1 2 3 4 5 6	Laurence D. Haveson, State Bar No. 152631 Laralei S. Paras, State Bar No. 203319 THE CHANLER GROUP 81 Throckmorton Ave, Suite 203 Mill Valley, CA 94941 Telephone: (415) 388-1128 Facsimile: (415) 388-1135  Attorneys for Plaintiff RUSSELL BRIMER	ENDORSED FILED San Francisco County Superior Court FER 2 2 2011  CLERK OF THE COURT BY. PARAM NATT Deputy Clerk
7 8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO	
	UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION	
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11	RUSSELL BRIMER,	Case No. C G C - 1 1 - 5 0 8 4 3 5
12	Plaintiff,	
13	v.	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES
14	UTRECHT MANUFACTURING	AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
15	CORPORATION; and DOES 1 through 150, inclusive,	(Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.)
16	Defendants.	
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COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff RUSSELL
   BRIMER, in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California, to enforce the People's right to be informed of the presence of lead, a toxic chemical found in messenger bags sold in California.
- 2. By this Complaint, plaintiff seeks to remedy defendants' continuing failures to warn California citizens about their exposure to lead, present in certain messenger bags that defendants import, manufacture, distribute, and/or offer for sale to consumers throughout the State of California.
- 3. Elevated levels of lead are commonly found in and on messenger bags that defendants import, manufacture, distribute, and/or offer for sale to consumers throughout the State of California.
- 4. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), "No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . ." (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.)
- 5. On February 27, 1987, California identified and listed lead as a chemical known to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm. Lead became subject to the warning requirement one year later and was therefore subject to the "clear and reasonable warning" requirements of Proposition 65, beginning on February 27, 1988. (27 CCR § 27001 (c); Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.8.) Lead shall hereinafter be referred to as the "LISTED CHEMICAL".
- 6. Defendants import, manufacture, distribute, and/or sell messenger bags containing excessive levels of the LISTED CHEMICAL including, but not limited to, the *Utrecht Messenger Bag*, #39150 (#6 55802 39150 6). All such glassware with colored artwork or designs containing the LISTED CHEMICAL shall hereinafter be referred to as the "PRODUCTS".

- 7. Defendants' failures to warn consumers and/or other individuals in the State of California about their exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL in conjunction with defendants' sales of the PRODUCTS is a violation of Proposition 65 and subjects defendants to enjoinment of such conduct as well as civil penalties for each such violation.
- 8. As a result of defendants' violations of Proposition 65, plaintiff seeks preliminary injunctive and permanent injunctive relief to compel defendants to provide purchasers or users of the PRODUCTS with the required warning regarding the health hazards of the LISTED CHEMICAL in the PRODUCTS. (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a).)
- 9. Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against defendants for their violations of Proposition 65, as provided for by California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).

### **PARTIES**

- 10. Plaintiff RUSSELL BRIMER, is a citizen of the State of California who is dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of toxic exposures from consumer products, and brings this action in the public interest pursuant to California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.7.
- 11. Defendant UTRECHT MANUFACTURING CORPORATION ("UTRECHT") is a person doing business within the meaning of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.11.
- 12. Defendant UTRECHT imports, manufactures, distributes, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California or implies by its conduct that it imports, manufactures, distributes, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California.
- 13. Defendants DOES 1-50 ("MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS") are each persons doing business within the meaning of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.11.

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- 14. MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS engage in the process of research, testing, designing, assembling, fabricating and/or manufacturing, or imply by their conduct that they engage in the process of research, testing, designing, assembling, fabricating and/or manufacturing, one or more of the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California.
- 15. Defendants DOES 51-100 ("DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS") are each persons doing business within the meaning of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.11.
- 16. DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS distribute, exchange, transfer, process and/or transport one or more of the PRODUCTS to individuals, businesses or retailers for sale or use in the State of California.
- 17. Defendants DOES 101-150 (RETAILER DEFENDANTS) are each persons doing business within the meaning of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.11.
- 18. RETAILER DEFENDANTS offer the PRODUCTS for sale to individuals in the State of California.
- 19. At this time, the true names of Defendants DOES 1 through 150, inclusive, are unknown to plaintiff, who therefore sues said defendants by their fictitious name pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible for the acts and occurrences herein alleged. When ascertained, their true names shall be reflected in an amended complaint.
- 20. UTRECHT, MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS, DISTRIBUTOR
  DEFENDANTS, and RETAILER DEFENDANTS shall, where appropriate, collectively be referred to hereinafter as "DEFENDANTS".

