CIVIL BUSINESS OFFICE 9 1 Stephen Ure, Esq., (CSB# 188244) 2014 OCT 30 P 1: 10 LAW OFFICES OF STEPHEN URE, PC 2 11622 El Camino Real, Suite 100 CLERK-SUPERIOR COURT San Diego, CA 92130 3 SAN DIEGO COUNTY, C Telephone: 619-235-5400 4 Attorneys for Plaintiff, Evelyn Wimberley 5 6 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO 9 10 UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION 11 37-2014-00037270-CU-PO-CTL 12 EVELYN WIMBERLEY, **CASE NO.:** 13 Plaintiff, COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES 14 AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF and 15 (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seg.) 16 THE CHAMBERLAIN GROUP, INC THE HOME DEPOT, INC. 17 LLC 18 **DOES 1-25 INCLUSIVE** "IMAGED FILE" 19 Defendants. 20 21 NATURE OF THE ACTION 22 This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff Evelyn Wimberley, 23 24

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- In the public interest of the citizens of the State of California, to enforce the people's right to be informed of the presence of lead, a toxic chemical found in The Chamberlain Group's Power Station, (hereafter "Power Station"), sold in California.
- 2. By this Complaint, plaintiff seeks to remedy defendants' continuing failures to warn California citizens about their exposure to lead present in or on certain components of the

Power Stations that defendants manufacture, distribute and/or offer for sale to consumers throughout the State of California.

- 3. High levels of lead are commonly found in Power Stations that defendants manufacture, distribute and/or offer for sale to consumers throughout the State of California.
- 4. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq. (Proposition 65), "No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual..." (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.)
- 5. California identified and listed Lead as a chemical known to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm. Lead became subject to the warning requirements of Proposition 65 for developmental toxicity beginning on February 27, 1987 and for cancer toxicity on October 1, 1992. (27 CCR § 27002; Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.)
- 6. Lead and lead compounds shall hereinafter be referred to as the "LISTED CHEMICALS."
- 7. Defendants manufacture, distribute and/or sell Power Stations Model #A7008890-MC1 containing excessive levels of the LISTED CHEMICALS. All such Power Stations containing the LISTED CHEMICALS shall hereinafter be referred to as the "PRODUCTS."
- 8. Defendants' failures to warn consumers and/or other individuals in the State of California about their exposure to the LISTED CHEMICALS in conjunction with defendant's sale of the PRODUCTS is a violation of Proposition 65 and subjects defendants to enjoinment of such conduct as well as civil penalties for each such violation.
- 9. For defendants' violations of Proposition 65, plaintiff seeks preliminary injunctive and permanent injunctive relief to compel defendants to provide purchasers or users of the PRODUCTS with the required warning regarding the health hazards of the LISTED CHEMICAL. (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a).)
- 10. Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against defendants for their violations of Proposition 65, as provides for by California Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b).

PARTIES

- 11. Plaintiff Evelyn Wimberley is a citizen of the City of Redondo Beach, County of Los Angeles, in the State of California, who is dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination o reduction of toxic exposures from consumer products, and brings this action in the public interest pursuant to California Health & Safety Code § 25249.7.
- 12. Defendant The Chamberlain Group, Inc ("Chamberlain") is a person doing business within the meaning of California Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.
- 13. Defendant The Home Depot, Inc. ("Home Depot") is a person doing business within the meaning of California Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.
- 14. Defendant DOES 1-25 are persons doing business within the meaning of California Health & Safety Code § 25249.11
- 15. Defendant manufactures, distributes, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sales or use in the State of California or implies by its conduct that it manufactures, distributes and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California.

VENUE AND JURISDICTION

- 16. Venue is proper in the San Diego County Superior Court, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § § 394, 495, 395.5, because this Court is a court of competent jurisdiction, because one or more instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continues to occur, in the County of San Diego and/or because DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in this County with respect to the PRODUCTS.
- 17. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, § 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this action is brought does not specify any other basis of subject matter jurisdiction.
- 18. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANTS based on plaintiff's information and good faith belief that each defendant is a person, firm, corporation or association that either are citizens of the State of California, have sufficient minimum contacts in the State of California, or otherwise purposefully avail themselves of the California market.

DEFENDANTS' purposeful availment renders the exercise of personal jurisdiction by California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Proposition 65 - Against Defendant)

- 19. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference, as if full reference, as if full set forth herein, Paragraphs 1 through 18, inclusive.
- 20. The citizens of the State of California have expressly stated in the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq. (Proposition 65) that they must be informed "about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects and order reproductive harm." (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.)
- 21. Proposition 65 states, "No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or productive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual... (*Id.*)"
- 22. On December 27, 2013 a sixty-day notice violation, together with the requisite certificate of merit, was provided to DEFENDANTS, and various public enforcement agencies stating that as a result of the DEFENDANTS' sales of the PRODUCTS, purchasers and users in the State of California were being exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL resulting from the reasonably foreseeable users of the PRODUCTS, without the individual purchasers and users first having been provided with a "clear and reasonable warning" regarding such toxic exposures.
- 23. DEFENDANTS have engaged in the manufacture, distribution and/or offering of the PRODUCTS for sale or use in violation of California Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 and DEFENDANTS' manufacture, distribution and/or offering of the PRODUCTS for sale or use in violation of California Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 has continued to occur beyond DEFENDANTS' receipt of plaintiff's sixty-day notice of violation. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that such violations will continue to occur into the future.

- 24. After receipt of the claims asserted in the sixty-day notices of violation, the appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against DEFENDANTS under Proposition 65.
- 25. The PRODUCTS manufactured, distributed, and/or offered for sale or use in California by DEFENDANTS contained the LISTED CHEMICAL above the allowable state limits.
- 26. DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that the PRODUCTS manufactured, distributed, and/or for sale or use by DEFENDANTS in California contained the LISTED CHEMICAL.
- 27. The LISTED CHEMICAL was present in or on the PRODUCTS in such away as to expose individuals to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact, hand to mouth contact, and/or ingestion etc. during the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS.
- 28. The normal and reasonably foreseeable use of he PRODUCTS has caused and continues to cause consumer exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL, as such exposure is defined by 27 CCR§ 25602(b).
- 29. DEFENDANTS had knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS would expose individuals to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact, hand to mouth contact and/or ingestion.
- 30. DEFENDANTS intended that such exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL from the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS would occur by their deliberate, non-accidental participation in the manufacture, distribution and/or offer for sale or use of PRODUCTS to individuals in the State of California.
- 31. DEFENDANTS failed to provide a "clear and reasonable warning" to those consumers and/or other individuals in the State of California who were or who could become exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact and/or ingestion during the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS.
- 32. Contrary to the express policy and statutory prohibition of Proposition 65, enacted directly by California voters, individuals exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal

Respectfully Submitted, Law Offices of Stephen Ure, PC. Stephen Ure, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff Evelyn Wimberley COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF