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ENDORSED  
FILED  
ALAMEDA COUNTY

OCT 10 2014

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT  
By \_\_\_\_\_

S. IYAMU Deputy

8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

9 COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

10 UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION

11  
12 PAUL WOZNIAK

13 Plaintiff,

14 v.

15 99 CENTS ONLY STORES LLC; and DOES  
16 1-150, inclusive,

17 Defendants.

Case No. \_\_\_\_\_

~~RS~~ 14744064

COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES  
AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

(Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 *et seq.*)

1 NATURE OF THE ACTION

2 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff PAUL WOZNIAK  
3 in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the People’s right to be  
4 informed about exposures 4,4’-Methylenedianiline (“4,4’-MDA”), a toxic chemical that is  
5 found in nylon cooking utensils that are sold in California.

6 2. By this Complaint, plaintiff seeks to remedy defendants’ continuing failure to  
7 warn California citizens about the risks of exposures to 4,4’-MDA present in and on the nylon  
8 cooking utensils manufactured, distributed, and offered for sale or use to consumers throughout  
9 the State of California.

10 3. Detectable levels of 4,4’-MDA are commonly found in and on the nylon cooking  
11 utensils that defendants import, manufacture, distribute, ship, sell and/or offer for sale to  
12 consumers throughout the State of California.

13 4. Under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at  
14 Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 *et seq.* (“Proposition 65”), “[n]o person in the course of  
15 doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to  
16 the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable  
17 warning to such individual . . . .” Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

18 5. On January 1, 1998, California listed 4,4’-MDA pursuant to Proposition 65 as a  
19 chemical that is known to cause cancer. 4,4’-MDA became subject to the “clear and reasonable  
20 warning” requirements of the act one year later on January 1, 1999. Cal. Code Regs. tit. 27, §  
21 27001(b); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b). 4,4’-MDA is referred to  
22 hereinafter as the “LISTED CHEMICAL.”

23 6. Defendants manufacture, distribute, import, sell, and offer for sale without a  
24 warning in California, nylon cooking utensils containing the LISTED CHEMICAL, including,  
25 but not limited to, the *Ladle, #188845 1104, UPC #8 76416 08657 6*. All such nylon cooking  
26 utensils containing the LISTED CHEMICAL are referred to collectively hereinafter as the  
27 “PRODUCTS.”  
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1 and manufacture one or more of the PRODUCTS offered for sale or use in the State of  
2 California.

3 15. Defendants DOES 51-100 (“DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS”) are each a person  
4 in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6  
5 and 25249.11.

6 16. DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS distribute, exchange, transfer, process, and  
7 transport one or more of the PRODUCTS to individuals, businesses, or retailers for sale or use  
8 in the State of California.

9 17. Defendants DOES 101-150 (“RETAILER DEFENDANTS”) are each a person in  
10 the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6  
11 and 25249.11.

12 18. RETAILER DEFENDANTS offer the PRODUCTS for sale to individuals in the  
13 State of California.

14 19. At this time, the true names of defendants DOES 1 through 150, inclusive, are  
15 unknown to plaintiff, who, therefore, sues said defendants by their fictitious names pursuant to  
16 Code of Civil Procedure section 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis  
17 alleges, that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible for the acts and occurrences  
18 alleged herein. When ascertained, their true names shall be reflected in an amended complaint.

19 20. 99 CENTS, MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS, DISTRIBUTOR  
20 DEFENDANTS, and RETAILER DEFENDANTS are hereinafter collectively referred to as  
21 “DEFENDANTS.”

22 **VENUE AND JURISDICTION**

23 21. Venue is proper in the County of Alameda, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure  
24 sections 393, 395, and 395.5, because this Court is a court of competent jurisdiction, because  
25 plaintiff seeks civil penalties against DEFENDANTS, because one or more instances of  
26 wrongful conduct occurred, and continue to occur, in this county, and/or because  
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1 DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in Alameda County with respect  
2 to the PRODUCTS.

3 22. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to  
4 California Constitution Article VI, section 10, which grants the Superior Court “original  
5 jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts.” The statute under  
6 which this action is brought does not specify any other basis of subject matter jurisdiction.

7 23. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANTS based on  
8 plaintiff’s information and good faith belief that each defendant is a person, firm, corporation or  
9 association that is a citizen of the State of California, has sufficient minimum contacts in the  
10 State of California, and/or otherwise purposefully avails itself of the California market.  
11 DEFENDANTS’ purposeful availment renders the exercise of personal jurisdiction by  
12 California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

13 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

14 **(Violation of Proposition 65 - Against All Defendants)**

15 24. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein,  
16 Paragraphs 1 through 23, inclusive.

17 25. In enacting Proposition 65, in the preamble to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic  
18 Enforcement Act of 1986, the People of California expressly declared their right “[t]o be  
19 informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive  
20 harm.”

21 26. Proposition 65 states, “[n]o person in the course of doing business shall  
22 knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause  
23 cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such  
24 individual . . . .” Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

25 27. On July 30, 2014, plaintiff’s sixty-day notice of violation, together with the  
26 requisite certificate of merit, was provided to 99 CENTS and the requisite public enforcement  
27 agencies stating that, as a result of DEFENDANTS’ sales of the PRODUCTS containing the  
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1 LISTED CHEMICAL, consumers, and other individuals in the State of California are being  
2 exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL resulting from their reasonably foreseeable use of the  
3 PRODUCTS, without the individual purchasers and users first receiving a “clear and reasonable  
4 warning” regarding the health hazards associated with such toxic exposures, as required by  
5 Proposition 65.

6 28. DEFENDANTS have engaged in the manufacture, importation, distribution, sale,  
7 and offering of the PRODUCTS for sale or use in violation of Health and Safety Code section  
8 25249.6, and DEFENDANTS’ violations have continued to occur beyond their receipt of  
9 plaintiff’s sixty-day notice of violation. As such, DEFENDANTS’ violations are ongoing and  
10 continuous in nature, and, unless enjoined, will continue to occur in the future.

11 29. After receiving plaintiff’s sixty-day notice of violation, the appropriate public  
12 enforcement agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action  
13 against DEFENDANTS under Proposition 65.

14 30. The PRODUCTS manufactured, imported, distributed, sold, and offered for sale  
15 or use in California by DEFENDANTS contain the LISTED CHEMICAL in such a way that the  
16 reasonably foreseeable use of these products result in exposures that require a “clear and  
17 reasonable” warning under Proposition 65.

18 31. DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that the PRODUCTS they  
19 manufacture, import, distribute, sell, and offer for sale or use in California contain the LISTED  
20 CHEMICAL.

21 32. The LISTED CHEMICAL is present in or on the PRODUCTS in such a way as to  
22 expose individuals through dermal contact and/or ingestion during reasonably foreseeable use.

23 33. The normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS has caused, and  
24 continues to cause, consumer exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL, as such exposures are  
25 defined by title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, section 25602(b).

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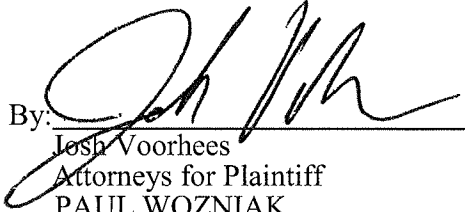
2. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(a), preliminarily and permanently enjoin DEFENDANTS from manufacturing, distributing, or offering the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California without first providing a “clear and reasonable warning” as defined by title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, section 25601 *et seq.*, as to the harms associated with exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL;

3. That the Court grant plaintiff his reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs of suit; and

4. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Dated: October 10, 2014

Respectfully Submitted,  
THE CHANLER GROUP

By:   
Josh Voorhees  
Attorneys for Plaintiff  
PAUL WOZNIAK