GLICK LAW GROUP, PC 1 Noam Glick (SBN 251582) Superior Court of California County of San Francisco 2 Kelsey McCarthy (SBN 305372) 225 Broadway, Suite 2100 San Diego, California 92101 MAY 2 5 2017 3 Telephone: (619) 382-3400 Facsimile: (619) 615-2193 CLERK OF THE COURT 4 Email: noam@glicklawgroup.com BOWMAN LIU BY: Email: kelsey@glicklawgroup.com Deputy Clerk 5 6 Attorneys for Plaintiff Kim Embry 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 9 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO Case No.: CGC - 17 - 559167 KIM EMBRY, an individual 10 Plaintiff, **COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES** 11 AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF 12 ٧. (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.) COQUETTE INTERNATIONAL, INC., an 13 Ontario corporation, AMAZON.COM, INC., a Delaware corporation, and DOES 1 through 14 100, inclusive, 15 Defendants. 16 BY FAX 17 ONE LEGAL LLC 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by Plaintiff in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California. Plaintiff seeks to enforce the People's right to be informed of the presence of di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate ("DEHP") ("Listed Chemical") found in Darque Womens Rubber Look PVC Bra manufactured, imported, sold, or distributed for sale in California by Defendants.
- 2. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . ." (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.)
- 3. California identified and listed DEHP as a chemical known to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm as well as cancer as early as January 1, 1988.
- 4. Darque Womens Rubber Look PVC Bra manufactured, imported, sold, or distributed in California contains prohibited levels of DEHP ("Products").
- 5. Defendants failed to sufficiently warn consumers and individuals in California about potential exposure to DEHP in connection with Defendants' manufacture, import, sale, or distribution of Products. This is a violation of Proposition 65.
- 6. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief compelling Defendants to sufficiently warn consumers in California before exposing them to DEHP in Products or other products containing DEHP pursuant to Proposition 65 and related Regulations. (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a).) Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against Defendant for its violations of Proposition 65. (Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b).)

#### II. PARTIES

7. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of California dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of toxic exposure from consumer products. She brings this action in the public interest pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7.

- 8. Defendant COQUETTE INTERNATIONAL, INC. ("Coquette") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Ontario, Canada. Coquette is registered to do and does business in California, County of San Francisco, within the meaning of Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Coquette manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes Products in California and San Francisco County.
- 9. Defendant AMAZON.COM, INC. ("Amazon") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Amazon does business in California, County of San Francisco, within the meaning of Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Amazon manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes Products in California and San Francisco County. (Amazon and Coquette are collectively referred to as "Defendants.")
- 10. The true names of Defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff sues these Defendants by fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each fictitiously named defendant is responsible for the acts and occurrences herein alleged. When ascertained, their true names shall be reflected in an amended complaint.
- 11. At all times mentioned, Defendants were the agents, alter egos, servants, joint venturers, joint employers, or employees for each other. Defendants acted with the consent of the other Co-Defendants and acted within the course, purpose, and scope of their agency, service, or employment. All conduct was ratified by Defendants, and each of them.

#### III. VENUE AND JURISDICTION

- 12. California Constitution Article VI, Section 10 grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all cases except those given by statute to other trial courts. The Health & Safety Code statute upon which this action is based does not give jurisdiction to any other court. As such, this Court has jurisdiction.
- 13. Venue is proper in San Francisco County Superior Court pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Sections 394, 395, and 395.5. Wrongful conduct occurred and continues to occur in this County. Defendants conducted and continue to conduct business in this County as it relates to Products.

14. Defendants have sufficient minimum contacts in the State of California or otherwise purposefully avails themselves of the California market. Exercising jurisdiction over Defendants would be consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

## IV. CAUSES OF ACTION

## FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Proposition 65 – Against all Defendants)

- 15. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above.
- 16. Proposition 65 mandates that citizens be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.
- 17. Defendants manufactured, imported, sold, and/or distributed Products containing Listed Chemical in violation of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 et seq. Plaintiff is informed and believes such violations have continued after receipt of the Notice (defined *infra*) and will continue to occur into the future.
- 18. In manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Products, Defendants failed to provide a clear and reasonable warning to consumers and individuals in California who may be exposed to the Listed Chemical through reasonably foreseeable use of the Products.
- 19. The presence of Listed Chemical in Products exposes individuals to the Listed Chemicals through dermal absorption and ingestion.
- 20. Defendants knew or should have known that the Products contained Listed Chemical and exposed individuals to Listed Chemical in the ways provided above. The Notice informed Defendants of the presence of Listed Chemical in the Products. Likewise, media coverage concerning Listed Chemical and related chemicals in consumer products, including PVC products provided constructive notice to Defendants. By manufacturing, importing, distributing, and/or selling Products in California, Defendants should know that the Products contain Listed Chemical and that individuals who come into contact with Products will be exposed to Listed Chemicals.
  - 21. Defendants' actions in this regard were deliberate and not accidental.
- 22. On March 20, 2017, Plaintiff provided Defendants a 60-Day Notice of Violation ("Notice") as required by and in compliance with Proposition 65. The Notice was provided to the