Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 08/27/2020 12:04 AM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by R. Perez, Deputy Clerk 20STCV32672

Assigned for all purposes to: Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Judicial Officer: Yolanda Orozco

Reuben Yeroushalmi (SBN 193981) 1 reuben@yeroushalmi.com YEROUSHALMI & YEROUSHALMI* 2 9100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 240W 3 Beverly Hills, California 90212 Telephone: (310) 623-1926 4 Facsimile: (310) 623-1930 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff, CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. 6 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 **COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES** 9 10 CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC., CASE NO. 20STCV32672 11 in the public interest, 12 Plaintiff, COMPLAINT FOR PENALTY AND 13 **INJUNCTION** v. 14 Violation of Proposition 65, the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement 15 TAK SHING HONG INC., DBA T.S. EMPORIUM, a California Corporation; Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, § 16 KIM SENG COMPANY DBA IHA 25249.5, et seq.) BEVERAGE; a California Corporation; 17 and DOES 1-90, ACTION IS AN UNLIMITED CIVIL 18 CASE (exceeds \$25,000) Defendants. 19 20 21 22 Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. alleges nine causes of action 23 against defendants TAK SHING HONG INC., DBA T.S. EMPORIUM; KIM SENG 24 COMPANY DBA IHA BEVERAGE, and DOES 1-90 as follows: 25 26 27 28

YEROUSHALMI

YEROUSHALMI An Independent

Association of Law Corporations Page 1 of 28

An Independent

Association of Law Corporations

THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. ("Plaintiff" or "CAG") is an organization qualified to do business in the State of California. CAG is a person within the meaning of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.11, subdivision (a). CAG, acting as a private attorney general, brings this action in the public interest as defined under Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7, subdivision (d).
- 2. Defendant TAK SHING HONG INC., DBA T.S. EMPORIUM ("TAK SHING") is a California Corporation, qualified to do business and doing business in the State of California at all relevant times herein.
- 3. Defendant KIM SENG COMPANY DBA IHA BEVERAGE ("KIM SENG") is a California Corporation, qualified to do business and doing business in the State of California at all relevant times herein.
- 4. Plaintiff is presently unaware of the true names and capacities of defendants DOES 1-90, and therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each fictitiously named defendant is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged and the damages caused thereby.
- At all times mentioned herein, the term "Defendants" includes TAK SHING, KIM SENG and DOES 1-90.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants at all times mentioned herein have conducted business within the State of California.
- 7. Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this action, each of the Defendants, including DOES 1-90, was an agent, servant, or employee of each of the other Defendants. In conducting the activities alleged in this Complaint, each of the Defendants was acting within the course and scope of this agency, service, or employment, and was acting with the consent, permission, and authorization of each of

the other Defendants. All actions of each of the Defendants alleged in this Complaint were ratified and approved by every other Defendant or their officers or managing agents. Alternatively, each of the Defendants aided, conspired with and/or facilitated the alleged wrongful conduct of each of the other Defendants.

8. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that at all relevant times, each of the Defendants was a person doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.11, subdivision (b), and that each of the Defendants had ten (10) or more employees at all relevant times.

JURISDICTION

- 9. The Court has jurisdiction over this lawsuit pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to other trial courts. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7, which allows enforcement of violations of Proposition 65 in any Court of competent jurisdiction.
- 10. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants named herein because Defendants either reside or are located in this State or are foreign corporations authorized to do business in California, are registered with the California Secretary of State, or who do sufficient business in California, have sufficient minimum contacts with California, or otherwise intentionally avail themselves of the markets within California through their manufacture, distribution, promotion, marketing, or sale of their products within California to render the exercise of jurisdiction by the California courts permissible under traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.
- 11. Venue is proper in the County of Los Angeles because one or more of the instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continues to occur, in the County of Los Angeles and/or because Defendants conducted, and continue to conduct, business in the County of Los Angeles with respect to the consumer product that is the subject of this action.

