| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8                           | LEXINGTON LAW GROUP Howard Hirsch, State Bar No. 213209 Joseph Mann, State Bar No. 207968 Ryan B. Berghoff, State Bar No. 308812 503 Divisadero Street San Francisco, CA 94117 Telephone: (415) 913-7800 Facsimile: (415) 759-4112 hhirsch@lexlawgroup.com jmann@lexlawgroup.com rberghoff@lexlawgroup.com Attorneys for Plaintiff CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH | FILED BY FAX ALAMEDA COUNTY July 24, 2020 CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT By Lanette Buffin, Deputy CASE NUMBER: RG17881932 |
|--|--|---|
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| 11   | SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA  |   |
| 12   | COUNTY OF ALAMEDA  |   |
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| 14   | CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH,   | ) Case No. RG 17-881932<br>)  |
| 15   | Plaintiff,   | SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND  |
| 16   |  | CIVIL PENALTIES   |
| 16   | V.   | ) 61,1212.0121  |
| 17   | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et  | ) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, et seq.   |
| 17<br>18   | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19   | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18   | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20   | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21                                     | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22                               | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22<br>23                         | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22<br>23<br>24                   | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22<br>23<br>24<br>25             | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>26       | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | )<br>) Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, <i>et seq.</i><br>)  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>26<br>27 | BARREL O'FUN SNACK FOODS CO., LLC, et al.; and DOES 2 through 700, inclusive,  | Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, et seq.  (Other)  ) ) )   |

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Plaintiff Center for Environmental Health, in the public interest, based on information and belief and investigation of counsel, except for information based on knowledge, hereby makes the following allegations:

#### **INTRODUCTION**

- 1. This Complaint seeks to remedy Defendants' continuing failure to warn individuals in California that they are being exposed to acrylamide, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. Such exposures have occurred, and continue to occur, through the manufacture, distribution, sale, and consumption of three types of food products: (i) ginger snap cookies (the "Ginger Snap Products"); (ii) the Betty Crocker Molasses Cookie Mix (the "Molasses Cookie Mix Products"); and (iii) animal cookies (the "Animal Cookies Products"). Ginger Snap Products, Molasses Cookie Mix Products, and Animal Cookies Products are collectively referred to herein as "Products." Consumers, including children, are exposed to acrylamide when they eat the Products.
- 2. Under California's Proposition 65, Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq., it is unlawful for businesses to knowingly and intentionally expose individuals in California to chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm without providing clear and reasonable warnings to individuals prior to their exposure. Defendants sell the Products into the California marketplace knowing that consumers of the Products, including children, will be exposed to significant quantities of acrylamide.
- 3. Despite the fact that Defendants expose consumers to acrylamide, Defendants provide no warnings whatsoever about the carcinogenic hazards associated with acrylamide exposure. Defendants' conduct thus violates the warning provision of Proposition 65. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

#### **PARTIES**

4 Plaintiff CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ("CEH") is a non-profit corporation dedicated to protecting the public from environmental health hazards and toxic exposures. CEH is based in Oakland, California and incorporated under the laws of the State of California. CEH is a "person" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(a) and

- 5. Defendant DEWEY'S BAKERY, INC. is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant DEWEY'S BAKERY, INC. manufactures, distributes, and/or sells Ginger Snaps Products for sale and consumption in California.
- 6. Defendant GENERAL MILLS, INC. is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant GENERAL MILLS, INC. manufactures, distributes, and/or sells Molasses Cookie Mix Products and Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California. CEH's claims against Defendant GENERAL MILLS, INC. in this action as to Animal Cookies Products are limited to those sold under the "Annie's Homegrown Organic" brand.
- 7. Defendant ANNIE'S, INC. is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant ANNIE'S, INC. manufactures, distributes, and/or sells Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California. CEH's claims against Defendant ANNIE'S, INC. in this action are limited to Animal Cookies Products sold under the "Annie's Homegrown Organic" brand.
- 8. Defendant ANNIE'S HOMEGROWN, INC. is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant ANNIE'S HOMEGROWN, INC. manufactures, distributes, and/or sells Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California. CEH's claims against Defendant ANNIE'S HOMEGROWN, INC. in this action are limited to Animal Cookies Products sold under the "Annie's Homegrown Organic" brand.

