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1	LEXINGTON LAW GROUP, LLP Mark N. Todzo, State Bar No. 168389	SAN FRANCISCO OCUNTY SUFFICION COURTY
2	Howard Hirsch, State Bar No. 213209 Lisa Burger, State Bar No. 219676MANAGEMENT CON	NFERENCE SET 2008 DEC -9 AM 12: 58
3	1627 Irving Street San Francisco, CA 94122	1,000000000000000000000000000000000000
4	Telephone: (415) 759-4111 Facsimile: (415) 759-4112 MAY - 8 20	DO9 - GRAN BY:
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6	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH	12
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9	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10	COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO	
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12	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH,)	Case No. <u>CGC - 08 - 482792</u>
13	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR INTURE
14	v.)	COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES
15)) A CME I DITED CORDOD A TION. A DENDIA.	H. M. C. C. A. C. A. C. C. A. C. C. A.
16	ACME UNITED CORPORATION; ADENNA) INC.; BECTON, DICKINSON & COMPANY;)	Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, et seq.
17	BETTY DAIN CREATIONS, INC.; DURASAFE INC.; IMPACT PRODUCTS, LLC BRACAPE CORPORATION.	(Other)
18	LLC; INVACARE CORPORATION; MICROFLEX CORPORATION; SHELBY CROWN DIFFERENCE TO A MICRO-	
19	GROUP INTERNATIONAL DBA MCR) SAFETY; UNITED STATIONERS SUPPLY)	
20	CO.; and Defendant DOES 1 through 200, inclusive,	
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22	Defendants.)	
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Plaintiff Center for Environmental Health ("Plaintiff"), in the public interest, and based on information and belief and investigation of counsel, except for information based on personal knowledge, hereby makes the following allegations:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This complaint seeks to remedy Defendants' continuing failure to warn individuals in California that they are being exposed to Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate ("DEHP"), a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Such exposures have occurred, and continue to occur, through the manufacture, distribution, sale and consumer use of Defendants' vinyl gloves containing DEHP (the "Products"). Consumers are exposed to DEHP when they use or otherwise handle the Products.
- 2. Under California's Proposition 65, Health and Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq., it is unlawful for businesses to knowingly and intentionally expose individuals in California to chemicals known to the State to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm without providing clear and reasonable warnings to individuals prior to their exposure. Despite the fact that Defendants' Products expose consumers to DEHP, Defendants provide no warnings whatsoever about the reproductive hazards associated with DEHP exposure. Defendants' conduct thus violates the warning provision of Proposition 65. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

PARTIES

3. Plaintiff is a non-profit corporation dedicated to protecting the public from environmental health hazards and toxic exposures. Plaintiff is based in Oakland, California, and incorporated under the laws of the State of California. Plaintiff is a "person" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(a) and brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d). Plaintiff is a nationally recognized non-profit environmental advocacy group that has prosecuted a large number of Proposition 65 cases in the public interest. These cases have resulted in significant public benefit, including reformulation of thousands of products to remove toxic chemicals and to make them safer. Plaintiff also provides information to Californians about the health risks associated with exposure to hazardous substances, where manufacturers and other responsible parties fail to do so.

- 4. Defendant ACME UNITED CORPORATION ("Acme") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Acme manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 5. Defendant ADENNA INC. ("Adenna") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Adenna manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 6. Defendant BECTON, DICKINSON & COMPANY ("BDC") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b).

 BDC manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 7. Defendant BETTY DAIN CREATIONS, INC. ("Betty Dain") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b).

 Betty Dain manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 8. Defendant DURASAFE INC. ("Durasafe") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Durasafe manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 9. Defendant IMPACT PRODUCTS, LLC ("Impact Products") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Impact Products manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 10. Defendant INVACARE CORPORATION ("Invacare") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Invacare manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 11. Defendant MICROFLEX CORPORATION ("Microflex") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Microflex manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 12. Defendant SHELBY GROUP INTERNATIONAL DBA MCR SAFETY ("Shelby Group") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Shelby Group manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.

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Proposition 65 their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth

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defects, or other reproductive harm." Proposition 65, § 1(b).

21. To effectuate this goal, Proposition 65 prohibits exposing people to chemicals listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm above certain levels without a "clear and reasonable warning" unless the business responsible for the exposure can prove that it fits within a statutory exemption. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 states, in pertinent part:

> No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . .

- 22. On January 1, 1988, the State of California officially listed DEHP as a chemical known to cause cancer. On January 1, 1989, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause cancer, DEHP became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding cancer hazards under Proposition 65. 27 California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).
- 23. On October 24, 2003, the State of California officially listed DEHP as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. DEHP is specifically identified as a reproductive toxicant under two subcategories: (1) "developmental reproductive toxicity," which means that it tends to harm the developing fetus and (2) "male reproductive toxicity," which means that it tends to harm the male reproductive system. 27 C.C.R. § 27001(c). On October 24, 2004, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity, DEHP became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding reproductive toxins under Proposition 65. 27 C.C.R. § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).
- Defendants' Products contain sufficient quantities of DEHP such that 24. individuals who handle the Products are exposed to DEHP through the average use of the Products. For example, ordinary consumers absorb DEHP through the skin when they touch, use, handle, put on, wear and/or take off the Products. Ordinary consumers also ingest DEHP when they put the Products in their mouths during normal use, including when consumers put on, wear and/or take off the Products. Ordinary consumers also ingest DEHP via hand to mouth contact

after they touch, use, handle, put on, wear and/or take off the Products or touch other objects that they then put in their mouths.

- 25. Any person acting in the public interest has standing to enforce violations of Proposition 65 provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a valid 60-Day Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the action within such time. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d).
- 26. More than sixty days before naming each Defendant in this Complaint, Plaintiff provided a 60-Day Notice of Violation of Proposition 65 to the California Attorney General, the District Attorneys of every county in California, the City Attorneys of every California city with a population greater than 750,000 and to the Defendant named. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 27 C.C.R. § 25903(b), each of the Notices included the following information: (1) the name and address of the violators; (2) the statute violated; (3) the time period during which violations occurred; (4) specific descriptions of the violations, including (a) the routes of exposure to DEHP from the Products, and (b) the specific type of Products sold and used in violation of Proposition 65; and (5) the name of the specific Proposition 65-listed chemical (DEHP) that is the subject of the violations described in each of the Notices.
- 27. Plaintiff also sent a Certificate of Merit for each Notice of Violation to the California Attorney General, the District Attorneys of every county in California, the City Attorneys of every California city with a population greater than 750,000, and the Defendants named in the Notice. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3101, each Certificate of Merit certified that Plaintiff's counsel: (1) has consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who reviewed facts, studies or other data regarding the exposures to DEHP alleged in the Notice; and (2) based on the information obtained through such consultations, believes that there is a reasonable and meritorious case for a citizen enforcement action based on the facts alleged in the attached Notice. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3102, the Certificate served on the Attorney General included factual information provided on a confidential basis –

1	5. That the Court utilize its inherent equitable power to grant such other and	
2	further relief as may be just and proper.	
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4	Dated: December 9, 2008	Respectfully submitted,
5		LEXINGTON LAW GROUP, LLP
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8		Mark N. Todzo Attorneys for Plaintiff CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
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