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FILED  
ALAMEDA COUNTY

JUN 02 2017

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By \_\_\_\_\_

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10 ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER, INC.

11 **SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**  
12 **COUNTY OF ALAMEDA**

13 ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER,  
14 INC., a non-profit California corporation,

15 Plaintiff,

16 v.

17 BLUEBONNET NUTRITION  
18 CORPORATION, a Texas corporation,

19 Defendant.

Case No. RG16829845

ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO:  
JUDGE BRAD SELIGMAN  
DEPT: 30

**FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR  
INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL  
PENALTIES**

Case Filed: September 2, 2016  
Trial Date: November 27, 2017

20 Plaintiff Environmental Research Center, Inc. ("PLAINTIFF" or "ERC") brings this  
21 action in the interests of the general public and, on information and belief, hereby alleges:

22 **INTRODUCTION**

23 1. This action seeks to remedy the continuing failure of Defendant BLUEBONNET  
24 NUTRITION CORPORATION, ("BLUEBONNET" or "DEFENDANT") to warn consumers  
25 in California that they are being exposed to lead and/or cadmium, substances known to the  
26 State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm. DEFENDANT  
manufactures, packages, distributes, markets, and/or sells in California certain products

1 containing lead and/or cadmium. These products (collectively, the “PRODUCTS”) are those  
2 identified in the 60-Day Notices of Violations attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and **Exhibit B** and  
3 incorporated herein by reference.

4         2.       Lead and cadmium (hereinafter, the “LISTED CHEMICALS”) are substances  
5 known to the State<sup>1</sup> of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

6         3.       The use and/or handling of the PRODUCTS causes exposures to the LISTED  
7 CHEMICALS at levels requiring a “clear and reasonable warning” under California's Safe  
8 Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health & Safety Code (“H&S Code”)  
9 §25249.5, *et seq.* (also known as “Proposition 65”). DEFENDANT has failed to provide the  
10 health hazard warnings required by Proposition 65.

11         4.       DEFENDANT’s past sales and continued manufacturing, packaging,  
12 distributing, marketing and/or sales of the PRODUCTS without the required health hazard  
13 warnings, cause individuals to be involuntarily and unwittingly exposed to levels of the  
14 LISTED CHEMICALS that violate or threaten to violate Proposition 65.

15         5.       PLAINTIFF seeks injunctive relief enjoining DEFENDANT from the continued  
16 manufacturing, packaging, distributing, marketing and/or sales of the PRODUCTS in  
17 California without provision of clear and reasonable warnings regarding the risks of cancer,  
18 birth defects, and other reproductive harm posed by exposure to the LISTED CHEMICALS  
19 through the use and/or handling of the PRODUCTS. PLAINTIFF seeks an injunctive order  
20 compelling DEFENDANT to bring its business practices into compliance with Proposition 65  
21 by providing a clear and reasonable warning to each individual who has been and who in the  
22 future may be exposed to the LISTED CHEMICALS from the use of the PRODUCTS.  
23 PLAINTIFF also seeks an order compelling DEFENDANT to identify and locate each  
24 individual person who in the past has purchased the PRODUCTS, and to provide to each such  
25

26 \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>1</sup> All statutory and regulatory references herein are to California law, unless otherwise specified.

1 purchaser a clear and reasonable warning that the use of the PRODUCTS will cause exposures  
2 to the LISTED CHEMICALS.

3 6. In addition to injunctive relief, PLAINTIFF seeks an assessment of civil  
4 penalties up to the maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day per exposure authorized by  
5 Proposition 65 to remedy DEFENDANT's failure to provide clear and reasonable warnings  
6 regarding exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS.

7 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

8 7. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution  
9 Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all causes  
10 except those given by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this action is  
11 brought does not specify any other basis for jurisdiction.

12 8. This Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANT because, based on information  
13 and belief, DEFENDANT is a business having sufficient minimum contacts with California, or  
14 otherwise intentionally availing themselves of the California market through the distribution  
15 and sale of the PRODUCTS in the State of California to render the exercise of jurisdiction over  
16 them by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial  
17 justice.

18 9. Venue in this action is proper in the Alameda Superior Court because the  
19 DEFENDANT has violated or threatens to violate California law in the County of Alameda.

20 10. On December 16, 2015, and March 24, 2017, PLAINTIFF sent 60-Day Notices  
21 of Proposition 65 ("NOTICES") violations to the requisite public enforcement agencies, and to  
22 DEFENDANT. The NOTICES were issued pursuant to, and in compliance with, the  
23 requirements of H&S Code §25249.7(d) and the statute's implementing regulations regarding  
24 the notice of the violations to be given to certain public enforcement agencies and to the  
25 violators. The Notices included, *inter alia*, the following information: the name, address, and  
26 telephone number of the noticing individuals; the names of the alleged violators; the statute

1 violated; the approximate time period during which violations occurred; and descriptions of the  
2 violations, including the chemical involved, the routes of toxic exposure, and the specific  
3 product or type of product causing the violations, and was issued as follows:

- 4 a. DEFENDANT was provided copies of the NOTICES by Certified Mail.
- 5 b. DEFENDANT was provided copies of a document entitled “The Safe  
6 Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): A  
7 Summary,” which is also known as Appendix A to Title 27 of CCR §25903.
- 8 c. The California Attorney General was provided copies of the NOTICES via  
9 online submission.
- 10 d. The California Attorney General was provided with a Certificate of Merit by  
11 the attorney for the noticing parties, stating that there is a reasonable and  
12 meritorious case for this action, and attaching factual information sufficient  
13 to establish a basis for the certificate, including the identity of the persons  
14 consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and the facts, studies, or other  
15 data reviewed by those persons, pursuant to H&S Code §25249.7(h) (2).
- 16 e. The District Attorneys, city attorneys, or prosecutors of each jurisdiction  
17 within which the PRODUCT is offered for sale within California were  
18 provided with a copy of the NOTICES pursuant to H&S Code §  
19 25249.7(d)(1).

20 11. At least 60-days have elapsed since PLAINTIFF sent the NOTICES to  
21 DEFENDANT. The appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and  
22 diligently prosecute a cause of action under H&S Code §25249.5, et seq. against  
23 DEFENDANT based on the allegations herein.

24 **PARTIES**

25 12. PLAINTIFF is a non-profit corporation organized under California’s  
26 Corporation Law. ERC is dedicated to, among other causes, reducing the use and misuse of

1 hazardous and toxic substances, consumer protection, worker safety, and corporate  
2 responsibility.

3 13. ERC is a person within the meaning of H&S Code §25118 and brings this  
4 enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to H&S Code §25249.7(d).

