# COPY

1	LEXINGTON LAW GROUP Mark N. Todzo (State Bar No. 168389)	
2	Lucas Williams (State Bar No. 264518) 503 Divisadero Street	CONFORMED COPY
3	San Francisco, CA 94117	ORIGINAL FILED Superior Court of California
4	Telephone: (415) 913-7800 Facsimile: (415) 759-4112	County of Los Angeles
. 5	mtodzo@lexlawgroup.com lwilliams@lexlawgroup.com	JAN 3 O 2019
6	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court
7	CLEAN AIR COALITION OF NORTH WHITTIER & AVOCADO HEIGHTS and	By: Steven Drew, Deputy
8	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH	
9		
10	CLIDED LOD COLUDE OF THE C	OTTA THE OTHER AND THE OTHER
11	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
12	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	
	j ·	46670400446
13	CLEAN AIR COALITION OF NORTH	Case No. 19STCV02668 U
. 14	WHITTIER & AVOCADO HEIGHTS, a community organization; and CENTER FOR	7
15	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, a non-profit corporation,	COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES
16	,	Health & Safety Code § 25249.6, et seq.
17	Plaintiffs,	
18	v.	(Other)
19	QUEMETCO, INC.; QUEMETCO WEST, LLC;	
20	RSR CORPORATION; and DOES 1 through 20, inclusive,	
21	Defendants.	
22		
23		·
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
DOCUMENT PREPARED ON RECYCLED PAPER		

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES

Plaintiffs Clean Air Coalition of North Whittier & Avocado Heights and Center for Environmental Health, in the public interest, based on information and belief and investigation of counsel, except for information based on knowledge, hereby make the following allegations:

#### INTRODUCTION

- 1. This Complaint seeks to remedy Defendants' continuing failure to warn individuals in California that they are being exposed to lead and lead compounds (collectively, "Lead") and inorganic arsenic oxides and inorganic arsenic compounds (collectively, "Arsenic"). Lead and Arsenic are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm. The exposures to Lead and Arsenic have occurred, and continue to occur, as a result of Defendants' lead-acid battery recycling operations located at 720 South Seventh Avenue, City of Industry, California 91746 (the "Facility"). The Facility's operations emit significant quantities of Lead and Arsenic into the air, which has contaminated the soil of residential properties in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility. Individuals living in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility are exposed to Lead and Arsenic in the soil at their residences and when they breathe the Lead and Arsenic emitted from the Facility.
- 2. Under California's Proposition 65, Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq., it is unlawful for businesses to knowingly and intentionally expose individuals in California to chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm without providing clear and reasonable warnings to individuals prior to their exposure. Defendants' operations emit Lead and Arsenic into the air, thereby exposing individuals in the area to airborne Lead and Arsenic. Additionally, the Lead and Arsenic emitted from the Facility has contaminated the soil of residential properties in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility, thereby exposing individuals to Lead and Arsenic when they come into contact with the soil.
- 3. Despite the fact that Defendants expose individuals to Lead and Arsenic,
  Defendants provide no warnings whatsoever about the carcinogenic or reproductive hazards
  associated with such exposures. Defendants' conduct thus violates the warning provision of
  Proposition 65, Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

### **PARTIES**

- 4. Plaintiff CLEAN AIR COALITION OF NORTH WHITTIER & AVOCADO HEIGHTS ("CAC") is a community organization committed to defending the environment and quality of life in the North Whittier and Avocado Heights community. CAC is based in Whittier, California. CAC is a "person" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(a) and brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d).
- 5. Plaintiff CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ("CEH") is a non-profit corporation dedicated to protecting the public from environmental health hazards and toxic exposures. CEH is based in Oakland, California and incorporated under the laws of the State of California. CEH is a "person" within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(a) and brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d). CEH is a nationally recognized non-profit environmental advocacy group that has prosecuted a large number of Proposition 65 cases in the public interest. These cases have resulted in significant public benefit, including the reformulation of thousands of products to remove toxic chemicals and to make them safer. CEH also provides information to Californians about the health risks associated with exposure to hazardous substances, where manufacturers and other responsible parties fail to do so.
- 6. Defendant QUEMETCO, INC. is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Quemetco, Inc. owns and/or operates a leadacid battery recycling Facility that emits Lead and Arsenic into the air, which pollutes the air and has contaminated the soil of residential properties in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility. The Facility is located at 720 South Seventh Avenue, City of Industry, California 91746. Quemetco, Inc. exposes individuals living in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility to Lead and Arsenic in the air and soil without first providing such individuals with clear and reasonable warnings.
- 7. Defendant QUEMETCO WEST, LLC is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. Quemetco West, LLC owns and/or

operates the Facility. Quemetco West, LLC exposes individuals living in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility to Lead and Arsenic in the air and soil without first providing such individuals with clear and reasonable warnings.

