1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	ENTORNO LAW, LLP Craig M. Nicholas (SBN 178444) Noam Glick (SBN 251582) Jake W. Schulte (SBN 293777) 225 Broadway, Suite 1900 San Diego, California 92101 Tel: (619) 629-0527 Email: craig@entornolaw.com Email: noam@enteronolaw.com Email: jake@entornolaw.com	<b>ELECTRONICALLY FILED</b> Superior Court of California, County of Alameda <b>10/26/2021 at 10:47:47 AM</b> By: Xian-xii Bowie, Deputy Clerk	
9	SUPERIOR COURT OF 7	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA		
11	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ADVOCATES, INC.,	Case No.: 210V001125	
12	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF	
13	V.	(Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.)	
14	ZOEVA US, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, ULTA BEAUTY, INC., a Delaware		
15	corporation, ULTA BEAUTY CREDIT SERVICES CORPORATION, a Delaware		
16 17	corporation, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,		
17	Defendants.		
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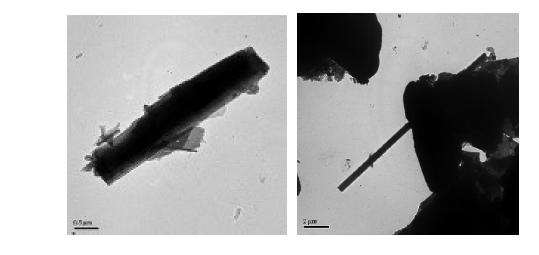
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### **INTRODUCTION**

I.

1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by Environmental Health Advocates, Inc. ("Plaintiff") in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California ("the People"). Plaintiff seeks to remedy Defendants' failure to inform the People of exposure to asbestos, a known carcinogen. Defendants expose consumers to asbestos by manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Zoeva Spice of Life Voyager Eyeshadow Palette ("Products"). Defendants know and intend that 8 customers will use Products containing asbestos. Defendants refuse to reformulate their product to avoid exposing unknowing customers to asbestos, even though Defendants received a 60-notice alerting them to this public health emergency. Defendants even had the opportunity see photos of the asbestos lurking in their own product but declined Plaintiff's offer to see the visual proof. Below are pictures of asbestos fibers in Defendants' product:



21 2. California identified and listed asbestos as a chemical known to cause cancer as early 22 as February 27, 1987. When a person inhales asbestos the fibers can become attached to lung tissue and 23 over time can cause significant cellular and genetic damage. Asbestos has been shown to be a causal 24 factor of many deadly cancers, such as Mesothelioma, Ovarian Cancer, Lung Cancer, and Laryngeal 25 Cancer. Globally, over 90,000 people die from asbestos related diseases each year and, between the 26 years 1999 and 2017, over 27,000 Californians died from asbestos related diseases. Additionally, 27 approximately 3,000 Americans are diagnosed with Mesothelioma every year, with asbestos exposure 28 being the root cause of 90% of the cases.

In short, Defendants chose to ignore the dangers to their own customers' health, putting
 profits over customer health and safety. This lawsuit seeks to do what Defendants will not do
 voluntarily: stop endangering the lives of their own buyers for economic gain. Stop misrepresenting
 your product as beneficial to consumers when it poses an imminent risk of harm. Defendants know full
 well that no customers would voluntarily apply asbestos-laced cosmetics to their faces if they knew such
 a decision could doom them to a future of cancer and a painful, grueling death.

4. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California
Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of doing
business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to
cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such
individual..." (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.6.)

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5. California identified and listed asbestos as a chemical known to cause cancer as early as February 27, 1987.

6. Defendants failed to sufficiently warn consumers and individuals in California about
potential exposure to asbestos in connection with Defendants' manufacture, import, sale, or distribution
of Products. This is a violation of Proposition 65.

7. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief compelling Defendants to sufficiently warn consumers
in California before exposing them to asbestos in Products. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(a).)
Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against Defendants for its violations of Proposition 65 along with
attorney's fees and costs. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(b).)

II.

# PARTIES

8. Plaintiff ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ADVOCATES, INC. ("Plaintiff") is a
corporation in the State of California dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through
the elimination or reduction of toxic exposure from consumer products. It brings this action in the public
interest pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 25249.7.

9. Defendant ZOEVA US, LLC ("Zoeva US") is a limited liability company organized
and existing under the laws of Delaware. Zoeva US is registered to do business in California, and does

business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.11.
 Zoeva US manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in California and Alameda County.

10. Defendant ULTA BEAUTY, INC. ("Ulta Beauty") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware. Ulta Beauty is registered to do business in California, and does business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.11. Ulta Beauty manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in California and Alameda County.