5 14. DEFENDANT BLUEBONNET NUTRITION CORPORATION is a  
6 corporation organized under the State of Texas' Corporation Law and is a person doing  
7 business within the meaning of H&S Code §25249.11.

8 15. DEFENDANT has manufactured, packaged, distributed, marketed and /or sold  
9 the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California and the County of Alameda. ERC is informed and  
10 believes, and thereupon alleges, that DEFENDANT continues to manufacture, package,  
11 distribute, market and/or sell the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California and in Alameda  
12 County.

### 13 **STATUTORY BACKGROUND**

14 16. The People of the State of California have declared in Proposition 65 their right  
15 "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other  
16 reproductive harm." (Section 1(b) of Initiative Measure, Proposition 65).

17 17. To effect this goal, Proposition 65 requires that individuals be provided with a  
18 "clear and reasonable warning" before being exposed to substances listed by the State of  
19 California as causing cancer or reproductive toxicity. H&S Code §25249.6 states, in pertinent  
20 part:

21 No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally  
22 expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or  
23 reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such  
individual....

24 18. "'Knowingly' refers only to knowledge of the fact that a discharge of, release of,  
25 or exposure to a chemical listed pursuant to Section 25249.8(a) of the Act is occurring. No  
26 knowledge that the discharge, release or exposure is unlawful is required." (27 California Code  
of Regulations ("CCR") § 25102(n).)

1 19. Proposition 65 provides that any “person who violates or threatens to violate” the  
2 statute may be enjoined in a court of competent jurisdiction. (H&S Code §25249.7). The phrase  
3 “threaten to violate” is defined to mean creating “a condition in which there is a substantial  
4 probability that a violation will occur” (H&S Code §25249.11(e)). Violators are liable for civil  
5 penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation of the Act. (H&S Code §25249.7.)

6 **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

7 20. On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed the chemical lead  
8 as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. Lead became subject to the warning  
9 requirement one year later and was therefore subject to the “clear and reasonable” warning  
10 requirements of Proposition 65 beginning on February 27, 1988. (27 CCR § 25000, *et seq.*;  
11 H&S Code §25249.5, *et seq.*). Due to the high toxicity of lead, the maximum allowable dose  
12 level for lead is 0.5 ug/day (micrograms a day) for reproductive toxicity. (27 CCR  
13 § 25805(b).)

14 21. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed the chemicals lead  
15 and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer. Lead and lead compounds became  
16 subject to the warning requirement one year later and were therefore subject to the “clear and  
17 reasonable” warning requirements of Proposition 65 beginning on October 1, 1993 (27 CCR §  
18 25000, *et seq.*; H&S Code §25249.6 *et seq.*). Due to the carcinogenicity of lead, the no  
19 significant risk level for lead is 15 ug/day (micrograms a day). (27 CCR § 25705(b)(1).)

20 22. On May, 1, 1997, the State of California officially listed the chemical cadmium as a  
21 chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. Cadmium became subject to the warning  
22 requirement one year later and was therefore subject to the “clear and reasonable” warning  
23 requirements of Proposition 65 beginning on May 1, 1998. (27 CCR § 25000, *et seq.*; H&S  
24 Code §25249.5, *et seq.*). Due to the high toxicity of cadmium, the maximum allowable dose  
25 level for cadmium is 4.1 ug/day (micrograms a day) for reproductive toxicity. (27 CCR §  
26 25805(b).)

1           23. On October 1, 1987, the State of California officially listed the chemicals cadmium  
2 and cadmium compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer. Cadmium and cadmium  
3 compounds became subject to the warning requirement one year later and were therefore  
4 subject to the “clear and reasonable” warning requirements of Proposition 65 beginning on  
5 October 1, 1988 (27 CCR § 25000, et seq.; H&S Code §25249.6 et seq.).

6           24.           To test DEFENDANT’s PRODUCTS for lead and cadmium,  
7 PLAINTIFF hired a well-respected and accredited testing laboratory. The results of  
8 testing undertaken by PLAINTIFF of DEFENDANT’s PRODUCTS show that the  
9 PRODUCTS tested were in violation 0.5 ug/day for lead and 4.1 ug/day for cadmium  
10 “safe harbor” daily dose limits set forth in Proposition 65’s regulations. Very significant  
11 is the fact that people are being exposed to lead and cadmium through ingestion as  
12 opposed to other not as harmful methods of exposure such as dermal exposure. Ingestion  
13 of lead and cadmium produces much higher exposure levels and health risks than dermal  
14 exposure to these chemicals.

15           25.           At all times relevant to this action, DEFENDANT, therefore, has knowingly and  
16 intentionally exposed the users and/or handlers of the PRODUCTS to the LISTED  
17 CHEMICALS without first giving a clear and reasonable warning to such individuals.

18           26.           The PRODUCTS have allegedly been sold by DEFENDANT for use in  
19 California since at least December 16, 2012. The PRODUCTS continue to be distributed  
20 and sold in California without the requisite warning information.

21           27.           On December 16, 2015, and March 24, 2017, ERC served DEFENDANT and  
22 each of the appropriate public enforcement agencies with a Proposition 65 Notice, a document  
23 entitled “Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5” that  
24 provided DEFENDANT and the public enforcement agencies with notice that DEFENDANT  
25 was in violation of Proposition 65 for failing to warn purchasers and individuals using the  
26 PRODUCTS that the use of the PRODUCTS exposes them to lead and/or cadmium, chemicals

1 known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity (true and correct  
2 copies of the 60-Day Notices are attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and **Exhibit B** and incorporated  
3 by reference).

4 28. As a proximate result of acts by DEFENDANT, as a person in the course of  
5 doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.11, individuals throughout  
6 the State of California, including in the County of Alameda, have been exposed to the LISTED  
7 CHEMICALS without a clear and reasonable warning. The individuals subject to the illegal  
8 exposures include normal and foreseeable users of the PRODUCTS, as well as all other  
9 persons exposed to the PRODUCTS.

10 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**  
11 **(Injunctive Relief for Violations of Health and Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq. concerning**  
12 **the PRODUCTS described in the December 16, 2015 and March 24, 2017 Prop. 65**  
13 **NOTICES)**  
14 **Against DEFENDANT**

15 29. PLAINTIFF re-alleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 28,  
16 inclusive, as if specifically set forth herein.

17 30. By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint, DEFENDANT, at all times  
18 relevant to this action, and continuing through the present, has violated or threatens to violate  
19 H&S Code §25249.6 by, in the course of doing business, knowingly and intentionally exposing  
20 individuals who use or handle the PRODUCTS set forth in the Notices to the LISTED  
21 CHEMICALS, without first providing a clear and reasonable warning to such individuals  
22 pursuant to H&S Code §§ 25249.6 and 25249.11(f).