- 8. Defendant RSR CORPORATION is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. RSR Corporation owns and/or operates the Facility. RSR Corporation exposes individuals living in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility to Lead and Arsenic in the air and soil without first providing such individuals with clear and reasonable warnings.
- 9. DOES 1 through 20 are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. DOES 1 through 20 own and/or operate the Facility.
- 10. The true names of DOES 1 through 20 are either unknown to Plaintiffs at this time or the applicable time period before which Plaintiffs may file a Proposition 65 action has not run. When their identities are ascertained or the applicable time period before which Plaintiffs may file a Proposition 65 action has run, the Complaint shall be amended to reflect their true names.
- 11. Plaintiffs CAC and CEH are collectively referred to herein as "Plaintiffs." The defendants identified in Paragraphs 6 through 8 and DOES 1 through 20 are collectively referred to herein as "Defendants."

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 12. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7, which allows enforcement in any court of competent jurisdiction, and pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, because this case is a cause not given by statute to other trial courts.
- 13. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because each is a business entity that does sufficient business, has sufficient minimum contacts in California, or otherwise intentionally avails itself of the California market through the ownership and/or operation of the Facility, or by having such other contacts with California so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

14. Venue is proper in the Los Angeles County Superior Court because Defendants' Facility is located in Los Angeles County and the violations arise in Los Angeles County.

#### **BACKGROUND FACTS**

- 15. The People of the State of California have declared by initiative under Proposition 65 their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm." Proposition 65, § 1(b).
- 16. To effectuate this goal, Proposition 65 prohibits exposing people to chemicals listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm above certain levels without a "clear and reasonable warning" unless the business responsible for the exposure can prove that it fits within a statutory exemption. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 states, in pertinent part:

No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . .

- 17. On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. Lead is specifically identified as a reproductive toxicant under three subcategories: "developmental reproductive toxicity," which means harm to the developing fetus, "female reproductive toxicity," which means harm to the female reproductive system, and "male reproductive toxicity," which means harm to the male reproductive system. 27 California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") § 27001(c). On February 27, 1988, one year later, lead became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding reproductive toxicants under Proposition 65. *Id.*; Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).
- 18. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer. On October 1, 1993, one year later, lead and lead compounds became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding carcinogens under Proposition 65. 27 C.C.R. § 27001(b); Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).
- 19. On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed arsenic (inorganic arsenic compounds) as a chemical known to cause cancer. On February 27, 1988, one year later,

arsenic (inorganic arsenic compounds) became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding carcinogens under Proposition 65. 27 C.C.R. § 27001(b); Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).

- 20. On May 1, 1997, the State of California officially listed arsenic (inorganic oxides) as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. Arsenic (inorganic oxides) is specifically identified as a reproductive toxicant under the "developmental reproductive toxicity" category, which means it tends to harm the developing fetus. On May 1, 1998, one year later, arsenic (inorganic oxides) became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement regarding reproductive toxicants under Proposition 65. 27 C.C.R. § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code § 25249.10(b).
- 21. The Facility's operations emit significant quantities of Lead and Arsenic into the air, which has polluted the air and contaminated the soil of residential properties in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility. Individuals living in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility are exposed to Lead and Arsenic when they come into contact with the soil at their residences, and when they breathe the Lead and Arsenic emitted from the Facility. The primary routes of exposure for the violations are: direct ingestion when individuals (including children) ingest the soil contaminated with Lead and Arsenic; ingestion via hand to mouth contact after individuals touch or handle the soil contaminated with Lead and Arsenic; and inhalation when individuals breathe the Lead and Arsenic emitted from the Facility. No clear and reasonable warning is provided to residents in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility regarding the health hazards associated with Lead and Arsenic.
- 22. Any person acting in the public interest has standing to enforce violations of Proposition 65 provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a valid 60-Day Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the action within such time. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d).
- 23. More than sixty days prior to naming each Defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiffs provided a 60-Day "Notice of Violation of Proposition 65" to the California Attorney General, the District Attorney of Los Angeles, the City Attorney of Los Angeles, and each of the named

27

Defendants. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 27 C.C.R. § 25903(b), the Notice included the following information: (1) the name and address of each violator; (2) the statute violated; (3) the time period during which the violations occurred; (4) specific descriptions of the violations, including (a) the routes of exposure to Lead and Arsenic, and (b) the locations of the sources of the exposures to Lead and Arsenic; and (5) the name of the specific Proposition 65-listed chemical that is the subject of the violations described in the Notice.

