1	Michael Freund SBN 99687	E N D O R S E D F I L E D ALAMEDA COUNTY
2	Ryan Hoffman SBN 283297 Michael Freund & Associates	
3	1919 Addison Street, Suite 105	AUG 26 2014
4	Berkeley, CA 94704 Telephone: (510) 540-1992	CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT By
5	Facsimile: (510) 540-5543	Copiny
6	Attorneys for Plaintiff Environmental Research Ce	nter
7		
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY OF A	ALAMEDA
10		
11	ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER, a California non-profit corporation	CASE NO. RG14738322
12	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE AND DECLARATORY RELIEF AND
13		CIVIL PENALTIES
14	VS.	
15	TRANSFORMATION ENZYME CORPORATION and DOES 1-100	[Miscellaneous Civil Complaint (42)] Proposition 65, Health & Safety Code
16	Defendants.	Section 25249.5 et seq.]
17		
18		
19	Plaintiff Environmental Research Center hereby al	neges:
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21	INTRODUC	TION
21	1. Plaintiff Environmental Research Center (hereinafter "Plaintiff" or "ERC") brings this	
	action as a private attorney general enforcer and in	
23	Code section 25249.7, subdivision (d). This compl	
24	civil penalties to remedy Defendant Transform	
25	(hereinafter "Transformation Enzyme")' failure to warn consumers that they have been exposed to	
26	lead from several of Transformation Enzyme's nutritional health products. Lead is a chemical	
27	known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm. Based	
28	on the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforceme	ent Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code section

25249.5 et seq.) also known as "Proposition 65," businesses with ten or more employees must provide a "clear and reasonable warning" prior to exposing people to this chemical.

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PARTIES

2. Plaintiff ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by reducing the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees and encouraging corporate responsibility.

3. Defendant Transformation Enzyme is a business that develops, manufactures, distributes and/or sells nutritional health products that have exposed users to lead in the State of California within the relevant statute of limitations period. These "Covered Products" are Transformation Enzyme Corp. ExcellZyme, Transformation Enzyme Corp. Gastro, Transformation Enzyme Corp. MasterZyme, Transformation Enzyme Corp. ReleaseZyme, Transformation Enzyme Corp. BalanceZyme Plus, Transformation Enzyme Corp. GastroZyme, and Transformation Enzyme Corp. 14 Super CellZyme. Transformation Enzyme is a company subject to Proposition 65 as it employs ten 15 or more persons, and has employed ten or more persons at all times relevant to this action. 16

4. Defendants Does 1-100, are named herein under fictitious names, as their true names and capacities are unknown to ERC. ERC is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each of said Does is responsible, in some actionable manner, for the events and happenings hereinafter referred to, either through said Defendant's conduct, or through the conduct of its agents, servants or employees, or in some other manner, causing the harms alleged by ERC in this complaint. When said true names and capacities of Does are ascertained, ERC will seek leave to amend this complaint to set forth the same.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

25 5. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10 26 because this case is a cause not given by statute to other trial courts.

6. The Complaint is based on allegations contained in a Notice of Violation dated April 4, 27 2014, served on the California Attorney General, other public enforcers and Transformation 28

