LEXINGTON LAW GROUP 1 Mark N. Todzo, State Bar No. 168389 Howard Hirsch, State Bar No. 213209 Lisa Burger, State Bar No. 239676 1627 Irving Street 3 San Francisco, CA 94122 Telephone: (415) 759-4111 4 Facsimile: (415) 759-4112 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH 6 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO 10 11 CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH,) Case No. CGC-09-494337 12 a non-profit corporation Plaintiff, FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR 13 INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL **PENALTIES** v. 14 15 BASIC INTERNATIONAL, INC. DBA BASIC Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, et seq. MEDICAL INDUSTRIES, ÍNC.; DASH 16 MEDICAL GLOVES, INC.; AMMEX (Other) CORPORATION; BIG TIME PRODUCTS, 17 LLC; BOSS MANUFACTURING COMPANY; GOLDMAX INDUSTRIES, INC.; PRO-STAT, 18 INC.; RITE AID CORPORATION; and Defendant DOES 1 through 200, inclusive, 19 20 Defendants. 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

Plaintiff Center for Environmental Health ("Plaintiff"), in the public interest, and based on information and belief and investigation of counsel, except for information based on personal knowledge, hereby makes the following allegations:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This First Amended Complaint seeks to remedy Defendants' continuing failure to warn individuals in California that they are being exposed to Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate ("DEHP"), a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Such exposures have occurred, and continue to occur, through the manufacture, distribution, sale and consumer use of Defendants' vinyl gloves containing DEHP (the "Products"). Consumers are exposed to DEHP when they use or otherwise handle the Products.
- 2. Under California's Proposition 65, Health and Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq., it is unlawful for businesses to knowingly and intentionally expose individuals in California to chemicals known to the State to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm without providing clear and reasonable warnings to individuals prior to their exposure. Despite the fact that Defendants' Products expose consumers to DEHP, Defendants provide no warnings whatsoever about the reproductive hazards associated with DEHP exposure. Defendants' conduct thus violates the warning provision of Proposition 65. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

PARTIES

3. Plaintiff is a non-profit corporation dedicated to protecting the public from environmental health hazards and toxic exposures. Plaintiff is based in Oakland, California, and incorporated under the laws of the State of California. Plaintiff is a "person" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(a) and brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d). Plaintiff is a nationally recognized non-profit environmental advocacy group that has prosecuted a large number of Proposition 65 cases in the public interest. These cases have resulted in significant public benefit, including reformulation of thousands of products to remove toxic chemicals and to make them safer. Plaintiff also provides information to Californians about the health risks associated with exposure to hazardous

substances, where manufacturers and other responsible parties fail to do so.

- 4. Defendant AMMEX CORPORATION ("Ammex") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Ammex manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 5. Defendant BASIC INTERNATIONAL, INC. DBA BASIC MEDICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. ("Basic Medical") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Basic Medical manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 6. Defendant BIG TIME PRODUCTS, LLC ("Big Time") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Big Time manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 7. Defendant BOSS MANUFACTURING COMPANY ("Boss") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b).

 Boss manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 8. Defendant DASH MEDICAL GLOVES, INC. ("DASH") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b).

 DASH manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 9. Defendant GOLDMAX INDUSTRIES, INC. ("Goldmax") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Goldmax manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 10. Defendant PRO-STAT, INC. ("Pro-Stat") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Pro-Stat manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 11. Defendant RITE AID CORPORATION ("Rite Aid") is a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Rite Aid manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Products for sale and use in California.
- 12. DOES 1 through 200 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant DOES 1 through 200 each

reproductive harm above certain levels without a "clear and reasonable warning" unless the

& Safety Code § 25249.6 states, in pertinent part:

business responsible for the exposure can prove that it fits within a statutory exemption. Health

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No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . .

- 20. On January 1, 1988, the State of California officially listed DEHP as a chemical known to cause cancer. On January 1, 1989, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause cancer, DEHP became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding cancer hazards under Proposition 65. 27 California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).
- 21. On October 24, 2003, the State of California officially listed DEHP as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. DEHP is specifically identified as a reproductive toxicant under two subcategories: (1) "developmental reproductive toxicity," which means that it tends to harm the developing fetus and (2) "male reproductive toxicity," which means that it tends to harm the male reproductive system. 27 C.C.R. § 27001(c). On October 24, 2004, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity, DEHP became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding reproductive toxins under Proposition 65. 27 C.C.R. § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).
- 22. Defendants' Products contain sufficient quantities of DEHP such that individuals who handle the Products are exposed to DEHP through the average use of the Products. The route of exposure for the violations is dermal absorption through the skin when consumers touch, use, handle, put on, wear and/or take off the Products; direct ingestion when consumers place their hands in their mouths while wearing the Products or otherwise place the Products in their mouths; and ingestion via hand-to-mouth contact after they touch, use, handle, put on, wear and/or take off the Products or touch other objects that they then put in their mouths.
- 23. No clear and reasonable warning is provided with the Products regarding the carcinogenic or reproductive hazards of DEHP.
- 24. Any person acting in the public interest has standing to enforce violations of Proposition 65 provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a valid 60-Day Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the

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- More than sixty days before naming each Defendant in this Complaint, Plaintiff provided a 60-Day Notice of Violation of Proposition 65 to the California Attorney General, the District Attorneys of every county in California, the City Attorneys of every California city with a population greater than 750,000 and to the Defendant named. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 27 C.C.R. § 25903(b), each of the Notices included the following information: (1) the name and address of the violators; (2) the statute violated; (3) the time period during which violations occurred; (4) specific descriptions of the violations, including (a) the routes of exposure to DEHP from the Products, and (b) the specific type of Products sold and used in violation of Proposition 65; and (5) the name of the specific Proposition 65-listed chemical (DEHP) that is the subject of the violations described in each of the Notices.
- Plaintiff also sent a Certificate of Merit for each Notice of Violation to the 26. California Attorney General, the District Attorneys of every county in California, the City Attorneys of every California city with a population greater than 750,000, and the Defendants named in the Notice. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3101, each Certificate of Merit certified that Plaintiff's counsel: (1) has consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who reviewed facts, studies or other data regarding the exposures to DEHP alleged in the Notice; and (2) based on the information obtained through such consultations, believes that there is a reasonable and meritorious case for a citizen enforcement action based on the facts alleged in the attached Notice. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3102, the Certificate served on the Attorney General included factual information - provided on a confidential basis - sufficient to establish the basis for the Certificates, including the identity of the person(s) consulted by Plaintiff's counsel and the facts, studies or other data reviewed by such persons.
- 27. Under Proposition 65, an exposure is "knowing" where the party responsible for such exposure has:

knowledge of the fact that a[n]... exposure to a chemical listed pursuant to [Health and Safety Code § 25249.8(a)] is occurring. No knowledge that the ... exposure is unlawful is required.

27 C.C.R. § 25102(n). This knowledge may be either actual or constructive. *See, e.g.*, Final Statement of Reasons Revised (November 4, 1988) (pursuant to former 22 C.C.R. Division 2, § 12201).

- 28. Defendants both know and intend that the Products contain DEHP. The Products typically contain DEHP to provide the Products with flexibility. DEHP is an intended ingredient that makes up a substantial percentage of the Products.
- 29. Defendants both know and intend that individuals will handle, wear, and otherwise use the Products, thus exposing them to DEHP.
- 30. Defendants have been informed of the DEHP in their Products by the 60-Day Notice of Violation served on them by Plaintiff.
- 31. Nevertheless, Defendants have exposed consumers and continue to expose consumers to DEHP without providing clear and reasonable warnings regarding the cancer and/or reproductive hazards of DEHP.
- 32. None of the public prosecutors with the authority to prosecute violations of Proposition 65 has commenced and/or is diligently prosecuting a cause of action against the Defendants under Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq., based on the claim asserted in the Notice.
- 33. Plaintiff has engaged in good-faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this complaint.
- 34. Any person "violating or threatening to violate" Proposition 65 may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7. "Threaten to violate" is defined to mean "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur." Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(e). Proposition 65 provides for civil penalties up to \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of the Health & Safety Code § 25249.6)

- 35. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 34, inclusive.
- 36. By placing the Products into the stream of commerce, Defendants are persons in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.
- 37. Defendants know that average use of the Products will expose users of the Products to DEHP. Defendants intend that the Products be used in a manner that results in users of the Products being exposed to DEHP contained in the Products.
- 38. Defendants have failed, and continue to fail, to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenicity and/or reproductive toxicity of the DEHP contained in their Products.
- 39. DEHP is a chemical listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer and birth defects and other reproductive harm.
- 40. By committing the acts alleged above, the Defendants have at all times relevant to this complaint violated Proposition 65 by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to DEHP without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such individuals regarding the carcinogenicity and/or reproductive toxicity of DEHP.

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays judgment against the Defendants, as set forth hereafter.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- 1. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b), assess civil penalties against each of the Defendants in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65 according to proof;
- 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a), preliminarily and permanently enjoin Defendants from offering the Products for sale in California without providing clear and reasonable warnings, as Plaintiff shall specify in further application to the Court;