

Daniel N. Greenbaum, Esq. (SBN 268104)  
LAW OFFICE OF DANIEL N. GREENBAUM  
The Hathaway Building  
7120 Hayvenhurst Ave., Suite 320  
Van Nuys CA 91406  
Telephone: (818) 809-2199  
Facsimile: (424) 243-7689  
Email: dgreenbaum@greenbaumlawfirm.com

Attorney for Shefa LMV, INC.

CONFORMED COPY  
ORIGINAL FILED  
Superior Court of California  
County of Los Angeles

JUN 12 2017

Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk  
By: Judi Lara, Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

SHEFA LMV, INC.,

Plaintiff,

vs.

SOUTHERN TELECOM, INC.; and DOES 1  
through 100, Inclusive,

Defendants.

) Unlimited Jurisdiction

) CASE NO.

**BC 6 6 4 8 4 2**

) COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTY AND  
) INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

) (Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.)

) TOXIC TORT/ENVIRONMENTAL

By Fax

1 Plaintiff, Shefa LMV, INC., hereby alleges:

## 2 **I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

3 1. This complaint seeks to remedy the failure of Defendants to warn persons of exposure  
4 to Di[2-Ethylhexyl] Phthalate (“DEHP”), a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer  
5 and/or reproductive harm.

6 2. Under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health & Safety  
7 Code § 25249.6 (also known as “Proposition 65”) businesses must provide persons with a “clear and  
8 reasonable warning” before exposing individuals to chemicals known to the state to cause cancer,  
9 birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## 10 **II. PARTIES**

11 3. Plaintiff is a non-profit public benefit corporation formed pursuant to the laws of the  
12 State of California, made up of California citizens, represented by and through its counsel of record,  
13 the Law Office of Daniel N. Greenbaum.

14 4. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) provides that actions to enforce Proposition 65  
15 may be brought by “any person in the public interest.”

16 5. Defendant SOUTHERN TELECOM, INC. is a business entity with ten or more  
17 employees that sells, or has, at times relevant to this complaint, authorized the manufacture,  
18 distribution, or sale of plastic headphone products, including but not limited to Art & Sound  
19 Bluetooth Wireless Headphones AR500-BK, with a product identifier of UPC: 680079350024, that  
20 contain DEHP, for sale within the State of California, without first giving clear and reasonable  
21 warning.

22 6. The identities of DOES 1 through 100 are unknown to Plaintiff at this time; however,  
23 Plaintiff suspects they are business entities with at least ten or more employees that have sold,  
24 authorized the distribution, or sale of plastic headphone products, including but not limited to Art &  
25 Sound Bluetooth Wireless Headphones AR500-BK, with a product identifier of UPC:  
26 680079350024, that contain DEHP, for sale within the State of California, without first giving clear  
27 and reasonable warning.

7. SOUTHERN TELECOM, INC. and DOES 1 through 100 (hereinafter and collectively known as the “Defendants”) named in paragraphs 5 and 6 have at all times relevant hereto authorized the manufacture, distribution, or sale of plastic headphone products, including but not limited to Art & Sound Bluetooth Wireless Headphones AR500-BK, with a product identifier of UPC: 680079350024, that contain DEHP (hereinafter “PRODUCTS”), for sale within the State of California, without first giving clear and reasonable warning.

### III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, section 10, because this case is a cause not given by statute to other trial courts.

9. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants, because they are business entities that do sufficient business, have sufficient minimum contacts in California, or otherwise intentionally avail themselves of the California market, through the sale, marketing, and use of its products in California, to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

10. Venue is proper in this Court because the cause, or part thereof, arises in Los Angeles County because Defendant's products are sold and consumed in this county.

## IV. STATUTORY BACKGROUND

### A. Proposition 65

11. The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 is an initiative statute passed as “Proposition 65” by a vote of the people in November of 1986.

12. The warning requirement of Proposition 65 is contained in Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, which provides:

No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual, except as provided in Section 25249.10.

13. An exposure to a chemical in a consumer product is one “which results from a person’s acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service.” (27 CCR 25602(b))

14. Proposition 65 establishes a procedure by which the State develops a list of chemicals “known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.” (Health & Safety Code § 25249.8.)

15. No warning need be given concerning a listed chemical until one year after the chemical first appears on the list. (Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).)

16. Any person “violating or threatening to violate” the statute may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7.)

17. To “threaten to violate” is defined to mean “to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur.” (Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(e).)

