Assigned for all purposes to: Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Judicial Officer: Jon Takasugi

Reuben Yeroushalmi (SBN 193981) 1 reuben@yeroushalmi.com YEROUSHALMI & YEROUSHALMI\* 2 9100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 240W 3 Beverly Hills, California 90212 Telephone: (310) 623-1926 4 Facsimile: (310) 623-1930 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff, CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. 6 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 **COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES** 9 CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC., CASE NO. 10 in the public interest, 20STCV31340 11 Plaintiff, COMPLAINT FOR PENALTY AND 12 **INJUNCTION** v. 13 Violation of Proposition 65, the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement 14 ROSS STORES, INC., a Delaware Corporation; Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, § 15 and DOES 1-140, 25249.5, et seq.) 16 Defendants. ACTION IS AN UNLIMITED CIVIL 17 CASE (exceeds \$25,000) 18 19 20 Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. alleges fourteen causes of action 21 against defendants ROSS STORES, INC.., and DOES 1-140 as follows: 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 Page 1 of 38 YEROUSHALMI

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Association of Law Corporations COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF PROPOSITION 65. THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE § 25249.5, ET SEQ.)

# **THE PARTIES**

- 1. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. ("Plaintiff" or "CAG") is an organization qualified to do business in the State of California. CAG is a person within the meaning of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.11, subdivision (a). CAG, acting as a private attorney general, brings this action in the public interest as defined under Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7, subdivision (d).
- 2. Defendant ROSS STORES, INC. ("ROSS") is a Delaware Corporation qualified to do business in California, and doing business in the State of California at all relevant times herein.
- 3. Plaintiff is presently unaware of the true names and capacities of defendants DOES 1-140, and therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each fictitiously named defendant is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged and the damages caused thereby.
- 4. At all times mentioned herein, the term "Defendants" includes ROSS and DOES 1-140.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants at all times mentioned herein have conducted business within the State of California.
- 6. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this action, each of the Defendants, including DOES 1-140, was an agent, servant, or employee of each of the other Defendants. In conducting the activities alleged in this Complaint, each of the Defendants was acting within the course and scope of this agency, service, or employment, and was acting with the consent, permission, and authorization of each of the other Defendants. All actions of each of the Defendants alleged in this Complaint were ratified and approved by every other Defendant or their officers or managing agents. Alternatively, each of the Defendants aided, conspired with and/or facilitated the alleged wrongful conduct of each of the other Defendants.

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7. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that at all relevant times, each of the Defendants was a person doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.11, subdivision (b), and that each of the Defendants had ten (10) or more employees at all relevant times.

#### **JURISDICTION**

- 8. The Court has jurisdiction over this lawsuit pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7, which allows enforcement of violations of Proposition 65 in any Court of competent jurisdiction.
- 9. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants named herein because Defendants either reside or are located in this State or are foreign corporations authorized to do business in California, are registered with the California Secretary of State, or who do sufficient business in California, have sufficient minimum contacts with California, or otherwise intentionally avail themselves of the markets within California through their manufacture, distribution, promotion, marketing, or sale of their products within California to render the exercise of jurisdiction by the California courts permissible under traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.
- 10. Venue is proper in the County of Los Angeles because one or more of the instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continues to occur, in the County of Los Angeles and/or because Defendants conducted, and continue to conduct, business in the County of Los Angeles with respect to the consumer product that is the subject of this action.

#### BACKGROUND AND PRELIMINARY FACTS

11. In 1986, California voters approved an initiative to address growing concerns about exposure to toxic chemicals and declared their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm." Ballot Pamp., Proposed Law, Gen. Elec. (Nov. 4, 1986) at p. 3. The initiative, The Safe Drinking

Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5, *et seq.* ("Proposition 65"), helps to protect California's drinking water sources from contamination, to allow consumers to make informed choices about the products they buy, and to enable persons to protect themselves from toxic chemicals as they see fit.