BACKGROUND AND PRELIMINARY FACTS

27

12	. In 1986, California voters approved an initiative to address growing concerns about
	exposure to toxic chemicals and declared their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to
	chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm." Ballot Pamp.,
	Proposed Law, Gen. Elec. (Nov. 4, 1986) at p. 3. The initiative, The Safe Drinking
	Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at Health and Safety Code Sections
	25249.5, et seq. ("Proposition 65"), helps to protect California's drinking water sources
	from contamination, to allow consumers to make informed choices about the products
	they buy, and to enable persons to protect themselves from toxic chemicals as they see
	fit

- 13. Proposition 65 requires the Governor of California to publish a list of chemicals known to the state to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. Health & Safety Code § 25249.8. The list, which the Governor updates at least once a year, contains over 700 chemicals and chemical families. Proposition 65 imposes warning requirements and other controls that apply to Proposition 65-listed chemicals.
- 14. All businesses with ten (10) or more employees that operate or sell products in California must comply with Proposition 65. Under Proposition 65, businesses are: (1) prohibited from knowingly discharging Proposition 65-listed chemicals into sources of drinking water (Health & Safety Code § 25249.5), and (2) required to provide "clear and reasonable" warnings before exposing a person, knowingly and intentionally, to a Proposition 65-listed chemical (*Health & Safety Code* § 25249.6).
- 15. Proposition 65 provides that any person "violating or threatening to violate" the statute may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7. "Threaten to violate" means "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur." *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.11(e). Defendants are also liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per violation, recoverable in a civil action. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b).

25

26

27

28

Corporations

16	6. Plaintiff identified certain practices of manufacturers and distributors of Seaweed, Kelp,
	Laver, and Ginger Powder of exposing, knowingly and intentionally, persons in
	California to Lead and Lead Compounds, Cadmium and Cadmium Compounds,
	andInorganic Arsenic Compounds) of such products without first providing clear and
	reasonable warnings of such to the exposed persons prior to the time of exposure.
	Plaintiff later discerned that Defendants engaged in such practice.

- 17. On October 1, 1992 the Governor of California added Lead and Lead Compounds ("Lead") to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer (*Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 27001(b)). Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of Lead to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, Lead became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.
- 18. On February 27, 1987, the Governor of California added Lead to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity (*Cal. Code Regs*. tit. 27, § 27001(c)). Lead is known to the State to cause developmental, female, and male reproductive toxicity. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of Lead to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity, Lead became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.
- 19. On October 1, 1987 the Governor of California added Cadmium and Cadmium Compounds ("Cadmium") to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer (*Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 27001(b)). Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of Cadmium to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, Cadmium became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.
- 20. On May 1, 1997, the Governor of California added Cadmium to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity (*Cal. Code Regs*.

Corporations

15

22

Corporations

tit. 27, § 27001(c)). Cadmium is known to the State to cause developmental, and male
reproductive toxicity. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.9 and
25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of Cadmium to the list of chemicals known
to the State to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity, Cadmium became fully
subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.

21. On February 27, 1987 the Governor of California added Inorganic Arsenic Compounds to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer (*Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 27001(b)). Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.9 and 25249.10, twenty (20) months after addition of Inorganic Arsenic Compounds to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer, Inorganic Arsenic Compounds ("Arsenic") became fully subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements and discharge prohibitions.

SATISFACTION OF PRIOR NOTICE

- 22. Plaintiff served the following notices for alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures:
 - a. On or about December 9, 2019 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Roasted Seaweed.
 - b. On or about December 11, 2019 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Roasted Seaweed.

- c. On or about December 16, 2019 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING, KIM SENG and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Dried Seaweed.
- d. On or about December 23, 2019 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Dried Seaweed.
- e. On or about January 29, 2020 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING, KIM SENG, and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Dried Seaweed.
- f. On or about February 10, 2020 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Dried Kelp.
- g. On or about March 13, 2020 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING, KIM SENG, and to the California

Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Seaweed.

- h. On or about March 17, 2020 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Laver.
- i. On or about June 8, 2020 Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violations of Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, concerning consumer products exposures subject to a private action to TAK SHING and to the California Attorney General, County District Attorneys, and City Attorneys for each city containing a population of at least 750,000 people in whose jurisdictions the violations allegedly occurred, concerning the Ginger Powder.
- 23. Before sending the notice of alleged violations, Plaintiff investigated the consumer products involved, the likelihood that such products would cause users to suffer significant exposures to Lead, Cadmium, Arsenic, and the corporate structure of each of the Defendants.
- 24. Plaintiff's notice of alleged violation included a Certificate of Merit executed by the attorney for the noticing party, CAG. The Certificate of Merit stated that the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the certificate had consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who reviewed data regarding the exposures to Lead, Cadmium, and/or Arsenic the subject Proposition 65-listed chemical of this action. Based on that information, the attorney for Plaintiff who executed the Certificate of Merit believed there was a reasonable and meritorious case for this private action. The attorney for Plaintiff attached to the Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General the

- confidential factual information sufficient to establish the basis of the Certificate of Merit.
- 25. Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations also included a Certificate of Service and a document entitled "The Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) A Summary." *Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7(d).
- 26. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty (60) days from the dates that Plaintiff gave notice of the alleged violations to TAK SHING, KIM SENG, and the public prosecutors referenced in Paragraph 22.
- 27. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that neither the Attorney General, nor any applicable district attorney or city attorney has commenced and is diligently prosecuting an action against the Defendants.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING, and DOES 1-10 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Roasted Seaweed