23 31. By the above-described acts, DEFENDANT has violated or threatens to violate  
24 H&S Code § 25249.6 and are therefore subject to an injunction ordering DEFENDANTS to  
25 stop violating Proposition 65, to provide warnings to all present and future customers, and to  
26 provide warnings to DEFENDANT's past customers who purchased or used the PRODUCTS  
without receiving a clear and reasonable warning.



1           32.    An action for injunctive relief under Proposition 65 is specifically authorized by  
2 Health & Safety Code §25249.7(a).

3           33.    Continuing commission by DEFENDANT of the acts alleged above will  
4 irreparably harm the citizens of the State of California, for which harm they have no plain,  
5 speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

6           Wherefore, PLAINTIFF prays for judgment against DEFENDANT, as set forth  
7 hereafter.

8                                   **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**  
9                   **(Civil Penalties for Violations of Health and Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq. concerning the**  
10                   **PRODUCTS described in PLAINTIFF’s Notices)**  
11                   **Against DEFENDANT**

12           34.    PLAINTIFF re-alleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 33,  
13 inclusive, as if specifically set forth herein.33By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint,  
14 DEFENDANT at all times relevant to this action, and continuing through the present, has  
15 violated or threatens to violate H&S Code §25249.6 by, in the course of doing business,  
16 knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals who use or handle the PRODUCTS set forth  
17 in the Notices to the LISTED CHEMICALS, without first providing a clear and reasonable  
18 warning to such individuals pursuant to H&S Code §§ 25249.6 and 25249.11(f).

19           35.    By the above-described acts, DEFENDANT is liable, pursuant to H&S Code  
20 §25249.7(b), for a civil penalty of \$2,500 per day per violation for each unlawful exposure to  
21 the LISTED CHEMICALS from the PRODUCTS.

22           Wherefore, PLAINTIFF prays for judgment against DEFENDANT, as set forth  
23 hereafter.

24                                   **THE NEED FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

25           36.    PLAINTIFF re-alleges and incorporates by this reference Paragraphs 1  
26 through 35, as if set forth below.

          37.    By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint, DEFENDANT has caused

1 irreparable harm for which there is no plain, speedy or adequate remedy at law. In the absence  
2 of equitable relief, DEFENDANT will continue to create a substantial risk of irreparable injury  
3 by continuing to cause consumers to be involuntarily and unwittingly exposed to the LISTED  
4 CHEMICALS through the use and/or handling of the PRODUCTS.

5 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

6 Wherefore, PLAINTIFF accordingly prays for the following relief:

7 A. a preliminary and permanent injunction, pursuant to H&S Code §25249.7(b),  
8 enjoining DEFENDANT, its agents, employees, assigns and all persons acting in concert or  
9 participating with DEFENDANT, from distributing or selling the PRODUCTS in California  
10 without first providing a clear and reasonable warning, within the meaning of Proposition 65,  
11 that the users and/or handlers of the PRODUCTS are exposed to the LISTED CHEMICALS;

12 B. an injunctive order, pursuant to H&S Code §25249.7(b), compelling  
13 DEFENDANT to identify and locate each individual who has purchased the PRODUCTS since  
14 December 16, 2012, and to provide a warning to such person that the use of the PRODUCTS  
15 will expose the user to chemicals known to birth defects and other reproductive harm;

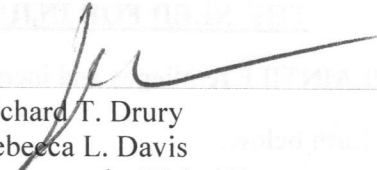
16 C. an assessment of civil penalties pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.7(b),  
17 against DEFENDANT in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65;

18 D. an award to PLAINTIFF of its reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit  
19 pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §1021.5, as PLAINTIFF shall specify in further  
20 application to the Court; and,

21 E. such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

22 DATED: 6/2/17

LOZEAU | DRURY LLP

23  
24   
25 Richard T. Drury  
26 Rebecca L. Davis  
Attorneys for Plaintiff  
Environmental Research Center, Inc.

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# EXHIBIT A



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F 510.836.4205

410 12th Street, Suite 250  
Oakland, Ca 94607

www.lozeaudrury.com  
richard@lozeaudrury.com

**VIA CERTIFIED MAIL**

Current CEO or President  
Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation  
12915 Dairy Ashford Road  
Sugar Land, TX 77478

Gary A. Barrows  
(Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
12915 Dairy Ashford Road  
Sugar Land, TX 77478

**VIA ONLINE SUBMISSION**

Office of the California Attorney General

**VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL**

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Ventura, CA 93009  
daspecialops@ventura.org

**VIA PRIORITY MAIL**

District Attorneys of Select California  
Counties and Select City Attorneys  
(See Attached Certificate of Service)

**Re: Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.***

Dear Addressees:

I represent Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”) in connection with this Notice of Violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, which is codified at California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.* and also referred to as Proposition 65.

ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

The name of the Company covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violator”) is:

**Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation**

The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemical in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- **Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation 100% Natural Dual-Action Protein Whey + Casein Natural Chocolate Flavor - Lead**
- **Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation Organic Super Earth VeggieProtein Vanilla - Lead**
- **Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation Organic Super Earth VeggieProtein Chocolate Mocha - Lead**
- **Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation Organic Super Earth VeggieProtein Chocolate - Lead**
- **Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation Super Earth OrganicGreens - Lead**

On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity, and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer.

This letter is a notice to the Violator and the appropriate governmental authorities of the Proposition 65 violations concerning the listed products. This notice covers all violations of Proposition 65 involving the Violator currently known to ERC from the information now available. ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations. A summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is enclosed with the copy of this letter to the Violator.

The Violator has manufactured, marketed, distributed, and/or sold the listed products, which have exposed and continue to expose numerous individuals within California to the identified chemical, lead. The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the purchase, acquisition, handling and/or recommended use of these products by consumers. The primary route of exposure to lead has been through ingestion, but may have also occurred through inhalation and/or

December 16, 2015

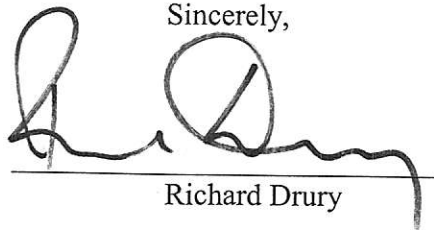
Page 3

dermal contact. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to lead. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product's label. The Violator violated Proposition 65 because it failed to provide an appropriate warning to persons using and/or handling these products that they are being exposed to lead. Each of these ongoing violations has occurred on every day since December 16, 2012, as well as every day since the products were introduced in the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users.

