1 2 3 4	REUBEN YEROUSHALMI (SBN 193981) DANIEL D. CHO (SBN 105409) EDWIN AIWAZIAN (SBN 232943) YEROUSHALMI & ASSOCIATES 3700 WILSHIRE BLVD., SUITE 480 LOS ANGELES, CA 90010 Telephone: 213-382-3183 Facsimile: 213-382-3430	CONFORMED COPY OF ORIGINAL FILED Los Angeles Superior Count  OCT 0 2 2006  John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk BY SHAUNYA WESLEY, Deputy
6 7 8 9 10	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc SUPERIOR COURT OF 1	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA ANGELES – UNLIMITED
1! 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC., in the public interest,  Plaintiff,  v.  CTT TOOLS, INC., and DOES 1-100;  Defendants.	BC399270  CASE NO.  COMPLAINT FOR PENALTY,  INJUNCTION, AND RESTITUTION  Violation of Proposition 65, the Safe  Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement  Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code., §§  25249.5, et seq.)  ACTION IS AN UNLIMITED CIVIL  CASE (exceeds \$25,000)  CASE (exceeds \$25,000)
224 225 26 27	follows.  COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF PROPOSITIO	nc., alleges a cause of action against defendants as  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  3  4  5  5  6  5  6  6  6  6  6  6  6  6  6

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- Plaintiff, Consumer Advocacy Group. Inc. ("Plaintiff"), is a non-profit corporation
  qualified to do business in the State of California. It brings this action in the public
  interest as defined under Health and Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivision (d).
- 2. Defendant CTT Tools, Inc. is a California corporation.
- 3. Plaintiff is ignorant of the true names and capacities of defendants Does 1-100, and therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each fictitiously named defendant is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged and the damages caused thereby.
- Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that CTT Tools, Inc. at all times
  mentioned herein has conducted business within the State of California.
- 5. At all times mentioned herein, "Defendants" include CTT Tools, Inc. and Does 1-100.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that at all relevant times, each defendant was a person doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11, subdivision (b), and that each defendant had ten or more employees.

## **JURISDICTION**

7. The Court has jurisdiction over this lawsuit pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts. 1

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27 28 8. In 1986, California voters approved an initiative to address growing concerns about exposure to toxic chemicals. The initiative, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at Health and Safety Code sections 25249.5 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), helps to protect California's drinking water sources from contamination, to allow consumers to make informed choices about the products they buy, and to enable persons to protect themselves from toxic chemicals as they see fit.

- 9. Proposition 65 requires the Governor of California to publish a list of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. Health & Safety Code, § 25249.8. The list, which the Governor updates at least once a year, contains over 550 chemicals. Proposition 65 imposes warning requirements and other controls that apply to Proposition 65 listed chemicals.
- 10. All businesses with ten or more employees that operate or sell products in California must comply with Proposition 65. Under Proposition 65, businesses are: (1) prohibited from knowingly discharging Proposition 65 listed chemicals into sources of drinking water (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.5), and (2) required to provide "clear and reasonable" warnings before exposing a person, knowingly and intentionally, to a Proposition 65 listed chemical (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.6).
- 11. Plaintiff conducted research, from which it identified a widespread practice of manufacturers and distributors of soldering products of exposing, knowingly and intentionally, persons in California to the Proposition 65 listed constituents of such products without first providing clear and reasonable warnings of such to the exposed

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persons prior to exposure. Plaintiff later discerned that Defendants engaged in such practice.

### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(By Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc. and against CTT Tools, Inc. and Does 1-100 For Violation Of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water And Toxic Enforcement Act Of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.)

# Cal-Hawk® 10-pc. Battery Terminal Set (Item No.: CZBT10P)

- 12. Plaintiff, Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 11 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 13. Each Defendant is, and at all times mentioned herein, was a manufacturer or distributor of Cal-Hawk® 10-pc. Battery Terminal Set (Item No.: CZBT10P) ("Cal-Hawk®"), a consumer product designed for soldering.
- 14. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that Cal-Hawk® contains Lead.
- 15. On October 1, 1992, the Governor of California added Lead to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer (Cal. Code Regs., title 22, § 12000, subd. (b)). Pursuant to Health and Safety Code sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty months after addition of Lead to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, Lead became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.
- 16. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between October 2, 2004 and the present each defendant knowingly and intentionally exposed California users of Cal-Hawk®, which it manufactured or distributed, as mentioned above, to Lead, without first giving clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed Cal-Hawk® in California. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

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- 17. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons handling Cal-Hawk® suffer exposure when they handle the lead soldering wire without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin with gloves after handling the lead soldering wire. Persons handling Cal-Hawk® also suffer exposures by breathing in particulate matter emanating from the lead soldering wire as they use the lead soldering wire (especially when heating the same) or by inserting surfaces (e.g., hands) that have encountered the lead soldering wire into their mouths. The foregoing assumes use of Cal-Hawk® in accordance with its instructions.
- 18. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Cal-Hawk® have been ongoing and continuous and have continued to the date of the signing of this complaint, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a consumer was exposed to Lead by using Cal-Hawk® as mentioned herein.
- 19. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing.

## SATISFACTION OF PRIOR NOTICE

- 20. On or about October 2, 2007, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 subject to a private action to CTT Tools, Inc., identified in the notice as CTT Tools, Inc., and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Cal-Hawk®.
- 21. On or about June 9, 2008, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 subject to a private action to CTT Tools, Inc., identified in the

notice as CTT Tools, Inc., and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Cal-Hawk®.

- 22. Before sending the notice of alleged violation, Plaintiff investigated the consumer products involved, the likelihood that such products would cause users to suffer significant exposures to Lead, the corporate structure of each Defendant, and other relevant matters.
- 23. Plaintiff's notice of alleged violation included a certificate of merit executed by the attorney for the noticing party, Plaintiff. The certificates of merit stated that the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the certificate had consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who had reviewed data regarding the exposure to Lead, respectively, which are the subject Proposition 65 listed chemicals of this action. Based on that information, the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the certificates believed there was a reasonable and meritorious case for this private action. The attorney for Plaintiff attached to the certificates of merit served on the Attorney General information sufficient to establish the basis of the certificates of merit.
- 24. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty days from the date that Plaintiff gave notice of the alleged violations to CTT Tools, Inc. and to the public prosecutors referenced in Paragraphs 20-21.
- 25. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that neither the Attorney General, nor any applicable district attorney or city attorney has commenced and is diligently prosecuting an action against the Defendants.

26. Plaintiff's allegations concern a "consumer product exposure," which is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good. Cal-Hawk® is a consumer product, and as mentioned in paragraphs 16-19, exposure to Lead took place as a result of such consumption and foreseeable use.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff demands against each Defendant as follows:

- 1. A permanent injunction mandating Proposition 65 compliant warnings;
- 2. Penalties pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivision (b);
- Costs of suit;
- 4. Reasonable attorney fees and costs; and
- 5. Any further relief that the court may deem just and equitable.

Dated: October 1, 2008 YEROUSHALMI & ASSOCIATES

Daniel D. Cho

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc.