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ENDORSED
FILED
Superior Court of California
County of San Francisco

APR 12 2017

CLERK OF THE COURT
BY: ROSSALY DELAVEGA
Deputy Clerk

10 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA
11 COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

CGC 17-558139

12 ERIKA MCCARTNEY, in the public interest,)
13)

14 Plaintiff,)

15 v.)

16 EARTH SOURCE, INC, a California)
corporation, and DOES 1 through 500, inclusive,)

17 Defendants.)
18)
19)

CIVIL ACTION NO.

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE
RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES

[Cal. Health and Safety Code
Sec. 25249.6, *et seq.*]

20 BY FAX

21 ONE LEGAL LLC
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1 Erika McCartney, in the public interest, based on information and belief and investigation of
2 counsel, except for information based on knowledge, hereby makes the following allegations.

3 4 INTRODUCTION

5 1. This Complaint seeks to remedy Defendant's continuing failure to adequately warn
6 individuals in California that they are being exposed to cadmium, a chemical known to the State of
7 California to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm. Such exposures have occurred, and
8 continue to occur, through the manufacture, distribution, sale and consumption of Defendant's
9 "Righteously Raw Pure Dark 83% Cacao Bar" (the "Product.") On information and belief, the
10 Product is available to consumers in California through a multitude of retail channels including,
11 without limitation: (a) via the internet through Defendant's website; and (c) via the internet
12 through third-party retail websites; and (c) via traditional "brick and mortar" third-party retail
13 locations. Consumers are exposed to cadmium when they consume the Product.
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15 2. Under California's Proposition 65, Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, *et seq.*, it is
16 unlawful for businesses to knowingly and intentionally expose individuals in California to
17 chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm without
18 providing clear and reasonable warnings to individuals prior to their exposure. Defendant
19 introduces a product contaminated with significant quantities of cadmium into the California
20 marketplace, exposing consumers of the Product to cadmium.
21

22 3. Despite the fact that the Defendant exposes consumers to cadmium, during the
23 relevant period Defendant provided no warning about the reproductive hazards associated with
24 cadmium exposure. Defendant's conduct thus violates the warning provision of Proposition 65,
25 Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.
26

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d).

5. Defendant EARTH SOURCE, INC. ("Defendant") is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. This Defendant manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Product for sale and use in California.

6. The true names of DOES 1 through 500 are unknown to Plaintiff at this time. When their identities are ascertained, the Complaint shall be amended to reflect their true names.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7, which allows enforcement in any court of competent jurisdiction, and pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, because this case is a cause not given by statute to other trial courts.

8. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendant as a business entity that does sufficient business, has sufficient minimum contacts in California, or otherwise intentionally avails itself of the California market through the sale, marketing or use of the Product in California and/or by having such other contacts with California so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

9. Venue is proper in San Francisco County Superior Court because one or more of the violations arise in the County of San Francisco.

BACKGROUND

10. The People of the State of California have declared by initiative under Proposition 65 their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm." Proposition 65 § 1(b).

11. To effectuate this goal, Proposition 65 prohibits exposing people to chemicals listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm above certain levels without a "clear and reasonable warning" unless the business responsible for the exposure can prove that it fits within a statutory exemption. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 states, in pertinent part:

No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual

12. On May 1, 1997, the State of California officially listed cadmium as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. Cadmium is specifically identified as a reproductive toxicant under two subcategories: "developmental reproductive toxicity," which means harm to the developing fetus, and "male reproductive toxicity," which means harm to the male reproductive system. 27 California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") § 27001(c). On May 1, 1998, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity, cadmium became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding reproductive toxicants under Proposition 65.

13. The level of exposure to a chemical causing reproductive toxicity under Proposition 65 is determined by multiplying the level in question times the reasonably anticipated rate of exposure for an individual to a given medium. 27 C.C.R. § 25821(b). For exposures to consumer

1 products, the level of exposure is calculated using the reasonably anticipated rate of intake or
2 exposure for average users of the consumer product. 27 C.C.R. § 25821(c)(2).

3 14. Defendant's Product contains sufficient quantities of cadmium such that consumers,
4 including pregnant women, who consume the Product are exposed to cadmium. The primary route
5 of exposure for the violations is direct ingestion when consumers orally ingest the Product. These
6 exposures occur in homes, workplaces and everywhere in California where the Product is
7 consumed.
8

9 15. During the relevant one-year period herein, no clear and reasonable warning was
10 provided with the Product regarding the reproductive hazards of cadmium.

11 16. Any person acting in the public interest has standing to enforce violations of
12 Proposition 65 provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a valid
13 60-Day Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the action
14 within such time. Health & Safety Code §25249.7(d).
15

16 17. More than sixty days prior to naming each Defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiff
17 provided a 60-Day "Notice of Violation of Proposition 65" to the California Attorney General, the
18 District Attorneys of every county in California, the City Attorneys of every California city with a
19 population greater than 750,000 and to the named Defendant. In compliance with Health & Safety
20 Code § 25249.7(d) and 27 C.C.R. § 25903(b), each Notice included the following information: (1)
21 the name and address of each violator; (2) the statute violated; (3) the time period during which
22 violations occurred; (4) specific descriptions of the violations, including (a) the routes of exposure
23 to cadmium, *inter alia*, from the Product, and (b) the specific type of Product sold and used in
24 violation of Proposition 65; and (5) the name of the specific Proposition 65-listed chemical that is
25 the subject of the violations described in each Notice.
26

1 18. Plaintiff also sent a Certificate of Merit for each Notice to the California Attorney
2 General, the District Attorneys of every county in California, the City Attorneys of every California
3 city with a population greater than 750,000 and to the named Defendant. In compliance with
4 Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3101, each Certificate certified that Plaintiff's
5 counsel: (1) has consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or
6 expertise who reviewed facts, studies or other data regarding the exposures to Cadmium alleged in
7 each Notice; and (2) based on the information obtained through such consultations, believes that
8 there is a reasonable and meritorious case for a citizen enforcement action based on the facts
9 alleged in each Notice. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. §
10 3102, each Certificate served on the Attorney General included factual information - provided on a
11 confidential basis – sufficient to establish the basis for the Certificate, including the identity of the
12 person(s) consulted by the Plaintiff's counsel and the facts, studies or other data reviewed by such
13 persons.
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15 19. None of the public prosecutors with the authority to prosecute violations of
16 Proposition 65 has commenced and/or is diligently prosecuting a cause of action against Defendant
17 under Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, *et seq.*, based on the claims asserted in Plaintiff's Notice.
18

19 20. Defendant both knows and intends that individuals will consume the Product, thus
20 exposing them to cadmium.

21 21. Under Proposition 65, an exposure is "knowing" where the party responsible for
22 such exposure has:

23 knowledge of the fact that a[n] ... exposure to a chemical listed pursuant
24 to [Health & Safety Code § 25249.8(a)] is occurring. No knowledge that
25 the ... exposure is unlawful is required.
26

1 27 C.C.R. § 25102(n). This knowledge may be either actual or constructive. *See, e.g.*, Final
2 Statement of Reasons Revised (November 4, 1988) (pursuant to former 22 C.C.R. Division 2, §
3 12201).

4 22. Defendant has also been informed of the cadmium in the Product by the 60-Day
5 Notice of Violation and accompanying Certificate of Merit served on it.

6 23. Defendant also has constructive knowledge that its Product contains cadmium due to
7 the widespread media coverage concerning the problem of Cadmium in consumer products in
8 general, and, in particular, cocoa and chocolate products.

9 24. As an entity that manufactures, imports, distributes and/or sells the Product for use
10 in the California marketplace, Defendant knows or should know that the Product contains cadmium
11 and that individuals who consume the Product will be exposed to cadmium. The cadmium
12 exposures to consumers who consume the Product are a natural and foreseeable consequence of
13 Defendant's placing the Product into the stream of commerce.

14 25. Nevertheless, Defendant continues to expose consumers to cadmium without prior
15 clear and reasonable warnings regarding the reproductive hazards of cadmium.

16 26. Any person "violating or threatening to violate" Proposition 65 may be enjoined in
17 any court of competent jurisdiction. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7. "Threaten to violate" is
18 defined to mean "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation
19 will occur." Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(e). Proposition 65 provides for civil penalties not
20 to exceed \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65.
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CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of the Health & Safety Code 25249.6)

27. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive.

28. By placing the Product into the stream of commerce, Defendant is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.

29. Cadmium is a chemical listed by the State of California as known to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm.

30. Defendant knows that typical use of the Product will expose users of the Product to cadmium. Defendant intends that the Product be used in a manner that results in exposures to cadmium from the Products.

31. Defendant has failed to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the reproductive toxicity of cadmium to users of the Products.

32. By committing the acts alleged above, Defendant has at all times relevant to this Complaint violated Proposition 65 by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to cadmium without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such individuals regarding the reproductive toxicity of cadmium.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendant as follows:

1. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b), assess civil penalties against the Defendant in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65;

1 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a), preliminarily and
2 permanently enjoin Defendant from offering the Product for sale in California without either
3 reformulating the Products such that no Proposition 65 warnings are required or providing prior
4 clear and reasonable warnings, as Plaintiff shall specify in further application to the Court;

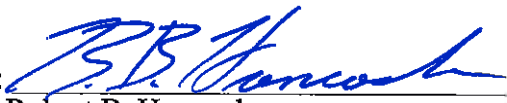
5 3. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a), order Defendant to
6 take action to stop ongoing unwarranted exposures to cadmium resulting from use of Product sold,
7 as Plaintiff shall specify in further application to the Court;

8 4. That the Court, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 or any other applicable
9 theory or doctrine, grant Plaintiff her reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and
10

11 5. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

12 Dated: April 10, 2017.

PACIFIC JUSTICE CENTER

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15 By: 
16 Robert B. Hancock
Attorneys for Plaintiff
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