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2	Enzyme. The Notice of Violation constitutes adequate notice to Transformation Enzyme because it provided adequate information to allow Transformation Enzyme to assess the nature of the		
3	it provided adequate information to allow Transformation Enzyme to assess the nature of the		
	alleged violation, consistent with Proposition 65 and its implementing regulations. Each copy of		
4	the Notice of Violation was accompanied by a certificate of merit and a certificate of service, both		
5	of which comply with Proposition 65 and its implementing regulations. The Notice of Violation		
6	served on Transformation Enzyme also included a copy of "The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic		
7	Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): A Summary". Service of the Notice of Violation and		
8	accompanying documents complied with Proposition 65 and its implementing regulations. A true		
9	and correct copy of this Notice of Violation and associated documents is attached hereto as		
10	Exhibit A. More than 60 days have passed since the Notice of Violation was mailed and no		
11	public enforcement entity has filed a complaint in this case.		
12	7. This Court is the proper venue for the action because the causes of action have arisen in		
13	the County of Alameda where some of the violations of law have occurred. Furthermore, this Court		
14	is the proper venue under Code of Civil Procedure section 395.5 and Health & Safety Code section		
	25249.7.		
15			
	IV		
16	IV <u>STATUTORY BACKGROUND</u>		
16 17			
16 17 18	STATUTORY BACKGROUND		
16 17 18 19	STATUTORY BACKGROUND 8. The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 is an initiative statute		
16 17 18	STATUTORY BACKGROUND 8. The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 is an initiative statute passed as "Proposition 65" by an overwhelming majority vote of the people in November of 1986.		
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16 17 18 19 20	 STATUTORY BACKGROUND 8. The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 is an initiative statute passed as "Proposition 65" by an overwhelming majority vote of the people in November of 1986. 9. The warning requirement of Proposition 65 is contained in Health & Safety Code section 25249.6, which provides: No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual, except 		
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 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	 STATUTORY BACKGROUND 8. The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 is an initiative statute passed as "Proposition 65" by an overwhelming majority vote of the people in November of 1986. 9. The warning requirement of Proposition 65 is contained in Health & Safety Code section 25249.6, which provides: No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual, except as provided in Section 25249.10. 10. Implementing regulations for Proposition 65 define expose as "to cause to ingest, inhale, 		
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 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 STATUTORY BACKGROUND 8. The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 is an initiative statute passed as "Proposition 65" by an overwhelming majority vote of the people in November of 1986. 9. The warning requirement of Proposition 65 is contained in Health & Safety Code section 25249.6, which provides: No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual, except as provided in Section 25249.10. 10. Implementing regulations for Proposition 65 define expose as "to cause to ingest, inhale, contact via body surfaces or otherwise come into contact with a listed chemical." An individual may come into contact with a listed chemical through water, air, food, consumer products and any other 		

11. In this case, the exposures at issue are caused by consumer products. Implementing regulations for Proposition 65 define a consumer product exposure as " an exposure which results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 25602, subd. (b).)

12. Whenever a clear and reasonable warning is required under Health & Safety Code section 25249.6, the "method employed to transmit the warning must be reasonably calculated considering the alternative methods available under the circumstances, to make the warning message available prior to exposure." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 25601.) The warning requirement may be 9 satisfied by a warning that appears on a product's label or other labeling, shelf labeling, signs, a system of signs, public advertising identifying the system and toll-free information services, or any other system, that provides clear and reasonable warnings. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 25603.1, subd. (a)-(d).) 13

13. Proposition 65 establishes a procedure by which the State is to develop a list of chemicals "known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity." (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.8.) There is no duty to provide a clear and reasonable warning until 12-months after the chemical was published on the State list. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.10, subd. (b).) Lead was listed as a chemical known to the State of California to cause developmental toxicity in the fetus and male and female reproductive toxicity on February 27, 1987. Lead was listed as a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer on October 1, 1992. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 27001.)

20 The Maximum Allowable Dose Level for lead as a chemical known to cause 14. 21 reproductive toxicity is 0.5 micrograms per day. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 25805.) The No 22 Significant Risk Level for lead as a carcinogen is 15 micrograms per day. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 23 27, § 25705.)

15. Proposition 65 may be enforced by any person in the public interest who provides notice 24 sixty days before filing suit to both the violator and designated law enforcement officials. The 25 failure of law enforcement officials to file a timely complaint enables a citizen suit to be filed 26 pursuant to Health & Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivisions (c) and (d). 27

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16. Proposition 65 provides that any person "violating or threatening to violate" Proposition 65 may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7, subd. (a).) To "threaten to violate" means "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur." (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.11, subd. (e).) Furthermore, violators are subject to a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7, subd. (b)(1).)