## **VENUE AND JURISDICTION**

21. Venue is proper in the San Francisco Superior Court, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Sections 394, 395, and 395.5, because this Court is a court of competent jurisdiction, because one or more instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continues to occur, in the County of San Francisco and/or because DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in this county with respect to the PRODUCTS.

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- 22. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this action is brought does not specify any other basis of subject matter jurisdiction.
- 23. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANTS based on plaintiff's information and good faith belief that each defendant is a person, firm, corporation or association that either are citizens of the State of California, have sufficient minimum contacts in the State of California, or otherwise purposefully avail themselves of the California market. DEFENDANTS' purposeful availment renders the exercise of personal jurisdiction by California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

## (Violation of Proposition 65 - Against All Defendants)

- 24. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, Paragraphs 1 through 23, inclusive.
- 25. The citizens of the State of California have expressly stated in the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5, et seq. that they must be informed "about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm." (Cal. Health & Safely Code § 25249.6.)
- 26. Proposition 65 states, "No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual...."

  (Id.)
- 27. On October 15, 2010, a sixty-day notice of violation, together with the requisite certificate of merit, was provided to UTRECHT and various public enforcement agencies stating that as a result of the DEFENDANTS' sales of the PRODUCTS, purchasers and users in the State of California were being exposed to lead resulting from the reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS, without the individual purchasers and users first having been provided with a "clear and reasonable warning" regarding such toxic exposures.

- 28. DEFENDANTS have engaged in the importation, manufacture, distribution, and/or offering of the PRODUCTS for sale or use in violation of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6, and DEFENDANTS' importation, manufacture, distribution, and/or offering of the PRODUCTS for sale or use in violation of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 has continued to occur beyond DEFENDANTS' receipt of plaintiff's sixty-day notices of violation. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that such violations will continue to occur into the future.
- 29. After receipt of the claims asserted in the sixty-day notice of violation, the appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against DEFENDANTS under Proposition 65.
- 30. The PRODUCTS imported, manufactured, distributed, and/or offered for sale or use in California by DEFENDANTS contained the LISTED CHEMICAL above the allowable State limits.
- 31. DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that the PRODUCTS imported, manufactured, distributed, and/or offered for sale or use by DEFENDANTS in California contained the LISTED CHEMICAL.
- 32. The LISTED CHEMICAL was present in or on the PRODUCTS in such a way as to expose individuals to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact and/or ingestion during the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS.
- 33. The normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS has caused and continues to cause consumer exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL, as such exposure is defined by 27 CCR Section 25602(b).
- 34. DEFENDANTS had knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS would expose individuals to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact and/or ingestion.

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- 35. DEFENDANTS intended that such exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL from the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS would occur by their deliberate, non-accidental participation in the importation, manufacture, distribution, and/or offer for sale or use of PRODUCTS to individuals in the State of California.
- 36. DEFENDANTS failed and continue to fail to provide a "clear and reasonable warning" to those consumers and/or other individuals in the State of California who were or who could become exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact and/or ingestion during the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS.
- 37. Contrary to the express policy and statutory prohibition of Proposition 65, enacted directly by California voters, individuals exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact and/or ingestion resulting from the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS, sold by DEFENDANTS without a "clear and reasonable warning", have suffered, and continue to suffer, irreparable harm, for which harm they have no plain, speedy or adequate remedy at law.
- 38. As a consequence of the above-described acts, DEFENDANTS are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day for each violation pursuant to California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 39. As a consequence of the above-described acts, California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.7(a) also specifically authorizes the Court to grant injunctive relief against DEFENDANTS.
- 40. Wherefore, plaintiff prays for judgment against DEFENDANTS, and each of them, as set forth hereinafter.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, plaintiff prays for judgment against DEFENDANTS as follows:

- 1. That the Court, pursuant to California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.7(b), assess civil penalties against DEFENDANTS in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation alleged herein;
- 2. That the Court, pursuant to California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.7(a), preliminarily and permanently enjoin DEFENDANTS from importing, manufacturing,

distributing, or offering the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California, without providing "clear and reasonable warnings" as defined by 27 CCR Section 25601, as to the harms associated with exposures the LISTED CHEMICAL;

- 3. That the Court grant plaintiff his reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and
- 4. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Dated: February 15, 2011

Respectfully submitted,

THE CHANLER GROUP

Attorneys for Plaintiff RUSSELL BRIMER