

From: Environmental Resea Fax: (856) 234-6280

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Page 6 of 41 08/03/2018 12:38 PM

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Attorneys for Plaintiff Environmental Research Center, Inc.

**FILED BY FAX**

ALAMEDA COUNTY

August 03, 2018

CLERK OF  
THE SUPERIOR COURT  
By Burt Moskaira, Deputy

CASE NUMBER:

**RG18915427**

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

**COUNTY OF ALAMEDA**

**ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER,  
INC., a California non-profit corporation**

**Plaintiff,**

**vs.**

**DOCTORS SCIENTIFIC ORGANICA, LLC,  
individually and doing business as SMART  
FOR LIFE; LAVI ENTERPRISES, LLC,  
individually and doing business as SMART  
FOR LIFE; and DOES 1-100**

**Defendants.**

**CASE NO.**

**COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE  
AND DECLARATORY RELIEF AND  
CIVIL PENALTIES**

[Miscellaneous Civil Complaint (42)  
Proposition 65, Health & Safety Code  
Section 25249.5 et seq.]

Plaintiff Environmental Research Center, Inc. hereby alleges:

**I**

**INTRODUCTION**

1. Plaintiff Environmental Research Center, Inc. (hereinafter "Plaintiff" or "ERC") brings this action as a private attorney general enforcer and in the public interest pursuant to Health &

1 Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivision (d). The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement  
2 Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code section 25249.5 *et seq.*) also known as “Proposition 65,”  
3 mandates that businesses with ten or more employees must provide a “clear and reasonable  
4 warning” prior to exposing any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or  
5 reproductive toxicity. Lead, cadmium, and acrylamide are chemicals known to the State of  
6 California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm. This complaint seeks  
7 injunctive and declaratory relief and civil penalties to remedy the ongoing failure of Defendants  
8 Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life, and Lavi  
9 Enterprises, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life (collectively “Smart for  
10 Life”) and Does 1-100 (hereinafter individually referred to as “Defendant” or collectively as  
11 “Defendants”), to warn consumers that they have been exposed to lead, cadmium, and/or  
12 acrylamide from a number of Smart for Life’s nutritional health products as set forth in  
13 paragraph 3 at levels exceeding the applicable Maximum Allowable Dose Level (“MADL”)  
14 and/or No Significant Risk Level (“NSRL”) and requiring a warning pursuant to Health &  
15 Safety Code section 25249.6.

## 16 II

### 17 PARTIES

18 2. Plaintiff ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes,  
19 helping safeguard the public from health hazards by reducing the use and misuse of hazardous  
20 and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and  
21 encouraging corporate responsibility.

22 3. Defendants Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart  
23 for Life, and Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life, are each  
24 a business that, either individually or collectively, develops, manufactures, markets, distributes,  
25 and/or sells nutritional health products that have exposed users to lead, cadmium, and/or  
26 acrylamide in the State of California within the relevant statute of limitations period. These  
27 “SUBJECT PRODUCTS” (as identified in the Notices of Violation dated February 12, 2018  
28 and May 24, 2018 attached hereto as **Exhibits A and B**) are: (1) SmartforLife Vanilla Protein

1 Shake (lead, acrylamide), (2) SmartforLife Chocolate Protein Shake (lead, cadmium,  
2 acrylamide), (3) SmartforLife Vanilla Greens Protein Shake (lead), (4) SmartforLife Protein Bar  
3 S'MORES (lead, cadmium, acrylamide), (5) SmartforLife Protein Bar Chocolate (lead,  
4 cadmium), (6) SmartforLife Protein Bar Peanut Butter Chocolate (lead, cadmium), (7)  
5 SmartforLife Protein Bar Caramel Almond (lead), (8) SmartforLife Banana Chocolate Chip  
6 Square (lead, acrylamide), (9) SmartforLife Protein Bar Strawberry Yogurt (lead), (10)  
7 SmartforLife Protein Bar Luscious Lemon (lead), (11) SmartforLife Protein Bar Blueberry  
8 (lead), (12) SmartforLife Protein Bar Cinnamon Pecan (lead), (13) SmartforLife Protein Bar  
9 Choco Crisp (lead, cadmium, acrylamide), (14) SmartforLife Protein Bar Strawberry & Cream  
10 (lead), (15) SmartforLife Protein Bar Peanut Butter Choco (lead), (16) SmartforLife Chocolate  
11 Chip Cookies (lead, acrylamide), (17) SmartforLife Blueberry Cookies (lead), (18)  
12 SmartforLife Oatmeal Raisin Cookie (lead, acrylamide), (19) SmartforLife Irresistible Winner  
13 Peanut Butter Cookie (lead), (20) SmartforLife Irresistible Winner Chocolate Chip Cookie  
14 (lead, cadmium), and (21) SmartforLife 1.877.601.SASS Cranberry Granola Square (lead).

15 Smart for Life is a company subject to Proposition 65 as it employs ten or more persons and has  
16 employed ten or more persons at all times relevant to this action.

17 4. Defendants Does 1-100, are named herein under fictitious names, as their true names  
18 and capacities are unknown to ERC. ERC is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that  
19 each of said Does is responsible, in some actionable manner, for the events and happenings  
20 hereinafter referred to, either through said Does' conduct, or through the conduct of its agents,  
21 servants or employees, or in some other manner, causing the harms alleged by ERC in this  
22 complaint. When said true names and capacities of Does are ascertained, ERC will seek leave  
23 to amend this complaint to set forth the same.

