Assigned for all purposes to: Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Judicial Officer: Holly Fujie

Reuben Yeroushalmi (SBN 193981) 1 Reuben@yeroushalmi.com YEROUSHALMI & YEROUSHALMI* 2 An Association of Independent Law Corporations 3 9100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 240W Beverly Hills, California 90212 4 Telephone: (310) 623-1926 Facsimile: (310) 623-1930 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff, 6 Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc. 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 **COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES** 10 CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC., CASE NO. 11 in the public interest, 208TCV21370 12 Plaintiff, COMPLAINT FOR PENALTY AND **INJUNCTION** 13 v. 14 Violation of Proposition 65, the Safe PEGASUS TRUCKING, LLC DBA Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement 15 FALLAS DISCOUNT STORES, a Delaware Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.5, et seg.) Limited Liability Company; and 16 DOES 1-220. UNLIMITED CIVIL ACTION 17 Defendants. 18 19 Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. alleges twenty two causes of action 20 against defendants PEGASUS TRUCKING, LLC DBA FALLAS DISCOUNT STORES and 21 DOES 1-220 as follows: 22 **THE PARTIES** 23 1. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. ("Plaintiff" or "CAG") is an 24 organization qualified to do business in the State of California. CAG is a person within 25 the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11, subdivision (a). CAG, acting 26 as a private attorney general, brings this action in the public interest as defined under 27 Health and Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivision (d).

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COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF PROPOSITION 65, THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE § 25249.5, ET SEQ.)

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- Defendant PEGASUS TRUCKING, LLC DBA FALLAS DISCOUNT STORES
 ("PEGASUS") is a Delaware Limited Liability Company doing business in the State of California at all relevant times herein.
- 3. Plaintiff is presently unaware of the true names and capacities of defendants DOES 1-220, and therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each fictitiously named defendant is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged and the damages caused thereby.
- 4. At all times mentioned herein, the term "Defendants" includes PEGASUS, and DOES 1-220.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants at all times mentioned herein have conducted business within the State of California.
- 6. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this action, each of the Defendants, including DOES 1-220, was an agent, servant, or employee of each of the other Defendants. In conducting the activities alleged in this Complaint, each of the Defendants was acting within the course and scope of this agency, service, or employment, and was acting with the consent, permission, and authorization of each of the other Defendants. All actions of each of the Defendants alleged in this Complaint were ratified and approved by every other Defendant or their officers or managing agents. Alternatively, each of the Defendants aided, conspired with and/or facilitated the alleged wrongful conduct of each of the other Defendants.
- 7. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that at all relevant times, each of the Defendants was a person doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 25249.11, subdivision (b), and that each of the Defendants had ten (10) or more employees at all relevant times.

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JURISDICTION

- 8. The Court has jurisdiction over this lawsuit pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7, which allows enforcement of violations of Proposition 65 in any Court of competent jurisdiction.
- 9. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants named herein because Defendants either reside or are located in this State or are foreign corporations authorized to do business in California, are registered with the California Secretary of State, or who do sufficient business in California, have sufficient minimum contacts with California, or otherwise intentionally avail themselves of the markets within California through their manufacture, distribution, promotion, marketing, or sale of their products within California to render the exercise of jurisdiction by the California courts permissible under traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.
- 10. Venue is proper in the County of Los Angeles because one or more of the instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continues to occur, in the County of Los Angeles and/or because Defendants conducted, and continue to conduct, business in the County of Los Angeles with respect to the consumer product that is the subject of this action.

BACKGROUND AND PRELIMINARY FACTS

11. In 1986, California voters approved an initiative to address growing concerns about exposure to toxic chemicals and declared their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm." Ballot Pamp., Proposed Law, Gen. Elec. (Nov. 4, 1986) at p. 3. The initiative, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at Health and Safety Code sections 25249.5, et seq. ("Proposition 65"), helps to protect California's drinking water sources from contamination, to allow consumers to make informed choices about the products