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- 9. Defendant LUCKY VITAMIN, LLC is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant LUCKY VITAMIN, LLC manufactures, distributes, and/or sells Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California. CEH's claims against Defendant LUCKY VITAMIN, LLC in this action are limited to Animal Cookies Products sold under the "Annie's Homegrown Organic" brand.
- 10. Defendant JET.COM, INC. is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant JET.COM, INC. manufactures, distributes, and/or sells Ginger Snaps Products for sale and consumption in California. CEH's allegations and claims against Defendant JET.COM, INC. in this action are limited to Ginger Snaps Products sold by Defendant DEWEY'S BAKERY, INC.
- 11. Defendant WAL-MART.COM USA LLC is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant WAL-MART.COM USA LLC manufactures, distributes, and/or sells Molasses Cookie Mix Products for sale and consumption in California.
- 12. Defendant D.F. STAUFFER BISCUIT CO. INC. is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Defendant D.F. STAUFFER BISCUIT CO. INC. manufactures, distributes, and/or sells Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California.
- 13. DOES 2 through 100 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. DOES 2 through 100 manufacture, distribute, and/or sell Ginger Snaps Products for sale and consumption in California. Defendants DEWEY'S BAKERY, INC.; JET.COM, INC.; and DOES 2 through 100 are collectively referred to herein as "Ginger Snaps Products Defendants."
- 14. DOES 101 through 200 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. DOES 101 through 200 manufacture, distribute, and/or sell Molasses Cookie Mix Products for sale and consumption in California. Defendants GENERAL MILLS, INC.; WAL-MART.COM USA LLC; and DOES 101 through 200 are collectively referred to herein as "Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants."

15. DOES 201 through 300 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. DOES 201 through 300 manufacture, distribute, and/or sell Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California. Defendants GENERAL MILLS, INC.; ANNIE'S, INC.; ANNIE'S HOMEGROWN, INC.; LUCKY VITAMIN, LLC; D.F. STAUFFER BISCUIT CO. INC.; and DOES 201 through 300 are collectively referred to herein as "Animal Cookies Products Defendants."

- 16. DOES 301 through 400 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. DOES 301 through 400 manufacture, distribute, and/or sell both Ginger Snaps Products and Molasses Cookie Mix Products for sale and consumption in California. DOES 301 through 400 are collectively referred to herein as both "Ginger Snaps Products Defendants" and "Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants."
- 17. DOES 401 through 500 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. DOES 401 through 500 manufacture, distribute, and/or sell both Ginger Snaps Products and Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California. DOES 401 through 500 are collectively referred to herein as both "Ginger Snaps Products Defendants" and "Animal Cookies Products Defendants."
- 18. DOES 501 through 600 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. DOES 501 through 600 manufacture, distribute, and/or sell both Molasses Cookie Mix Products and Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California. DOES 501 through 600 are collectively referred to herein as both "Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants" and "Animal Cookies Products Defendants."
- 19. DOES 601 through 700 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. DOES 601 through 700 manufacture, distribute, and/or sell Ginger Snaps Products, Molasses Cookie Mix Products, and Animal Cookies Products for sale and consumption in California. DOES 601 through 700 are collectively referred to herein as "Ginger Snaps Products Defendants," "Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants," and "Animal Cookies Products Defendants."

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- 20. The true names of DOES 2 through 700 are either unknown to CEH at this time or the applicable time period before which CEH may file a Proposition 65 action has not run. When their identities are ascertained or the applicable time period before which CEH may file a Proposition 65 action has run, the Complaint shall be amended to reflect their true names.
- 21. The defendants identified in paragraphs 5 through 12 and DOES 2 through 700 are collectively referred to herein as "Defendants."

## **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 22. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7, which allows enforcement in any court of competent jurisdiction, and pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, because this case is a cause not given by statute to other trial courts.
- 23. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because each is a business entity that does sufficient business, has sufficient minimum contacts in California, or otherwise intentionally avails itself of the California market through the sale, marketing, or use of the Products in California and/or by having such other contacts with California so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.
- 24. Venue is proper in Alameda County Superior Court because one or more of the violations arise in the County of Alameda.

#### **BACKGROUND FACTS**

- 25. The People of the State of California have declared by initiative under Proposition 65 their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm." Proposition 65, § 1(b).
- 26. To effectuate this goal, Proposition 65 prohibits exposing people to chemicals listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm above certain levels without a "clear and reasonable warning" unless the business responsible for the exposure can prove that it fits within a statutory exemption. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 states, in pertinent part:

No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . .

- chemical known to cause cancer. On January 1, 1991, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause cancer. On January 1, 1991, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause cancer, acrylamide became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding carcinogens under Proposition 65. 27 California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") § 27001(b); Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b). Acrylamide's listing as a known carcinogen is well supported by numerous scientific studies establishing a link between acrylamide exposure and cancer. *See generally* Beland, F., *et al.*, "Carcinogenicity of acrylamide in B6C3F1 mice and F344/N rats from a 2-year drinking water exposure," *Food & Chemical Toxicology* (2013) Vol 51:149; World Health Organization International Agency for Research on Cancer, *IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans* (1994) Vol. 60:389; Vogt, R., *et al.*, "Cancer and non-cancer health effects from food contaminant exposures for children and adults in California: a risk assessment," *Environmental Health* (2012) Vol. 11:83.
- 28. Acrylamide is found in cigarette smoke and is produced industrially for use in products such as plastics, grouts, water treatment products, and cosmetics. Acrylamide is also found in certain food products, including the Products at issue. Acrylamide is formed when the Products are cooked at high temperatures, either during the manufacturing process (for Ginger Snap Products and Animal Cookies Products) or by the consumer after purchase (for Molasses Cookie Mix Products). The problem of acrylamide in food products first came to light in 2002 when researchers at the Swedish National Food Agency and Stockholm University reported finding acrylamide in a variety of fried and baked foods. Since then, numerous government reports and academic studies have confirmed the presence of high levels of acrylamide in certain foods, including the Products or similar foods. *See*, *e.g.*, U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"), "Survey Data on Acrylamide in Food: Individual Food Products," publicly available online at http://www.fda.gov/Food/FoodborneIllnessContaminants/ChemicalContaminants/

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ucm053549.htm (updated July 2006); FDA, "Survey Data on Acrylamide in Food: Total Diet Study Results," publicly available online at <a href="http://www.fda.gov/Food/">http://www.fda.gov/Food/</a>
FoodborneIllnessContaminants/ChemicalContaminants/ucm053566.htm (updated October 2006).

- 29. Defendants' Products contain sufficient quantities of acrylamide such that consumers who eat the Products are thereby exposed to acrylamide. The route of exposure for the violations is direct ingestion when consumers eat the Products. These exposures occur in homes, schools, workplaces, and everywhere else throughout California where the Products are consumed.
- 30. No clear and reasonable warning is provided with the Products regarding the carcinogenic hazards of acrylamide.
- 31. Any person acting in the public interest has standing to enforce violations of Proposition 65 provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a valid 60-Day Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the action within such time. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d).
- 32. More than sixty days prior to naming each Defendant in this lawsuit, CEH provided a 60-Day "Notice of Violation of Proposition 65" to the California Attorney General, to the District Attorneys of every county in California, to the City Attorneys of every California city with a population greater than 750,000, and to each of the named Defendants. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 27 C.C.R. § 25903(b), each Notice included the following information: (1) the name and address of each violator; (2) the statute violated; (3) the time period during which violations occurred; (4) specific descriptions of the violations, including (a) the routes of exposure to acrylamide from the Products, and (b) the specific type of Products sold and used in violation of Proposition 65; and (5) the name of the specific Proposition 65-listed chemical that is the subject of the violations described in each Notice.
- 33. CEH also sent a Certificate of Merit for each Notice to the California Attorney General, to the District Attorneys of every county in California, to the City Attorneys of every California city with a population greater than 750,000, and to each of the named Defendants. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3101, each Certificate

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appropriate experience or expertise who reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposures to acrylamide alleged in each Notice; and (2) based on the information obtained through such consultations, believes that there is a reasonable and meritorious case for a citizen enforcement action based on the facts alleged in each Notice. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3102, each Certificate served on the Attorney General included factual information – provided on a confidential basis – sufficient to establish the basis for the Certificate, including the identity of the person(s) consulted by CEH's counsel and the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by such persons.