### 24 III

#### 25 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

26 5. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10,  
27 which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute  
28 to other trial courts. The statute under which this action is brought does not specify any other

1 basis for jurisdiction.

2 6. This Court has jurisdiction over Smart for Life because Smart for Life has sufficient  
3 minimum contacts with California, and otherwise intentionally avails itself of the California  
4 market through the marketing, distribution, and/or sale of the SUBJECT PRODUCTS in the  
5 State of California so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts  
6 consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

7 7. The Complaint is based on allegations contained in the Notices of Violation dated  
8 February 12, 2018 and May 24, 2018, served on the California Attorney General, other public  
9 enforcers, and Smart for Life. The Notices of Violation constitute adequate notice to Smart for  
10 Life because they provided adequate information to allow Smart for Life to assess the nature of  
11 the alleged violations, consistent with Proposition 65 and its implementing regulations. A  
12 certificate of merit and a certificate of service accompanied the Notices of Violation, and both  
13 certificates comply with Proposition 65 and its implementing regulations. The Notices of  
14 Violation served on Smart for Life also included copies of “The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic  
15 Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): A Summary.” Service of the Notices of Violation  
16 and accompanying documents complied with Proposition 65 and its implementing regulations.  
17 Attached hereto as **Exhibits A and B** are true and correct copies of the Notices of Violation and  
18 associated documents. More than 60 days have passed since ERC mailed the Notices of  
19 Violation and no public enforcement entity has filed a complaint in this case.

20 8. This Court is the proper venue for the action because the causes of action have arisen in  
21 the County of Alameda where some of the violations of law have occurred, and will continue to  
22 occur, due to the ongoing sale of Smart for Life’s products. Furthermore, venue is proper in this  
23 Court under Code of Civil Procedure section 395.5 and Health & Safety Code section 25249.7.

#### 24 IV

#### 25 **STATUTORY BACKGROUND**

26 9. The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 is an initiative statute  
27 passed as “Proposition 65” by an overwhelming majority vote of the people in November of  
28 1986.

1 10. The warning requirement of Proposition 65 is contained in Health & Safety Code  
2 section 25249.6, which provides:

3 No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and  
4 intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to  
5 cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and  
6 reasonable warning to such individual, except as provided in Section  
7 25249.10.

8 11. Implementing regulations for Proposition 65 define expose as “to cause to ingest, inhale,  
9 contact via body surfaces or otherwise come into contact with a listed chemical.” An individual  
10 may come into contact with a listed chemical through water, air, food, consumer products and  
11 any other environmental exposure as well as occupational exposures.” (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27,  
12 § 25102, subd. (i).)

13 12. In this case, the exposures are caused by consumer products. Implementing regulations  
14 for Proposition 65 define a consumer product exposure as “an exposure which results from a  
15 person’s acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a  
16 consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service.” (Cal. Code  
17 Regs., tit. 27, § 25602, subd. (b).)

18 13. Whenever a clear and reasonable warning is required under Health & Safety Code  
19 section 25249.6, the “method employed to transmit the warning must be reasonably calculated  
20 considering the alternative methods available under the circumstances, to make the warning  
21 message available prior to exposure.” (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, §25601.) The warning  
22 requirement may be satisfied by a warning that appears on a product’s label or other labeling,  
23 shelf labeling, signs, a system of signs, public advertising identifying the system and toll-free  
24 information services, or any other system, that provides clear and reasonable warnings. (Cal.  
25 Code Regs., tit. 27, §25603.1, subd. (a)-(d).)

26 14. Proposition 65 establishes a procedure by which the State is to develop a list of  
27 chemicals “known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.” (Health & Safety Code,  
28 § 25249.8.) There is no duty to provide a clear and reasonable warning until 12-months after  
the chemical is published on the State list. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.10, subd. (b).)

1 15. Lead was listed as a chemical known to the State of California to cause developmental  
2 toxicity in the fetus and male and female reproductive toxicity on February 27, 1987. Lead was  
3 listed as a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer on October 1, 1992. (State  
4 of California EPA OEHHA Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986  
5 Chemicals Known to the State to Cause Cancer and Reproductive Toxicity.) The MADL for  
6 lead as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity is 0.5 micrograms per day. (Cal. Code  
7 Regs., tit. 27, §25805, subd. (b).) The NSRL for lead as a carcinogen is 15 micrograms per day.  
8 (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, §25705, subd. (b).)

9 16. Cadmium was officially listed as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity and  
10 male reproductive toxicity on May 1, 1997, while cadmium and cadmium compounds were  
11 listed as chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer on October 1, 1987. (State  
12 of California EPA OEHHA Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986  
13 Chemicals Known to the State to Cause Cancer and Reproductive Toxicity.) The MADL for  
14 cadmium as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity is 4.1 micrograms per day. (Cal.  
15 Code Regs., tit. 27, §25805, subd. (b).)

16 17. Acrylamide was officially listed as a chemical known to cause cancer on January 1,  
17 1990. On February 25, 2011, the State of California officially listed acrylamide as a chemical  
18 known to cause developmental toxicity and male reproductive toxicity. (State of California EPA  
19 OEHHA Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 Chemicals Known to the  
20 State to Cause Cancer and Reproductive Toxicity.) The MADL for acrylamide as a chemical  
21 known to cause reproductive toxicity is 140 micrograms per day. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27,  
22 §25805, subd. (b).) The NSRL for acrylamide as a chemical known to cause cancer is 0.2  
23 micrograms per day. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, §25705, subd. (b).)

