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2		JUL 0 3 2018
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4		By CUHIIVAH GANTER Deputy
5	Attorneys for Plaintiff Michael DiPirro	
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7	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
8	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	
9 10	UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION	
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11	MICHAEL DIPIRRO,	Case No. RG17886910
12	Plaintiff,	
13	V.	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE
15		RELIEF
16	UNION COLLECTIVE; MR. NICE GUY dba DTLA COLLECTIVE; and DOES 1-150,	(Health & Safety Code. § 25249.6 et seq.)
17	Defendants.	
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	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PEN	ALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

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NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This First Amended Complaint ("Complaint") is a representative action brought by plaintiff MICHAEL DIPIRRO in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the People's right to be informed of the presence of marijuana smoke, a toxic chemical created by the use of marijuana intended for smoking and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana sold in California.

2. By this Complaint, plaintiff seeks to remedy defendants' continuing failure to warn California citizens about the risk of exposure to marijuana smoke from the use of marijuana intended for smoking, and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, manufactured, distributed, and offered for sale or use to consumers throughout the state of California.

3. High levels of marijuana smoke are commonly produced and consumed through the use of marijuana intended for smoking, and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, that defendants manufacture, distribute, and offer for sale to consumers throughout the state of California.

4. Under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at
Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 *et seq.* ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of
doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to
the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable
warning to such individual" Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

5. Pursuant to Proposition 65, on June 19, 2009, California identified and listed marijuana smoke as a chemical known to cause cancer. Marijuana smoke became subject to the "clear and reasonable warning" requirements of the act one year later on June 19, 2010. Cal. Code Regs. tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b). Marijuana smoke is referred to hereinafter as the "LISTED CHEMICAL."

6. Defendants manufacture or otherwise process for sale, distribute, and sell
marijuana intended for smoking, and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, including, but not
limited to, unprocessed marijuana intended to be heated until combustion, then inhaled

(specifically, flowers, leaves, and other organic parts of marijuana plants such as kief), and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, including, but not limited to, water bongs, smoking pipes, rolling papers, and blunts, the consumption and use of which result in marijuana smoke in levels that require a warning under Proposition 65. All such marijuana intended for smoking and paraphernalia for smoking marijuana, the consumption and use of which results in marijuana smoke, are referred to collectively hereinafter as "PRODUCTS."

7. Defendants' failure to warn consumers and other individuals in the state of
California about their exposure to the LISTED CHEMICAL in conjunction with defendants' sales of the PRODUCTS is a violation of Proposition 65, and subjects defendants to enjoinment of such conduct as well as civil penalties for each violation. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a) & (b)(1).

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8. For defendants' violations of Proposition 65, plaintiff seeks preliminary and permanent injunctive relief to compel defendants to provide purchasers or users of the PRODUCTS with the required warning regarding the health hazards of the LISTED CHEMICAL. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a).

9. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against defendants for their violations of Proposition 65.

PARTIES

10. Plaintiff MICHAEL DIPIRRO is a citizen of the state of California who is dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of toxic exposures from consumer products; and he brings this action in the public interest pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(d).

23 11. Defendant UNION COLLECTIVE ("UNION") is a person in the course of doing
24 business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11.

12. UNION manufactures (or otherwise processes for sale), distributes, and/or offers
the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the state of California, or implies by its conduct that it
manufactures, distributes, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the state of California.

13. Defendant MR. NICE GUY dba DTLA COLLECTIVE ("NICE") is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11.

14. NICE manufactures (or otherwise processes for sale), distributes, and/or offers the

PRODUCTS for sale or use in the state of California, or implies by its conduct that it manufactures, distributes, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the state of California. On information and belief, UNION and NICE and their dbas have commonality of ownership.

15. Defendants DOES 1-50 ("MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS") are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11.

16. MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS research, test, design, assemble, fabricate, cultivate, harvest and/or manufacture, or imply by their conduct that they research, test, design, assemble, fabricate, cultivate, harvest and/or manufacture one or more of the PRODUCTS offered for sale or use in the state of California.

14 17. Defendants DOES 51-100 ("DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS") are each a person 15 in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11.

18. 16 DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS distribute, exchange, transfer, process, and/or transport one or more of the PRODUCTS to individuals, businesses, or retailers for sale or use 17 in the state of California. 18

19 Defendants DOES 101-150 ("RETAILER DEFENDANTS") are each a person in 19. 20 the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11.

20. RETAILER DEFENDANTS offer the PRODUCTS for sale to individuals in the state of California. 22

23 21. At this time, the true names of defendants DOES 1 through 150, inclusive, are 24 unknown to plaintiff, who, therefore, sues said defendants by their fictitious names pursuant to 25 Code of Civil Procedure section 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible for the acts and occurrences 26 27 alleged herein. When ascertained, their true names shall be reflected in an amended complaint.