- 12. Proposition 65 requires the Governor of California to publish a list of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.8. The list, which the Governor updates at least once a year, contains over 700 chemicals and chemical families. Proposition 65 imposes warning requirements and other controls that apply to Proposition 65-listed chemicals.
- 13. All businesses with ten (10) or more employees that operate or sell products in California must comply with Proposition 65. Under Proposition 65, businesses are: (1) prohibited from knowingly discharging Proposition 65-listed chemicals into sources of drinking water (*Health & Safety Code* § 25249.5), and (2) required to provide "clear and reasonable" warnings before exposing a person, knowingly and intentionally, to a Proposition 65-listed chemical (*Health & Safety Code* § 25249.6).
- 14. Proposition 65 provides that any person "violating or threatening to violate" the statute may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7. "Threaten to violate" means "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur." *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.11(e). Defendants are also liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per violation, recoverable in a civil action. *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7(b).
- 15. Plaintiff identified certain practices of manufacturers and distributors of Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate ("DEHP") and Diisononyl phthalate ("DINP") -bearing products of exposing, knowingly and intentionally, persons in California to DEHP of such products without first providing clear and reasonable warnings of such to the exposed

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persons prior to the time of exposure. Plaintiff later discerned that Defendants engaged in such practice.

- 16. On January 1, 1988, the Governor of California added DEHP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer (*Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 27001(b)). Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of DEHP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, DEHP became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.
- 17. On October 24, 2003, the Governor of California added DEHP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental and male reproductive toxicity (*Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 27001(c)). Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of DEHP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental and male reproductive toxicity, DEHP became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.
- 18. On December 20, 2013, the Governor of California added DINP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer (*Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 27001(b)). Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of DINP to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, DINP became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.

# SATISFACTION OF PRIOR NOTICE

19. On or about October 11, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Handbags with Plastic Components.

- 20. On or about October 18, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Clear Plastic Handbags.
- 21. On or about October 18, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Handbags with Plastic Components.
- 22. On or about October 18, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning 4-piece Tote Bags with Polymer Components.
- 23. On or about November 5, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Plastic Crossbody Bags.
- 24. On or about November 15, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District

Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Handbags with Plastic Components.

- 25. On or about November 15, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Backpacks with Plastic Components.
- 26. On or about November 19, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Tote Bags with Polymer Components.
- 27. On or about November 19, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Backpacks with Plastic Components.
- 28. On or about December 4, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Handbags with Plastic Components.

- 29. On or about December 9, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Clear Plastic Handbags.
- 30. On or about December 9, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Cosmetic Bag with PVC Components.
- 31. On or about December 9, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Clear Plastic Handbags.
- 32. On or about December 16, 2019, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to ROSS and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning Tote Bag Sets with Plastic Components.
- 33. Before sending the notice of alleged violations, Plaintiff investigated the consumer products involved, the likelihood that such products would cause users to suffer

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significant exposures to DEHP and DINP, and the corporate structure of each of the Defendants.

- 34. Plaintiff's notice of alleged violation included Certificates of Merit executed by the attorney for the noticing party, CAG. The Certificates of Merit stated that the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the certificate had consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who reviewed data regarding the exposures to DEHP and DINP, the subject Proposition 65-listed chemical of this action. Based on that information, the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the Certificates of Merit believed there was a reasonable and meritorious case for this private action. The attorney for Plaintiff attached to the Certificates of Merit served on the Attorney General the confidential factual information sufficient to establish the basis of the Certificates of Merit.
- 35. Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations also included Certificates of Service and a document entitled "The Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) A Summary." *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7(d).
- 36. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty (60) days from the dates that Plaintiff gave notice of the alleged violations to ROSS, and the public prosecutors referenced in Paragraphs 19-32.
- 37. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that neither the Attorney General, nor any applicable district attorney or city attorney has commenced and is diligently prosecuting an action against the Defendants.

## **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 1-10 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

#### **Handbags**

38. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 37 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.

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39. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Handbags with Plastic Components including but not limited to: "dd's DISCOUNTS;" "TAN-BEIGE-024;" "D5502 C5531;" "400200486091;" "MADE IN CHINA;" "HBG102749BEI" Cream/Beige and Clear Handbag ("Handbags").

- 40. Handbags contain DEHP.
- 41. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Handbags within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 19.
- 42. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." Cal. Code Regs. tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 43. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between October 11, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Handbags in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 44. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Handbags without

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\*An Independent association of Law Corporations wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Handbags, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Handbags during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Handbags.

- 45. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags as mentioned herein.
- 46. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 47. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 48. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

## **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 11-20 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

#### **Handbags**

- 49. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 48 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 50. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Clear Plastic Handbags including but not limited to:

"Clear Plastic Handbag with Pink Handle/Straps; "Love Love Love" on the handle
"HBG103109PN" "400200481492 N BL/CLR MOTO JACK"; "Made in China"
("Handbags II").

- 51. Handbags II contain DEHP.
- 52. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Handbags II within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 20.
- 53. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags II concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags II are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 54. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between October 18, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags II, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

  Defendants have distributed and sold Handbags II in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags II, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 55. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation.

  Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Handbags without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Handbags, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous

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membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Handbags during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Handbags.

- 56. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags II have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags II, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags II as mentioned herein.
- 57. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 58. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags II, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 59. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 21-30 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

## **Handbags**

- 60. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 59 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 61. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Handbags with Plastic Components including but not limited to: "ALFA BAGS;" "CLASSIC COLLECTION U.S.A.;" "PC01172DD;"

	"dd's DISCOUNTS;" "RED PTRN069;" "14 HANDBAGS;" "D5502 C5523;"
	"400193109779;" Red and Clear Handbag with Black pouch inside" ("Handbags III")
62	. Handbags III contain DEHP.

- 63. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Handbags III within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 21.
- 64. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags III concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags III are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 65. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between October 18, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags III, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

  Defendants have distributed and sold Handbags III in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags III, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 66. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Handbags III without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Handbags III, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter

- emanating from Handbags III during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Handbags III.
- 67. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags III have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags III, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags III as mentioned herein.
- 68. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 69. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags III, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 70. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

# **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 31-40 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

## Women's Accessories

- 71. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 70 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 72. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Clear Plastic 4-piece Tote Bag with Polymer Components including but not limited to: "Clear Floral 4-piece Tote Bag'; "Alfa Bags"; "Classic Collection USA"; "400200981008 Blue Trop Floral 4"; "Made in China" ("Tote bags").

73. Tote bags contain DINP.

- 74. Defendants knew or should have known that DINP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DINP in Tote bags within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22.
- 75. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Tote bags concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Tote bags are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DINP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 76. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between October 18, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Tote bags, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DINP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Tote bags in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Tote bags, thereby exposing them to DINP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 77. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Tote bags without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Tote bags, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Tote bags during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Tote bags.

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78	3. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations
	of Proposition 65 as to Tote bags have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants
	engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code
	Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Tote
	bags, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every
	time a person was exposed to DINP by Tote bags as mentioned herein.

- 79. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 80. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DINP from Tote bags, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 81. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

# FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 31-40 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

# **Crossbody Bags**

- 82. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 81 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 83. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Plastic Crossbody Bags including but not limited to: "MADE IN CHINA;" "HBG103077BL;" "dd's DISCOUNTS;" "BLUE040; "918 SIZE;" "TRAVEL ACC;" "ONE SIZE;" "D5145 C4950;" "400197213786;" "Plastic Blue/Clear Crossbody Purse. ("Crossbody bags").
- 84. Crossbody bags contain DINP.

- 85. Defendants knew or should have known that DINP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DINP in Crossbody bags within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 23.
- 86. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Crossbody bags concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." Cal. Code Regs. tit. 27, § 25602(b). Crossbody bags are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DINP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 87. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between November 5, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Crossbody bags, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DINP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Crossbody bags in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Crossbody bags, thereby exposing them to DINP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 88. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Tote bags without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Crossbody bags, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Crossbody bags during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Crossbody bags.

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- 89. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Crossbody bags have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Crossbody bags, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DINP by Crossbody bags as mentioned herein.
- 90. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 91. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DINP from Crossbody bags, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 92. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

#### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 51-60 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

## **Backpacks**

- 93. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 92 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 94. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Backpacks with Plastic Components including but not limited to: "Juicy Couture los angeles, california;" "CLEAR SKIES MINI BACKPACK;" "CLEAR I1PVE77JS-CL;" "8 85919 62227 3;" "dd's DISCOUNTS;" "924;" ",JUICY C;" "D5303 C4233;" "CLEAR COL0847;" "14 BACKPACKS;"

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- "400200378181;" "RN#108833;" "MADE IN CAMBODIA;" White Backpack with gold zippers"; ("Backpacks").
- 95. Backpacks contain DEHP.
- 96. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Backpacks within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 24.
- 97. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Backpacks concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Backpacks are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 98. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between November 15, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Backpacks, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

  Defendants have distributed and sold Backpacks in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Backpacks, thereby exposing them to DEHP.

  Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 99. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Backpacks without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Backpacks, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter

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emanating from Backpacks during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Backpacks.