certified that CEH's counsel: (1) has consulted with one or more persons with relevant and

- 34. None of the public prosecutors with the authority to prosecute violations of Proposition 65 has commenced and/or is diligently prosecuting a cause of action against Defendants under Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, *et seq.*, based on the claims asserted in each of CEH's Notices.
- 35. Defendants both know and intend that individuals will consume the Products, thus exposing them to acrylamide.
- 36. Under Proposition 65, an exposure is "knowing" where the party responsible for such exposure has:

knowledge of the fact that a[n] ... exposure to a chemical listed pursuant to [Health & Safety Code § 25249.8(a)] is occurring. No knowledge that the ... exposure is unlawful is required.

- 27 C.C.R. § 25102(n). This knowledge may be either actual or constructive. *See*, e.g., Final Statement of Reasons Revised (November 4, 1988) (pursuant to former 22 C.C.R. Division 2, § 12601).
- 37. As companies that manufacture, import, distribute, and/or sell the Products for use in the California marketplace, Defendants know or should know that the Products contain acrylamide and that individuals who consume the Products will be exposed to acrylamide. The acrylamide exposures to consumers who eat the Products are a natural and foreseeable consequence of Defendants' placing the Products into the stream of commerce.

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- 38. Defendants have also been informed of the acrylamide in their Products by the 60-Day Notice of Violation and accompanying Certificate of Merit served on them by CEH.
- 39. Defendants also have constructive knowledge that their Products contain acrylamide due to the widespread media coverage concerning the problem of acrylamide in food products in general, and due to published data confirming the presence of high levels of acrylamide in the Products or similar foods in particular.
- 40. Nevertheless, Defendants continue to expose consumers, including children, to acrylamide without prior clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenic hazards of acrylamide.
- 41. CEH has engaged in good-faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.
- 42. Any person "violating or threatening to violate" Proposition 65 may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7. "Threaten to violate" is defined to mean "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur." Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(e). Proposition 65 provides for civil penalties not to exceed \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65.

## FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Violations of Health & Safety Code § 25249.6)

(Against Ginger Snaps Products Defendants)

- 43. CEH realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 42, inclusive.
- 44. By placing the Ginger Snaps Products into the stream of commerce, Ginger Snaps Products Defendants are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.
- 45. Acrylamide is a chemical listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer.
- 46. Each Ginger Snaps Products Defendant knows that average use of the Ginger Snaps Products will expose users of its Ginger Snaps Products to acrylamide. Each Ginger Snaps

Products Defendant intends that its Ginger Snaps Products be used in a manner that results in exposures to acrylamide from the Ginger Snaps Products.

- 47. Ginger Snaps Products Defendants have failed, and continue to fail, to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenicity of acrylamide to users of the Ginger Snaps Products.
- 48. By committing the acts alleged above, Ginger Snaps Products Defendants have at all times relevant to this Complaint violated Proposition 65 by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to acrylamide without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such individuals regarding the carcinogenicity of acrylamide.

Wherefore, CEH prays for judgment against Ginger Snaps Products Defendants, as set forth hereafter.

#### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of Health & Safety Code § 25249.6) (Against Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants)

- 49. CEH realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 48, inclusive.
- 50. By placing the Molasses Cookie Mix Products into the stream of commerce, Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.
- 51. Acrylamide is a chemical listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer.
- 52. Each Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendant knows that average use of the Molasses Cookie Mix Products will expose users of its Molasses Cookie Mix Products to acrylamide. Each Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendant intends that its Molasses Cookie Mix Products be used in a manner that results in exposures to acrylamide from the Molasses Cookie Mix Products.

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provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenicity of acrylamide to users of the Molasses Cookie Mix Products.

54. By committing the acts alleged above, Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants

Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants have failed, and continue to fail, to

54. By committing the acts alleged above, Molasses Cookie Mix Products Defendants have at all times relevant to this Complaint violated Proposition 65 by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to acrylamide without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such individuals regarding the carcinogenicity of acrylamide.

Wherefore, CEH prays for judgment against Molasses Cookie Mix Products

Defendants, as set forth hereafter.

## THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of Health & Safety Code § 25249.6) (Against Animal Cookies Products Defendants)

- 1. CEH realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 54, inclusive.
- 2. By placing the Animal Cookies Products into the stream of commerce, Animal Cookies Products Defendants are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.
- 3. Acrylamide is a chemical listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer.
- 4. Each Animal Cookies Products Defendant knows that average use of the Animal Cookies Products will expose users of its Animal Cookies Products to acrylamide. Each Animal Cookies Products Defendant intends that its Animal Cookies Products be used in a manner that results in exposures to acrylamide from the Animal Cookies Products.
- Animal Cookies Products Defendants have failed, and continue to fail, to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenicity of acrylamide to users of the Animal Cookies Products.
- 6. By committing the acts alleged above, Animal Cookies Products Defendants have at all times relevant to this Complaint violated Proposition 65 by knowingly and intentionally

exposing individuals to acrylamide without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such 1 2 individuals regarding the carcinogenicity of acrylamide. 3 Wherefore, CEH prays for judgment against Animal Cookies Products Defendants, 4 as set forth hereafter. 5 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 6 Wherefore, CEH prays for judgment against Defendants as follows: 7 1. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a), preliminarily and 8 permanently enjoin Defendants from offering Products for sale in California without providing 9 prior clear and reasonable warnings, as CEH shall specify in further application to the Court; 10 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a), order Defendants 11 to take action to stop ongoing unwarned exposures to acrylamide resulting from use of Products 12 sold by Defendants, as CEH shall specify in further application to the Court; 13 3. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b), assess civil 14 penalties against each of the Defendants in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation of 1.5 Proposition 65 according to proof, 16 4. That the Court, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 or any other 17 applicable theory, grant CEH its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit, and 18 5. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper. 19 20 Dated: July 24, 2020 Respectfully submitted, 21 LEXINGTON LAW GROUP 22 23 Joseph Mann 24 Attorneys for Plaintiff 25 CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH 26 27 28 DOCUMENT PREPARED -12-ON RECYCLED PAPER

SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES

| 1             | <u>PROOF OF SERVICE</u>  |  |
|---------------|--|--|
| 2             |  |  |
| 3             | I, Alexis Pearson, declare:  |  |
| 4             | I am a citizen of the United States and employed in the County of San Francisco, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to this action. My business   |  |
| 5<br>6        | address is 503 Divisadero Street, San Francisco, CA 94117 and my email address is apearson@lexlawgroup.com   |  |
| 7             | On July 24, 2020, I served the following document(s) on all interested parties in this action by placing a true copy thereof in the manner and at the addresses indicated below:   |  |
| 8             | SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT   |  |
| 9<br>10<br>11 | □ BY MAIL: I am readily familiar with the firm's practice for collecting and processing mail with the United States Postal Service ("USPS"). Under that practice, mail would be deposited with USPS that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at San Francisco, California in the ordinary course of business. On this date, I placed sealed envelopes containing the above mentioned documents for collection and mailing following my firm's ordinary business practices. |  |
| 12<br>13      | ☐ BY FACSIMILE: I caused all pages of the document(s) listed above to be transmitted via facsimile to the fax number(s) as indicated and said transmission was reported as complete and without error.   |  |
| 14<br>15      | ■ BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: I transmitted a PDF version of the document(s) listed above via email to the email address(es) indicated on the attached service list [or noted above] before 5 p.m. on the date executed.   |  |
| 16            | Please see attached service list   |  |
| 17<br>18      | ☐ BY PERSONAL DELIVERY: I placed all pages of the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope addressed to the party(ies) listed above, and caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the addressee(s) as indicated.   |  |
| 19<br>20      | ☐ BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY: I deposited such document(s) in a box or other facility regularly maintained by FedEx, or delivered such document(s) to a courier or driver authorized b FedEx, with delivery fees paid or provided for, and addressed to the person(s) being served.   |  |
| 21            | I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.   |  |
| 22            | Executed on July 24, 2020 at San Francisco, California.  |  |
| 23            |  |  |
| 24            | allystason   |  |
| 25            | Alexis Pearson   |  |
| 26            |  |  |
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PROOF OF SERVICE

### From: Lexington Law Group

# **SERVICE LIST**

## CEH v. Barrel O'Fun Snack Foods Co., LLC, et al. Case No. RG 17-881932

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