- 24. Plaintiffs also sent a Certificate of Merit for each Notice to the California Attorney General, the District Attorney of Los Angeles County, the City Attorney of Los Angeles, and each of the named Defendants. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3101, the Certificate certified that Plaintiffs' counsel: (1) has consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposures to Lead and Arsenic alleged in each Notice; and (2) based on the information obtained through such consultations, believes that there is a reasonable and meritorious case for a citizen enforcement action based on the facts alleged in the Notice. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3102, the Certificate served on the Attorney General included factual information – provided on a confidential basis – sufficient to establish the basis for the Certificate, including the identity of the person(s) consulted by Plaintiffs' counsel and the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by such persons.
- 25. None of the public prosecutors with the authority to prosecute violations of Proposition 65 has commenced and is diligently prosecuting a cause of action against Defendants under Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq., based on the claims asserted in Plaintiff's Notice.
- 26. Defendants know that their Facility has, for years, emitted and continues to emit significant quantities of Lead and Arsenic into the air, which pollutes the air, and has contaminated and continues to contaminate the soil of residential properties in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility. Defendants know that the Facility's emissions expose individuals living in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility to Lead and Arsenic when such individuals breathe the air and come into contact with the soil. Defendants intend that their Facility is operated in a manner that results in such Lead and Arsenic exposures.

27

27. Under Proposition 65, an exposure is "knowing" where the party responsible for such exposure has:

knowledge of the fact that a[n] . . . exposure to a chemical listed pursuant to [Health & Safety Code § 25249.8(a)] is occurring. No knowledge that the . . . exposure is unlawful is required.

- 27 C.C.R. § 25102(n). This knowledge may be either actual or constructive. *See*, *e.g.*, Final Statement of Reasons Revised (November 4, 1988) (pursuant to former 22 C.C.R. Division 2, § 12601).
- 28. Defendants have actual knowledge of the Lead and Arsenic exposures described herein. Defendants are required to monitor the Facility's Lead and Arsenic air emissions, and Defendants report such emissions data to government agencies, including the South Coast Air Quality Management District. In addition, the soil contamination caused by the Facility's Lead and Arsenic emissions has been widely discussed in government analyses and investigations, as well as media reports. For instance, the Department of Toxic Substances Control has conducted soil testing of certain residential properties contaminated with Lead an Arsenic emitted from the Facility. Finally, Defendants have been informed of the Lead and Arsenic exposures caused by the Facility by means of the 60-Day Notice of Violation and accompanying Certificate of Merit served on them by Plaintiffs.
- 29. The Lead and Arsenic exposures in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility are the natural consequence of Defendants operating a lead-acid battery recycling operation in a densely populated neighborhood.
- 30. Plaintiffs have engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.
- 31. Nevertheless, Defendants have failed, and continue to fail, to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenic and reproductive hazards of Lead and Arsenic to individuals in the neighborhood surrounding Defendants' Facility. Nor have Defendants undertaken to eliminate the Lead and Arsenic exposures caused by the Facility's operations. By committing the acts alleged above, Defendants have at all times relevant to this Complaint violated Proposition 65 by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to Lead and Arsenic.

32. Any person "violating or threatening to violate" Proposition 65 may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7. "Threaten to violate" is defined to mean "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur." Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(e). Proposition 65 provides for civil penalties not to exceed \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65.

## FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Violations of Health & Safety Code § 25249.6)

- 33. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 32, inclusive.
- 34. Each Defendant is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.
- 35. Lead and Arsenic are chemicals listed by the State of California as known to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.
- 36. Defendants know and intend that Lead and Arsenic from their Facility is emitted into the air, which pollutes the air and has contaminated the soil of residential properties in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility, thereby exposing individuals to Lead and Arsenic.
- 37. Defendants have failed, and continue to fail, to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenicity and reproductive toxicity of Lead and Arsenic to individuals living in the neighborhood surrounding the Facility.
- 38. By committing the acts alleged above, Defendants have at all times relevant to this Complaint violated Proposition 65 by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to Lead and Arsenic without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such individuals regarding the carcinogenicity and reproductive toxicity of Lead and Arsenic.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiffs pray for judgment against Defendants as follows:

1. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a), preliminarily and permanently enjoin Defendants from exposing individuals living in the neighborhood surrounding

DOCUMENT PREPARED ON RECYCLED PAPER