1 2	Evan J. Smith, Esquire (SBN 242352) Ryan P. Cardona, Esquire (SBN 302113) BRODSKY & SMITH	
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4	Telephone: (877) 534-2590 Facsimile: (310) 247-0160	Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco
5	Attorneys for Plaintiff	06/13/2022 Clerk of the Court BY: KAREN VALDES Deputy Clerk
7		Deputy vierk
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	COUNTY OF	SAN FRANCISCO
10	GABRIEL ESPINOZA,	Case No.: CGC-22-600138
11	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
12	VS.	(Violation of Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et
13	COLUMBIA SPORTSWEAR COMPANY,	seq.)
14 15	Defendant.	
15		by and through his attorneys, alleges the following
17	Plaintiff Gabriel Espinoza ("Plaintiff"), by and through his attorneys, alleges the following cause of action in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California.	
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19		ative action on behalf of all California citizens to
20		ater and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at
21		("Proposition 65"), which reads, in relevant part,
22		ess shall knowingly and intentionally expose any
23		cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first
24		ndividual". Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.
25	2. This complaint is a representat	ive action brought by Plaintiff in the public interest
26	of the citizens of the State of California to ent	force the People's right to be informed of the health
27	hazards caused by exposure to chromium (h	exavalent compounds) ("chromium (VI)"), a toxic
28	chemical found in gloves with leather components, including but not limited to Mountain	
		AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF – VIOLATION OF FETY CODE §25249.5

Hardware gloves, sold and/or distributed by defendant Columbia Sportswear Company.
 ("Columbia" or "Defendant") in California.

3 3. Chromium (VI) is a harmful chemical known to the State of California to cause
4 cancer and adverse developmental effects. On February 27, 1987, the State of California listed
5 chromium (VI) as a chemical known to the State to cause cancer and it has come under the purview
6 of Proposition 65 regulations since that time. Cal. Code Regs. Tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety
7 Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b). On December 19, 2008, the State of California listed chromium
8 (VI) as a chemical known to cause adverse developmental effects.

9 4. Proposition 65 requires all businesses with ten (10) or more employees that operate
10 within California or sell products therein to comply with Proposition 65 regulations. Included in
11 such regulations is the requirement that businesses must label any product containing a Proposition
12 65-listed chemical that will create an exposure above safe harbor levels with a "clear and
13 reasonable" warning before "knowingly and intentionally" exposing any person to any such listed
14 chemical.

5. Proposition 65 allows for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per violation
for up to 365 days (up to a maximum civil penalty amount per violation of \$912,000.00) to be
imposed upon defendants in a civil action for violations of Proposition 65. Health & Safety Code
\$ 25249.7(b). Proposition 65 also allows for any court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin the
actions of a defendant which "violate or threaten to violate" the statute. Health & Safety Code \$
25249.7.

6. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant distributes and/or offers for sale in California,
without a requisite exposure warning, gloves with leather components, including but not limited
to Mountain Hardware gloves (the "Products"), that expose persons to chromium (VI) when used
for their intended purpose.

7. Defendant's failure to warn consumers and other individuals in California of the
health hazards associated with exposure to chromium (VI) in conjunction with the sale and/or
distribution of the Products is a violation of Proposition 65 and subjects Defendant to the
enjoinment and civil penalties described herein.

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8. Plaintiff seeks civil penalties against Defendant for its violations of Proposition 65
 in accordance with Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b).

9. Plaintiff also seeks injunctive relief, preliminarily and permanently, requiring
Defendant to provide purchasers or users of the Products with required warnings related to the
dangers and health hazards associated with exposure to chromium (VI) pursuant to Health and
Safety Code § 25249.7(a).

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Plaintiff further seeks a reasonable award of attorney's fees and costs.

## PARTIES

9 11. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of California acting in the interest of the general
10 public to promote awareness of exposures to toxic chemicals in products sold in California and to
11 improve human health by reducing hazardous substances contained in such items. He brings this
12 action in the public interest pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(d).

12. Defendant Mountain Hardwear, through its business, effectively imports,
distributes, sells, and/or offers the Products for sale or use in the State of California, or it implies
by its conduct that it imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the Products for sale or use in the
State of California.

17 13. Plaintiff alleges that defendant Columbia is a "person" in the course of doing
18 business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code sections 25249.6 and 25249.11.

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## VENUE AND JURISDICTION

14. Venue is proper in the County of San Francisco because one or more of the
instances of wrongful conduct occurred and continue to occur in this county and/or because
Defendant conducted, and continues to conduct, business in the County of San Francisco with
respect to the Products.

This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution
Article VI, § 10, which grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all causes except those
given by statute to other trial courts. Health and Safety Code § 25249.7 allows for the enforcement
of violations of Proposition 65 in any Court of competent jurisdiction; therefore, this Court has
jurisdiction over this lawsuit.

