

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

David R. Bush, State Bar No. 154511
Jennifer Henry, State Bar No. 208221
Bush & Henry
3270 Mendocino Ave. #2E
Santa Rosa, CA 95403
Telephone: (707) 541-6255
Facsimile: (707) 676-4301

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Michael DiPirro

ENDORSED
FILED
ALAMEDA COUNTY

DEC 24 2015

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
By K. Ghee Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION

MICHAEL DIPIRRO,
Plaintiff,

v.

GO GREEN BEAR, dba 420 KUSH N WAX
CONNECTION; and DOES 1-150,
Defendants.

Case No. RG 15797857

**COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES
AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

(Health & Safety Code. § 25249.6 *et seq.*)

BY FAX

1 NATURE OF THE ACTION

2 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff MICHAEL
3 DIPIRRO in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the People’s
4 right to be informed of the presence of marijuana smoke, a toxic chemical created by the use of
5 marijuana intended for smoking and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana sold in California.

6 2. By this Complaint, plaintiff seeks to remedy defendants’ continuing failure to
7 warn California citizens about the risk of exposure to marijuana smoke from the use of
8 marijuana intended for smoking, and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, manufactured,
9 distributed, and offered for sale or use to consumers throughout the state of California.

10 3. High levels of marijuana smoke are commonly produced and consumed through
11 the use of marijuana intended for smoking, and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, that
12 defendants manufacture, distribute, and offer for sale to consumers throughout the state of
13 California.

14 4. Under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at
15 Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 *et seq.* (“Proposition 65”), “[n]o person in the course of
16 doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to
17 the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable
18 warning to such individual” Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

19 5. Pursuant to Proposition 65, on June 19, 2009, California identified and listed
20 marijuana smoke as a chemical known to cause cancer. Marijuana smoke became subject to the
21 “clear and reasonable warning” requirements of the act one year later on June 19, 2010. Cal.
22 Code Regs. tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b). Marijuana
23 smoke is referred to hereinafter as the “LISTED CHEMICAL.”

24 6. Defendants manufacture or otherwise process for sale, distribute, and sell
25 marijuana intended for smoking, and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, including, but not
26 limited to, unprocessed marijuana intended to be heated until combustion, then inhaled
27 (specifically, flowers, leaves, and other organic parts of marijuana plants such as kief), and
28

1 paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, including, but not limited to, water bongs, smoking pipes,
2 rolling papers, and blunts, the consumption and use of which result in marijuana smoke in levels
3 that require a warning under Proposition 65. All such marijuana intended for smoking and
4 paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, the consumption and use of which results in marijuana
5 smoke, are referred to collectively hereinafter as “PRODUCTS.”

6 7. Defendants’ failure to warn consumers and other individuals in the state of
7 California about their exposure to the LISTED CHEMICAL in conjunction with defendants’
8 sales of the PRODUCTS is a violation of Proposition 65, and subjects defendants to enjoinder
9 of such conduct as well as civil penalties for each violation. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a)
10 & (b)(1).

11 8. For defendants’ violations of Proposition 65, plaintiff seeks preliminary and
12 permanent injunctive relief to compel defendants to provide purchasers or users of the
13 PRODUCTS with the required warning regarding the health hazards of the LISTED
14 CHEMICAL. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a).

15 9. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), plaintiff also seeks civil
16 penalties against defendants for their violations of Proposition 65.

17 **PARTIES**

18 10. Plaintiff MICHAEL DIPIRRO is a citizen of the state of California who is
19 dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of
20 toxic exposures from consumer products; and he brings this action in the public interest
21 pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(d).

22 11. Defendant GO GREEN BEAR, dba 420 KUSH N WAX CONNECTION
23 (“KUSH”) is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety
24 Code section 25249.11.

25 12. KUSH manufactures (or otherwise processes for sale), distributes, and/or offers the
26 PRODUCTS for sale or use in the state of California, or implies by its conduct that it
27 manufactures, distributes, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the state of California.
28

1 because one or more instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continue to occur, in Alameda
2 County, and/or because DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in this
3 county with respect to the PRODUCTS.

4 22. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to
5 California Constitution Article VI, section 10, which grants the Superior Court “original
6 jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts.” The statute under
7 which this action is brought does not specify any other basis of subject matter jurisdiction.

8 23. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANTS based on
9 plaintiff’s information and good faith belief that each defendant is a person, firm, corporation or
10 association that is a citizen of the state of California, has sufficient minimum contacts in the
11 state of California, and/or otherwise purposefully avails itself of the California market.
12 DEFENDANTS’ purposeful availment renders the exercise of personal jurisdiction by
13 California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

14 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

15 **(Violation of Proposition 65 - Against All Defendants)**

16 24. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein,
17 Paragraphs 1 through 23, inclusive.

18 25. In enacting Proposition 65, in the preamble to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic
19 Enforcement Act of 1986, the People of California expressly declare their right “[t]o be
20 informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive
21 harm.”

22 26. Proposition 65 states, “[n]o person in the course of doing business shall
23 knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause
24 cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such
25 individual” Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

26 27. On December 26, 2014 plaintiff’s sixty-day notice of violation, together with the
27 requisite certificate of merit, was provided to KUSH and certain public enforcement agencies
28

1 stating that, as a result of DEFENDANTS' sales of the PRODUCTS containing the LISTED
2 CHEMICAL, purchasers and users in the state of California were being exposed to the LISTED
3 CHEMICAL resulting from the reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS, without the
4 individual purchasers and users first having been provided with a "clear and reasonable
5 warning" regarding such toxic exposures, as required by Proposition 65.

6 28. DEFENDANTS have engaged in the manufacture, distribution, and/or offering of
7 the PRODUCTS for sale or use in violation of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, and
8 such violations have continued to occur beyond DEFENDANTS' receipt of plaintiff's sixty-day
9 notice of violation. As such, DEFENDANTS' violations are ongoing and continuous in nature,
10 and will continue to occur in the future.

11 29. After receiving the claims asserted in the sixty-day notice of violation, the
12 appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a
13 cause of action against DEFENDANTS under Proposition 65.

14 30. The PRODUCTS manufactured, distributed, and offered for sale or use in
15 California by DEFENDANTS contain the LISTED CHEMICAL in amounts above the
16 allowable state limits, such that they require a "clear and reasonable" warning under Proposition
17 65.

18 31. DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that the PRODUCTS they
19 manufacture, distribute, and offer for sale or use in California contain the LISTED
20 CHEMICAL.

21 32. The LISTED CHEMICAL results from the use and consumption of the
22 PRODUCTS in such a way as to expose individuals through dermal contact and/or ingestion
23 during reasonably foreseeable use.

24 33. The normal and reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS have caused, and
25 continue to cause, consumer exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL, as such exposures are
26 defined by California Code of Regulations title 27, section 25602(b).

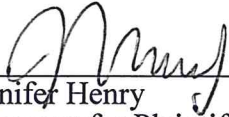
1 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(a),
2 preliminarily and permanently enjoin DEFENDANTS from manufacturing, distributing, or
3 offering the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California without first providing a “clear and
4 reasonable warning” as defined by California Code of Regulations title 27, section 25601 *et*
5 *seq.*, as to the harms associated with exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL;

6 3. That the Court grant plaintiff his reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs of suit; and

7 4. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

8
9 Dated: December 21, 2015

Respectfully Submitted,
BUSH & HENRY

10
11 By:  _____
12 Jennifer Henry
13 Attorneys for Plaintiff
14 MICHAEL DIPIRRO
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28