24 18. Proposition 65 provides that any person “violating or threatening to violate” Proposition  
25 65 may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. (Health & Safety Code, §25249.7,  
26 subd. (a).) To “threaten to violate” means “to create a condition in which there is a substantial  
27 probability that a violation will occur.” (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.11, subd. (e).)  
28 Furthermore, violators are subject to a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation.

1 (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7, subd. (b)(1).)

2 19. Proposition 65 may be enforced by any person in the public interest who provides notice  
3 sixty days before filing suit to both the violator and designated law enforcement officials. The  
4 failure of law enforcement officials to file a timely complaint enables a citizen suit to be filed  
5 pursuant to Health & Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivisions (c) and (d).

6 **V**

7 **STATEMENT OF FACTS**

8 20. Smart for Life has developed, manufactured, marketed, distributed, and/or sold the  
9 SUBJECT PRODUCTS containing lead, cadmium, and/or acrylamide into the State of  
10 California. Consumption of the SUBJECT PRODUCTS according to the directions and/or  
11 recommendations provided for said products causes consumers to be exposed to lead at levels  
12 exceeding the 0.5 micrograms per day MADL, cadmium at levels exceeding the 4.1 micrograms  
13 per day MADL, and/or acrylamide at levels exceeding the 0.2 per day NSRL and requiring a  
14 warning. Consumers have been ingesting these products for many years, without any  
15 knowledge of their exposure to lead, cadmium and/or acrylamide, very dangerous chemicals.

16 21. For many years, Smart for Life has knowingly and intentionally exposed numerous  
17 persons to lead, cadmium, and/or acrylamide without providing a Proposition 65 warning. Prior  
18 to ERC's Notices of Violation and this Complaint, Smart for Life failed to provide a warning on  
19 the labels of the SUBJECT PRODUCTS. Smart for Life has at all times relevant hereto been  
20 aware that the SUBJECT PRODUCTS contained lead, cadmium, and/or acrylamide and that  
21 persons using these products have been exposed to these chemicals. Smart for Life has been  
22 aware of the presence of lead, cadmium, and/or acrylamide in the SUBJECT PRODUCTS and  
23 has failed to disclose the presence of these chemicals to the public, who undoubtedly believe  
24 they have been ingesting totally healthy and pure products pursuant to the company's  
25 statements.

26 22. Both prior and subsequent to ERC's Notices of Violation, Smart for Life failed to  
27 provide consumers of the SUBJECT PRODUCTS with a clear and reasonable warning that they  
28 have been exposed to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects

1 and other reproductive harm. This failure to warn is ongoing.

2 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**  
3 **(Violation of Section 25249.6 of the Health and Safety Code, Failure to Provide Clear and**  
4 **Reasonable Warning under Proposition 65)**

5 23. ERC refers to paragraphs 1-21, inclusive, and incorporates them herein by this  
6 reference.

7 24. By committing the acts alleged above, Smart for Life has, in the course of doing  
8 business, knowingly and intentionally exposed users of the SUBJECT PRODUCTS to lead,  
9 cadmium and/or acrylamide, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth  
10 defects, and other reproductive harm, without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such  
11 individuals within the meaning of Health & Safety Code section 25249.6. In doing so, Smart  
12 for Life has violated Health & Safety Code section 25249.6, and continues to violate the statute  
13 with each successive sale of the SUBJECT PRODUCTS.

14 25. Said violations render Smart for Life liable for civil penalties, up to \$2,500 per day for  
15 each violation, and subject Smart for Life to injunction.

16 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**  
17 **(Declaratory Relief)**

18 26. ERC refers to paragraphs 1-24, inclusive, and incorporates them herein by this  
19 reference.

20 27. There exists an actual controversy relating to the legal rights and duties of the Parties,  
21 within the meaning of Code of Civil Procedure section 1060, between ERC and Smart for Life,  
22 concerning whether Smart for Life has exposed individuals to chemicals known to the State of  
23 California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm without providing clear  
24 and reasonable warning.

25 **VI**

26 **PRAYER**

27 WHEREFORE ERC prays for relief as follows:

- 28 1. On the First Cause of Action, for civil penalties for each and every violation according



1 to proof;

2 2. On the First Cause of Action, and pursuant to Health & Safety Code section 25249.7,  
3 subdivision (a), for such temporary restraining orders, preliminary and permanent injunctive  
4 orders, or other orders as are necessary to prevent Smart for Life from exposing persons to lead,  
5 cadmium, and/or acrylamide without providing clear and reasonable warning;

6 3. On the Second Cause of Action, for a declaratory judgment pursuant to Code of Civil  
7 Procedure section 1060 declaring that Smart for Life has exposed individuals to lead, cadmium,  
8 and/or acrylamide without providing clear and reasonable warning; and


9 4. On all Causes of Action, for reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to Code of Civil  
10 Procedure section 1021.5 or the substantial benefit theory;

11 5. For costs of suit herein; and

12 6. For such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

13  
14 DATED: July 31, 2018

MICHAEL FREUND & ASSOCIATES

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16 

17 Michael Freund  
18 Ryan Hoffman  
19 Attorneys for Plaintiff  
20 ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER, INC.  
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# EXHIBIT A