STATEMENT OF FACTS

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9 17. Transformation Enzyme has developed, manufactured, distributed and/or sold the
10 Covered Products containing lead into the State of California. Consumers have been ingesting
11 these products for many years, without any knowledge of their exposure to lead, a very dangerous
12 chemical.

13 18. For many years, Transformation Enzyme has knowingly and intentionally exposed 14 numerous persons to lead, without providing a Proposition 65 warning. Prior to ERC's Notice of 15 Violation, Transformation Enzyme failed to provide a warning on the label of the Covered Products. 16 Transformation Enzyme has at all times relevant hereto been aware that the Covered Products 17 contained lead and that persons using these products have been exposed to the chemical. Through its 18 website, Transformation Enzyme has made various representations regarding the quality, purity, and 19 puelities:

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- "Transformation Enzyme uses every available resource to stay on the leading edge of clinical nutritional science. As a nutritional supplement company, we specialize in the development of high quality digestive enzyme and probiotic products."
- "From the very beginning of its history, Transformation Enzyme Corporation (TEC) has been dedicated to the idea that everyone is entitled to the most healthy and vital lifestyle that they are capable of obtaining."
- "Supported by an Advisory Board that is the envy of the industry, our nutritional research and development team continues to develop and test new product concepts to further meet the needs of health professionals."

- "Founder and principal formulator Dr. Die Qie Fuller-Looney has over thirty years of clinical enzyme therapy experience and continues her research developing the very best possible product.... She also maintains her role as an educator, giving lectures at numerous universities and conducting seminars across the country."
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• "Transformation's commitment to nutrition, health education and the miracle of enzymes remains as strong as ever."

7 Given the company's attention to product formulation, the team of nutritional experts employed during the manufacturing process, and the testing purportedly conducted on the ingredients used in 8 the company's products, Transformation Enzyme has undoubtedly been aware of the presence of 9 lead in the Covered Products. Nevertheless, the company's website touts Transformation Enzyme's 10 commitment to consumers, and conveys the impression to the public that's its products are of the 11 highest quality and completely pure and safe. Transformation Enzyme has been aware of the lead in 12 the Covered Products and has failed to disclose the presence of this chemical to the public, who 13 undoubtedly believe they have been ingesting totally healthy and pure products pursuant to the 14 company's statements.

19. Both prior and subsequent to ERC's Notice of Violation, Transformation Enzyme failed to provide consumers of the Covered Products with a clear and reasonable warning that they have been exposed to a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Section 25249.6 of the Health and Safety Code, Failure to Provide Clear and Reasonable Warning under Proposition 65)

20. ERC refers to paragraphs 1-19, inclusive, and incorporates them herein by this reference. 21. By committing the acts alleged above, Transformation Enzyme has, in the course of doing business, knowingly and intentionally exposed users of the Covered Products to lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individuals, within the meaning of Health & Safety Code section 25249.6.

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1 22. Said violations render Transformation Enzyme liable for civil penalties up to \$2,500 2 per day, for each violation. 3 SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION 4 (Declaratory Relief) 5 23. ERC refers to paragraphs 1-22, inclusive, and incorporates them herein by this reference. 6 24. There exists an actual controversy relating to the legal rights and duties of the parties. 7 within the meaning of Code of Civil Procedure section 1060, between ERC and Transformation 8 Enzyme concerning whether Transformation Enzyme has exposed individuals to a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm without 9 providing clear and reasonable warning. 10 VI 11 PRAYER 12 WHEREFORE ERC prays for relief as follows: 13 1. On the First Cause of Action, for civil penalties for each and every violation according to 14 proof; 15 2. On the First Cause of Action, and pursuant to Health & Safety Code section 25249.7, 16 subdivision (a), for such temporary restraining orders, preliminary and permanent injunctive orders, 17 or other orders as are necessary to prohibit Transformation Enzyme from exposing persons to lead 18 without providing clear and reasonable warning; 19 3. On the Second Cause of Action, for a declaratory judgment pursuant to Code of Civil 20 Procedure section 1060 declaring that Transformation Enzyme has exposed individuals to a chemical 21 known to the State of California to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm without 22 providing clear and reasonable warning; and 23 4. On all Causes of Action, for reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to section 1021.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure or the substantial benefit theory; 24 5. For costs of suit herein; and 25 26 27 28

6. For such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

By

Dated: August 25, 2014

Michael Freund Ryan Hoffman Attorneys for Environmental Research Center Michael Freund, Esq. Ryan Hoffman, Esq. OF COUNSEL: Denise Ferkich Hoffman, Esq.