Pursuant to Section 25249.7(d) of the statute, ERC intends to file a citizen enforcement action sixty days after effective service of this notice unless the Violator agrees in an enforceable written instrument to: (1) reformulate the listed products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemical; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and my client's objectives in pursuing this notice, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution to this matter. Such resolution will avoid both further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemical and expensive and time consuming litigation.

ERC's Executive Director is Chris Heptinstall, and is located at 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108; Tel. 619-500-3090. ERC has retained me in connection with this matter. We suggest that communications regarding this Notice of Violations should be directed to my attention at the above listed law office address and telephone number.

Sincerely,



A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Richard Drury', is written over a horizontal line.

Richard Drury

Attachments

Certificate of Merit

Certificate of Service

OEHHA Summary (to Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation and its Registered Agent for Service of Process only)

Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

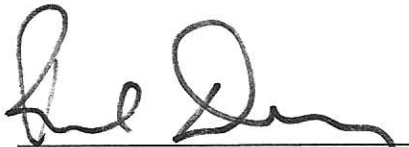
**CERTIFICATE OF MERIT**

**Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.'s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations  
by Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation**

I, Richard Drury, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached sixty-day notice in which it is alleged the party identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.
2. I am an attorney for the noticing party.
3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemical that is the subject of the notice.
4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff's case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.
5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.

Dated: December 16, 2015

  
Richard Drury

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States, over the age of 18 years of age, and am not a party to the within entitled action. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On December 16, 2015, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to the party listed below and depositing it in a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current CEO or President	Gary A. Barrows
Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation	(Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation’s
12915 Dairy Ashford Road	Registered Agent for Service of Process)
Sugar Land, TX 77478	12915 Dairy Ashford Road
	Sugar Land, TX 77478

On December 16, 2015, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General’s website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General  
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting  
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000  
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On December 16, 2015, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to the party listed below:

Stacey Grassini, Deputy District Attorney  
900 Ward Street  
Martinez, CA 94553  
sgrassini@contracostada.org

Gary Lieberstein, District Attorney  
931 Parkway Mall  
Napa, CA 94559  
CEPD@countyofnapa.org

Michelle Latimer, Program Coordinator  
220 S. Lassen Street  
Susanville, CA 96130  
mlatimer@co.lassen.ca.us

Paul E. Zellerbach, District Attorney  
3072 Orange Street  
Riverside, CA 92501  
Prop65@rivcoda.org



December 16, 2015

Page 6

Gregory Alker, Assistant District Attorney  
732 Brannan Street  
San Francisco, CA 94103  
gregory.alker@sfgov.org

Phillip J. Cline, District Attorney  
221 S Mooney Blvd  
Visalia, CA 95370  
Prop65@co.tulare.ca.us

Yen Dang, Supervising Deputy District Attorney  
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San Jose, CA 95110  
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Gregory D. Totten, District Attorney  
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Ventura, CA 93009  
daspecialops@ventura.org

Stephan R. Passalacqua, District Attorney  
600 Administration Dr  
Sonoma, CA 95403  
jbarnes@sonoma-county.org

Jeff W. Reisig, District Attorney  
301 Second Street  
Woodland, CA 95695  
cfepd@yolocounty.org

On December 16, 2015, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties **on the Service List attached hereto**, and depositing it with the U.S. Postal Service with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Priority Mail.

Executed on December 16, 2015, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.



---

Phyllis Dunwoody

Service List

District Attorney, Alameda County 1225 Fallon Street, Suite 900 Oakland, CA 94612	District Attorney, Madera County 209 West Yosemite Avenue Madera, CA 93637	District Attorney, San Joaquin County 222 E. Weber Ave. Rm. 202 Stockton, CA 95202	San Francisco, City Attorney City Hall, Room 234 1 Dr Carlton B Goodlett PL San Francisco, CA 94102
District Attorney, Alpine County P.O. Box 248 Markleeville, CA 96120	District Attorney, Marin County 3501 Civic Center Drive, Room 130 San Rafael, CA 94903	District Attorney, San Luis Obispo County 1035 Palm St, Room 450 San Luis Obispo, CA 93408	San Jose City Attorney's Office 200 East Santa Clara Street, 16th Floor San Jose, CA 95113
District Attorney, Amador County 708 Court Street Jackson, CA 95642	District Attorney, Mariposa County Post Office Box 730 Mariposa, CA 95338	District Attorney, San Mateo County 400 County Ctr., 3rd Floor Redwood City, CA 94063	
District Attorney, Butte County 25 County Center Drive, Suite 245 Oroville, CA 95965	District Attorney, Mendocino County Post Office Box 1000 Ukiah, CA 95482	District Attorney, Santa Barbara County 1112 Santa Barbara Street Santa Barbara, CA 93101	
District Attorney, Calaveras County 891 Mountain Ranch Road San Andreas, CA 95249	District Attorney, Merced County 550 W. Main Street Merced, CA 95340	District Attorney, Santa Cruz County 701 Ocean Street, Room 200 Santa Cruz, CA 95060	
District Attorney, Colusa County 346 Fifth Street Suite 101 Colusa, CA 95932	District Attorney, Modoc County 204 S Court Street, Room 202 Alturas, CA 96101-4020	District Attorney, Shasta County 1355 West Street Redding, CA 96001	
District Attorney, Del Norte County 450 H Street, Room 171 Crescent City, CA 95531	District Attorney, Mono County Post Office Box 617 Bridgeport, CA 93517	District Attorney, Sierra County PO Box 457 Downieville, CA 95936	
District Attorney, El Dorado County 515 Main Street Placerville, CA 95667	District Attorney, Monterey County Post Office Box 1131 Salinas, CA 93902	District Attorney, Siskiyou County Post Office Box 986 Yreka, CA 96097	
District Attorney, Fresno County 2220 Tulare Street, Suite 1000 Fresno, CA 93721	District Attorney, Nevada County 201 Commercial Street Nevada City, CA 95959	District Attorney, Solano County 675 Texas Street, Ste 4500 Fairfield, CA 94533	
District Attorney, Glenn County Post Office Box 430 Willows, CA 95988	District Attorney, Orange County 401 West Civic Center Drive Santa Ana, CA 92701	District Attorney, Stanislaus County 832 12th Street, Ste 300 Modesto, CA 95354	
District Attorney, Humboldt County 825 5th Street 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor Eureka, CA 95501	District Attorney, Placer County 10810 Justice Center Drive, Ste 240 Roseville, CA 95678	District Attorney, Sutter County 446 Second Street Yuba City, CA 95991	
District Attorney, Imperial County 940 West Main Street, Ste 102 El Centro, CA 92243	District Attorney, Plumas County 520 Main Street, Room 404 Quincy, CA 95971	District Attorney, Tehama County Post Office Box 519 Red Bluff, CA 96080	
District Attorney, Inyo County 230 W. Line Street Bishop, CA 93514	District Attorney, Sacramento County 901 "G" Street Sacramento, CA 95814	District Attorney, Trinity County Post Office Box 310 Weaverville, CA 96093	
District Attorney, Kern County 1215 Truxtun Avenue Bakersfield, CA 93301	District Attorney, San Benito County 419 Fourth Street, 2nd Floor Hollister, CA 95023	District Attorney, Tuolumne County 423 N. Washington Street Sonora, CA 95370	
District Attorney, Kings County 1400 West Lacey Boulevard Hanford, CA 93230	District Attorney, San Bernardino County 316 N. Mountain View Avenue San Bernardino, CA 92415-0004	District Attorney, Yuba County 215 Fifth Street, Suite 152 Marysville, CA 95901	
District Attorney, Lake County 255 N. Forbes Street Lakeport, CA 95453	District Attorney, San Diego County 330 West Broadway, Suite 1300 San Diego, CA 92101	Los Angeles City Attorney's Office City Hall East 200 N. Main Street, Suite 800 Los Angeles, CA 90012	
District Attorney, Los Angeles County 210 West Temple Street, Suite 18000 Los Angeles, CA 90012		San Diego City Attorney's Office 1200 3rd Avenue, Ste 1620 San Diego, CA 92101	