**Michael Freund & Associates**

1919 Addison Street, Suite 105  
Berkeley, CA 94704  
Voice: 510.540.1992 • Fax: 510.540.5543

**Michael Freund, Esq.**

**Ryan Hoffman, Esq.**

February 12, 2018

**NOTICE OF VIOLATION OF  
CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE SECTION 25249.5 ET SEQ.  
(PROPOSITION 65)**

Dear Alleged Violators and the Appropriate Public Enforcement Agencies:

I represent Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”), 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108; Tel. (619) 500-3090. ERC’s Executive Director is Chris Heptinstall. ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

ERC has identified violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (“Proposition 65”), which is codified at California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*, with respect to the products identified below. These violations have occurred and continue to occur because the alleged Violators identified below failed to provide required clear and reasonable warnings with these products. This letter serves as a notice of these violations to the alleged Violators and the appropriate public enforcement agencies. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(d), ERC intends to file a private enforcement action in the public interest 60 days after effective service of this notice unless the public enforcement agencies have commenced and are diligently prosecuting an action to rectify these violations.

**General Information about Proposition 65.** A copy of a summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is enclosed with this letter served to the alleged Violators identified below.

**Alleged Violators.** The names of the companies covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violators”) are:

**Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life**  
**Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life**  
**Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life**  
**U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life**

**Consumer Products and Listed Chemicals.** The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemicals in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- 1. SmartforLife Vanilla Protein Shake – Lead**
- 2. SmartforLife Chocolate Protein Shake – Lead, Cadmium**
- 3. SmartforLife Vanilla Greens Protein Shake - Lead**
- 4. SmartforLife Protein Bar S'MORES – Lead, Cadmium**
- 5. SmartforLife Protein Bar Chocolate – Lead, Cadmium**
- 6. SmartforLife Protein Bar Peanut Butter Chocolate – Lead, Cadmium**
- 7. SmartforLife Protein Bar Caramel Almond - Lead**

**Exhibit A**

8. **SmartforLife Banana Chocolate Chip Square - Lead**
9. **SmartforLife Protein Bar Strawberry Yogurt - Lead**
10. **SmartforLife Protein Bar Luscious Lemon - Lead**
11. **SmartforLife Protein Bar Blueberry - Lead**
12. **SmartforLife Protein Bar Cinnamon Pecan - Lead**
13. **SmartforLife Protein Bar Choco Crisp – Lead, Cadmium**
14. **SmartforLife Protein Bar Strawberry & Cream - Lead**
15. **SmartforLife Protein Bar Peanut Butter Choco - Lead**
16. **SmartforLife Chocolate Chip Cookies - Lead**
17. **SmartforLife Blueberry Cookies - Lead**
18. **SmartforLife Oatmeal Raisin Cookie - Lead**
19. **SmartforLife Irresistible Winner Peanut Butter Cookie - Lead**
20. **SmartforLife Irresistible Winner Chocolate Chip Cookie - Lead, Cadmium**
21. **SmartforLife 1.877.601.SASS Cranberry Granola Square -Lead**

On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity, and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer.

Cadmium was officially listed as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity and male reproductive toxicity on May 1, 1997, while cadmium and cadmium compounds were listed as chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer on October 1, 1987.

It should be noted that ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations and result in subsequent notices of violations.

**Route of Exposure.** The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the recommended use of these products. Consequently, the route of exposure to these chemicals has been and continues to be through ingestion.

**Approximate Time Period of Violations.** Ongoing violations have occurred every day since at least February 12, 2015, as well as every day since the products were introduced into the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users or until these known toxic chemicals are either removed from or reduced to allowable levels in the products. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to the identified chemicals. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product label. The Violators violated Proposition 65 because they failed to provide persons handling and/or using these products with appropriate warnings that they are being exposed to these chemicals.

Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and a desire to have these ongoing violations of California law quickly rectified, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution of this matter that includes an enforceable written agreement by the Violators to: (1) reformulate the identified products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemicals, or provide appropriate warnings on the labels of these products; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Such a resolution will prevent further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemicals, as well as an expensive and time-consuming litigation.

ERC has retained me as legal counsel in connection with this matter. **Please direct all communications regarding this Notice of Violation to my attention at the law office address and telephone number indicated on the letterhead or at [rrhoffma@gmail.com](mailto:rrhoffma@gmail.com).**

Sincerely,



---

Ryan Hoffman

Attachments

Certificate of Merit

Certificate of Service

OEHHA Summary (to Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life; Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life; Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life; U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life; and their Registered Agents for Service of Process only)

Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

**CERTIFICATE OF MERIT**

**Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.’s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations by Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life; Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life; Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life; and U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life**

I, Ryan Hoffman, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached 60-day notice in which it is alleged that the parties identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.

2. I am an attorney for the noticing party.

3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemicals that are the subject of the notice.

4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that “reasonable and meritorious case for the private action” means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff’s case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violators will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.

5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.

