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**ENDORSED
FILED
ALAMEDA COUNTY**
JUN 14 2016
CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
By Janette Thomas Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION

WHITNEY R. LEEMAN, Ph.D.,

Plaintiff,

v.

BRIGGS MEDICAL SERVICE COMPANY;
and DOES 1-150, inclusive,

Defendants.

) Case No. RG 16819463
) **COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES
AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**
) (Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 *et seq.*)

BY FAX

1 NATURE OF THE ACTION

2 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff WHITNEY R.
3 LEEMAN, Ph.D., in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the
4 People’s right to be informed of the health hazards caused by exposures to Diisononyl phthalate
5 (“DINP”), a toxic chemical found in vinyl/PVC gloves sold by defendants in California.

6 2. By this Complaint, plaintiff seeks to remedy defendants’ continuing failure to
7 warn California citizens and other individuals about the risks of exposure to DINP present in
8 and on vinyl/PVC gloves manufactured, distributed, and offered for sale or use to consumers
9 and other individuals throughout the State of California.

10 3. Detectable levels of DINP are found in and on the vinyl/PVC gloves that
11 defendants manufacture, distribute, and offer for sale to consumers and other individuals
12 throughout the State of California.

13 4. Under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at
14 Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 *et seq.* (“Proposition 65”), “[n]o person in the course of
15 doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to
16 the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable
17 warning to such individual . . .” Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

18 5. Pursuant to Proposition 65, on December 20, 2013, California identified and listed
19 DINP as a chemical known to cause cancer. DINP became subject to the “clear and reasonable
20 warning” requirements of the act one year later on December 20, 2014. Cal. Code Regs. tit. 27,
21 § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b).

22 6. Defendants manufacture, distribute, import, sell, and offer for sale without health
23 hazard warnings in California, vinyl/PVC gloves containing DINP.

24 7. Defendants also manufacture, distribute, import, sell and/or offer for sale without
25 health hazard warnings in California, the *Briggs Synthetic Powder Free Exam Gloves, BRG-*
26 *001, Lot No. 1403-311190*. All vinyl/PVC gloves containing DINP are referred to collectively
27 hereinafter as “PRODUCTS.”
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1 8. Defendants' failure to warn consumers and other individuals in the State of
2 California of the health hazards associated with exposures to DINP in conjunction with
3 defendants' sales of the PRODUCTS are violations of Proposition 65, and subject defendants,
4 and each of them, to enjoinder of such conduct as well as civil penalties for each violation,
5 Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a) & (b)(1).

6 9. For defendants' violations of Proposition 65, plaintiff seeks preliminary and
7 permanent injunctive relief to compel defendants to provide purchasers or users of the
8 PRODUCTS with the required warning regarding the health hazards associated with exposures
9 to DINP. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a).

10 10. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), plaintiff also seeks civil
11 penalties against defendants for their violations of Proposition 65.

12 PARTIES

13 11. Plaintiff WHITNEY R. LEEMAN is a citizen of the State of California who is
14 dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of
15 toxic exposures from consumer products; and he brings this action in the public interest
16 pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(d).

17 12. Defendant BRIGGS MEDICAL SERVICE COMPANY, ("BRIGGS
18 INDUSTRIES") is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and
19 Safety Code sections 25249.6 and 25249.11.

20 13. BRIGGS INDUSTRIES manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the
21 PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California, or implies by its conduct that it
22 manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the
23 State of California.

24 14. Defendants DOES 1-50 ("MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS") are each a
25 person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections
26 25249.6 and 25249.11.

1 15. MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS research, test, design, assemble, fabricate,
2 and manufacture, or imply by their conduct that they research, test, design, assemble, fabricate,
3 and manufacture one or more of the PRODUCTS offered for sale or use in the State of
4 California.

5 16. Defendants DOES 51-100 (“DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS”) are each a person
6 in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6
7 and 25249.11.

8 17. DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS distribute, exchange, transfer, process, and
9 transport one or more of the PRODUCTS to individuals, businesses, or retailers for sale or use
10 in the State of California.

11 18. Defendants DOES 101-150 (“RETAILER DEFENDANTS”) are each a person in
12 the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code sections 25249.6
13 and 25249.11.

14 19. RETAILER DEFENDANTS offer the PRODUCTS for sale to individuals in the
15 State of California.

16 20. At this time, the true names of defendants DOES 1 through 150, inclusive, are
17 unknown to plaintiff, who, therefore, sues said defendants by their fictitious names pursuant to
18 Code of Civil Procedure section 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis
19 alleges, that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible for the acts and occurrences
20 alleged herein. When ascertained, their true names shall be reflected in an amended complaint.

21 21. BRIGGS INDUSTRIES, MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS, DISTRIBUTOR
22 DEFENDANTS, and RETAILER DEFENDANTS shall, where appropriate, collectively be
23 referred to as “DEFENDANTS.”

24 **VENUE AND JURISDICTION**

25 22. Venue is proper in Alameda County Superior Court, pursuant to Code of Civil
26 Procedure sections 393, 395, and 395.5, because this Court is a court of competent jurisdiction,
27 because plaintiff seeks civil penalties against DEFENDANTS, because one or more instances of
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1 wrongful conduct occurred, and continue to occur, in this county, and/or because
2 DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in Alameda County with respect
3 to the PRODUCTS.

4 23. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to
5 California Constitution Article VI, section 10, which grants the Superior Court “original
6 jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts.” The statute under
7 which this action is brought does not specify any other basis of subject matter jurisdiction.