**Appendix A**

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT  
CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986  
(PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as “Proposition 65”). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. Please refer to the statute and OEHHA's implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.<sup>1</sup> These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

*WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?*

**The “Proposition 65 List.”** Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: [http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65\\_list/Newlist.html](http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html).

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

**Clear and reasonable warnings.** A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and

reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly say that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

***Prohibition from discharges into drinking water.*** A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

#### ***DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?***

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

***Grace Periods.*** Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

***Governmental agencies and public water utilities.*** All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

***Businesses with nine or fewer employees.*** Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

***Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer.*** For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at:

<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

***Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question.*** For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at:

<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

***Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food.*** Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant<sup>2</sup> it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

***Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water.*** The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

#### ***HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?***

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off- premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;

- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A private party may not file an action against the alleged violator for these exposures, or recover in a settlement any payment in lieu of penalties any reimbursement for costs and attorney's fees, if the notice was served on or after October 5, 2013, and the alleged violator has done *all* of the following within 14 days of being served notice:

- Corrected the alleged violation;
  - Agreed to pay a civil penalty of \$5B500 (subject to change as noted below) to the private party within 30 days;
- and
- Notified the private party serving the notice in writing that the violation has been corrected.

The written notification to the private-party must include a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form completed by the alleged violator as directed in the notice. On April 1, 2019, and every five years thereafter, the dollar amount of the civil penalty will be adjusted by the Judicial Council based on the change in the annual California Consumer Price Index. The Judicial Council will publish the dollar amount of the adjusted civil penalty at each five-year interval, together with the date of the next scheduled adjustment.

An alleged violator may satisfy these conditions only one time for a violation arising from the same exposure in the same facility or on the same premises. The satisfaction of these conditions does not prevent the Attorney General, a district attorney, a city attorney of a city of greater than 750,000 population, or any full-time city prosecutor with the consent of the district attorney, from filing an enforcement action against an alleged violator. The amount of any civil penalty for a violation shall be reduced to reflect any payment made by the alleged violator for the same alleged violation to a private-party.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included with this notice and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

The notice is reproduced here:

Date: December 16, 2015

Name of Noticing Party or attorney for Noticing Party: Environmental Research Center, Inc.

Address: 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108

Phone number: 619-500-3090

## **SPECIAL COMPLIANCE PROCEDURE**

### **PROOF OF COMPLIANCE**

You are receiving this form because the Noticing Party listed above has alleged that you are violating California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 (Prop. 65).

**The Noticing Party may not bring any legal proceedings against you for the alleged violation checked below if:**

- 1. You have actually taken the corrective steps that you have certified in this form**
- 2. The Noticing Party has received this form at the address shown above, accurately completed by you, postmarked within 14 days of your receiving this notice**
- 3. The Noticing Party receives the required \$500 penalty payment from you at the address shown above postmarked within 30 days of your receiving this notice.**
- 4. This is the first time you have submitted a Proof of Compliance for a violation arising from the same exposure in the same facility on the same premises.**

### **PART 1: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE NOTICING PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR THE NOTICING PARTY**

The alleged violation is for an exposure to: (check one)

Alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent on-site consumption is permitted by law.

A chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises for immediate consumption on or off premises to the extent: (1) the chemical was not intentionally added; and (2) the chemical was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination.

Environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises.

Chemicals known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking noncommercial vehicles.

### **IMPORTANT NOTES:**

- 1. You have no potential liability under California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 if your business has nine (9) or fewer employees.**
- 2. Using this form will NOT prevent the Attorney General, a district attorney, a city attorney, or a prosecutor in whose jurisdiction the violation is alleged to have occurred from filing an action over the same alleged violations, and that in any such action, the amount of civil penalty shall be reduced to reflect any payment made at this time.**

Date: December 16, 2015

Name of Noticing Party or attorney for Noticing Party: Environmental Research Center, Inc.

Address: 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108

Phone number: 619-500-3090

**PART 2: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE ALLEGED VIOLATOR OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE**

**Certification of Compliance**

Accurate completion of this form will demonstrate that you are now in compliance with California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 for the alleged violation listed above. You must complete and submit the form below to the Noticing Party at the address shown above, postmarked within 14 days of you receiving this notice.

I hereby agree to pay, within 30 days of completion of this notice, a civil penalty of \$500 to the Noticing Party only and certify that I have complied with Health and Safety Code §25249.6 by (check only one of the following):

- Posting a warning or warnings about the alleged exposure that complies with the law, and attaching a copy of that warning and a photograph accurately showing its placement on my premises;
- Posting the warning or warnings demanded in writing by the Noticing Party, and attaching a copy of that warning and a photograph accurately its placement on my premises; OR
- Eliminating the alleged exposure, and attaching a statement accurately describing how the alleged exposure has been eliminated.

**Certification**

My statements on this form, and on any attachments to it, are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and are made in good faith. I have carefully read the instructions to complete this form. I understand that if I make a false statement on this form, I may be subject to additional penalties under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).

---

Signature of alleged violator or authorized representative Date

---

Name and title of signatory

*FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS. . .*

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at [P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov](mailto:P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov).

Revised: May 2014

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<sup>1</sup> All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

<sup>2</sup> See Section 25501(a)(4).

Note: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.