April 4, 2014

NOTICE OF VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE SECTION 25249.5 *ET SEQ.* (PROPOSITION 65)

Dear Alleged Violator and the Appropriate Public Enforcement Agencies:

I represent Environmental Research Center ("ERC"), 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108; Tel. (619) 500-3090. ERC's Executive Director is Chris Heptinstall. ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

ERC has identified violations of California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 ("Proposition 65"), which is codified at California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*, with respect to the products identified below. These violations have occurred and continue to occur because the alleged Violator identified below failed to provide required clear and reasonable warnings with these products. This letter serves as a notice of these violations to the alleged Violator and the appropriate public enforcement agencies. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(d), ERC intends to file a private enforcement action in the public interest 60 days after effective service of this notice unless the public enforcement agencies have commenced and are diligently prosecuting an action to rectify these violations.

<u>General Information about Proposition 65</u>. A copy of a summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is enclosed with this letter served to the alleged Violator identified below.

<u>Alleged Violator</u>. The name of the company covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the "Violator") is:

Transformation Enzyme Corporation

<u>Consumer Products and Listed Chemicals</u>. The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemical in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- Transformation Enzyme Corp. ExcellZyme Lead
- Transformation Enzyme Corp. Gastro Lead
- Transformation Enzyme Corp. MasterZyme Lead
- Transformation Enzyme Corp. ReleaseZyme Lead
- Transformation Enzyme Corp. BalanceZyme Plus Lead
- Transformation Enzyme Corp. GastroZyme Lead
- Transformation Enzyme Corp. Super CellZyme Lead

On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity, and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer.

Notice of Violation of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.* April 4, 2014 Page 2

It should be noted that ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations and result in subsequent notices of violations.

Route of Exposure. The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the purchase, acquisition, handling and recommended use of these products. Consequently, the primary route of exposure to these chemicals has been and continues to be through ingestion, but may have also occurred and may continue to occur through inhalation and/or dermal contact.

Approximate Time Period of Violations. Ongoing violations have occurred every day since at least April 4, 2011, as well as every day since the products were introduced into the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users or until these known toxic chemicals are either removed from or reduced to allowable levels in the products. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to the identified chemicals. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product label. The Violator violated Proposition 65 because it failed to provide persons handling and/or using these products with appropriate warnings that they are being exposed to these chemicals.

Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and a desire to have these ongoing violations of California law quickly rectified, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution of this matter that includes an enforceable written agreement by the Violator to: (1) reformulate the identified products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemicals, or provide appropriate warnings on the labels of these products; and (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty. Such a resolution will prevent further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemicals, as well as an expensive and time consuming litigation.

ERC has retained me as legal counsel in connection with this matter. Please direct all communications regarding this Notice of Violation to my attention at the law office address and telephone number indicated on the letterhead.

Sincerely,

Miles Frend

Michael Freund

Attachments

Certificate of Merit

Certificate of Service OEHHA Summary (to Transformation Enzyme Corporation and its Registered Agent for Service of Process only)

Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

Notice of Violation of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq. April 4, 2014 Page 3

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

Re: Environmental Research Center's Notice of Proposition 65 Violations by Transformation Enzyme Corporation

I, Michael Freund, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached 60-day notice in which it is alleged that the party identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.

2. I am an attorney for the noticing party.

3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemicals that are the subject of the notice.

4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff's case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.

5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code 25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.