8 24. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANTS based on
9 plaintiff’s information and good faith belief that each defendant is a person, firm, corporation or
10 association that is a citizen of the State of California, has sufficient minimum contacts in the
11 State of California, and/or otherwise purposefully avails itself of the California market.
12 DEFENDANTS’ purposeful availment renders the exercise of personal jurisdiction by
13 California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

14 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

15 **(Violation of Proposition 65 - Against All Defendants)**

16 25. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein,
17 Paragraphs 1 through 24, inclusive.

18 26. In enacting Proposition 65, in the preamble to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic
19 Enforcement Act of 1986, the People of California expressly declared their right “[t]o be
20 informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive
21 harm.”

22 27. Proposition 65 states, “[n]o person in the course of doing business shall
23 knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause
24 cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such
25 individual . . .” Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

26 28. On January 30, 2015, plaintiff served a sixty-day notice of violation, together with
27 the requisite certificate of merit, on BRIGGS MEDICAL SERVICE COMPANY and certain
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1 public enforcement agencies alleging that, as a result of DEFENDANTS' sales of the
2 PRODUCTS containing DINP, purchasers and users in the State of California were being
3 exposed to DINP resulting from their reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS, without
4 the individual purchasers and users first having been provided with a "clear and reasonable
5 warning" regarding the harms associated with such exposures, as required by Proposition 65.

6 29. DEFENDANTS manufacture, import, distribute, sell, and offer the PRODUCTS
7 for sale or use in violation of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, and DEFENDANTS'
8 violations have continued beyond their receipt of plaintiff's sixty-day notice of violation.
9 DEFENDANTS' violations are ongoing and continuous in nature, and, as such, will continue in
10 the future.

11 30. After receiving plaintiff's sixty-day notice of violation, none of the appropriate
12 public enforcement agencies have commenced and diligently prosecuted a cause of action
13 against DEFENDANTS under Proposition 65 to enforce the alleged violations that are the
14 subject of plaintiff's notice of violation.

15 31. The PRODUCTS that DEFENDANTS manufacture, import, distribute, sell, and
16 offer for sale or use in California cause exposures to DINP as a result of the reasonably
17 foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS. Such exposures caused by DEFENDANTS and endured by
18 consumers and other individuals in California are not exempt from the "clear and reasonable"
19 warning requirements of Proposition 65, yet DEFENDANTS provide no warning.

20 32. DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that the PRODUCTS they
21 manufactured, imported, distributed, sold, and offered for sale or use in California contained
22 DINP.

23 33. DINP is present in or on the PRODUCTS in such a way as to expose individuals
24 to DINP through dermal contact and/or ingestion during reasonably foreseeable use.

25 34. The normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS has caused, and
26 continues to cause, consumer exposures to DINP, as defined by title 27 of the California Code
27 of Regulations, section 25602(b).

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1 35. DEFENDANTS had knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable use of
2 the PRODUCTS exposed individuals to DINP through dermal contact and/or ingestion.

3 36. DEFENDANTS intended that exposures to DINP from the reasonably foreseeable
4 use of the PRODUCTS would occur by their deliberate, non-accidental participation in the
5 manufacture, importation, distribution, sale, and offering of the PRODUCTS for sale or use to
6 consumers and other individuals in California.

7 37. DEFENDANTS failed to provide a “clear and reasonable warning” to those
8 consumers and other individuals in California who were or who would become exposed to
9 DINP through dermal contact and/or ingestion resulting from their use of the PRODUCTS.

10 38. Contrary to the express policy and statutory prohibition of Proposition 65 enacted
11 directly by California voters, individuals exposed to DINP through dermal contact and/or
12 ingestion as a result of their use of the PRODUCTS that DEFENDANTS sold without a “clear
13 and reasonable” health hazard warning, have suffered, and continue to suffer, irreparable harm
14 for which they have no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

15 39. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), as a consequence of the
16 above-described acts, DEFENDANTS are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day
17 for each violation.

18 40. As a consequence of the above-described acts, Health and Safety Code
19 section 25249.7(a) also specifically authorizes the Court to grant injunctive relief against
20 DEFENDANTS.

21 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

22 Wherefore, plaintiff prays for judgment against DEFENDANTS as follows:

23 1. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), assess
24 civil penalties against DEFENDANTS, and each of them, in the amount of \$2,500 per day for
25 each violation;

26 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(a),
27 preliminarily and permanently enjoin DEFENDANTS from manufacturing, distributing, or
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1 offering the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California without first providing a "clear and
2 reasonable warning" in accordance with title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, section
3 25601 *et seq.*, regarding the harms associated with exposures to DINP;

4 3. That the Court, Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(a), issue
5 preliminary and permanent injunctions mandating that DEFENDANTS recall all PRODUCTS
6 currently in the chain of commerce in California without a "clear and reasonable warning" as
7 defined by California Code of Regulations title 27, section 25601 *et seq.*;

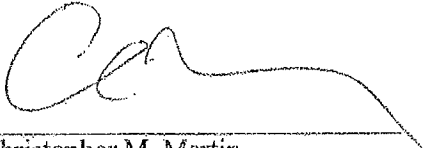
8 4. That the Court grant plaintiff his reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and

9 5. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

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Dated: June 14, 2016

Respectfully Submitted,
THE CHANLER GROUP

By: 
Christopher M. Martin
Attorneys for Plaintiff
WHITNEY R. LEEMAN, Ph.D.