1 Evan J. Smith, Esquire (SBN 242352) Ryan P. Cardona, Esquire (SBN 302113) MAT TERM BRODSKY & SMITH, LLC 9595 Wilshire Blvd., Ste. 900 Beverly Hills, CA 90212 Telephone: (877) 534-2590 Facsimile: (310) 247-0160 CLERK OF YOU ARE ARE A COUNT 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff By: FREE, S. KIED, Descripб 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 COUNTY OF ALAMEDA 9 10 GABRIEL ESPINOSA, 11 RG17880265 Plaintiff. 12 COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELEIF 13 (Violation of Health & Safety Code §25249.5 AAW PRODUCTS, INC., 14 et seg.) Defendant. 15 16 17 Plaintiff Gabriel Espinosa ("Plaintiff"), by and through his attorneys, alleges the 18 following cause of action in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California. 19 BACKGROUND OF THE CASE 20 1. Plaintiff brings this representative action on behalf of all California citizens to 21 enforce relevant portions of Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified 22 at the Health and Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq ("Proposition 65"), which reads, in relevant part, 23 "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any 24 individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first 25 giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual ...". Health & Safety Code § 25249.6. 26 This complaint is a representative action brought by Plaintiff in the public interest 27 of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the People's right to be informed of the health

hazards caused by exposure to Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP), a toxic chemical found in MagnoGrip Magnetic Tool Pouches manufactured, sold and/or distributed in California by defendant AAW Products Inc. doing business as MagnoGrip Inc. and MDG Tools Inc. ("AAW" or "Defendant") in California.

- 3. DEHP is a harmful chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive toxicity. On January 1, 1988, the State of California listed DEHP as a chemical known to the State to cause cancer and DEHP has come under the purview of Proposition 65 regulations since that time. Cal. Code Regs. Tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b). On October 24, 2003, the State of California listed DEHP as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity.
- 4. Proposition 65 requires all businesses with ten (10) or more employees that operate within California or sell products therein to comply with Proposition 65 regulations.

 Included in such regulations is the requirement that businesses must label any product containing a Proposition 65-listed chemical with a "clear and reasonable" warning before "knowingly and intentionally" exposing any person to it.
- 5. Proposition 65 allows for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per violation to be imposed upon defendants in a civil action for violations of Proposition 65. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b). Proposition 65 also allows for any court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin the actions of a defendant which "violate[s] or threaten[s] to violate" the statute. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7.
- 6. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant manufactures, distributes, imports, sells, and/or offers for sale in California, without the required Proposition 65 exposure warning, MagnoGrip Magnetic Tool Pouches ("Product" or "Products") that contain DEHP.
- 7. Defendant's failure to warn consumers and other individuals in California of the health hazards associated with exposure to DEHP in conjunction with the sale, manufacture, and/or distribution of the Products is a violation of Proposition 65 and subjects Defendant to the enjoinment and civil penalties described herein.

given by statute to other trial courts. Health and Safety Code § 25249.7 allows for the

this Court has jurisdiction over this lawsuit.

enforcement of violations of Proposition 65 in any Court of competent jurisdiction; therefore,

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15. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendant because it is either a citizen of the State of California, has sufficient minimum contacts with the State of California, is registered with the California Secretary of State as foreign corporations authorized to do business in the State of California, and/or has otherwise purposefully availed itself of the California market. Such purposeful availment has rendered the exercise of jurisdiction by California courts consistent and permissible with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

SATISFACTION OF NOTICE REQUIREMNTS

- 16. On May 2, 2016, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violation of Health and Safety Code § 25249.6 (the "Notice") to AAW concerning the exposure of California citizens to DEHP contained in the Products without proper warning, subject to a private action to AAW and to the California Attorney General's office and the offices of the County District attorneys and City Attorneys for each city with a population greater than 750,000 persons wherein the herein violations allegedly occurred.
- 17. The Notice complied with all procedural requirements of Proposition 65 including the attachment of a Certificate of Merit affirming that Plaintiff's counsel had consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who reviewed relevant data regarding DEHP exposure, and that counsel believed there was meritorious and reasonable cause for a private action.
- 18. After receiving the Notice, and to Plaintiff's best information and belief, none of the noticed appropriate public enforcement agencies have commenced and diligently prosecuted a cause of action against AAW under Proposition 65 to enforce the alleged violations which are the subject of Plaintiff's notice of violation.
- 19. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty (60) days from the date of the Notice to AAW, as required by law.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(By Plaintiff against Defendant for the Violation of Proposition 65)

20. Plaintiff hereby repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 19 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.

- 21. Defendant has, at all times mentioned herein, acted as manufacturer, distributer, and/or retailer of the Product.
- 22. The Products contain DEHP, a hazardous chemical found on the Proposition 65 list of chemicals known to be hazardous to human health.
 - 23. The Products do not comply with the Proposition 65 warning requirements.
- 24. Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that at all relevant times herein, and at least since March 20, 2017, continuing until the present, that AAW has continued to knowingly and intentionally expose California users and consumers of the Products to DEHP without providing required warnings under Proposition 65.
- acquisition, handling and recommended use of the Product. Consequently, the primary route of exposure to these chemicals is through dermal absorption. Users may potentially be exposed to DEHP by dermal absorption through direct skin contact with the bag during routine use when the black plastic surface of the bag is handled with bare hands. When held in contact with clothing. DEHP from the black plastic can absorb to clothes and these clothes will become a source of dermal exposure. The product can be expected to emit gas phase DEHP into the air over the lifetime of the product. If the tool pouch is stored or transported in a carrier, DEHP that leaches from the tool pouch may contaminate other articles contained within these closed spaces are subsequently handled, worn, mouthed, or consumed. DEHP building supplies contained within the tool pouch that are subsequently handled, or possibly mouthed by the user. Finally, while direct mouthing of the product does not seem likely, some amount of exposure through ingestion can occur by touching the product with subsequent touching of the user's hand to mouth.
- 26. Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that such exposures will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to Product purchasers and users or until this known toxic chemical is removed from the Product.
- 27. Defendant has knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the Product exposes individuals to DEHP, and Defendant intends that exposures to DEHP will occur