- 28. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 27 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 29. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Roasted Seaweed ("Roasted Seaweed I"), including but not limited to "AKEBONO;" "SUPER YAKI NORI (ROASTED SEAWEED);"
 "NET WT
- 30. 4.94 OZ. (140G) 50 SHEETS.;" "Packed for Well Luck Co., Inc. Jersey City, NJ 07305;" "Product of China;" "0 89067 43436 2;"
- 31. Roasted Seaweed I contains Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium.
- 32. Defendants knew or should have known that Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements.

Page 9 of 28

Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Roasted Seaweed I within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22a.

- 33. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Roasted Seaweed I concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Roasted Seaweed I is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 34. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 9, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Roasted Seaweed Is, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Roasted Seaweed I in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Roasted Seaweed I, thereby exposing them to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 35. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Roasted Seaweed I without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Roasted Seaweed I, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Roasted Seaweed I.
- 36. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Roasted Seaweed I have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety

Corporations

YEROUSHALMI

YEROUSHALMI

*An Independent Association of Law Corporations Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Roasted Seaweed I, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium by Roasted Seaweed I as mentioned herein.

- 37. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 38. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium from Roasted Seaweed I, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 39. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING, and DOES 11-20 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Roasted Seaweed

- 40. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 39 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 41. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Roasted Seaweed ("Roasted Seaweed II"), including but not limited to: "B & C;" "ROASTED SEAWEEDS;" "YAKI SUSHI NORI;" "GOLD;" "NET W T. 5.0 OZ (140g) 50 SHEETS;" "PRODUCT OF CHINA;" "PACKED BY: B&C FOOD CO.;" "BEST BEFORE 09 26 2020;" "6 920423 929792;" "PRODUCT OF CHINA;"
- 42. Roasted Seaweed II contains Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium.
- 43. Defendants knew or should have known that Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and

Page 11 of 28

- reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements.

 Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Roasted Seaweed II within

 Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22b.
- 44. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Roasted Seaweed II concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Roasted Seaweed II is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 45. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 11, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Roasted Seaweed II, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Roasted Seaweed II in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Roasted Seaweed II, thereby exposing them to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 46. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Roasted Seaweed II without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Roasted Seaweed II, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Roasted Seaweed II.
- 47. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Roasted Seaweed II have been ongoing and continuous, as

Corporations

YEROUSHALMI

YEROUSHALMI *An Independent

Association of Law Corporations

Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Roasted Seaweed II, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium by Roasted Seaweed II as mentioned herein.

- 48. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 49. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium from Roasted Seaweed II, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 50. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING, KIM SENG and DOES 31-40 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Seaweed

- 51. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 50 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 52. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Dried Seaweed ("Dried Seaweed I"), including but not limited to: "KOTASHIMA;" "KOTASHIMA BRAND;" "DRIED SEAWEED;" "NET WT: 4 oz (113g);" "INGRIDIENTS: SEAWEED, SULFITE AS PRESERVATIVE;" "DISTRIBUTOR: KOTASHIMA INTERNATIONAL COMMERCE, CA 90040;" "PRODUCT OF CHINA;" "6 10232 02339 7;"
- 53. Dried Seaweed I contains Arsenic and Lead.

- 54. Defendants knew or should have known that Arsenic, and Lead has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Dried Seaweed I within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22c.
- 55. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Dried Seaweed I concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Dried Seaweed I is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Arsenic, and Lead took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 56. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 16, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Dried Seaweed I, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Arsenic and Lead, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Dried Seaweed I in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Dried Seaweed I, thereby exposing them to Arsenic and Lead. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 57. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Dried Seaweed I without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Dried Seaweed I, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Dried Seaweed I.

Corporations

YEROUSHALMI

YEROUSHALMI *An Independent

Association of Law Corporations

- 58. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Dried Seaweed I have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Dried Seaweed I, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Arsenic, and Lead by Dried Seaweed I as mentioned herein.
- 59. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 60. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Arsenic, and Lead from Dried Seaweed I, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 61. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING, and DOES 31-40 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Roasted Seaweed

- 62. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 61 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 63. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Dried Seaweed ("Dried Seaweed II"), including but not limited to: "Organic Health, Fresh of Delicious, Nutrient-Rich, The Taste is Great"; "Seaweed Net Weight 2.8 oz (80g)"; "Distributed by CACA Food Group Inc."; "Product of China"; "UPC 6 946886 250037"
- 64. Dried Seaweed II contains Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium.