Dated: February 12, 2018

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Ryan Hoffman

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO 27 CCR § 25903**

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States and over the age of 18 years of age. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On February 12, 2018 between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties listed below and depositing it at a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current President or CEO  
Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Current President or CEO  
Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
4800 North Federal Highway, Suite 300B  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Current President or CEO  
U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
4800 North Federal Highway, Suite 300B  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Current President or CEO  
Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Current President or CEO  
Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life  
4800 North Federal Highway, Suite 300B  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
4800 North Federal Highway, Suite 300B  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
c/o Sasson Moulavi  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

February 12, 2018

Page 6

Sasson Moulavi  
(U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
591 Phillips Drive  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Palm Law Partners, PA  
(Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
1801 North Military Trail, Suite 120  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Sasson Moulavi  
(Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Dr. Sasson Moulavi  
(Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

On February 12, 2018 between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General's website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General  
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting  
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000  
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On February 12, 2018 between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to each of the parties listed below:

Stacey Grassini, Deputy District Attorney  
Contra Costa County  
900 Ward Street  
Martinez, CA 94553  
sgrassini@contracostada.org

Allison Haley, District Attorney  
Napa County  
1127 First Street, Suite C  
Napa, CA 94559  
CEPD@countyofnapa.org

Michelle Latimer, Program Coordinator  
Lassen County  
220 S. Lassen Street  
Susanville, CA 96130  
mlatimer@co.lassen.ca.us

Paul E. Zellerbach, District Attorney  
Riverside County  
3072 Orange Street  
Riverside, CA 92501  
Prop65@rivcoda.org

Dije Ndreu, Deputy District Attorney  
Monterey County  
1200 Aguajito Road  
Monterey, CA 93940  
Prop65DA@co.monterey.ca.us

Anne Marie Schubert, District Attorney  
Sacramento County  
901 G Street  
Sacramento, CA 95814  
Prop65@sacda.org



Notice of Violation of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

February 12, 2018

Page 7

Gregory Alker, Assistant District Attorney  
San Francisco County  
732 Brannan Street  
San Francisco, CA 94103  
gregory.alker@sfgov.org

Tori Verber Salazar, District Attorney  
San Joaquin County  
222 E. Weber Avenue, Room 202  
Stockton, CA 95202  
DAConsumer.Environmental@sjcda.org

Eric J. Dobroth, Deputy District Attorney  
San Luis Obispo County  
County Government Center Annex, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408  
edobroth@co.slo.ca.us

Yen Dang, Supervising Deputy District Attorney  
Santa Clara County  
70 W Hedding St  
San Jose, CA 95110  
EPU@da.sccgov.org

Jeffrey S. Rosell, District Attorney  
Santa Cruz County  
701 Ocean Street  
Santa Cruz, CA 95060  
Prop65DA@santacruzcounty.us

Stephan R. Passalacqua, District Attorney  
Sonoma County  
600 Administration Dr  
Sonoma, CA 95403  
jbarnes@sonoma-county.org

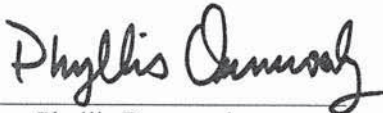
Phillip J. Cline, District Attorney  
Tulare County  
221 S Mooney Blvd  
Visalia, CA 95370  
Prop65@co.tulare.ca.us

Gregory D. Totten, District Attorney  
Ventura County  
800 S Victoria Ave  
Ventura, CA 93009  
daspecialops@ventura.org

Jeff W. Reisig, District Attorney  
Yolo County  
301 Second Street  
Woodland, CA 95695  
cfepd@yolocounty.org

On February 12, 2018 between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATION, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto, and depositing it at a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by First Class Mail.

Executed on February 12, 2018, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.



Phyllis Dunwoody

**Service List**

District Attorney, Alameda  
County  
1225 Fallon Street, Suite 900  
Oakland, CA 94612

District Attorney, Alpine  
County  
P.O. Box 248  
Markleeville, CA 96120

District Attorney, Amador  
County  
708 Court Street, Suite 202  
Jackson, CA 95642

District Attorney, Butte  
County  
25 County Center Drive, Suite  
245  
Oroville, CA 95965

District Attorney, Calaveras  
County  
891 Mountain Ranch Road  
San Andreas, CA 95249

District Attorney, Colusa  
County  
346 Fifth Street Suite 101  
Colusa, CA 95932

District Attorney, Del Norte  
County  
450 H Street, Room 171  
Crescent City, CA 95531

District Attorney, El Dorado  
County  
515 Main Street  
Placerville, CA 95667

District Attorney, Fresno  
County  
2220 Tulare Street, Suite 1000  
Fresno, CA 93721

District Attorney, Glenn  
County  
Post Office Box 430  
Willows, CA 95988

District Attorney, Humboldt  
County  
825 5th Street 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Eureka, CA 95501

District Attorney, Imperial  
County  
940 West Main Street, Ste 102  
El Centro, CA 92243

District Attorney, Inyo County  
P.O. Drawer D  
Independence, CA 93526

District Attorney, Kern County  
1215 Truxtun Avenue  
Bakersfield, CA 93301

District Attorney, Kings  
County  
1400 West Lacey Boulevard  
Hanford, CA 93230

District Attorney, Lake County  
255 N. Forbes Street  
Lakeport, CA 95453

District Attorney, Los Angeles  
County  
Hall of Justice  
211 West Temple St., Ste 1200  
Los Angeles, CA 90012

District Attorney, Madera  
County  
209 West Yosemite Avenue  
Madera, CA 93637

District Attorney, Marin  
County  
3501 Civic Center Drive,  
Room 130  
San Rafael, CA 94903

