GLICK LAW GROUP, P.C. 1 Noam Glick (SBN 251582) 2 Kelsey D. McCarthy (SBN 305372) 225 Broadway, Suite 2100 3 San Diego, California 92101 Tel: (619) 382-3400 4 Fax: (619) 615-2193 5 NICHOLAS & TOMASEVIC, LLP Craig M. Nicholas (SBN 178444) Shaun Markley (SBN 291785) 225 Broadway, 19th Floor 6 San Diego, California 92101 7 Tel: (619) 325-0492 8 Fax: (619) 325-0496 9 Attorneys for Plaintiff, 10 Kim Embry 11 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 12 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAMERANCISCO 13 KIM EMBRY, an individual Case No.: 14 COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES Plaintiff, AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF 15 ٧. (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.) 16 AMAZON.COM, INC., a Delaware corporation, and DOES 1 through 100, 17 inclusive, 18 Defendant. BY FAX 19 ONE LEGAL LLC 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by Plaintiff Kim Embry ("Embry") in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California. Plaintiff seeks to enforce the People's right to be informed of the presence of di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate ("DEHP") found in certain PVC hoses that are manufactured, imported, sold, or distributed for sale in California by Defendants.
- 2. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 *et seq*. ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . ." (Health & Saf. Code, § 25249.6.)
- 3. California identified and listed DEHP as a chemical known to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm as well as cancer as early as January 1, 1988.
- 4. The PVC hoses manufactured, imported, sold, and/or distributed in California contain prohibited levels of DEHP. This includes the BodyFitness Equip PVC Enema Supplies Hose 1.5 M, UPC 654628844869. All such PVC hoses containing DEHP shall be referred to as "Products."
- 5. Defendants failed to sufficiently warn consumers and individuals in California about potential exposure to DEHP in connection with Defendants' manufacture, import, sale, and/or distribution of Products. This is a violation of Proposition 65.
- 6. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief compelling Defendants to provide consumers and individuals in California with sufficient warning pursuant to Proposition 65 and related Regulations. (Health & Saf. Code, § 25249.7, subd. (a).) Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against Defendants for violations of Proposition 65. (Health & Saf. Code, § 25249.7, subd. (b).)

II. PARTIES

7. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of California dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of toxic exposure from consumer products. She brings this action in the public interest pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 25249.7.

- 8. Defendant Amazon.com, Inc. ("Amazon" or "Defendant") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the state of Delaware. Amazon does business in the County of San Francisco, California, within the meaning of California Health and Safety Code section 25249.11. Amazon imports, sells, and/or distributes Products in California and San Francisco County.
- 9. The true names of Defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff sues these Defendants by fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each fictitiously named defendant is responsible for the acts and occurrences herein alleged. When ascertained, their true names shall be reflected in an amended complaint.
- 10. At all times mentioned, Defendants were the agents, alter egos, servants, joint venturers, joint employers, or employees for each other. Defendants acted with the consent of the other co-Defendants and acted within the course, purpose, and scope of their agency, service, or employment. All conduct was ratified by Defendants, and each of them.

III. <u>VENUE AND JURISDICTION</u>

- 11. California Constitution Article VI, section 10, grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all cases except those given by statute to other trial courts. The Health and Safety Code statute upon which this action is based does not give jurisdiction to any other court. As such, this Court has jurisdiction.
- 12. Venue is proper in the San Francisco County Superior Court pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 394, 395, and 395.5. Wrongful conduct occurred and continues to occur in this County. Defendant conducted and continues to conduct business in this County as it relates to Products.
- 13. Defendant has sufficient minimum contacts in the State of California or otherwise purposefully avails itself of the California market. Exercising jurisdiction over Defendant would be consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Proposition 65 – Against all Defendants)

- 14. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above.
- 15. Proposition 65 mandates that citizens be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

- 16. Defendants manufactured, imported, sold, and/or distributed Products containing DEHP in violation of California Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 *et seq*. Plaintiff is informed and believes that such violations have continued after receipt of the Notice and will continue to occur into the future.
- 17. In manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Products, Defendants failed to provide a clear and reasonable warning to consumers and individuals in California who may be exposed to DEHP through reasonably foreseeable use of the Products.
- 18. The Products expose individuals to DEHP through dermal absorption, ingestion, and inhalation.
- 19. Defendants knew or should have known that the Products contained DEHP and exposed individuals to DEHP in the ways provided above. The Notice and certificate of merit, discussed *infra*, informed Defendants of the presence of DEHP in the Products. Likewise, media coverage concerning DEHP in consumer products, including hoses, provided constructive notice to Defendants. By manufacturing, importing, distributing, and/or selling the Products in California, Defendants should know that the Products contain DEHP and that individuals who come into contact with the Products will be exposed to DEHP.
 - 20. Defendants' actions in this regard were deliberate and not accidental.
- 21. On January 19, 2017, Plaintiff provided Amazon a 60-Day Notice of Violation ("Notice") as required by and in compliance with Proposition 65. The Notice was provided to the various required public enforcement agencies and contained a certificate of merit. The Notice alleged that Amazon violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in California of the health hazards associated with exposures to DEHP contained in the Products.
- 22. The appropriate public enforcement agencies that were provided with the Notice failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against Amazon.
- 23. Individuals exposed to DEHP contained in the Products through dermal absorption, ingestion, and/or inhalation resulting from reasonably foreseeable use of the Products have suffered and continue to suffer irreparable harm. There is no other plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

1	24.	Defendants are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day for each violation
2	of Proposition 65 pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 252497, subdivision (b).	
3	Injunctive relief is also appropriate pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 25249.7,	
4	subdivision (a).	
5		PRAYER FOR RELIEF
6	When	refore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:
7	1.	Civil penalties in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation;
8	2.	A preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants from manufacturing,
9		importing, selling, and/or distributing Products in California without providing a clear
10		and reasonable warning as required by Proposition 65 and related Regulations;
11	3.	Reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit; and
12	4.	Such other and further relief as may be just and proper.
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14	Dated: April	21, 2017 GLICK LAW GROUP, P.C.
15		Noan Glech
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17		By: Noam Glick
18		Kelsey D. McCarthy
19		Attorneys for Plaintiff
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