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22. UNION, NICE, MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS, DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS, and RETAILER DEFENDANTS shall, where appropriate, collectively be referred to as "DEFENDANTS."

VENUE AND JURISDICTION

23. Venue is proper in the Alameda County Superior Court, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 393, 395, and 395.5, because this Court is a court of competent jurisdiction, because one or more instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continue to occur, in Alameda County, because DEFENDANTS market or otherwise offer to sell the PRODUCTS to California business and leisure travelers or other consumers all over the state, including to residents of Alameda County, and/or because DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in this county with respect to the PRODUCTS.

24. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this action is brought does not specify any other basis of subject matter jurisdiction.

25. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANTS based on plaintiff's information and good faith belief that each defendant is a person, firm, corporation or association that is a citizen of the state of California, has sufficient minimum contacts in the state of California, and/or otherwise purposefully avails itself of the California market. DEFENDANTS' purposeful availment renders the exercise of personal jurisdiction by California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of Proposition 65 - Against All Defendants)

26. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, Paragraphs 1 through 25, inclusive.

27. In enacting Proposition 65, in the preamble to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, the People of California expressly declare their right "[t]o be

informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm."

28. Proposition 65 states, "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual" Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

29. On April 20, 2017, plaintiff's sixty-day notice of violation, together with the requisite certificate of merit, was provided to UNION, NICE, and certain public enforcement agencies stating that, as a result of DEFENDANTS' sales of the PRODUCTS containing the LISTED CHEMICAL, purchasers and users in the state of California were being exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL resulting from the reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS, without the individual purchasers and users first having been provided with a "clear and reasonable warning" regarding such toxic exposures, as required by Proposition 65.

14 30. DEFENDANTS have engaged in the manufacture, distribution, and/or offering of 15 the PRODUCTS for sale or use in violation of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, and 16 such violations have continued to occur beyond DEFENDANTS' receipt of plaintiff's sixty-day notice of violation. As such, DEFENDANTS' violations are ongoing and continuous in nature, 17 18 and will continue to occur in the future.

19 31. After receiving the claims asserted in the sixty-day notice of violation, the 20 appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against DEFENDANTS under Proposition 65.

32. The PRODUCTS manufactured, distributed, and offered for sale or use in California by DEFENDANTS contain the LISTED CHEMICAL in amounts above the allowable state limits, such that they require a "clear and reasonable warning" under Proposition 65.

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33. DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that the PRODUCTS they manufacture, distribute, and offer for sale or use in California contain the LISTED CHEMICAL.
 34. The LISTED CHEMICAL results from the use and consumption of the

PRODUCTS in such a way as to expose individuals through dermal contact and/or ingestion during reasonably foreseeable use.

35. The normal and reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS have caused, and continue to cause, consumer exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL, as such exposures are defined by California Code of Regulations title 27, section 25602(b).

36. DEFENDANTS had knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable uses
of the PRODUCTS expose individuals to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact
and/or ingestion.

37. DEFENDANTS intended that such exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL from
the reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS would occur by their deliberate, nonaccidental participation in the manufacture, distribution, and offering of the PRODUCTS for
sale or use to individuals in the state of California.

38. DEFENDANTS failed to provide a "clear and reasonable warning" to those
consumers and other individuals in the state of California who were or who would become
exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact and/or ingestion during the
reasonably foreseeable uses of the PRODUCTS.

39. Contrary to the express policy and statutory prohibition of Proposition 65 enacted directly by California voters, individuals exposed to the LISTED CHEMICAL through dermal contact and/or ingestion resulting from the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS sold by DEFENDANTS without a "clear and reasonable warning", have suffered, and continue to suffer, irreparable harm for which they have no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

1	40. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), as a consequence of the		
2	above-described acts, DEFENDANTS are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day		
3	for each violation.		
4	41. As a consequence of the above-described acts, Health and Safety Code		
5	section 25249.7(a) also specifically authorizes the Court to grant injunctive relief against		
6	DEFENDANTS.		
7	PRAYER FOR RELIEF		
8	Wherefore, plaintiff prays for judgment against DEFENDANTS as follows:		
9	1. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b), assess		
10	civil penalties against DEFENDANTS in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation;		
11	2. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(a),		
12	preliminarily and permanently enjoin DEFENDANTS from manufacturing, distributing, or		
13	offering the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California without first providing a "clear and		
14	reasonable warning" as defined by California Code of Regulations title 27, section 25601 et		
15	seq., as to the harms associated with exposures to the LISTED CHEMICAL;		
16	3. That the Court grant plaintiff his reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and		
17	4. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.		
18	Dated: July 3, 2018 Respectfully Submitted,		
19	Dated: July		
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21	By: Jennifer Henry		
22	Attorneys for Plaintiff MICHAEL DIPIRRO		
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	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF		