California) from the date that Plaintiff gave notice of the alleged violations of Proposition 65 to each respective named defendant, the Attorney General, and applicable district attorneys and city attorneys in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred.
- 32. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that neither the Attorney General, nor any applicable district attorney or city attorney has commenced and is diligently prosecuting an action against the violation.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE

- 33. Between three years before the sending of each respective Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue and the present, in the normal course of business, Defendants conducted operations involving, relating to, or leading to, the paving and striping of roads, pathways, berms, parking lots, and other surfaces. Defendants have been knowingly and intentionally exposing reasonably foreseeable members of the public, including neighbors and residents, passersby, motorists, engineers, and inspectors not in the direct employ of violators and found within a 100 foot radius of where paving work has been performed, using products containing the constituent chemicals of Asphalt and related products and materials, including Hot Mix Asphalt, as listed in herein and designated by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons.
- 34. The sources of exposures are the constituent chemicals of Asphalt and related products and materials, and the use of such. The locations of the exposures include areas within a 100 foot radius of the Defendants' places of business, involving activities including

whereby asphalt cement, a crude oil product that has been refined, and aggregate have been heated and mixed to create Asphalt or Hot Mix Asphalt, to the area along and within 100 feet of the route traveled between said places of business and where paving materials have been stored and paving work has been performed, including the street, sidewalks, and pathways within 100 feet of such locations, the vicinity of work vehicles and the immediately neighboring areas affected by the constituent chemicals of Asphalt and related products and materials Hot Mix Asphalt, Asphalt smoke, and associated fumes that have been breathed in via the ambient air by the exposed persons causing contact with their mouths, throats, esophagi, and lungs.

35. The route of exposure for environmental exposures has been the inhalation contact described above. Exposures took place in the California counties whose District Attorneys received copies of the operative 60-Day Notices. The exposures took place both on and beyond property owned or controlled by Defendants

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE

- 36. Between three years before the sending of each respective Proposition 65 60-Day Notice of intent to sue and the present, in the normal course of business, Defendants by storing, heating, installing, and laying Asphalt products, have been knowingly and intentionally exposing their employees to the constituent chemicals of Asphalt and related products and materials, including Hot Mix Asphalt, as listed herein and designated by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning of such to their employees.
- 37. The sources of exposures include the constituent chemicals of Asphalt and related products and materials, and the use of Asphalt, including Hot Mix Asphalt, as listed

herein. The employees of the Defendants include, but are not limited to, paving contractors, flag persons, drivers, truck drivers, paving machine operators and workers involved in grading and raking Asphalt at locations where Asphalt is applied. Exposures occurred in locations including the storage facilities/garage areas where the Asphalt, including Asphalt cement, were stored or made at Defendants' places of business, as referenced above, on and in the vicinity of work vehicles transporting Asphalt, including Hot Mix Asphalt, the addresses where paving installations were performed, and the areas along the routes traveled between said places of business and the addresses where paving work was performed, by which the Asphalt, including Hot Mix Asphalt, was transported. The route of exposure for occupational exposures to the chemicals listed herein, by the affected persons has been from Asphalt, including Hot Mix Asphalt, Asphalt smoke, diesel smoke, and associated fumes that have been breathed in via the ambient air by the exposed persons (and was a direct result of helping apply Asphalt to surfaces, or being near where hot Asphalt was mixed, heated, or transported) causing inhalation contact with their mouths, throats, esophagi, and lungs. Employees also sustained a route of exposure of dermal contact by touching Asphalt with their bare skin while mixing, heating, transporting, and applying the Asphalt, including hot Asphalt, to surfaces at work locations, as well as employees touching the Asphalt by inadvertently allowing their work gloves, which had touched the Asphalt, to touch their bare skin. Employees also sustained dermal contact when moving the Asphalt, including hot Asphalt, in and out of the storage facilities and garage areas where the Asphalt has been stored at Defendants' places of business. Exposures occurred in the counties whose district attorneys received copies of the operative notices.

38. For each such type and means of exposure, the violators have exposed and are continuing to expose the above referenced persons to:

CARCINOGENS: Benz[a]anthracene; Chrysene; Toluene; diisocyanate;

Formaldehyde (gas); 5-Methylchrysene; Nickel and Certain Nickel Compounds;

Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride); Benzene; Lead and Lead Compounds;

Benzo[b]flouranthene; Benzo[k]flouranthene; Benzo[a]pyreneIndeno[1,2,3-cd]; pyrene;

Acetaldehyde; Beryllium and Beryllium compounds; Arsenic (inorganic arsenic compounds); Cadmium and Cadmium compounds; Chromium (hexavalent compounds);

Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene); Trichloroethylene; ChryseneDibenz[a,h];

anthracene; Carbazole; Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene; Dibenzo[a,e]pyrene; Dibenz[a,j]acridine;

Dibenzo[a,h]pyrene; Dibenzo[a,l]pyrene; Acetaldehyde; Benz[a]anthracene; 1,3

Butadiene; Diesel Engine Exhaust; Silica, crystalline (airborne particles of respirable size)

REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS: Toluene; Carbon Disulfide; Benzene; Lead; Mercury and Mercury compounds; Arsenic (inorganic oxides); Cadmium; Methyl Chloride

- 39. Each Proposition 65-Listed Chemical listed above first appeared on the Governor's

 Proposition 65 list more than twenty months before Plaintiff sent a Proposition 65 60
 Day Notice of intent to sue to each respective named defendant. Therefore, each

 Proposition 65-Listed Chemical was subject fully to Proposition 65 warning requirements
 at the times of the exposures alleged herein.
- 40. For the past several years, both the Attorney General as well as Plaintiff have investigated and prosecuted Asphalt Paving entities as an industry for alleged violations of Proposition 65. Plaintiff and its counsel poured and continue to pour significant

resources, including time, money, and energy, in trying to bring all members of the Asphalt Paving Industry in compliance with Proposition 65. The Attorney General and Plaintiff co-litigated a previous action that resulted in a universal settlement reached with over 100 Asphalt Paving entities. That settlement had an extensive opt-in period that allowed all Paving entities, including these defendants, to join the settlement and end not only their continual violations of Proposition 65, but also their potential liabilities for alleged violations of the statute. Accordingly, these defendants have had plenty of time and opportunities to end their violations of Proposition 65 and come into compliance with the law.

41. Instead, these defendants flouted the various opportunities they had to comply with Proposition 65, and chose instead not to participate in a win-win settlement agreement offered by both the Attorney General and CAG. The settlement these defendants chose not to participate in would have benefited all parties involved, in that it would have required defendants to significantly reduce both their employees' as well as the public's exposures to deadly chemicals, and would have obligated these defendants to post the required warnings. By choosing to continue their violations, these defendants have significantly enlarged their potential liabilities for violating Proposition 65.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff in the FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION demands against each defendant as follows:

1. A permanent injunction pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivision (a), and the equitable powers of the court;

3. Order to disgorge or pay restitution in an amount surriversal and any money or property that Defendants may have acquired by means of violation		
powers of the court;		
4. Costs of suit;		
5. Reasonable attorney fees and costs; and		
6. Any further relief that the court may deem just and equitable.		
Dated: March 18, 2008	Reuben Yeroushalmi Attorneys for Plaintiff, Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc.	