11. Defendant ULTA BEAUTY CREDIT SERVICES CORPORATION ("Ulta Credit") is
a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware. Ulta Credit is registered to do business
in California, and does business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety
Code, section 25249.11. Ulta Credit manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in
California and Alameda County.

12 12. Plaintiff does not know the true names and/or capacities, whether individual, partners, 13 or corporate, of the defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and for that reason sues 14 said defendants under fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this Complaint when the true 15 names and capacities of these defendants have been ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes and 16 thereon alleges that these defendants are responsible in whole or in part for Plaintiff's damages.

#### III.

### **VENUE AND JURISDICTION**

19 13. California Constitution Article VI, Section 10 grants the Superior Court original
20 jurisdiction in all cases except those given by statute to other trial courts. The Health and Safety Code
21 statute upon which this action is based does not give jurisdiction to any other court. As such, this Court
22 has jurisdiction.

14. Venue is proper in Alameda County Superior Court pursuant to Code of Civil
Procedure, sections 394, 395, and 395.5. Wrongful conduct occurred and continues to occur in this
County. Defendants conducted and continues to conduct business in this County as it relates to
Products.

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- 1 15. Defendants have sufficient minimum contacts in the State of California or otherwise 2 purposefully avails itself of the California market. Exercising jurisdiction over Defendants would be 3 consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice. 4 IV. 5 CAUSES OF ACTION 6 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION** 7 (Violation of Proposition 65 – Against all Defendants) 8 16. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above. 9 17. Proposition 65 mandates that citizens be informed about exposures to chemicals that 10 cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm. 11 18. Defendants manufactured, imported, sold, and/or distributed Products containing 12 asbestos in violation of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. Plaintiff is informed and 13 believes such violations have continued after receipt of the Notice (defined *infra*) and will continue to 14 occur into the future. Plaintiff's expert utilized a methodology to detect asbestos, as that chemical is 15 defined by Proposition 65, in the Products that meets and/or is more stringent than the methodology 16 ordinarily used by OEHHA to detect asbestos. A comparison to the micron scale proves that the fibers 17 observed in this product of the mineral tremolite were long enough and wide enough to be counted by 18 any asbestos counting criteria, including phase or polarized light microscopy. Further, asbestiform 19 tremolite was observed and counted by Plaintiff's expert in analyzing a sample of Defendants' Products 20 in a manner consistent with the methodologies used by OEHHA to set the Proposition 65 limits. 21 19. In manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Products, Defendants failed to 22 provide a clear and reasonable warning to consumers and individuals in California who may be exposed 23 to asbestos through reasonably foreseeable use of the Products. 24 20. Products expose individuals to asbestos through direct inhalation. This exposure is a 25 natural and foreseeable consequence of Defendants placing Products into the stream of commerce. As 26 such, Defendants intend that consumers will use Products, exposing them to asbestos. 27 21. Defendants knew or should have known that the Products contained asbestos and
- 28 exposed individuals to asbestos in the way provided above. The Notice informed Defendants of the

presence of asbestos in the Products. Likewise, media coverage concerning asbestos and related
 chemicals in consumer products provided constructive notice to Defendants.

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Defendants' action in this regard were deliberate and not accidental.

4 23. More than sixty days prior to naming each defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiff issued a
5 60-Day Notice of Violation ("Notice") as required by and in compliance with Proposition 65. Plaintiff
6 provided the Notice to the various required public enforcement agencies along with a certificate of merit.
7 The Notice alleged that Defendants violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in
8 California of the health hazards associated with exposures to asbestos contained in the Products.

9 24. The appropriate public enforcement agencies provided with the Notice failed to
10 commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against Defendants.

Individuals exposed to asbestos contained in Products through inhalation resulting from
 reasonably foreseeable use of the Products have suffered and continue to suffer irreparable harm. There
 is no other plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

14 26. Defendants are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day for each violation
15 of Proposition 65 pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 252497(b). Injunctive relief is also
16 appropriate pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 25249.7(a).

# PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

19 1. Civil penalties in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation. Plaintiff alleges that
20 damages total a minimum of \$1,000,000;

21 2. A preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants from manufacturing,
22 importing, selling, and/or distributing Products in California without providing a clear and reasonable
23 warning as required by Proposition 65 and related Regulations;

3. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit; and

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1	4. Such other and further relie	ef as may	be just and proper.
2	Respectfully submitted:		
3	Dated: October 26, 2021		ENTORNO LAW, LLP
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6		By:	Jake W. Schulte
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9			Attorneys for Plaintiff
10			Environmental Health Advocates, Inc.
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