- 3 -

1	16. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendant because defendant is either a citizen of
2	the State of California, has sufficient minimum contacts with the State of California, is registered
3	with the California Secretary of State as foreign corporations authorized to do business in the State
4	of California, and/or has otherwise purposefully availed itself of the California market. Such
5	purposeful availment has rendered the exercise of jurisdiction by California courts consistent and
6	permissible with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

#### STATUTORY BACKGROUND

8 17. The people of the State of California declared in Proposition 65 their right "[t]o be
9 informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive
10 harm." (Section 1(b) of Initiative Measure, Proposition 65.)

- 11 18. To effect this goal, Proposition 65 requires that individuals be provided with a
  12 "clear and reasonable warning" before being exposed to substances listed by the State of California
  13 as causing cancer or reproductive toxicity. H&S Code § 25249.6 states, in pertinent part:
- No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual...
- 16 19. An exposure to a chemical in a consumer product is one "which results from a
  17 person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption or other reasonably foreseeable use of a
  18 consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." (27 CCR §
  19 25602, para (b).) H&S Code § 25603(c) states that "a person in the course of doing business ...
  20 shall provide a warning to any person to whom the product is sold or transferred unless the product
  21 is packaged or labeled with a clear and reasonable warning."
- 22 20. Pursuant to H&S Code § 25603.1, the warning may be provided by using one or
   23 more of the following methods individually or in combination:<sup>1</sup>
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a. A warning that appears on a product's label or other labeling.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Alternatively, a person in the course of doing business may elect to comply with the warning requirements set out in the amended version of 27 CCR 25601, *et.seq.*. as amended on August 30, 2016, and operative on August 30, 2018.

 b. Identification of the product at the retail outlet in a manner which provides a warning. Identification may be through shelf labeling, signs, menus, or a combination thereof.

c. The warnings provided pursuant to subparagraphs (a) and (b) shall be
prominently placed upon a product's labels or other labeling or displayed at the retail outlet
with such conspicuousness, as compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices
in the label, labeling or display as to render it likely to be read and understood by an
ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase or use.

d. A system of signs, public advertising identifying the system and toll-free information services, or any other system that provides clear and reasonable warnings.

11 21. Proposition 65 provides that any "person who violates or threatens to violate" the 12 statute may be enjoined in a court of competent jurisdiction. (H&S Code § 25249.7.) The phrase 13 "threaten to violate" is defined to mean creating "a condition in which there is a substantial 14 probability that a violation will occur." (H&S Code § 25249.11(e).) Violators are liable for civil 15 penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day for each violation of the Act (H&S Code § 25249.7) for up to 16 365 days (up to a maximum civil penalty amount per violation of \$912,000.00).

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### FACTUAL BACKGROUND

22. On February 27, 1987, the State of California listed chromium (VI) as a chemical
known to the State to cause cancer and it has come under the purview of Proposition 65 regulations
since that time. Cal. Code Regs. Tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 &
25249.10(b). On December 19, 2008, the State of California listed chromium (VI) as a chemical
known to cause adverse developmental effects. In summary, chromium (VI) was listed under
Proposition 65 as a chemical known to the State to cause cancer and adverse developmental effects.

24 23. The exposures that are the subject of the Notice result from the purchase, 25 acquisition, handling and recommended use of the Products. Increased duration of contact with the 26 Products, natural aging of the Products, temperature, light exposure, and contact of the Products 27 with oxidizing agents and alkaline solutions will result in increased conversion of chromium (III) 28 to chromium (VI) in the Products and thus increased dermal exposure to chromium (VI). Direct

COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF – VIOLATION OF HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 mouthing of the Products and indirect hand to mouth exposure to chromium (VI) will occur by
 wearing the Products with subsequent touching of the user's hand to mouth.

3 24. Defendant has manufactured, processed, marketed, distributed, offered to sell
4 and/or sold the Products in California since at least March 1, 2021. The Products continue to be
5 distributed and sold in California without the requisite warning information.

6 25. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant has knowingly and intentionally
7 exposed users, consumers and/or patients to the Products and the chromium (VI) without first
8 giving a clear and reasonable exposure warning to such individuals.

9 26. As a proximate result of acts by each defendant, as a person in the course of doing 10 business within the meaning of H&S Code § 25249.11, individuals throughout the State of 11 California, including in San Francisco County, have been exposed to chromium (VI) without a 12 clear and reasonable warning on the Products. The individuals subject to the violative exposures 13 include normal and foreseeable users, consumers and patients that use the Products, as well as all 14 others exposed to the Products.

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### SATISFACTION OF NOTICE REQUIREMNTS

Plaintiff purchased the Product from Sierra Trading Post, Inc.. At the time of
purchase, Sierra Trading Post, Inc. and Columbia did not provide a Proposition 65 exposure
warning for chromium (VI) or any other Proposition 65 listed chemical in a manner consistent
with H&S Code § 25603.1 as described *supra*.