- 100. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Backpacks have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Backpacks, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Backpacks as mentioned herein.
- 101. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 102. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Backpacks, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 103. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

# **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 61-70 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

## **Handbags**

- 104. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 103 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 105. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Handbags with Plastic Components including but not limited to: "dd's DISCOUNTS;" "BLUE PTRN049;" "914 SIZE;" "14 HANDBAGS;" "D5502 C5526;" "40019670288;" "6030 BLUE;" "690 181116

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06;" "MADE IN CHINA;" Clear Plastic Handbag with Blue and Pink Details and Gold Strap ("Handbags IV").

- 106. Handbags IV contain DEHP.
- 107. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Handbags IV within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 25.
- 108. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags III concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags IV are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 109. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between November 15, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags IV, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Handbags IV in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags IV, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 110. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Handbags IV without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Handbags IV, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter

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emanating from Handbags IV during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Handbags IV.

- 111. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags IV have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags IV, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags IV as mentioned herein.
- Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 113. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags IV, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

#### **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 71-80 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

#### Women's Accessories

- Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 114 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 116. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Tote Bags with Polymer Components including but not limited to: (1) Clear 4-piece Tote Bag with Black Floral Edging; "ALFA"; "Alfa Bags"; "Classic Collection USA"; "4002009800995 BK/IVRY FLRL

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4PC"; "Made in China"; and (2) Clear 4-piece Tote Bag with Pink Paris Edging;
"ALFA"; "Alfa Bags"; "Classic Collection USA"; "4002009800957 LT PNK PARIK
CLEAR"; "Made in China"; ("Tote bags II").

- 117. Tote bags II contain DEHP and DINP.
- 118. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP and DINP have been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP and DINP in Tote bags II within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 26.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Tote bags II concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Tote bags II are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP and DINP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 120. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between November 19, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Tote bags II, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP and DINP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Tote bags II in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Tote bags II, thereby exposing them to DEHP and DINP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 121. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Tote bags II

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without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Tote bags II, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Tote bags II during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Tote bags II.

- 122. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Tote bags II have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Tote bags II, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP and DINP by Tote bags II as mentioned herein.
- 123. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to 124. \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP and DINP from Tote bags II, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 125. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

# **NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 81-90 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

## **Backpacks**

126. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 125 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.

12	7. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a
	manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Backpacks with Plastic Components
	including but not limited to: "R+US;" "CROSS ST;" WWW.CCROSS-ST.COM;
	"Lucerne Ave. Clear Backpack;" "Style Number: CBP1003 2S18Y;" "Color Mustard;"
	"dd's DISCOUNTS;" "MUSTARD626;" "927 SIZE;" "ONE SIZE;" "D5502 C5530;"
	"14 BACKPACKS;" "400200981497;" "90% PVC;" ALL MAN-MADE
	MATERIALS;" "MADE IN CHINA;" ("Backpacks II").

- 128. Backpacks II contain DEHP.
- 129. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Backpacks II within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 27.
- 130. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Backpacks II concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Backpacks II are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 131. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between November 19, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Backpacks II, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Backpacks II in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Backpacks II, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

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- 132. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Backpacks without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Backpacks, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Backpacks during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Backpacks.
- 133. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Backpacks II have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Backpacks II, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Backpacks II as mentioned herein.
- Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 135. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Backpacks II, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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# **TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 91-100 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

#### Women's Accessories

- 137. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 136 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 138. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Clear Plastic Handbags including but not limited to: "6030 BLACK;" "690 6030 0001;" "MADE IN CHINA;" "dd's DISCOUNTS;" "ClearI53;" "SIZE;" "D5502 C5526;" "14 HANDBAGS;" "400196790325;" Black Clear Handbag ("Handbags V").
- 139. Handbags V contain DEHP.
- 140. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Handbags V within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 28.
- 141. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags V concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags V are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 142. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 4, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags V, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of

clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Handbags V in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags V, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 143. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Handbags V without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Handbags V, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Handbags V during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Handbags V.
- 144. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags V have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags V, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags V as mentioned herein.
- 145. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 146. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags V, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 147. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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# **ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 101-110 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

