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|----|---|--|--|
| 1 | Morse Mehrban (State Bar No. 169082) | | |
| 2 | LAW OFFICES OF MORSE MEHRBAN, A.P.C. 15233 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 1000 Sherman Oaks, California 91403-2251 | CONFORMED COPY ORIGINAL FILED Superior Court of California | |
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| 5 | Julie Mehrban (State Bar No. 271290) | John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk | |
| 6 | MEHRBAN LAW CORPORATION, A.P.C. 15233 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 1000 Sherman Oaks, California 91403-2251 | By LA TRESE JOHNSON, Deputy | |
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| 8 | Attorneys for Plaintiff, | | |
| 9 | Mark Lewis | | |
| 10 | SUPERIOR COUR | T OF CALIFORNIA | |
| 11 | COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, S | TANLEY MOSK COURTHOUSE | |
| 11 | MARK LEWIS, Individually, In the Public Interest, and On Behalf of All Others Similarly | Case No. BC 526666 | |
| 12 | Situated, | [CLASS ACTION] | |
| 13 | Plaintiff, | COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES, | |
| 14 | v. | RESTITUTION, AND DAMAGES FOR VIOLATION OF THE CONSUMER LEGAL | |
| 15 | | REMEDIES ACT, THE UNFAIR | |
| 16 | AWESOME PRODUCTS, INC. AND DOES 1- 10, | COMPETITION LAW, AND THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC | |
| | Defendants. | ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986; DECLARATION OF MARK LEWIS | |
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| 18 | | lividually, in the public interest (first cause of | |
| 19 | action), and on behalf of all others similarly situated (second and third causes of action), makes the | | |
| 20 | following allegations and claims against AWESOME PRODUCTS, INC. and DOES 1-10 (hereinafter, "Defendants"), upon personal knowledge, investigation of counsel, and information and belief: | | |
| | "Detendants"), upon personal knowledge, investigation of counsel, and information and belief: <u>PARTIES</u> | | |
| 21 | 1. Plaintiff is a resident of the state of California and county of Los Angeles. | | |
| 22 | | nia corporation with its principal place of business | |
| 23 | and corporate headquarters in Buena Park, California. | | |
| 24 | 3. Does 1-10 are sued pursuant to Code of Civi | il Procedure section 474. | |
| 25 | Com | 1 iplaint | |
| | Con | | |
| | 1 | | |

| 1 FRIST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS FOR VIOLATION OF THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 2 4. Each of the foregoing paragraphs is incorporated herein by reference. 3 5. It is unlawful for Defendants to expose people to chemicals known to the state of Califor cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm without a "clear and reasonable unless they can prove that the exposure fits within a statutory exemption. (Health & Sa 25249.6.) 6 On June 22, 2012, the state of California officially listed coconut oil diethanolamine composed (cocamide diethanolamine) also known as Cocamide DEA (hereinafter, the "Chemical" chemical known to cause cancer. (Cal. Code Regs., title 27, § 27001, subd. (b).) 7 On June 22, 2013, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause cancer, the became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement. (Cal. Code Regs., title 27001, subd. (b); Health & Saf. Code, § 25249.10, subd. (b).) 8 Plaintiff has complied with provisions of Health and Safety Code section 25249.7, sub (d)(1); California Code of Regulations, title 27, section 25903; and California Code of Regulations, title 11, sections 3101-3102. 9 Neither the Attorney General, any district attorney, any city attorney, nor any prosecuting an action against the violation set forth in this action. 10 Since June 22, 2013, Defendants have been selling to consumers certain shampoos and the provision of the set in the violation set forth in this action. | ornia to warning," |
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| 16 containing Cocamide DEA, including but not limited to "Citrus Hand Soap" (hereinaft | |
| 17 "Products") without first warning those consumers that the Products contain a chemica | |
| to the state of California to cause cancer. The consumers have been exposed to the Che through the foreseeable and intended use of the Products, <i>i.e.</i>, their application to the sl | |
| and scalp. | .m, nan, |
| 11 The route of exposure to the Chemical in the Products is dermal contact | |
| 20 12. The exposures have been knowing and intentional because Defendants have known that | t the |
| 21 Products have contained the Chemical. | |
| 22 SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS FOR VIOLATION | OF |
| 23 THE UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW | 14. 14. |
| 13. Each of the foregoing paragraphs is incorporated herein by reference. | |
| 24 | |
| 252 Complaint | |
| Complaint | |