- they buy, and to enable persons to protect themselves from toxic chemicals as they see fit.
- 12. Proposition 65 requires the Governor of California to publish a list of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.8. The list, which the Governor updates at least once a year, contains over 700 chemicals and chemical families. Proposition 65 imposes warning requirements and other controls that apply to Proposition 65-listed chemicals.
- 13. All businesses with ten (10) or more employees that operate or sell products in California must comply with Proposition 65. Under Proposition 65, businesses are: (1) prohibited from knowingly discharging Proposition 65-listed chemicals into sources of drinking water (*Health & Safety Code* § 25249.5), and (2) required to provide "clear and reasonable" warnings before exposing a person, knowingly and intentionally, to a Proposition 65-listed chemical (*Health & Safety Code* § 25249.6).
- 14. Proposition 65 provides that any person "violating or threatening to violate" the statute may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7. "Threaten to violate" means "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur." *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.11(e). Defendants are also liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per violation, recoverable in a civil action. *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7(b).
- 15. Plaintiff identified certain practices of manufacturers and distributors of products bearing Di (2-ehtylhexyl) phthalate, also known as Diethyl Hexyl Phthalate and Bis (2-ehtylhexyl) phthalate ("DEHP"); Diisononyl Phthalate ("DINP"); and Di-n-Butyl Phthalate, also known as Dibutyl Phthalate ("DBP") of exposing, knowingly and intentionally, persons in California to the Proposition 65-listed chemicals of such products without first providing clear and reasonable warnings of such to the exposed persons prior to the time of exposure. Plaintiff later discerned that Defendants engaged in such practice.

- 16. On January 1, 1988, the Governor of California added DEHP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, and on October 24, 2003, the Governor added DEHP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental male reproductive toxicity. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of DEHP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, DEHP became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.
- 17. On December 2, 2005, the Governor of California added DBP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental, female, and male reproductive toxicity. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of DBP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity, DBP became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.
- 18. On December 20, 2013, the Governor of California added DINP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of DINP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, DINP became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.

SATISFACTION OF PRIOR NOTICE

- 19. On or about May 30, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Wallets with PVC Components containing DEHP.
- 20. On or about June 17, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a

- private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Polymer Sandals containing DEHP and DBP.
- 21. On or about June 17, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Backpacks with Plastic Components containing DEHP.
- 22. On or about June 28, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Wallets with Plastic Components containing DEHP.
- 23. On or about June 28, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Backpack with Plastic Components containing DEHP.
- 24. On or about July 2, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in

- whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Plastic Handbags containing DEHP.
- 25. On or about July 15, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Backpacks with Plastic Components containing DEHP.
- 26. On or about July 15, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Wallets with Plastic Components containing DINP.
- 27. On or about August 26, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Backpack with Plastic Components containing DBP.
- 28. On or about September 13, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Handbag with Plastic Components containing DEHP.

- 29. On or about September 13, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Sandals with Plastic Components containing DBP.
- 30. On or about September 17, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Sandals with Plastic Straps containing DBP.
- 31. On or about October 11, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Sandals with Plastic Components containing DEHP.
- 32. On or about October 11, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Backpacks with Plastic Components containing DEHP.
- 33. On or about October 23, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District

Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Wallets containing DEHP.

- 34. On or about November 12, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Women's Sandals with Plastic Components containing DBP.
- 35. On or about December 9, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning High Heels with Plastic Components containing DEHP.
- 36. On or about December 9, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Women's Sandals with Plastic Components containing DEHP.
- 37. On or about December 16, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning School Bags with Plastic Components containing DINP.

- 38. On or about January 16, 2020, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Plastic Sandals containing DBP.
- 39. On or about February 14, 2020, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures, subject to a private action to PEGASUS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Back Scratchers containing DEHP.
- 40. Before sending the notices of alleged violation, Plaintiff investigated the consumer products involved, the likelihood that such products would cause users to suffer significant exposures to DEHP, DINP, and DBP, and the corporate structure of each of the Defendants.
- 41. Plaintiff's notices of alleged violation included Certificates of Merit executed by the attorney for the noticing party, CAG. The Certificates of Merit stated that the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the certificate had consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who reviewed data regarding the exposures to Lead, the subject Proposition 65-listed chemical of this action. Based on that information, the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the Certificates of Merit believed there was a reasonable and meritorious case for this private action. The attorney for Plaintiff attached to the Certificates of Merit served on the Attorney General the confidential factual information sufficient to establish the basis of the Certificate of Merit.

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- 42. Plaintiff's notices of alleged violations also included a Certificate of Service and a document entitled "The Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) A Summary." *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7(d).
- 43. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty (60) days from the dates that Plaintiff gave notices of the alleged violations to PEGASUS and the public prosecutors referenced in Paragraphs 19-39.
- 44. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that neither the Attorney General, nor any applicable district attorney or city attorney has commenced and is diligently prosecuting an action against the Defendants.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 1-10 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Fashion Accessories

- 45. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 44 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.

 Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Wallets with PVC Components, which includes but is not limited to: "Vieta Est. 1994" "EA1596-2 Pink"; "Designed in U.S.A."; "Fold-over wallet;" "Made in China"; "NO UPC, (Wallets").
- 46. Wallets contain DEHP.
- 47. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 19.

- 48. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Wallets concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Wallets III are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 49. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between May 30, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Wallets, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Wallets in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Wallets, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 50. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Wallets without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Wallets, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Wallets.
- 51. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Wallets have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Wallets, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Wallets as mentioned herein.

- 52. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 53. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Wallets, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 54. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 11-20 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Footwear

- 55. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 54 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Polymer Sandals, which includes but is not limited to: "BP;" Black and Green sandals; "MADEIN CHINA;""MANMADE MATERIAL;""38;""NO;828;""071-710-140;""JELLYNVY;""1155237" ("Sandals").
- 56. Sandals contain DEHP.
- 57. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 20.
- 58. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage,

consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Sandals are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.

- 59. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between June 17, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Sandals, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Sandals in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Sandals, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 60. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals.
- 61. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Sandals as mentioned herein.
- 62. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.

- 63. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Sandals, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 64. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS, and DOES 21-30 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Footwear

- 65. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 64 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Polymer Sandals, which includes but is not limited to: "BP;"Black and Green sandals; "MADEIN CHINA;""MANMADE MATERIAL;""38;""NO;828;""071-710-140;""JELLYNVY;""1155237" ("Sandals").
- 66. Sandals contain DBP.
- 67. Defendants knew or should have known that DBP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 20.
- 68. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b).

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- Sandals are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DBP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 69. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between June 17, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Sandals, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DBP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Sandals in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Sandals, thereby exposing them to DBP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 70. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals.
- 71. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DBP by Sandals as mentioned herein.
- 72. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 73. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DBP from Sandals, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).

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FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 31-40 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Fashion Accessories

- 75. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 74 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Backpacks with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "KISS ME COUTURE;" "STYLE:KMCBP3009;" "COLOR:BLACK;" "MADE IN CHINA", ("Backpacks").
- 76. Backpacks contain DEHP.
- 77. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 21.
- 78. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Backpacks concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Backpacks are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 79. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between June 17, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California

consumers and users of Backpacks, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Backpacks in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Backpacks, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 80. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Backpacks without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Backpacks, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Backpacks.
- 81. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Backpacks have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Backpacks, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Backpacks as mentioned herein.
- 82. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 83. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Backpacks, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 84. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 41-50 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Fashion Accessories

- 85. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 84 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Wallets with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "WOMENS ACCESSORIES WALLETS NON BRANDED WALLETS;" "CW122602MMPK;" "S18 12/18;" "MERMARID CELL PHONE ZIP WALLET;" "123485;", (Wallets II").
- 86. Wallets II contain DEHP.
- 87. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22.
- 88. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Wallets IV concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Wallets II are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 89. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between June 28, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Wallets II, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable

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warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Wallets II in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Wallets II, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 90. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Wallets II without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Wallets II, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Wallets II.
- 91. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Wallets II have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Wallets II, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Wallets II as mentioned herein.
- 92. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 93. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Wallets II, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 94. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 51-60 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Fashion Accessories

- 95. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 94 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Backpacks with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "GLITTER CLR BACKPACK;" "015-311-710;" "1320925;" "\$14.99;" "MADE IN CHINA", ("Backpacks II").
- 96. Backpacks II contain DEHP.
- 97. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 23.
- 98. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Backpacks II concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Backpacks II are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 99. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between June 28, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Backpacks II, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

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Defendants have distributed and sold Backpacks II in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Backpacks, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 100. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Backpacks II without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Backpacks II, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Backpacks II.
- 101. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Backpacks II have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Backpacks II, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Backpacks II as mentioned herein.
- 102. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 103. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Backpacks II, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 104. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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YEROUSHALMI

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 61-70 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Fashion Accessories

- 105. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 104 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Plastic Handbags, which includes but is not limited to: ""DOT DASH;""MADEIN CHINA;""WOMENS ACCESSORIES;""HANDBAGS;" "HOLOGRAM CLEAR CRO;""1326813" ("Handbags").
- 106. Handbags contain DEHP.
- 107. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 24.
- 108. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 109. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between July 2, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have

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distributed and sold Handbags in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 110. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Handbags without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Handbags, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Handbags.
- 111. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags as mentioned herein.
- 112. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 113. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 114. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 71-80 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Fashion Accessories

- 115. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 1114 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Backpacks with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "Odiva;" "MADE IN CHINA;" "1341998", ("Backpacks III").
- 116. Backpacks III contain DEHP.
- 117. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 25.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Backpacks III concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Backpacks III are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 119. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between July 15, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Backpacks III, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

 Defendants have distributed and sold Backpacks III in California. Defendants know and

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intend that California consumers will use Backpacks, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 120. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Backpacks III without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Backpacks III, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Backpacks III.
- 121. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Backpacks III have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Backpacks III, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Backpacks III as mentioned herein.
- 122. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 123. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Backpacks III, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 124. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 81-90 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Fashion Accessories

- Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 124 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Wallets with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "BEVERLYHILLSPOLOCLUB;" "3WAYS;" "Wallet Wristlet Cross Body;" "TO WEAR;" "Style WT566VA;" "Color ROSE GOLD;" "Manufactured under license from: BHPC ASSOCIATES LLC;""www.bhpc.com;""1320276" (Wallets III").
- 126. Wallets III contain DINP.
- 127. Defendants knew or should have known that DINP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 26.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Wallets III concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Wallets III are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DINP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 129. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between July 15, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Wallets III, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DINP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable

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warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Wallets III in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Wallets III, thereby exposing them to DINP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 130. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Wallets III without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Wallets III, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Wallets III.
- 131. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Wallets III have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Wallets III, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DINP by Wallets III as mentioned herein.
- Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 133. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DINP from Wallets III, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 91-100 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Fashion Accessories

- 135. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 134 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Backpacks with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "Odiva;" "MADE IN CHINA;" "1342015", ("Backpacks IV").
- 136. Backpacks IV contain DBP.
- of California as a chemical known to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 27.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Backpacks IV concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Backpacks IV are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DBP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 139. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that August 26, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Backpacks IV, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DBP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

 Defendants have distributed and sold Backpacks IV in California. Defendants know and

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intend that California consumers will use Backpacks, thereby exposing them to DBP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 140. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Backpacks IV without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Backpacks IV, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Backpacks IV.
- 141. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Backpacks IV have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Backpacks IV, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DBP by Backpacks IV as mentioned herein.
- 142. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 143. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DBP from Backpacks IV, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 101-110 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Handbag

- 145. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 144 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Handbag with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: ""DOT DASH;" "MADEIN CHINA;""WOMENS ACCESSORIES;" "HANDBAG;" "NON-BRANDED;" "CROSSBOD;" "1326814" ("Handbags II").
- 146. Handbags II contain DEHP.
- 147. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 28.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags II concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags II are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 149. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between September 13, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags II, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of

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clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Handbags II in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 150. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Handbags II without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Handbags II, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Handbags II.
- 151. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags II have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags II, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags II as mentioned herein.
- 152. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 153. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags II, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 154. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 111-120 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Footwear

- 155. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 154 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Sandals with Plastic Components which includes but is not limited to: "Pink Crush;" "ALL MAN MADE MATERIA;" "MADE IN CHINA;" "4 UK 37 EUR 6 USA;" "1345551", ("Sandals III").
- 156. Sandals III contain DBP.
- 157. Defendants knew or should have known that DBP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 29.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals III concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Sandals III are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DBP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 159. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between September 13, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Sandals III, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DBP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

Defendants have distributed and sold Sandals III in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Sandals III, thereby exposing them to DBP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 160. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals III without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals III, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals III.
- 161. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals III have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals III, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DBP by Sandals III as mentioned herein.
- 162. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 163. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DBP from Sandals III, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 164. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 121-130 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Sandals

- 165. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 164 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Sandals with Plastic Straps which includes but is not limited to: White "Pink Crush;" "ALL MAN MADE MATERIA;" "MADE IN CHINA;" "1 USA; 32 EUR; 12 UK;" "1346455", ("Sandals IV").
- 166. Sandals IV contain DBP.
- 167. Defendants knew or should have known that DBP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 30.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals III concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Sandals IV are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DBP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 169. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between September 17, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Sandals IV, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DBP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

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Defendants have distributed and sold Sandals IV in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Sandals IV, thereby exposing them to DBP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 170. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals IV without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals IV, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals IV.
- 171. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals IV have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals IV, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DBP by Sandals IV as mentioned herein.
- 172. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 173. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DBP from Sandals IV, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 174. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against, PEGASUS, and DOES 131-140 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, *et seq.*))