18. In addition, violators are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation, recoverable in a civil action. (Health & Safety Code § 25249.7 (b).)

19. Actions to enforce the law “may be brought by the Attorney General in the name of the People of the State of California [or] by any district attorney [or] by any City Attorney of a City having a population in excess of 750,000 . . .” (Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(c).)

20. Private parties are given authority to enforce Proposition 65 “in the public interest,” but only if the private party first provides written notice of a violation to the alleged violator, the Attorney General, and every District Attorney in whose jurisdiction the alleged violation occurs.

21. If no public prosecutors commence enforcement within sixty days, then the private party may sue. (Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d).)

22. No such governmental action has been pursued against Defendants.

## V. FACTS

23. DEHP was placed on the Governor's list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer on January 1, 1988. (27 CCR 27001(b))

24. DEHP was placed on the Governor's list of chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity on October 24, 2003. (27 CCR 27001(b))

1           25. Defendants are the manufacturer and marketer of the PRODUCTS for use by  
2 individuals in the home and in other occupational endeavors.

3           26. The PRODUCTS are sold through various retailers located in California for use by  
4 citizens of the State of California.

5           27. Individuals who purchase, handle, or use the PRODUCTS are exposed to DEHP  
6 chiefly through:

7               a. contact between the item and the skin;

8               b. transfer of DEHP from the skin to the mouth, both by transfer of DEHP  
9 directly from the hand to mouth and by transfer of DEHP from the skin to objects that are put  
10 in the mouth, such as food, and

11              c. through absorption of DEHP through the skin.

12           28. Such individuals are thereby exposed to the DEHP that is present on or in the  
13 PRODUCTS in the course of the intended and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS.

14           29. At all times material to this complaint, Defendants have had knowledge that the  
15 PRODUCTS contain DEHP and that an individual's skin may come into contact with DEHP through  
16 the intended and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS.

17           30. At all times material to this complaint, Defendants have had knowledge that  
18 individuals within the State of California handle the PRODUCTS, which contain DEHP.

19           31. At all times material to this complaint, Defendants knew that the PRODUCTS were  
20 sold throughout the State of California in large numbers, and Defendants profited from such sales.

21           32. Notwithstanding this knowledge, Defendants intentionally authorized and reauthorized  
22 the sale of the PRODUCTS, thereby exposing consumers to DEHP.

23           33. At all times material to this complaint, therefore, Defendants have knowingly and  
24 intentionally exposed individuals within the State of California to DEHP.

25           34. The exposure is knowing and intentional because it is the result of the Defendants'  
26 deliberate act of authorizing the sale of products known to contain DEHP, in a manner whereby these  
27 products were, and would inevitably be, sold to consumers within the state of California, and with the  
28

1 knowledge that the intended use of this PRODUCTS would result in exposures to DEHP by  
2 individuals within the State of California.

3 35. Defendants have failed to provide clear and reasonable warnings that the use of the  
4 PRODUCTS in question in California results in exposure to a chemical known to the State of  
5 California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm, and no such warning was  
6 provided to those individuals by any other person.

## 7 **VI. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 8 **(Against All Defendants for Violation of Proposition 65)**

9 36. Paragraphs 1 through 35 are re-alleged as if fully set forth herein.

10 37. By committing the acts alleged above, Defendants have, in the course of doing  
11 business, knowingly and intentionally exposed individuals in California to chemicals known to the  
12 State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable  
13 warning to such individuals, within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

14 38. Said violations render Defendants liable to Plaintiffs for civil penalties not to exceed  
15 \$2,500 per day for each violation, as well as other remedies.

## 17 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

18 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray that the Court:

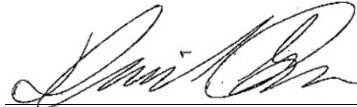
- 19 1. Pursuant to the First Causes of Action, grant civil penalties according to proof;
  - 20 2. Pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7, enter such temporary restraining orders,  
21 preliminary injunctions, permanent injunctions, or other orders prohibiting Defendant from  
22 exposing persons within the State of California to Listed Chemicals caused by the use of their  
23 products without providing clear and reasonable warnings, as Plaintiffs shall specify in further  
24 application to the court;
  - 25 3. Award Plaintiffs their costs of suit;
  - 26 4. Grant such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.
- 27  
28

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

Respectfully submitted,

DATED: June 12, 2017

LAW OFFICE OF DANIEL N. GREENBAUM



By: DANIEL N. GREENBAUM  
Attorneys for Plaintiff  
Shefa LMV, INC.