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5	Attorneys for Plaintiff	By
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8	SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY	OF ALAMEDA
10	ANTHONY FERREIRO,	Case No.:
11	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES
12	vs.	AND INJUNCTIVE RELEIF
13	LAST PUNCH, INC.,	(Violation of Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq.)
14	Defendant.	
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16 17 18	Plaintiff Anthony Ferreiro ("Plaintiff	"), by and through his attorneys, alleges the
17	Plaintiff Anthony Ferreiro ("Plaintiff following cause of action in the public intere	
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COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELEIF – VIOLATION OF HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5

hazards caused by exposure Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP), a toxic chemical found in children's punching bags sold and/or distributed by defendant Last Punch, Inc. ("Last Punch" or "Defendant") in California.

- 3. DEHP is a harmful chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive toxicity. On January 1, 1988, the State of California listed DEHP as a chemical known to the State to cause cancer and it has come under the purview of Proposition 65 regulations since that time. Cal. Code Regs. Tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b). On October 24, 2003, the State of California DEHP as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity.
- 4. Proposition 65 requires all businesses with ten (10) or more employees that operate within California or sell products therein to comply with Proposition 65 regulations. Included in such regulations is the requirement that businesses must label any product containing a Proposition 65-listed chemical with a "clear and reasonable" warning before "knowingly and intentionally" exposing any person to it.
- 5. Proposition 65 allows for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per violation to be imposed upon defendants in a civil action for violations of Proposition 65. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b). Proposition 65 also allows for any court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin the actions of a defendant which "violate or threaten to violate" the statute. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7.
- 6. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant manufactures, distributes and/or offers for sale in California, without the requisite exposure warning, children's punching bags (the "Products") that expose persons to DEHP.
- 7. Defendant's failure to warn consumers and other individuals in California of the health hazards associated with exposure to DEHP in conjunction with the sale and/or distribution of the Products is a violation of Proposition 65 and subjects Defendant to the enjoinment and civil penalties described herein.
- 8. Plaintiff seeks civil penalties against Defendant for its violations of Proposition 65 in accordance with Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b).

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registered with the California Secretary of State as foreign corporations authorized to do business

in the State of California, and/or has otherwise purposefully availed itself of the California market. Such purposeful availment has rendered the exercise of jurisdiction by California courts consistent and permissible with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

## SATISFACTION OF NOTICE REQUIREMNTS

- 16. On August 21, 2017, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violation of Health and Safety Code § 25249.6 (the "Notice") to Defendant concerning the exposure of California citizens to DEHP contained in the Products without proper warning, subject to a private action to Defendant and to the California Attorney General's office and the offices of the County District attorneys and City Attorneys for each city with a population greater than 750,000 persons wherein the herein violations allegedly occurred.
- 17. The Notice complied with all procedural requirements of Proposition 65 including the attachment of a Certificate of Merit affirming that Plaintiff's counsel had consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who reviewed relevant data regarding DEHP exposure, and that counsel believed there was meritorious and reasonable cause for a private action.
- 18. After receiving the Notice, and to Plaintiff's best information and belief, none of the noticed appropriate public enforcement agencies have commenced and diligently prosecuted a cause of action against Defendant under Proposition 65 to enforce the alleged violations which are the subject of Plaintiff's notice of violation.
- 19. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty (60) days from the date of his notice to Defendant, as required by law.

## FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

## (By Plaintiff against Defendant for the Violation of Proposition 65)

- 20. Plaintiff hereby repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 19 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 21. Defendant has, at all times mentioned herein, acted as manufacturer, distributer, and/or retailer of the Product.

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- The Products contain DEHP, a hazardous chemical found on the Proposition 65 22. list of chemicals known to be hazardous to human health.
  - The Product does not comply with the Proposition 65 warning requirements. 23.
- Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that at all relevant times 24. herein, and at least since June 13, 2017, continuing until the present, that Defendant has continued to knowingly and intentionally expose California users and consumers of the Product to DEHP without providing required warnings under Proposition 65.
- The exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the purchase, 25. acquisition, handling and recommended use of the product. Consequently, the primary route of exposure to these chemicals is through dermal absorption. Dermal absorption of DEHP can occur through direct skin contact with the red vinyl when the punching bag is grasped or struck with bare hands. If the red vinyl becomes wet with water or perspiration and is handled, aqueous DEHP skin permeation rates have been reported to be faster than neat DEHP permeation. If the user wears boxing gloves while using the punching bag, DEHP can contaminate the surface of the gloves. These gloves can subsequently transfer DEHP to another boxer's skin when used for boxing and can potentially transfer DEHP to another boxer's facial area including the mouth where indirect mouthing of the DEHP can possibly occur. The product can be expected to emit gas phase DEHP into the air and accumulate DEHP at the surface over the lifetime of the product. Finally, while mouthing of the product does not seem likely, some amount of exposure through ingestion can occur by touching the red vinyl with subsequent touching of the user's hand to mouth.
- Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that such exposures will 26. continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to Product purchasers and users or until this known toxic chemical is removed from the Product.
- Defendant has knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the 27. Product exposes individuals to DEHP, and Defendant intends that exposures to DEHP will occur by its deliberate, non-accidental participation in the manufacture, importation, distribution, sale and offering of the Products to consumers in California