- 65. Defendants knew or should have known that Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Dried Seaweed II within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22d.
- 66. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Roasted Seaweed II concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Dried Seaweed II is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 67. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between December 23, 2016 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Dried Seaweed II, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Dried Seaweed II in California.

 Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Dried Seaweed II, thereby exposing them to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 68. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Dried Seaweed II without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Dried Seaweed II, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Dried Seaweed II.

Corporations

- 69. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Dried Seaweed II have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Dried Seaweed II, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium by Dried Seaweed II as mentioned herein.
- 70. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 71. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium from Dried Seaweed II, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 72. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING, KIM SENG and DOES 41-50 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, *et seq.*))

Seaweed

- 73. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 72 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 74. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Dried Seaweed ("Dried Seaweed III"), including but not limited to: •"DOUBLE PARROT;" "DRIED SEAWEED STRIP;" "NET WT: 3.5 oz (100 g);" "PRODUCT OF CHINA;" "6 10232 02338 0;" "DISTRIBUTOR:IHA BEVERAGE COMMERCE, CA 90040;"
- 75. Dried Seaweed III contains Arsenic and Lead.

Page 17 of 28

Corporations

- 76. Defendants knew or should have known that Arsenic, and Lead has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Dried Seaweed III within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22e.
- 77. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Dried Seaweed III concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Dried Seaweed III is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Arsenic, and Lead took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 78. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between January 29, 2017 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Dried Seaweed III, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Arsenic and Lead, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Dried Seaweed III in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Dried Seaweed III, thereby exposing them to Arsenic and Lead. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 79. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation.

 Persons sustain exposures by handling Dried Seaweed III without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Dried Seaweed III, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Dried Seaweed III.

Corporations

YEROUSHALMI

YEROUSHALMI *An Independent

Association of Law Corporations

- 80. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Dried Seaweed III have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Dried Seaweed III, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Arsenic, and Lead by Dried Seaweed III as mentioned herein.
- 81. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 82. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Arsenic, and Lead from Dried Seaweed III, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 83. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING and DOES 51-60 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Dried Kelp

- 84. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 83 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 85. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Dried Kelp ("Dried Kelp"), including but not limited to: "Good Taste!!;" "DRIED KELP Varech Séché;" "Net Wt / Poids Net: 100g (3.5 oz);" "Product of China;" "DISTRIBUTED BY: KOWA TRADING CO.;" "MONTEBELLO, CA 90640;" "UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: KAXING TRADING HONG KONG LIMITED UNIT 2.22/F. AUSTIN PLAZA, 83 AUSTIN

Page 19 of 28

23

27

28 YEROUSHALMI YEROUSHALMI An Independent ssociation of Law

Corporations

ROAD, TSIM SA TSUI, KOWLOON, KONG KONG;" "BEST BEFORE: 2020 – DEC - 30;" "6 941882 511793;"

- 86. Dried Kelp contains Arsenic and Lead.
- 87. Defendants knew or should have known that Arsenic, and Lead has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Dried Kelp within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22f.
- 88. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Dried Kelp concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." Cal. Code Regs. tit. 27, § 25602(b). Dried Kelp is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Arsenic, and Lead took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 89. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between February 10, 2017 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Dried Kelp, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Arsenic and Lead, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Dried Kelp in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Dried Kelp, thereby exposing them to Arsenic and Lead. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 90. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Dried Kelp without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Dried Kelp, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth

- contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Dried Kelp.
- 91. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Dried Kelp have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Dried Kelp, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Arsenic, and Lead by Dried Kelp as mentioned herein.
- 92. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 93. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Arsenic, and Lead from Dried Kelp, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 94. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING, KIM SENG, and DOES 61-70 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Seaweed

- 95. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 94 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 96. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Dried Seaweed ("Dried Seaweed IV"), including but not limited to: "DOUBLE PARROT;" "DRIED SEAWEED;" "NET WT:1.40oz(40g);"

Page 21 of 28

Corporations

"PRODUCT OF CHINA;" "6 10232 00739 7;" "DISTRIBUTOR: IHA BEVERAGE COMMERCE, CA 90040;"

- 97. Dried Seaweed IV contains Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium.
- 98. Defendants knew or should have known that Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Dried Seaweed IV within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22g.
- 99. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Dried Seaweed IV concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Dried Seaweed IV is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 100. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between March 13, 2017 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Dried Seaweed IV, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Dried Seaweed IV in California.

 Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Dried Seaweed IV, thereby exposing them to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 101. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation.