District Attorney, Mariposa  
County  
Post Office Box 730  
Mariposa, CA 95338

District Attorney, Mendocino  
County  
Post Office Box 1000  
Ukiah, CA 95482

District Attorney, Merced  
County  
550 W. Main Street  
Merced, CA 95340

District Attorney, Modoc  
County  
204 S Court Street, Room 202  
Alturas, CA 96101-4020

District Attorney, Mono  
County  
Post Office Box 617  
Bridgeport, CA 93517

District Attorney, Nevada  
County  
201 Commercial Street  
Nevada City, CA 95959

District Attorney, Orange  
County  
401 West Civic Center Drive  
Santa Ana, CA 92701

District Attorney, Placer  
County  
10810 Justice Center Drive,  
Ste 240  
Roseville, CA 95678

District Attorney, Plumas  
County  
520 Main Street, Room 404  
Quincy, CA 95971

District Attorney, San Benito  
County  
419 Fourth Street, 2nd Floor  
Hollister, CA 95023

District Attorney, San  
Bernardino County  
303 West Third Street  
San Bernardino, CA 92415

District Attorney, San Diego  
County  
330 West Broadway, Suite  
1300  
San Diego, CA 92101

District Attorney, San Mateo  
County  
400 County Ctr., 3rd Floor  
Redwood City, CA 94063

District Attorney, Santa  
Barbara County  
1112 Santa Barbara Street  
Santa Barbara, CA 93101

District Attorney, Shasta  
County  
1355 West Street  
Redding, CA 96001

District Attorney, Sierra  
County  
100 Courthouse Square, 2<sup>nd</sup>  
Floor  
Downieville, CA 95936

District Attorney, Siskiyou  
County  
Post Office Box 986  
Yreka, CA 96097

District Attorney, Solano  
County  
675 Texas Street, Ste 4500  
Fairfield, CA 94533

District Attorney, Stanislaus  
County  
832 12th Street, Ste 300  
Modesto, CA 95354

District Attorney, Sutter  
County  
463 2<sup>nd</sup> Street  
Yuba City, CA 95991

District Attorney, Tehama  
County  
Post Office Box 519  
Red Bluff, CA 96080

District Attorney, Trinity  
County  
Post Office Box 310  
Weaverville, CA 96093

District Attorney, Tuolumne  
County  
423 N. Washington Street  
Sonora, CA 95370

District Attorney, Yuba  
County  
215 Fifth Street, Suite 152  
Marysville, CA 95901

Los Angeles City Attorney's  
Office  
City Hall East  
200 N. Main Street, Suite 800  
Los Angeles, CA 90012

San Diego City Attorney's  
Office  
1200 3rd Avenue, Ste 1620  
San Diego, CA 92101

San Francisco, City Attorney  
City Hall, Room 234  
1 Dr Carlton B Goodlett PL  
San Francisco, CA 94102

San Jose City Attorney's  
Office  
200 East Santa Clara Street,  
16th Floor  
San Jose, CA 95113

## APPENDIX A

### OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as "Proposition 65"). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.<sup>1</sup> These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

#### *WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?*

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<sup>1</sup> All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

**The “Proposition 65 List.”** Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: [http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65\\_list/Newlist.html](http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html).

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

**Clear and reasonable warnings.** A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

**Prohibition from discharges into drinking water.** A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

#### *DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?*

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

**Grace Period.** Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

**Governmental agencies and public water utilities.** All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

**Businesses with nine or fewer employees.** Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

**Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer.** For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

**Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question.** For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

**Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food.** Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant<sup>2</sup> it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

**Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water.** The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for

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<sup>2</sup> See Section 25501(a)(4).

chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

### *HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?*

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off-premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;
- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included in Appendix B and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at:  
<http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

*FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...*

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at [P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov](mailto:P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov).

Revised: May 2017

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.

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# EXHIBIT B



**Michael Freund & Associates**

1919 Addison Street, Suite 105  
Berkeley, CA 94704  
Voice: 510.540.1992 • Fax: 510.540.5543

**Michael Freund, Esq.**

**Ryan Hoffman, Esq.**

May 24, 2018

**NOTICE OF VIOLATION OF  
CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE SECTION 25249.5 ET SEQ.  
(PROPOSITION 65)**

Dear Alleged Violators and the Appropriate Public Enforcement Agencies:

I represent Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”), 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108; Tel. (619) 500-3090. ERC’s Executive Director is Chris Heptinstall. ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

ERC has identified violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (“Proposition 65”), which is codified at California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*, with respect to the products identified below. These violations have occurred and continue to occur because the alleged Violators identified below failed to provide required clear and reasonable warnings with these products. This letter serves as a notice of these violations to the alleged Violators and the appropriate public enforcement agencies. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(d), ERC intends to file a private enforcement action in the public interest 60 days after effective service of this notice unless the public enforcement agencies have commenced and are diligently prosecuting an action to rectify these violations.

**General Information about Proposition 65.** A copy of a summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is enclosed with this letter served to the alleged Violators identified below.

**Alleged Violators.** The names of the companies covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violators”) are:

**Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life**  
**Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life**  
**Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life**  
**U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life**

**Consumer Products and Listed Chemical.** The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemical in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- 1. SmartforLife Chocolate Protein Shake - acrylamide**
- 2. SmartforLife Vanilla Protein Shake - acrylamide**
- 3. SmartforLife Protein Bar S'MORES - acrylamide**
- 4. SmartforLife Protein Bar Choco Crisp - acrylamide**
- 5. SmartforLife Oatmeal Raisin Cookie - acrylamide**
- 6. SmartforLife Banana Chocolate Chip Square - acrylamide**
- 7. SmartforLife Chocolate Chip Cookies - acrylamide**

On January 1, 1990, the State of California officially listed acrylamide as a chemical known to cause cancer. On February 25, 2011, the State of California officially listed acrylamide as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity and male reproductive toxicity.