#### Women's Accessories

- 148. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 147 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- Hach of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Clear Plastic Handbags including but not limited to: (1) Clear Plastic Handbag with Light Blue Edging; "LoveLoveLove"; "HBG1 03109BL"; "400200481508 N PNK/CLR MOTO JAC"; "Made in China"; and (2) Clear Plastic Handbag with White Edging; "LoveLoveLove"; "HBG1 03109BL"; "400200481508 N WHT/CLR MOTO JAC"; "Made in China"; ("Handbags VI").
- 150. Handbags VI contain DEHP.
- 151. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Handbags VI within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 29.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags VI concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags VI are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 153. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 9, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags VI, which Defendants manufactured,

distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Handbags VI in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags VI, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 154. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Handbags VI without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Handbags VI, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Handbags VI during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Handbags VI.
- 155. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags VI have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags VI, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags VI as mentioned herein.
- 156. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 157. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags VI, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 158. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

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# TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 111-120 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

#### Women's Accessories

- 159. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 158 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 160. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Cosmetic Bag with PVC Components including but not limited to: 4-piece Clear Blue Transparent cosmetic bag with blue polka dot edging. "PO 8716936 "STYLE: 660041"; "COLOR: BLUE"; "Imo Accessories"; "Imoshionusa.com"; "dd's Discounts"; "400194335955"; "Madc in China" ("Cosmetic bags").
- 161. Cosmetic bags contain DEHP.
- 162. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Cosmetic bags within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 30.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Cosmetic bags concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Cosmetic bags are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 9, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed

California consumers and users of Cosmetic bags, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Cosmetic bags in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Cosmetic bags, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.

- 165. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Cosmetic bags without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Cosmetic bags, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Cosmetic bags during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Cosmetic bags.
- 166. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Cosmetic bags have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Cosmetic bags, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Cosmetic bags as mentioned herein.
- 167. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 168. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Cosmetic bags, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).

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\*An Independent association of Law Corporations Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

# THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 121-130 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

#### **Fashion Accessories**

- 170. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 169 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 171. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Clear Plastic Handbags including but not limited to: (1) Clear Beige Plastic Shoulder Bag; "Yoki"; "Style: YK9004"; "Color: Beige"; "400200634997"; "CLEAR BIB XB"; "Made in China"; and (2) Clear Blue Plastic Shoulder Bag; "Yoki"; 'Style: K9004"; "Color: Navy"; "400200634898"; "CLEAR BIB XB"; "Made in China" ("Handbags VII").
- 172. Handbags VII contain DEHP.
- 173. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Handbags VII within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 31.
- Plaintiff's allegations regarding Handbags VII concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Handbags VII are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.

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- 175. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 9, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Handbags VII, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Handbags VII in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Handbags VII, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 176. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Handbags VII without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Handbags VII, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Handbags VII during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Handbags VII.
- 177. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Handbags VII have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Handbags VII, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Handbags VII as mentioned herein.
- 178. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.

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- 179. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to DEHP from Handbags VII, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 180. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

# **FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against ROSS, and DOES 131-40 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

#### **Bag Sets**

- 181. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 180 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Tote Bag Sets with Plastic Components including but not limited to: (1) "ALFA;" "ALFABAGS;" "CLASSIC COLLECTION U.S.A.;" "CCOOI46;" "dd's DISCOUNTS;" "PRINTS092;" "927 SIZE;" "05423 C5427;" "COSMETIC CASES;" "400200980933;"; and (2) "ALFA BAGS;" "CLASSIC COLLECTION U.S.A.;" "CC00147;" "dd's DISCOUNTS;" "BLACK PTRN009;" "931;" "SIZE 4;" "COSMETIC CASES;" '05423 C5427;" "400200980964;" ("Tote bags III").
- 183. Tote bags III contain DEHP.
- 184. Defendants knew or should have known that DEHP have been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer; developmental toxicity; and male reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of DEHP in Tote bags III within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 32.
- 185. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Tote bags III concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase,

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storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." Cal. Code Regs. tit. 27, § 25602(b). Tote bags III are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to DEHP took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.

- 186. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 16, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Tote bags III, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to DEHP, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Tote bags III in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use Tote bags III, thereby exposing them to DEHP. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 187. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by using, carrying, or handling the Tote bags III without wearing gloves or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with or without gloves after handling Tote bags III, as a direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, trans-dermal absorption, or breathing in particulate matter emanating from Tote bags III during use, as well as through environmental mediums that carry the DEHP once contained within the Tote bags III.
- 188. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Tote bags III have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Tote bags III, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to DEHP by Tote bags III as mentioned herein.

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