 Persons sustain exposures by handling Dried Seaweed IV without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes

Corporations

YEROUSHALMI

YEROUSHALMI

*An Independent association of Law Corporations with gloves after handling Dried Seaweed IV, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Dried Seaweed IV.

- 102. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Dried Seaweed IV have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Dried Seaweed IV, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium by Dried Seaweed IV as mentioned herein.
- 103. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 104. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium from Dried Seaweed IV, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 105. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING, and DOES 71-80 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Health & Safety Code, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Seaweed

- 106. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 105 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 107. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Laver including but not limited to: "Organic Food"; "015OP1200136"; "Laver"; "01517881018935487"; "food.cnca.cn"; "Dried Seaweed";

Page 23 of 28

"Net Wt: 1.76oz (50g)"; Importer: New Way Import Inc.; "Product of China"; "UPC 6 946886 258484"

- 108. Laver contains Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium.
- 109. Defendants knew or should have known that Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Laver within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22h.
- 110. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Laver concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Laver is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 111. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between March 17, 2017 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Laver, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure. Defendants have distributed and sold Laver in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Laver, thereby exposing them to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 112. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation.

 Persons sustain exposures by handling Laver without wearing gloves or any other

 personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with

Corporations

YEROUSHALMI *An Independent

Association of Law Corporations gloves after handling Laver, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Laver.

- 113. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Laver have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Laver, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium by Laver as mentioned herein.
- 114. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 115. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Arsenic, Lead, and Cadmium from Laver, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 116. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(By CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. and against TAK SHING, and DOES 81-90 for Violations of Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (*Health & Safety Code*, §§ 25249.5, et seq.))

Spices

- 117. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 116 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 118. Each of the Defendants is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a manufacturer, distributor, promoter, or retailer of Ginger Powder identified as: "NK"; "Ginger Powder"; "Net Wt: 50g"; "Distributed by MTCI"; "UPC 6 924051 330449"; "Product of China"

- 119. Ginger Powder contains Lead.
- 120. Defendants knew or should have known that Lead has been identified by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, and reproductive toxicity and therefore was subject to Proposition 65 warning requirements. Defendants were also informed of the presence of in Ginger Powder within Plaintiff's notice of alleged violations further discussed above at Paragraph 22i.
- 121. Plaintiff's allegations regarding Ginger Powder concerns "[c]onsumer products exposure[s]," which "is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27, § 25602(b). Ginger Powder is/are consumer products, and, as mentioned herein, exposures to Lead took place as a result of such normal and foreseeable consumption and use.
- 122. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that between June 8, 2017 and the present, each of the Defendants knowingly and intentionally exposed California consumers and users of Ginger Powder, which Defendants manufactured, distributed, or sold as mentioned above, to Lead, without first providing any type of clear and reasonable warning of such to the exposed persons before the time of exposure.

 Defendants have distributed and sold Ginger Powder in California. Defendants know and intend that California consumers will use and consume Ginger Powder, thereby exposing them to Lead. Defendants thereby violated Proposition 65.
- 123. The principal routes of exposure are through dermal contact, ingestion and inhalation. Persons sustain exposures by handling Ginger Powder without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling Ginger Powder, as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or breathing in particulate matter dispersed from Ginger Powder.

124. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each of Defendants' violations of Proposition 65 as to Ginger Powder have been ongoing and continuous, as Defendants engaged and continue to engage in conduct which violates Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6, including the manufacture, distribution, promotion, and sale of Ginger Powder, so that a separate and distinct violation of Proposition 65 occurred each and every time a person was exposed to Lead by Ginger Powder as mentioned herein.

- 125. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges that each violation of Proposition 65 mentioned herein is ever continuing. Plaintiff further alleges and believes that the violations alleged herein will continue to occur into the future.
- 126. Based on the allegations herein, Defendants are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per individual exposure to Lead from Ginger Powder, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(b).
- 127. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this Complaint.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff demands against each of the Defendants as follows:

- 1. A permanent injunction mandating Proposition 65-compliant warnings;
- 2. Penalties pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7, subdivision (b);
- 3. Costs of suit;
- 4. Reasonable attorney fees and costs; and
- 5. Any further relief that the court may deem just and equitable.

Dated: August 27, 2020

YEROUSHALMI & YEROUSHALMI*



Page 27 of 28

Corporations

27

Reuben Yeroushalmi Attorneys for Plaintiff, CONSUMER ADVOCACY GROUP, INC. Page 28 of 28 COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF PROPOSITION 65, THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC

YEROUSHALMI & YEROUSHALMI *An Independent Association of Law Corporations