**Exhibit B**

May 24, 2018

Page 2

It should be noted that ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations and result in subsequent notices of violations.


**Route of Exposure.** The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the recommended use of these products. Consequently, the route of exposure to this chemical has been and continues to be through ingestion.

**Approximate Time Period of Violations.** Ongoing violations have occurred every day since at least May 24, 2015, as well as every day since the products were introduced into the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users or until this known toxic chemical is either removed from or reduced to allowable levels in the products. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to the identified chemical. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product label. The Violators violated Proposition 65 because they failed to provide persons ingesting these products with appropriate warnings that they are being exposed to this chemical.

Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and a desire to have these ongoing violations of California law quickly rectified, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution of this matter that includes an enforceable written agreement by the Violators to: (1) reformulate the identified products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemical, or provide appropriate warnings on the labels of these products; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Such a resolution will prevent further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemical, as well as an expensive and time-consuming litigation.

ERC has retained me as legal counsel in connection with this matter. **Please direct all communications regarding this Notice of Violation to my attention at the law office address and telephone number indicated on the letterhead or at [rrhoffma@gmail.com](mailto:rrhoffma@gmail.com).**

Sincerely,



---

Ryan Hoffman

Attachments

Certificate of Merit

Certificate of Service

OEHHA Summary (to Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life; Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life; Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life; U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life; and their Registered Agents for Service of Process only)

Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

**CERTIFICATE OF MERIT**

**Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.’s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations by Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life; Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and doing business as Smart for Life; Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life; and U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually and doing business as Smart for Life**

I, Ryan Hoffman, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached 60-day notice in which it is alleged that the parties identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.

2. I am an attorney for the noticing party.

3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemical that is the subject of the notice.

4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that “reasonable and meritorious case for the private action” means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff’s case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violators will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.

5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.

Dated: May 24, 2018



---

Ryan Hoffman

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO 27 CCR § 25903**

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States and over the age of 18 years of age. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On May 24, 2018, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties listed below and depositing it at a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current President or CEO  
Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Current President or CEO  
Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
4800 North Federal Highway, Suite 300B  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Current President or CEO  
U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
c/o Sasson Moulavi  
4800 North Federal Highway, Suite 300B  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Current President or CEO  
Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
c/o Sasson Moulavi  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Current President or CEO  
Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life  
4800 North Federal Highway, Suite 300B  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
4800 North Federal Highway, Suite 300B  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Current President or CEO  
U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life  
c/o Sasson Moulavi  
3196 North Federal Highway  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Notice of Violation of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

May 24, 2018

Page 5

Sasson Moulavi  
(U.S. Medical Care Holdings, L.L.C., individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
591 Phillips Drive  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Sasson Moulavi  
(Lavi Enterprises, LLC, individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Palm Law Partners, PA  
(Doctors Scientific Organica, LLC, individually  
and doing business as Smart for Life's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
1801 North Military Trail, Suite 120  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Dr. Sasson Moulavi  
(Lawee Enterprises, L.L.C., individually and  
doing business as Smart for Life's  
Registered Agent for Service of Process)  
1210 West 13<sup>th</sup> Street  
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

On May 24, 2018, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General's website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General  
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting  
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000  
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On May 24, 2018, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to each of the parties listed below:

Stacey Grassini, Deputy District Attorney  
Contra Costa County  
900 Ward Street  
Martinez, CA 94553  
[sgrassini@contracostada.org](mailto:sgrassini@contracostada.org)

Michelle Latimer, Program Coordinator  
Lassen County  
220 S. Lassen Street  
Susanville, CA 96130  
[mlatimer@co.lassen.ca.us](mailto:mlatimer@co.lassen.ca.us)

Dije Ndreu, Deputy District Attorney  
Monterey County  
1200 Aguajito Road  
Monterey, CA 93940  
[Prop65DA@co.monterey.ca.us](mailto:Prop65DA@co.monterey.ca.us)

Allison Haley, District Attorney  
Napa County  
1127 First Street, Suite C  
Napa, CA 94559  
[CEPD@countyofnapa.org](mailto:CEPD@countyofnapa.org)

Paul E. Zellerbach, District Attorney  
Riverside County  
3072 Orange Street  
Riverside, CA 92501  
[Prop65@rivcoda.org](mailto:Prop65@rivcoda.org)

Anne Marie Schubert, District Attorney  
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901 G Street  
Sacramento, CA 95814  
[Prop65@sacda.org](mailto:Prop65@sacda.org)

Kathryn L. Turner, Chief Deputy City Attorney  
San Diego City Attorney  
1200 Third Avenue  
San Diego, CA 92101  
[CityAttyCrimProp65@sandiego.gov](mailto:CityAttyCrimProp65@sandiego.gov)

Gregory Alker, Assistant District Attorney  
San Francisco County  
732 Brannan Street  
San Francisco, CA 94103  
[gregory.alker@sfgov.org](mailto:gregory.alker@sfgov.org)

Notice of Violation of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

May 24, 2018

Page 6

Tori Verber Salazar, District Attorney  
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222 E. Weber Avenue, Room 202  
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DAConsumer.Environmental@sjcda.org

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Stephan R. Passalacqua, District Attorney  
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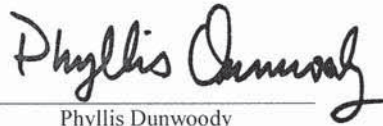
Phillip J. Cline, District Attorney  
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Prop65@co.tulare.ca.us

Gregory D. Totten, District Attorney  
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Ventura, CA 93009  
daspecialops@ventura.org

Jeff W. Reisig, District Attorney  
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301 Second Street  
Woodland, CA 95695  
cfepd@yolocounty.org

On May 24, 2018, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATION, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto, and depositing it at a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by First Class Mail.

