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8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	
10	GABRIEL ESPINOSA,	Case No.: Rb 16 822618
11	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES
12	vs.	AND INJUNCTIVE RELEIF
13 14	L.C. INDUSTRIES, INC. t/a LCI BRANDS and STEIN MART HOLDING CORP. t/a STEIN MART,	(Violation of Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq.)
15	Defendants,	
16	Plaintiff Gabriel Espinosa ("Plaintiff" or "Espinosa"), by and through his attorneys,	
17	alleges the following cause of action in the public interest of the citizens of the State of	
18	California.	BYFAX
19		UND OF THE CASE
20	1. Plaintiff brings this representative action on behalf of all California citizens to	
21	enforce relevant portions of Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified	
22	at the Health and Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq ("Proposition 65"), which reads, in relevant part,	
23	"[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any	
24	individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first	
25	giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual". Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.	
26	2. This complaint is a representative action brought by Plaintiff in the public interest	
27	of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the People's right to be informed of the health	
28	hazards caused by exposure to Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP), a toxic chemical found in	
	- 1 -	

COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF – VIOLATION OF HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5

mouthpieces sold and/or distributed by defendants L.C. Industries, Inc. t/a LCI Brands ("LCI Brands"), and Stein Mart Holding Corp. t/a Stein Mart ("Stein Mart") (collectively, "Defendants") in California.

- 3. DEHP is a harmful chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive toxicity. On January 1, 1988 the State of California listed DEHP as a chemical known to the State to cause cancer and it has come under the purview of Proposition 65 regulations since that time. Cal. Code Regs. Tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b). On October 24, 2003, the State of California listed DEHP as a chemical known to cause developmental male reproductive toxicity. *Id.*
- 4. Proposition 65 requires all businesses with ten (10) or more employees that operate within California or sell products therein to comply with Proposition 65 regulations. Included in such regulations is the requirement that businesses must label any product containing a Proposition 65-listed chemical with a "clear and reasonable" warning before "knowingly and intentionally" exposing any person to it.
- 5. Proposition 65 allows for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per violation to be imposed upon defendants in a civil action for violations of Proposition 65. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b). Proposition 65 also allows for any court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin the actions of a defendant which "violate or threaten to violate" the statute. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7.
- 6. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants produce, manufacture, distribute, import, sell, and/or offer for sale, without the required warning, mouthpieces that are an accessory to neck rests, in California containing DEHP. These products include, but are not limited to, *Lewis N. Clark Original Neck Rest Inflatable Pillow, UPC No. 029275045202* (the "Product").
- 7. Defendants' failure to warn consumers, workers, and other individuals in California of the health hazards associated with exposure to DEHP in conjunction with the sale, manufacture, and/or distribution of the Product is a violation of Proposition 65 and subjects Defendants to the enjoinment and civil penalties described herein.

- 8. Plaintiff seeks civil penalties against Defendants for their violations of Proposition 65 in accordance with Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b).
- 9. Plaintiff also seeks injunctive relief, preliminarily and permanently, requiring Defendants to provide purchasers or users of the Product with the required warnings related to the dangers and health hazards associated with exposure to DEHP pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(a).

PARTIES

- 10. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of California acting in the interest of the general public to promote awareness of exposures to toxic chemicals in products sold in California and to improve human health by reducing hazardous substances contained in such items. He brings this action in the public interest pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(d).
- 11. Defendant LCI Brands designs, manufactures, and sells travel gear and apparel. Through its business, LCI Brands effectively manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the Product for sale or use in the State of California, or it implies by its conduct that it manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the Product for sale or use in the State of California. LCI Brands maintains a registered agent for service of process at c/o Norman T. Finkel, 222 S Riverside Plz #2100, Chicago, Illinois 60606.
- 12. Defendant Stein Mart is an American upscale, boutique-style men and women's department store chain based in Jacksonville, Florida. Through its business, Stein Mart effectively imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the Product for sale or use in the State of California, or it implies by its conduct that it manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the Product for sale or use in the State of California. Stein Mart maintains a registered agent for service of process at c/o F&L Corp., One Independent Drive, Ste. 1300, Jacksonville, FL 32207.
- 13. Defendants are each a "person" in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.6 and 25249.11.

VENUE AND JURISDICTION

14. Venue is proper in the County of Alameda because one or more of the instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continue to occur in this county and/or because Defendants conducted, and continue to conduct, business in the County of Alameda with respect to the Product.

- 15. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, § 10, which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts. Health and Safety Code § 25249.7 allows for the enforcement of violations of Proposition 65 in any Court of competent jurisdiction; therefore, this Court has jurisdiction over this lawsuit.
- 16. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because they each have sufficient minimum contacts with the State of California, and/or have otherwise purposefully availed themselves of the California market. Such purposeful availment has rendered the exercise of jurisdiction by California courts consistent and permissible with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

SATISFACTION OF NOTICE REQUIREMNTS

- 17. On March 24, 2016, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violation of Health and Safety Code § 25249.6 (the "Notice") to Defendants concerning the exposure of California citizens to DEHP contained in the Product without proper warning, subject to a private action to Defendants and to the California Attorney General's office and the offices of the County District attorneys and City Attorneys for each city with a population greater than 750,000 persons wherein the herein violations allegedly occurred.
- 18. The Notice complied with all procedural requirements of Proposition 65 including the attachment of a Certificate of Merit affirming that Plaintiff's counsel had consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who reviewed relevant data regarding DEHP exposure, and that counsel believed there was meritorious and reasonable cause for a private action.
- 19. After receiving the Notice, and to Plaintiff's best information and belief, none of the noticed appropriate public enforcement agencies have commenced and diligently prosecuted

a cause of action against Defendants under Proposition 65 to enforce the alleged violations which are the subject of Plaintiff's notice of violation.

20. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty (60) days from the date of his notice to Defendant, as required by law.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(By Plaintiff against Defendants for their Violation of Proposition 65)

- 21. Plaintiff hereby repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 20 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 22. Defendants have, at all times mentioned herein, acted as a manufacturer, distributer, and/or retailer of the Product.
- 23. The Product contains DEHP, a hazardous chemical found on the Proposition 65 list of chemicals known to be hazardous to human health.
 - 24. The Product does not comply with the Proposition 65 warning requirements.
- 26. Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that at all relevant times herein, and at least since February 23, 2016, continuing until the present, that Defendants have continued to knowingly and intentionally expose California users and consumers of the Product to DEHP without providing required warnings under Proposition 65.
- 27. The exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the purchase, acquisition, handling and recommended use of the product. Consequently, the primary route of exposure to these chemicals is through dermal exposure. The potential exists for dermal exposure of DEHP through direct contact with the user's bare hands when the mouthpiece of the neck rest is manipulated or through bare skin on the user's face and neck when the pillow is used. If the neck rest is stored or transported in a carrier, DEHP that leaches from the neck rest mouthpiece may contaminate other articles contained within the carrier bag that are subsequently handled by the user. During inflation, it is likely that direct mouthing of the product will occur which will result in some amount of DEHP ingestion.