| 1 | 14. | As set forth hereinabove, since June 22, 2013, Defendants have been under an affirmative legal |
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| 2 | | duty to warn purchasers of the Products that they are being exposed to a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer. |
| 3 | 15. | Despite this affirmative duty, Defendants have failed to provide such a warning to the Products' |
| 4 | | purchasers. |
| 5 | 16. | In July, 2013, Plaintiff purchased for \$0.99 plus tax one "Citrus Hand Soap." Although the |
| 6 | | product contained the Chemical, Defendants failed to warn Plaintiff before he purchased said |
| | | product that its use would expose him to a chemical known to the state of California to cause |
| 7 | | cancer. |
| 8 | 17. | Had Plaintiff known that using said product would expose him to such a chemical, he would not |
| 9 | 10 | have purchased it. |
| 10 | 18. | Defendants' failure to warn was material because it implicated health and safety. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS FOR VIOLATION OF |
| 10 | | THE CONSUMER LEGAL REMEDIES ACT |
| 11 | 19. | Each of the foregoing paragraphs is incorporated herein by reference. |
| 12 | 20. | The above-referenced conduct violates Civil Code section 1770, subdivision (a)(5), (7), and (9). |
| 13 | 21. | Plaintiff has complied with Civil Code section 1782, subdivision (a). |
| 14 | 22. | No appropriate correction, repair, replacement, or other remedy has been given, or agreed to be |
| - | | given within a reasonable time, to the class of consumers on whose behalf this action is being |
| 15 | | brought within 30 days after Defendants' receipt of the notice required by Civil Code section |
| 16 | | 1782, subdivision (a). |
| 17 | | CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS |
| 18 | | (SECOND AND THIRD CAUSES OF ACTION) |
| | 23. | Each of the foregoing paragraphs is incorporated herein by reference. |
| 19 | 24. | Plaintiff brings the second and third causes of action in this class action against Defendants |
| 20 | | pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 382 on behalf of all similarly-situated individuals. |
| 21 | | The class is defined as all California residents who have purchased the Products since June 22, |
| 22 | | 2013 while they contained the Chemical without being warned that the Products contained a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer. |
| | | chemical known to the state of Camorina to cause cancer. |
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- 25. The members of the class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. While the exact number of class members is unknown, such information can be ascertained through discovery into Defendants' records. The number is estimated to exceed 500.
- A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because joinder of all members is impracticable, the likelihood of individual class members prosecuting separate claims is remote and individual class members do not have a significant interest in individually controlling the prosecution of separate actions. Relief
 concerning Plaintiff's rights and with respect to the class as a whole would be appropriate.
 Plaintiff knows of no difficulty to be encountered in the management of this action that would preclude its maintenance as a class action.
- 27. There is a well-defined community of interest among the members of the class because common 9 questions of law and fact predominate. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all 10 members of the class and predominate over any questions affecting solely individual members of the class. These common questions include, but are not limited to, whether Defendants have sold 11 the Products to California consumers since June 22, 2013 while they contained the Chemical 12 without warnings that the Products contained a chemical known to the state of California to 13 cause cancer; whether consumers who purchased the Products are entitled to restitution; whether consumers who purchased the Products are entitled to statutory minimum damages consisting of 14 \$1,000 for each of the Products they purchased; and whether Defendants' conduct constitutes 15 violation of the Unfair Competition Law and the Consumer Legal Remedies Act.
- Plaintiff's claims are typical of those of other class members because Plaintiff, like every other
 class member, was exposed to virtually identical conduct and is entitled to the same remedies
 pursuant to the same laws.
- Plaintiff can fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class. Plaintiff has no conflicts of interest with other class members. Plaintiff has retained competent counsel experienced in civil litigation and class actions.

PRAYER

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:
 On the First Cause of Action

For civil penalties against each Defendant in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each of the Products sold in California from June 22, 2013 until such time that Defendants gave purchasers thereof

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| 1 | warning that the Products' use would expose them to a chemical known to the state of California to |
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| , | cause cancer or until such time that the Products ceased to contain the Chemical. |

On the Second Cause of Action

For restitution consisting of all sums earned by Defendants from the Products' sales to California consumers from June 22, 2013 until such time that Defendants gave purchasers thereof warning that the Products' use would expose them to a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer or until such time that the Products ceased to contain the Chemical.

6 On the Third Cause of Action

- A. For restitution consisting of all sums earned by Defendants from the Products' sales to California
 consumers from June 22, 2013 until such time that Defendants gave purchasers thereof warning
 that the Products' use would expose them to a chemical known to the state of California to cause
 cancer or until such time that the Products ceased to contain the Chemical.
- B. Minimum statutory damages in the amount of \$1,000 for each of the Products sold in California from June 22, 2013 until such time that Defendants gave purchasers thereof warning that the Products' use would expose them to a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer or until such time that the Products ceased to contain the Chemical.

13 On All Causes of Action

For an order certifying this case as a class action, reasonable attorney's fees, costs, prejudgment interest, and such relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

15 Dated: 10/25/2013

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LAW OFFICES OF MORSE MEHRBAN, A.P.C.

By:

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| Morse Mehrban | |
| Attorney for Plaintiff, | |
| Mark Lewis | |

5 Complaint

| 1 | DECLARATION OF MARK LEWIS |
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| 2 | I, the undersigned, declare: |
| 3 | 1. I have personal knowledge of the following and could and would competently and accurately |
| | testify thereto, if so required. I am Plaintiff in the above-entitled action and submit this |
| 4 | declaration pursuant to Civil Code section 1780(d) in support of my complaint. This action has been commenced in Los Angeles county as a proper place for the trial of the |
| 5 | action because it is the county where the transaction that is the basis for my Consumer Legal |
| 6 | Remedies Act claim occurred. |
| 7 | 3. More specifically, I purchased one of Defendants' products that are the subject of this action in |
| 8 | the county of Los Angeles, California. |
| 9 | I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of California that the foregoing is true and correct. |
| 10 | Dated: 10/25/2013 |
| 11 | Mark Lewis |
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| 25 | 6 Complaint |
| | Complaint |