## **HISTORY**

1. New Appendix A filed 4-22-97; operative 4-22-97 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 97, No. 17).
2. Amendment filed 1-7-2003; operative 2-6-2003 (Register 2003, No. 2).
3. Change without regulatory effect renumbering title 22, section 12903 and Appendix A to title 27, section 25903 and Appendix A, including amendment of appendix, filed 6-18-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 25).
4. Amendment filed 11-19-2012; operative 12-19-2012 (Register 2012, No. 47).
5. Amendment of appendix and Note filed 11-19-2014; operative 1-1-2015 (Register 2014, No. 47).

This database is current through 9/18/15 Register 2015, No. 38

27 CCR Appendix A, 27 CA ADC Appendix A

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# EXHIBIT B



T 510.836.4200  
F 510.836.4205

410 12th Street, Suite 250  
Oakland, Ca 94607

[www.lozeaudrury.com](http://www.lozeaudrury.com)  
[rebecca@lozeaudrury.com](mailto:rebecca@lozeaudrury.com)

**VIA CERTIFIED MAIL**

Current CEO or President  
Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation  
12915 Dairy Ashford Road  
Sugar Land, TX 77478

Gary A. Barrows  
(Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
12915 Dairy Ashford Road  
Sugar Land, TX 77478

**VIA ONLINE SUBMISSION**

Office of the California Attorney General

**VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL**

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**VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL**

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Tori Verber Salazar, District Attorney  
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222 E. Weber Avenue, Room 202  
Stockton, CA 95202  
[DAConsumer.Environmental@sjcda.org](mailto:DAConsumer.Environmental@sjcda.org)

March 24, 2017

Page 2

**VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL**

Eric J. Dobroth, Deputy District Attorney  
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Phillip J. Cline, District Attorney  
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**VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL**

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daspecialops@ventura.org

Jeff W. Reisig, District Attorney  
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301 Second Street  
Woodland, CA 95695  
cfepd@yolocounty.org

**VIA PRIORITY MAIL**

District Attorneys of Select California  
Counties and Select City Attorneys  
(See Attached Certificate of Service)

**Re: Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.***

Dear Addressees:

I represent Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”) in connection with this Notice of Violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, which is codified at California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.* and also referred to as Proposition 65.

ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

The name of the Company covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violator”) is:

**Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation**

The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemical in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- 1. Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation Organic Super Earth VeggieProtein Chocolate - Cadmium**
- 2. Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation Organic Super Earth VeggieProtein Chocolate Mocha - Cadmium**
- 3. Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation Organic Super Earth VeggieProtein Vanilla - Cadmium**

Cadmium was officially listed as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity and male reproductive toxicity on May 1, 1997, while cadmium and cadmium compounds were listed as chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer on October 1, 1987.

This letter is a notice to the Violator and the appropriate governmental authorities of the Proposition 65 violations concerning the listed products. This notice covers all violations of Proposition 65 involving the Violator currently known to ERC from the information now available. ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations. A summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is enclosed with the copy of this letter to the Violator.

The Violator has manufactured, marketed, distributed, and/or sold the listed products, which have exposed and continue to expose numerous individuals within California to the identified chemical, cadmium. The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the recommended use of these products by consumers. The route of exposure to cadmium has been through ingestion. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to cadmium. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product's label. The Violator violated Proposition 65 because it failed to provide an appropriate warning to persons using and/or handling these products that they are being exposed to cadmium. Each of these ongoing violations has occurred on every day since March 24, 2014, as well as every day since the products were introduced in the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users.

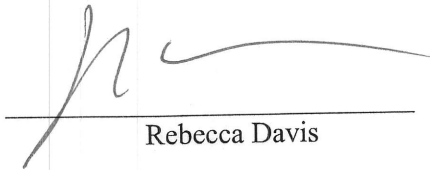
Pursuant to Section 25249.7(d) of the statute, ERC intends to file a citizen enforcement action sixty days after effective service of this notice unless the Violator agrees in an enforceable written instrument to: (1) reformulate the listed products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemical; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and my client's objectives in pursuing this notice, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution to this matter. Such resolution will avoid both further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemical and expensive and time consuming litigation.

ERC's Executive Director is Chris Heptinstall, and is located at 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108; Tel. 619-500-3090. ERC has retained me in connection with this

Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*  
March 24, 2017  
Page 4

matter. We suggest that communications regarding this Notice of Violations should be directed to my attention at the above listed law office address and telephone number.

Sincerely,



Rebecca Davis

Attachments

Certificate of Merit  
Certificate of Service  
OEHHA Summary (to Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation and its Registered Agent for Service of Process only)  
Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

**CERTIFICATE OF MERIT**

**Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.'s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations  
by Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation**

I, Rebecca Davis, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached sixty-day notice in which it is alleged the party identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.
2. I am an attorney for the noticing party.
3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemical that is the subject of the notice.
4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff's case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.
5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.

Dated: March 24, 2017

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Rebecca Davis

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States, over the age of 18 years of age, and am not a party to the within entitled action. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On March 24, 2017, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties listed below and depositing it in a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current CEO or President	Gary A. Barrows
Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation	(Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation’s
12915 Dairy Ashford Road	Registered Agent for Service of Process)
Sugar Land, TX 77478	12915 Dairy Ashford Road
	Sugar Land, TX 77478

On March 24, 2017, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General’s website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General  
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting  
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000  
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On March 24, 2017, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to each of the parties listed below:

Stacey Grassini, Deputy District Attorney  
Contra Costa County  
900 Ward Street  
Martinez, CA 94553  
[sgrassini@contracostada.org](mailto:sgrassini@contracostada.org)

Dije Ndreu, Deputy District Attorney  
Monterey County  
1200 Aguajito Road  
Monterey, CA 93940  
[Prop65DA@co.monterey.ca.us](mailto:Prop65DA@co.monterey.ca.us)

Michelle Latimer, Program Coordinator  
Lassen County  
220 S. Lassen Street  
Susanville, CA 96130  
[mлатimer@co.lassen.ca.us](mailto:mлатimer@co.lassen.ca.us)

Gary Lieberstein, District Attorney  
Napa County  
931 Parkway Mall  
Napa, CA 94559  
[CEPD@countyofnapa.org](mailto:CEPD@countyofnapa.org)



Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

March 24, 2017

Page 7

Paul E. Zellerbach, District Attorney  
Riverside County  
3072 Orange Street  
Riverside, CA 92501  
Prop65@rivcoda.org

Anne Marie Schubert, District Attorney  
Sacramento County  
901 G Street  
Sacramento, CA 95814  
Prop65@sacda.org

Gregory Alker, Assistant District Attorney  
San Francisco County  
732 Brannan Street  
San Francisco, CA 94103  
gregory.alker@sfgov.org

Tori Verber Salazar, District Attorney  
San Joaquin County  
222 E. Weber Avenue, Room 202  
Stockton, CA 95202  
DAConsumer.Environmental@sjcda.org

Eric J. Dobroth, Deputy District Attorney  
San Luis Obispo County  
County Government Center Annex, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408  
edobroth@co.slo.ca.us

Yen Dang, Supervising Deputy District Attorney  
Santa Clara County  
70 W Hedding St  
San Jose, CA 95110  
EPU@da.sccgov.org

Stephan R. Passalacqua, District Attorney  
Sonoma County  
600 Administration Dr  
Sonoma, CA 95403  
jbarnes@sonoma-county.org

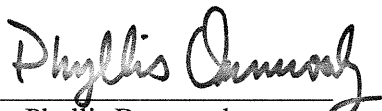
Phillip J. Cline, District Attorney  
Tulare County  
221 S Mooney Blvd  
Visalia, CA 95370  
Prop65@co.tulare.ca.us

Gregory D. Totten, District Attorney  
Ventura County  
800 S Victoria Ave  
Ventura, CA 93009  
daspecialops@ventura.org

Jeff W. Reisig, District Attorney  
Yolo County  
301 Second Street  
Woodland, CA 95695  
cfepd@yolocounty.org

On March 24, 2017, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties **on the Service List attached hereto**, and depositing it with the U.S. Postal Service with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Priority Mail.

Executed on March 24, 2017, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Phyllis Dunwoody

Service List

District Attorney, Alameda County  
1225 Fallon Street, Suite 900  
Oakland, CA 94612

District Attorney, Alpine County  
P.O. Box 248  
Markleeville, CA 96120

District Attorney, Amador County  
708 Court Street, Suite 202  
Jackson, CA 95642

District Attorney, Butte County  
25 County Center Drive, Suite 245  
Oroville, CA 95965

District Attorney, Calaveras County  
891 Mountain Ranch Road  
San Andreas, CA 95249

District Attorney, Colusa County  
346 Fifth Street Suite 101  
Colusa, CA 95932

District Attorney, Del Norte County  
450 H Street, Room 171  
Crescent City, CA 95531

District Attorney, El Dorado County  
515 Main Street  
Placerville, CA 95667

District Attorney, Fresno County  
2220 Tulare Street, Suite 1000  
Fresno, CA 93721

District Attorney, Glenn County  
Post Office Box 430  
Willows, CA 95988

District Attorney, Humboldt County  
825 5th Street 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Eureka, CA 95501

District Attorney, Imperial County  
940 West Main Street, Ste 102  
El Centro, CA 92243

District Attorney, Inyo County  
230 W. Line Street  
Bishop, CA 93514

District Attorney, Kern County  
1215 Truxtun Avenue  
Bakersfield, CA 93301

District Attorney, Kings County  
1400 West Lacey Boulevard  
Hanford, CA 93230

District Attorney, Lake County  
255 N. Forbes Street  
Lakeport, CA 95453

District Attorney, Los Angeles County  
210 West Temple Street, Suite 18000  
Los Angeles, CA 90012

District Attorney, Madera County  
209 West Yosemite Avenue  
Madera, CA 93637

District Attorney, Marin County  
3501 Civic Center Drive, Room 130  
San Rafael, CA 94903

District Attorney, Mariposa County  
Post Office Box 730  
Mariposa, CA 95338

District Attorney, Mendocino County  
Post Office Box 1000  
Ukiah, CA 95482

District Attorney, Merced County  
550 W. Main Street  
Merced, CA 95340

District Attorney, Modoc County  
204 S Court Street, Room 202  
Alturas, CA 96101-4020

District Attorney, Mono County  
Post Office Box 617  
Bridgeport, CA 93517

District Attorney, Nevada County  
201 Commercial Street  
Nevada City, CA 95959

District Attorney, Orange County  
401 West Civic Center Drive  
Santa Ana, CA 92701

District Attorney, Placer County  
10810 Justice Center Drive, Ste 240  
Roseville, CA 95678

District Attorney, Plumas County  
520 Main Street, Room 404  
Quincy, CA 95971

District Attorney, San Benito County  
419 Fourth Street, 2nd Floor  
Hollister, CA 95023

District Attorney, San Bernardino County  
316 N. Mountain View Avenue  
San Bernardino, CA 92401

District Attorney, San Diego County  
330 West Broadway, Suite 1300  
San Diego, CA 92101

District Attorney, San Mateo County  
400 County Ctr., 3rd Floor  
Redwood City, CA 94063

District Attorney, Santa Barbara County  
1112 Santa Barbara Street  
Santa Barbara, CA 93101

District Attorney, Santa Cruz County  
701 Ocean Street, Room 200  
Santa Cruz, CA 95060

District Attorney, Shasta County  
1355 West Street  
Redding, CA 96001

District Attorney, Sierra County  
PO Box 457  
Downieville, CA 95936

District Attorney, Siskiyou County  
Post Office Box 986  
Yreka, CA 96097

District Attorney, Solano County  
675 Texas Street, Ste 4500  
Fairfield, CA 94533

District Attorney, Stanislaus County  
832 12th Street, Ste 300  
Modesto, CA 95354

District Attorney, Sutter County  
446 Second Street  
Yuba City, CA 95991

District Attorney, Tehama County  
Post Office Box 519  
Red Bluff, CA 96080

District Attorney, Trinity County  
Post Office Box 310  
Weaverville, CA 96093

District Attorney, Tuolumne County  
423 N. Washington Street  
Sonora, CA 95370

District Attorney, Yuba County  
215 Fifth Street, Suite 152  
Marysville, CA 95901

Los Angeles City Attorney's Office  
City Hall East  
200 N. Main Street, Suite 800  
Los Angeles, CA 90012

San Diego City Attorney's Office  
1200 3rd Avenue, Ste 1620  
San Diego, CA 92101

San Francisco, City Attorney  
City Hall, Room 234  
1 Dr Carlton B Goodlett PL  
San Francisco, CA 94102

San Jose City Attorney's Office  
200 East Santa Clara Street,  
16th Floor  
San Jose, CA 95113

**Appendix A**

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT  
CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986  
(PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as “Proposition 65”). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. Please refer to the statute and OEHHA's implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.<sup>1</sup> These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

*WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?*

**The “Proposition 65 List.”** Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: [http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65\\_list/Newlist.html](http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html).

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

**Clear and reasonable warnings.** A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and

reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly say that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

***Prohibition from discharges into drinking water.*** A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

#### ***DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?***

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

***Grace Periods.*** Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

***Governmental agencies and public water utilities.*** All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

***Businesses with nine or fewer employees.*** Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

***Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer.*** For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at:

<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

***Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question.*** For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at:

<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

***Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food.*** Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant<sup>2</sup> it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

***Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water.*** The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

#### ***HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?***

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off- premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;

- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A private party may not file an action against the alleged violator for these exposures, or recover in a settlement any payment in lieu of penalties any reimbursement for costs and attorney's fees, if the notice was served on or after October 5, 2013, and the alleged violator has done *all* of the following within 14 days of being served notice:

- Corrected the alleged violation;
  - Agreed to pay a civil penalty of \$5B500 (subject to change as noted below) to the private party within 30 days;
- and
- Notified the private party serving the notice in writing that the violation has been corrected.

The written notification to the private-party must include a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form completed by the alleged violator as directed in the notice. On April 1, 2019, and every five years thereafter, the dollar amount of the civil penalty will be adjusted by the Judicial Council based on the change in the annual California Consumer Price Index. The Judicial Council will publish the dollar amount of the adjusted civil penalty at each five-year interval, together with the date of the next scheduled adjustment.

An alleged violator may satisfy these conditions only one time for a violation arising from the same exposure in the same facility or on the same premises. The satisfaction of these conditions does not prevent the Attorney General, a district attorney, a city attorney of a city of greater than 750,000 population, or any full-time city prosecutor with the consent of the district attorney, from filing an enforcement action against an alleged violator. The amount of any civil penalty for a violation shall be reduced to reflect any payment made by the alleged violator for the same alleged violation to a private-party.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included with this notice and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

The notice is reproduced here:

Date: March 24, 2017

Name of Noticing Party or attorney for Noticing Party: Environmental Research Center, Inc.

Address: 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108

Phone number: 619-500-3090

## **SPECIAL COMPLIANCE PROCEDURE**

### **PROOF OF COMPLIANCE**

You are receiving this form because the Noticing Party listed above has alleged that you are violating California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 (Prop. 65).

**The Noticing Party may not bring any legal proceedings against you for the alleged violation checked below if:**

- 1. You have actually taken the corrective steps that you have certified in this form**
- 2. The Noticing Party has received this form at the address shown above, accurately completed by you, postmarked within 14 days of your receiving this notice**
- 3. The Noticing Party receives the required \$500 penalty payment from you at the address shown above postmarked within 30 days of your receiving this notice.**
- 4. This is the first time you have submitted a Proof of Compliance for a violation arising from the same exposure in the same facility on the same premises.**

### **PART 1: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE NOTICING PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR THE NOTICING PARTY**

The alleged violation is for an exposure to: (check one)

Alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent on-site consumption is permitted by law.

A chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises for immediate consumption on or off premises to the extent: (1) the chemical was not intentionally added; and (2) the chemical was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination.

Environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises.

Chemicals known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking noncommercial vehicles.

### **IMPORTANT NOTES:**

- 1. You have no potential liability under California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 if your business has nine (9) or fewer employees.**
- 2. Using this form will NOT prevent the Attorney General, a district attorney, a city attorney, or a prosecutor in whose jurisdiction the violation is alleged to have occurred from filing an action over the same alleged violations, and that in any such action, the amount of civil penalty shall be reduced to reflect any payment made at this time.**

Date: March 24, 2017

Name of Noticing Party or attorney for Noticing Party: Environmental Research Center, Inc.

Address: 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108

Phone number: 619-500-3090

**PART 2: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE ALLEGED VIOLATOR OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE**

**Certification of Compliance**

Accurate completion of this form will demonstrate that you are now in compliance with California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 for the alleged violation listed above. You must complete and submit the form below to the Noticing Party at the address shown above, postmarked within 14 days of you receiving this notice.

I hereby agree to pay, within 30 days of completion of this notice, a civil penalty of \$500 to the Noticing Party only and certify that I have complied with Health and Safety Code §25249.6 by (check only one of the following):

- Posting a warning or warnings about the alleged exposure that complies with the law, and attaching a copy of that warning and a photograph accurately showing its placement on my premises;
- Posting the warning or warnings demanded in writing by the Noticing Party, and attaching a copy of that warning and a photograph accurately its placement on my premises; OR
- Eliminating the alleged exposure, and attaching a statement accurately describing how the alleged exposure has been eliminated.

**Certification**

My statements on this form, and on any attachments to it, are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and are made in good faith. I have carefully read the instructions to complete this form. I understand that if I make a false statement on this form, I may be subject to additional penalties under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).

---

Signature of alleged violator or authorized representative Date

---

Name and title of signatory

*FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS. . .*

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at [P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov](mailto:P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov).

Revised: May 2014

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<sup>1</sup> All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

<sup>2</sup> See Section 25501(a)(4).

Note: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.

## **HISTORY**

1. New Appendix A filed 4-22-97; operative 4-22-97 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 97, No. 17).
2. Amendment filed 1-7-2003; operative 2-6-2003 (Register 2003, No. 2).
3. Change without regulatory effect renumbering title 22, section 12903 and Appendix A to title 27, section 25903 and Appendix A, including amendment of appendix, filed 6-18-2008 pursuant to section 100, title 1, California Code of Regulations (Register 2008, No. 25).
4. Amendment filed 11-19-2012; operative 12-19-2012 (Register 2012, No. 47).
5. Amendment of appendix and Note filed 11-19-2014; operative 1-1-2015 (Register 2014, No. 47).

This database is current through 9/18/15 Register 2015, No. 38

27 CCR Appendix A, 27 CA ADC Appendix A

1 **PROOF OF SERVICE**

2 I, Toyer Grear, declare as follows:

3 I am a resident of the State of California, and employed in Oakland, California. I  
4 am over the age of 18 years and am not a party to the above-entitled action. My business  
5 address is 410 12<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 250, Oakland, CA 94607.

6 On June 2, 2017 I served a copy of the foregoing document(s) entitled:

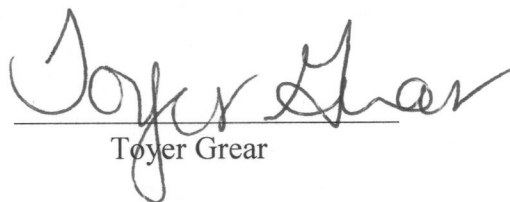
7  
8 **FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL  
9 PENALTIES**

10  **BY U.S. FIRST CLASS MAIL**, placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope  
11 with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Oakland, California.

12 *Attorneys for Bluebonnet Nutrition Corporation:*

13 Richard J. Decker  
14 Marc Berkemeier  
15 RAINES FELDMAN LLP  
16 1800 Avenue of the Stars, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor  
17 Los Angeles, California 90067

18 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the  
19 foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed June 2, 2017, at  
20 Oakland, California.

21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
  
Toyer Grear