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I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by Plaintiff in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California ("the People"). Plaintiff seeks to remedy Defendants' failure to inform the People of exposures to carcinogens and/or reproductive toxicants listed on the Proposition 65 list. The toxicants that customers are exposed to in Defendant's place of business may include, but are not limited to: Carbon monoxide (CO), arsenic, cadmium, lead, nickel, benzene, quinoline, benzofuran, ethylbenzene, and/or styrene ("Toxicants"). Defendants allow customers to be exposed to these Toxicants by willingly providing materials used for hookah ("Product") smoking, including charcoals which harbor carcinogens and reproductive toxins.
- 2. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . ." (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.6.)
- 3. California identified and listed carbon monoxide as a chemical known to cause developmental/reproductive toxicity on July 1, 1989.
- 4. Defendants failed to sufficiently warn consumers and individuals in California about potential exposures to Toxicants in connection with Defendants' use and provision of the Product. This is a violation of Proposition 65.
- 5. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief compelling Defendants to sufficiently warn consumers in California before exposing them to Toxicants in Products. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(a).) Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against Defendants for their violations of Proposition 65 along with attorney's fees and costs. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(b).)

II. PARTIES

6. Plaintiff KIM EMBRY is a citizen of the State of California dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of toxic exposure from consumer

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- 13. Proposition 65 mandates that citizens be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.
- 14. Defendants provided, distributed, and encouraged the use of Products containing Toxicants in violation of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. Plaintiff is informed and believes such violations have continued after receipt of the Notices (defined *infra*) and will continue to occur into the future.
- 15. In providing, distributing, and encouraging, the use of Products, Defendants failed to provide a clear and reasonable warning to consumers and individuals in California who may be exposed to Toxicants through reasonably foreseeable use of the Products.
- 16. Products expose individuals to Toxicants through direct inhalation. This exposure is a natural and foreseeable consequence of Defendants placing Products into the stream of commerce. As such, Defendants intend that consumers will use Products for smoking, exposing them to Toxicants.
- 17. Defendants knew or should have known that the Products contained Toxicants and exposed individuals to Toxicants in the ways provided above. The Notice informed Defendants of the presence of Toxicants in the Products. Likewise, media coverage concerning Toxicants and related chemicals in consumer products provided constructive notice to Defendants.
 - 18. Defendants' actions in this regard were deliberate and not accidental.
- 19. More than sixty days prior to naming each Defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiff issued a 60-Day Notice of Violation ("Notice(s)") as required by and in compliance with Proposition 65. Plaintiff provided the Notice to the various required public enforcement agencies along with a certificate of merit. The Notices alleged that Defendants violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in California of the health hazards associated with exposures to tobacco smoke used with the Products. Plaintiff then issued a Supplemental Notice that alleges Defendants violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in California of the health hazards associated with exposures to Toxicants found in charcoals used with the Products.
- 20. The appropriate public enforcement agencies provided with the Notices failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against Defendants.