Sandals

- 175. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 174 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Sandals with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "YOKI;" "STYLE: GIAN-181;" "SIZE: 8;" "ALLMAN MADE MATERIAL;" "MADE IN CHINA;" Sandals with Plastic Straps ("Sandals V").
- 176. Sandals V contain DEHP.
- 177. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 31.
- 178. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals V concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Sandals V are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 179. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between October 11, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Sandals V, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have

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distributed and sold Sandals V in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Sandals V, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 180. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals V without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals V, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals V.
- 181. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals V have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals V, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Sandals V as mentioned herein.
- 182. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 183. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Sandals V, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

FIFTHTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against, PEGASUS, and DOES 141-150 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, *et seq.*))

Backpacks

- 185. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 184 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Backpacks with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "YOUR VIBE;" "T-Shirt & Jeans;" "1322740;" "WWW.TSHIRTANDJEANS.COM; MADE IN CHINA;" "STYLE:285056-PNK;" "842461131288;" Pink and Clear Backpack ("Backpacks V").
- 186. Backpacks V contain DEHP.
- 187. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 32.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Backpacks V concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Backpacks V are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 189. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between October 11, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Backpacks V, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and

reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

Defendants have distributed and sold Backpacks V in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Backpacks, thereby exposing them to DEHP.

Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 190. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Backpacks V without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Backpacks V, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Backpacks V.
- 191. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Backpacks V have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Backpacks V, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Backpacks V as mentioned herein.
- 192. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 193. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Backpacks V, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 194. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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SIXTEETH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against, PEGASUS, and DOES 151-160 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Sandals

- 195. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 194 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Plastic Sandals, which includes but is not limited to:

 (i) "coXist;" "SIZE 13; Manufactured by: a Division of Orly Shoe Corp. 15 W 34th Street, 7th Floor New York, NY 10001; "RN 150855;" "Made in China; "6 91466 64204 2;" "1327400;" "071-714-140; BSSSCHBSBLK;" "03/9 S 19"; and (ii) "coXist;" "SIZE 11;" "Manufactured by: a Division of Orly Shoe Corp. 15 W 34th Street, 7th Floor New York, NY 10001;" "RN 150855;" "Made in China;" "6 91466 64190 8;";" "1330207;" "STYLE: ATHLETIC SLIDE;" "UPPER MATERIAL: PVC; SOLE MATERIAL: EVA;" "042-110-110;" "1005XNVY;" "03/9 S19 DR;" "1330207", ("Sandals VI").
- 196. Sandals VI contain DBP.
- 197. Defendants knew or should have known that DBP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 33.
- 198. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals VI concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, §

25602(b). Sandals VI are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DBP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.

- 199. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between October 23, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Sandals VI, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DBP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Sandals VI in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Backpacks, thereby exposing them to DBP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 200. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals VI without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals VI, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals II.
- 201. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals VI have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals VI, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DBP by Sandals VI as mentioned herein.
- 202. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 203. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DBP from Sandals VI, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).

Association of Law

204. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

SEVENTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 161-170 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Footwear

- 205. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 204 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Women's Sandals with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: (i) Rose Gold Sandals embellished with jeweled stones. "Pink Crush"; "12 UK, 32 EUR, 1 USA"; "071-715-140 G124RGSL 25/9 09"; "1346456"; and (ii) White Sandals embellished with jeweled stones. "Pink Crush"; "7"; "All Man Made Material"; "5 UK 38EUR 7USA"; "Made in China", ("Sandals VII").
- 206. Sandals VII contain DBP.
- 207. Defendants knew or should have known that DBP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 34.
- 208. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals VII concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Sandals VII are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DBP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.

- 209. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between November 12, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Sandals VII, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DBP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Sandals VII in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Sandals VII, thereby exposing them to DBP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 210. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals VII without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals VII, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals II.
- 211. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals VII have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals VII, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DBP by Sandals VII as mentioned herein.
- 212. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 213. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DBP from Sandals VII, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 214. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

EIGHTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS and DOES 171-180 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Women's Footwear

- 215. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 214 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of High Heels with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to :"Italina;" "DH7401;" "ALL MAN MADE MATERIAL;" "MADE IN CHINA;" "8;" "01306822;" "1306823;" "071-710-120;" "DH7401;" "4578;" Silver Metallic Heels ("High Heels")
- 216. High Heels contain DEHP.
- 217. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 35.
- 218. Plaintiff's allegations regarding High Heels concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). High Heels are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 219. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 9, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of High Heels, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of