Dated: April 4, 2014

Michel Freund

Michael Freund

Notice of Violation of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.* April 4, 2014 Page 4

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States, over the age of 18 years of age, and am not a party to the within entitled action. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On April 4, 2014, I served the following documents: NOTICE OF VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; "THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY" on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to the party listed below and depositing it at a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current President or CEO Transformation Enzyme Corporation 2900 Wilcrest Drive, Suite 220 Houston, TX 77042 James Stephenson Jr. (Transformation Enzyme Corporation's Registered Agent for Service of Process) 4544 Post Oak Place Drive, Suite 378 Houston, TX 77027

On April 4, 2014, I electronically served the following documents: NOTICE OF VIOLATION, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 *ET SEQ.*; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1) on the following party by uploading a true and correct copy thereof on the California Attorney General's website, which can be accessed at https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice:

Office of the California Attorney General Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting 1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000 Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On April 4, 2014, I served the following documents: NOTICE OF VIOLATION, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 *ET SEQ*.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto, and depositing it at a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Priority Mail.

Executed on April 4, 2014, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

Albery (Goetrad

Tiffany Capehart

Notice of Violation of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.* April 4, 2014 Page 5 <u>Service List</u>

District Attorney, Alameda County 1225 Fallon Street, Suite 900 Oakland, CA 94612

District Attorney, Alpine County P.O. Box 248 Markleeville, CA 96120

District Attorney, Amador County 708 Court Street Jackson, CA 95642

District Attorney, Butte County 25 County Center Drive, Suite 245 Oroville, CA 95965

District Attorney, Calaveras County 891 Mountain Ranch Road San Andreas, CA 95249

District Attorney, Colusa County 346 Fifth Street Suite 101 Colusa, CA 95932

District Attorney, Contra Costa County 900 Ward Street Martinez, CA 94553

District Attorney, Del Norte County 450 H Street, Room 171 Crescent City, CA 95531

District Attorney, El Dorado County 515 Main Street Placerville, CA 95667

District Attorney, Fresno County 2220 Tulare Street, Suite 1000 Fresno, CA 93721

District Attorney, Glenn County Post Office Box 430 Willows, CA 95988

District Attorney, Humboldt County 825 5th Street 4th Floor Eureka, CA 95501

District Attorney, Imperial County 940 West Main Street, Ste 102 El Centro, CA 92243

District Attorney, Inyo County 230 W. Line Street Bishop, CA 93514

District Attorney, Kern County 1215 Truxtun Avenue Bakersfield, CA 93301

District Attorney, Kings County 1400 West Lacey Boulevard Hanford, CA 93230

District Attorney, Lake County 255 N. Forbes Street Lakeport, CA 95453

District Attorney, Lassen County 220 South Lassen Street, Ste. 8 Susanville, CA 96130 District Attorney, Los Angeles County 210 West Temple Street, Suite 18000 Los Angeles, CA 90012

District Attorney, Madera County 209 West Yosemite Avenue Madera, CA 93637

District Attorney, Marin County 3501 Civic Center Drive, Room 130 San Rafael, CA 94903

District Attorney, Mariposa County Post Office Box 730 Mariposa, CA 95338

District Attorney, Mendocino County Post Office Box 1000 Ukiah, CA 95482

District Attorney, Merced County 550 W. Main Street Merced, CA 95340

District Attorney, Modoc County 204 S Court Street, Room 202 Alturas, CA 96101-4020

District Attorney, Mono County Post Office Box 617 Bridgeport, CA 93517

District Attorney, Monterey County Post Office Box 1131 Salinas, CA 93902

District Attorney, Napa County 931 Parkway Mall Napa, CA 94559

District Attorney, Nevada County 201 Commercial Street Nevada City, CA 95959

District Attorney, Orange County 401 West Civic Center Drive Santa Ana, CA 92701

District Attorney, Placer County 10810 Justice Center Drive, Ste 240 Roseville, CA 95678

District Attorney, Plumas County 520 Main Street, Room 404 Quincy, CA 95971

District Attorney, Riverside County 3960 Orange Street Riverside, CA 92501

District Attorney, Sacramento County 901 "G" Street Sacramento, CA 95814

District Attorney, San Benito County 419 Fourth Street, 2nd Floor Hollister, CA 95023