Executed on May 24, 2018, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.



Phyllis Dunwoody

Notice of Violation of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

May 24, 2018

Page 7

Service List

District Attorney, Alameda County  
1225 Fallon Street, Suite 900  
Oakland, CA 94612

District Attorney, Alpine  
County  
P.O. Box 248  
Markleeville, CA 96120

District Attorney, Amador  
County  
708 Court Street, Suite 202  
Jackson, CA 95642

District Attorney, Butte  
County  
25 County Center Drive, Suite  
245  
Oroville, CA 95965

District Attorney, Calaveras  
County  
891 Mountain Ranch Road  
San Andreas, CA 95249

District Attorney, Colusa  
County  
346 Fifth Street Suite 101  
Colusa, CA 95932

District Attorney, Del Norte  
County  
450 H Street, Room 171  
Crescent City, CA 95531

District Attorney, El Dorado  
County  
515 Main Street  
Placerville, CA 95667

District Attorney, Fresno  
County  
2220 Tulare Street, Suite 1000  
Fresno, CA 93721

District Attorney, Glenn  
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Willows, CA 95988

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Eureka, CA 95501

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El Centro, CA 92243

District Attorney, Inyo County  
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Independence, CA 93526

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Bakersfield, CA 93301

District Attorney, Kings  
County  
1400 West Lacey Boulevard  
Hanford, CA 93230

District Attorney, Lake County  
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Lakeport, CA 95453

District Attorney, Los Angeles  
County  
Hall of Justice  
211 West Temple St., Ste 1200  
Los Angeles, CA 90012

District Attorney, Madera  
County  
209 West Yosemite Avenue  
Madera, CA 93637

District Attorney, Marin  
County  
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Room 130  
San Rafael, CA 94903

District Attorney, Mariposa  
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Mariposa, CA 95338

District Attorney, Mendocino  
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Post Office Box 1000  
Ukiah, CA 95482

District Attorney, Merced  
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Merced, CA 95340

District Attorney, Modoc  
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Alturas, CA 96101-4020

District Attorney, Mono  
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Bridgeport, CA 93517

District Attorney, Nevada  
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Nevada City, CA 95959

District Attorney, Orange  
County  
401 West Civic Center Drive  
Santa Ana, CA 92701

District Attorney, Placer  
County  
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Ste 240  
Roseville, CA 95678

District Attorney, Plumas  
County  
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Quincy, CA 95971

District Attorney, San Benito  
County  
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Hollister, CA 95023

District Attorney, San Bernardino  
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District Attorney, San Diego  
County  
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San Diego, CA 92101

District Attorney, San Mateo  
County  
400 County Ctr., 3rd Floor  
Redwood City, CA 94063

District Attorney, Shasta  
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1355 West Street  
Redding, CA 96001

District Attorney, Sierra  
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Downieville, CA 95936

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Yreka, CA 96097

District Attorney, Solano  
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Fairfield, CA 94533

District Attorney, Stanislaus  
County  
832 12th Street, Ste 300  
Modesto, CA 95354

District Attorney, Sutter  
County  
463 2<sup>nd</sup> Street  
Yuba City, CA 95991

District Attorney, Tehama  
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Red Bluff, CA 96080

District Attorney, Trinity  
County  
Post Office Box 310  
Weaverville, CA 96093

District Attorney, Tuolumne  
County  
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Sonora, CA 95370

District Attorney, Yuba  
County  
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Marysville, CA 95901

Los Angeles City Attorney's  
Office  
City Hall East  
200 N. Main Street, Suite 800  
Los Angeles, CA 90012

San Francisco, City Attorney  
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1 Dr Carlton B Goodlett PL  
San Francisco, CA 94102

San Jose City Attorney's  
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16th Floor  
San Jose, CA 95113

## APPENDIX A

### OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as "Proposition 65"). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.<sup>1</sup> These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

#### *WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?*

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<sup>1</sup> All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.



**The “Proposition 65 List.”** Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: [http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65\\_list/Newlist.html](http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html).

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

**Clear and reasonable warnings.** A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

**Prohibition from discharges into drinking water.** A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

#### *DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?*

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

**Grace Period.** Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

**Governmental agencies and public water utilities.** All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

**Businesses with nine or fewer employees.** Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

**Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer.** For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

**Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question.** For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

**Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food.** Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant<sup>2</sup> it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

**Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water.** The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for

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<sup>2</sup> See Section 25501(a)(4).

chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

### *HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?*

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off-premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;
- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included in Appendix B and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at:  
<http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

*FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...*

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at [P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov](mailto:P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov).

Revised: May 2017

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.