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clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold High Heels in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use High Heels, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 220. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling High Heels without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling High Heels, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the High Heels.
- 221. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to High Heels have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of High Heels, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by High Heels as mentioned herein.
- Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 223. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from High Heels, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

NINETEENTH THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against PEGASUS, and DOES 181-190 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Footwear

- Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 224 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Women's Sandals with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: Pink Sandals embellished with jeweled stones. "Pink Crush"; "5 UK, 38 EUR, 7 USA"; "071-710-140"; "PI87GRNFSHI"; "25/9 UI9"; "1345555" ("Sandals VIII").
- 226. Sandals VIII contain DEHP.
- 227. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 36.
- 228. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals VIII concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Sandals VIII are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 229. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 9, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Sandals VIII, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of

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clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Sandals VIII in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Sandals VIII, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 230. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals VIII without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals VIII, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals VIII.
- 231. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals VIII have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals VIII, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Sandals VIII as mentioned herein.
- Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 233. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Sandals VIII, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 234. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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TWENTIETH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against, PEGASUS, and DOES 191-200 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

School Bags

- Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 234 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of School Bags with Plastic Components, which includes but is not limited to: "BRATZ;" "The ONLY Girls With A Passion For Fashion;" "BHK000279/BBT;" "8 84239042655;" "083-915-120;" "ASSTMSSGBG;" "3119 BAS;" "1361082;" www.bratz.com; ••"TM & MGA Entertainment, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Used under license by Accessory Network.;" "Made in China;" "RN# 87429; ("School Bags").
- 236. School Bags contain DINP.
- 237. Defendants knew or should have known that DINP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 37.
- 238. Plaintiff's allegations regarding School Bags concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). School Bags are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DINP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 239. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 16, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed

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California consumers and users of School Bags, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DINP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold School Bags in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use School Bags thereby exposing them to DINP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 240. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling School Bags without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling School Bags, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the School Bags.
- 241. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to School Bags have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of School Bags, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DINP by School Bags as mentioned herein.
- 242. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 243. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DINP from School Bags, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 244. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

TWENTY FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against, PEGASUS, and DOES 201-210 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Sandals

- Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 244 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Plastic Sandals, which includes but is not limited to: "Simply Petals!;" "071-710-140;" "YH17XGFSCHS;" "13/9 S29 PG;" "1341993; "OTHER STORES;" "OUR PRICE \$ 3.99;" "STYLE: YH17XGBLUE;" "COLOR: BLUE; "SIZE: 3;" "6 91466 60088 2;" "Manufactured by: a Division of Orly Shoe Corp. 15 W 34th Street, 7th Floor New York, NY 10001; "(212) 695-0998;" RN 150855; "Made in China;" ("Sandals IX").
- 246. Sandals IX contain DBP.
- 247. Defendants knew or should have known that DBP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 38.
- 248. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Sandals IX concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Sandals IX are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DBP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 249. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between January 16, 2017 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California

consumers and users of Sandals IX, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DBP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Sandals IX in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Sandals IX, thereby exposing them to DBP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 250. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Sandals IX without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Sandals IX, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Sandals IX.
- 251. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Sandals IX have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Sandals IX, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DBP by Sandals IX as mentioned herein.
- 252. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 253. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DBP from Sandals IX, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 254. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

TWENTY SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against, PEGASUS, and DOES 211-220 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Back Scratcher

- 255. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 254 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Back Scratcher, which includes but is not limited to: Black Back Scratcher. "FORCE"; "022-412-340" "10288" "15/9 BAS PQ;" "1341565" ("Back Scratchers").
- 256. Back Scratchers contain DEHP.
- 257. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, developmental and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of relevant chemical in Product within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 39.
- 258. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Back Scratchers concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." Cal. Code Regs. tit. 27, § 25602(b). Back Scratchers are a consumer product, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable use.
- 259. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between February 14, 2017 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Back Scratchers, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

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Defendants have distributed and sold Back Scratchers in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Back Scratchers, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 260. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion, and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Back Scratchers without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Back Scratchers, as well as through hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from the Back Scratchers.
- 261. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Back Scratchers have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Back Scratchers, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Back Scratchers as mentioned herein.
- 262. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 263. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Back Scratchers, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(b).
- 264. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff demands against each of the Defendants as follows:

- 1. A permanent injunction mandating Proposition 65-compliant warnings;
- 2. Penalties pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7, subdivision (b);

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