District Attorney, San Bernardino County 316 N. Mountain View Avenue San Bernardino, CA 92415-0004 District Attorney, San Diego County 330 West Broadway, Suite 1300 San Diego, CA 92101

District Attorney, San Francisco County 850 Bryant Street, Suite 322 San Francsico, CA 94103

District Attorney, San Joaquin County 222 E. Weber Ave. Rm. 202 Stockton, CA 95202

District Attorney, San Luis Obispo County 1035 Palm St, Room 450 San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

District Attorney, San Mateo County 400 County Ctr., 3rd Floor Redwood City, CA 94063

District Attorney, Santa Barbara County 1112 Santa Barbara Street Santa Barbara, CA 93101

District Attorney, Santa Clara County 70 West Hedding Street San Jose, CA 95110

District Attorney, Santa Cruz County 701 Ocean Street, Room 200 Santa Cruz, CA 95060

District Attorney, Shasta County 1355 West Street Redding, CA 96001

District Attorney, Sierra County PO Box 457 Downieville, CA 95936

District Attorney, Siskiyou County Post Office Box 986 Yreka, CA 96097

District Attorney, Solano County 675 Texas Street, Ste 4500 Fairfield, CA 94533

District Attorney, Sonoma County 600 Administration Drive, Room 212J Santa Rosa, CA 95403

District Attorney, Stanislaus County 832 12th Street, Ste 300 Modesto, CA 95354

District Attorney, Sutter County 446 Second Street Yuba City, CA 95991

District Attorney, Tehama County Post Office Box 519 Red Bluff, CA 96080

District Attorney, Trinity County Post Office Box 310 Weaverville, CA 96093

District Attorney, Tulare County 221 S. Mooney Blvd., Room 224 Visalia, CA 93291 District Attorney, Tuolumne County 423 N. Washington Street Sonora, CA 95370

District Attorney, Ventura County 800 South Victoria Ave, Suite 314 Ventura, CA 93009

District Attorney, Yolo County 301 2nd Street Woodland, CA 95695

District Attorney, Yuba County 215 Fifth Street, Suite 152 Marysville, CA 95901

Los Angeles City Attorney's Office City Hall East 200 N. Main Street, Suite 800 Los Angeles, CA 90012

San Diego City Attorney's Office 1200 3rd Avenue, Ste 1620 San Diego, CA 92101

San Francisco, City Attorney City Hall, Room 234 1 Dr Carlton B Goodlett PL San Francisco, CA 94102

San José City Attorney's Office 200 East Santa Clara Street, 16th Floor San Jose, CA 95113

APPENDIX A

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as "Proposition 65"). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA's implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

Proposition 65 appears in California law as Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13. The statute is available online at:

http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.¹ These implementing regulations are available online at: http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html.

WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?

The "Governor's List." Proposition 65 requires the Governor to publish a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. This means that chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as

¹ All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html.

damage to female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at:

http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html.

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under this law. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

Clear and reasonable warnings. A business is required to warn a person before "knowingly and intentionally" exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies; for example, when exposures are sufficiently low (see below). The warning given must be "clear and reasonable." This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

Prohibition from discharges into drinking water. A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

Grace Period. Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

Governmental agencies and public water utilities. All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

Businesses with nine or fewer employees. Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer. For chemicals that are listed as known to the State to cause cancer ("carcinogens"), a warning is not required if the business can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses "no significant risk." This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific "No Significant Risk Levels" (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the *level in question.* For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the "no observable effect level" divided by a 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in a Food. Certain exposures to chemicals that occur in foods naturally (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant² it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

Discharges that do not result in a "significant amount" of the listed chemical entering into any source of drinking water. The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a "significant amount" of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A "significant amount" means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the "no significant risk" level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the "no observable effect" level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

² See Section 25501(a)(4)

HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of the regulations and in Title 11, sections 3100-3103. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov.

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NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.