20 28. The Product was sent to a testing laboratory to determine the chromium (VI)
21 content of the Product.

22 29. The laboratory provided the results of its analysis. Results of this test determined
23 the Product exposes users to chromium (VI) (the "Chemical Test Report").

30. Plaintiff provided the Chemical Test Report and Product to an analytical chemist
to determine if, based on the findings of the Chemical Test Report and the reasonable and
foreseeable use of the Product, exposure to chromium (VI) will occur at levels that require
Proposition 65 warnings under the Clear and Reasonable Warnings section 25601 of Title 27 of
the California Code of Regulations.

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31. Plaintiff received from the analytical chemist an exposure assessment report which
 concluded that persons in California who use the Products will be exposed to levels of chromium
 (VI) that require a Proposition 65 exposure warning.

32. Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violation of Health and Safety Code § 25249.6 (the
"Notice") to Defendant concerning the exposure of California citizens to chromium (VI) contained
in the Products without proper warning, subject to a private action to Defendant and to the
California Attorney General's office and the offices of the County District attorneys and City
Attorneys for each city with a population greater than 750,000 persons wherein the herein
violations allegedly occurred.

33. The Notice complied with all procedural requirements of Proposition 65 including
the attachment of a Certificate of Merit affirming that Plaintiff's counsel had consulted with at
least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who reviewed relevant data regarding
chromium (VI) exposure, and that counsel believed there was meritorious and reasonable cause
for a private action.

34. After receiving the Notice, and to Plaintiff's best information and belief, none of
the noticed appropriate public enforcement agencies have commenced and diligently prosecuted a
cause of action against Defendant under Proposition 65 to enforce the alleged violations which are
the subject of the Notice.

19 35. Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty (60) days from the date of the
20 Notice to Defendant, as required by law.

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# (By Plaintiff against Defendant for the Violation of Proposition 65)

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

23 36. Plaintiff hereby repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 35 of
24 this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

25 37. Defendant has, at all times mentioned herein, acted as distributer, and/or retailer of
26 the Products.

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> COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF – VIOLATION OF HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5

38. Use of the Products will expose users and consumers thereof to chromium (VI), a
 hazardous chemical found on the Proposition 65 list of chemicals known to be hazardous to human
 health.

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39. The Products do not comply with the Proposition 65 warning requirements.

40. Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that at all relevant times
herein, and at least since March 1, 2021, continuing until the present, that Defendant has continued
to knowingly and intentionally expose California users and consumers of the Products to
chromium (VI) without providing required warnings under Proposition 65.

9 41. The exposures that are the subject of the Notice result from the purchase, acquisition, handling and recommended use of the Products. Consequently, the primary route of 10 11 exposure to these chemicals is through dermal exposure. Increased duration of contact with the 12 Products, natural aging of the Products, temperature, light exposure, and contact of the Products 13 with oxidizing agents and alkaline solutions will result in increased conversion of chromium (III) to chromium (VI) in the Products and thus increased dermal exposure to chromium (VI). Direct 14 15 mouthing of the Products and indirect hand to mouth exposure to chromium (VI) will occur by 16 wearing the Products with subsequent touching of the user's hand to mouth.

17 42. Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that such exposures will
18 continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to purchasers and users or
19 until this known toxic chemical is removed from the Products.

43. Defendant has knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the
Product exposes individuals to chromium (VI), and Defendant intends those exposures to
chromium (VI) will occur by its deliberate, non-accidental participation in the importation,
distribution, sale and offering of the Products to consumers in California

24 44. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the herein claims prior to this
25 Complaint.

45. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b), as a consequence of the above
described acts, Defendant is liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day per violation.

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1	46. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(a), this Court is specifically
2	authorized to grant injunctive relief in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendant.
3	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
4	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant and requests the following
5	relief:
6	A. That the court assess civil penalties against each defendant in the amount of \$2,500
7	per day for each violation for up to 365 days (up to a maximum civil penalty amount per
8	violation of \$912,000.00) in accordance with Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b);
9	B. That the court preliminarily and permanently enjoin Defendant mandating
10	Proposition 65 compliant warnings on the Products;
11	C. That the court grant Plaintiff reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit, in the
12	amount of \$50,000.00.
13	D. That the court grant any further relief as may be just and proper.
14	Dated: June 13, 2022 BRODSKY & SMITH
15	By: Ep
16	Evan J. Smith (SBN242352) Ryan P. Cardona (SBN302113) 9595 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 900
17	Beverly Hills, CA 90212
18 19	Telephone: (877) 534-2590 Facsimile: (310) 247-0160
20	Attorneys for Plaintiff
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	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF – VIOLATION OF HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5