1 2 3 4 5 6	ENTORNO LAW, LLP Craig M. Nicholas (SBN 178444) Noam Glick (SBN 251582) Jake W. Schulte (SBN 293777) 225 Broadway, Suite 1900 San Diego, California 92101 Tel: (619) 629-0527 Email: craig@entornolaw.com Email: noam@enteronolaw.com Email: jake@entornolaw.com	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of Alameda 01/10/2022 at 09:26:04 AM By: Lanette Buffin, Deputy Clerk
7	Attorneys for Plaintiff Environmental Health Advocates, Inc.	
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	
10	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ADVOCATES, INC.,	
11	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
12	V.	(Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.)
13	99 CENTS ONLY STORES LLC, a California limited liability company, B2 FASHIONS	
14 15	INC., a Canadian corporation, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	
16	Defendants.	
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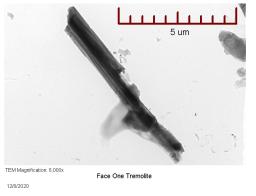
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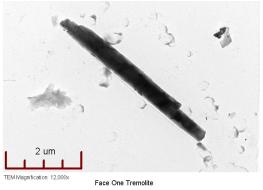
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I.

## INTRODUCTION

1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by Environmental Health Advocates, Inc. ("Plaintiff") in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California ("the People"). Plaintiff seeks to remedy Defendants' failure to inform the People of exposure to asbestos, a known carcinogen. Defendants expose consumers to asbestos by manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Face One Sunset in Hawaii Eyeshadow & Blush Palette ("Products"). Defendants know and intend that customers will use Products containing asbestos. Defendants refuse to reformulate their product to avoid exposing unknowing customers to asbestos, even though Defendants received a 60-day notice alerting them to this public health emergency. Below are pictures of asbestos fibers in Defendants' product:





2. California identified and listed asbestos as a chemical known to cause cancer as early as February 27, 1987. When a person inhales asbestos the fibers can become attached to lung tissue and over time can cause significant cellular and genetic damage. Asbestos has been shown to be a causal factor of many deadly cancers, such as Mesothelioma, Ovarian Cancer, Lung Cancer, and Laryngeal Cancer. Globally, over 90,000 people die from asbestos related diseases each year and, between the years 1999 and 2017, over 27,000 Californians died from asbestos related diseases. Additionally, approximately 3,000 Americans are diagnosed with Mesothelioma every year, with asbestos exposure being the root cause of 90% of the cases.

3. In short, Defendants chose to ignore the dangers to their own customers' health, putting profits over customer health and safety. This lawsuit seeks to do what Defendants will not do voluntarily: stop endangering the lives of their own buyers for economic gain. Stop misrepresenting your product as beneficial to consumers when it poses an imminent risk of harm. Defendants know full

well that no customers would voluntarily apply asbestos-laced cosmetics to their faces if they knew such a decision could doom them to a future of cancer and a painful, grueling death.

- 4. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . ." (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.6.)
- 5. California identified and listed asbestos as a chemical known to cause cancer as early as February 27, 1987.
- 6. Defendants failed to sufficiently warn consumers and individuals in California about potential exposure to asbestos in connection with Defendants' manufacture, import, sale, or distribution of Products. This is a violation of Proposition 65.
- 7. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief compelling Defendants to sufficiently warn consumers in California before exposing them to asbestos in Products. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(a).) Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against Defendants for its violations of Proposition 65 along with attorney's fees and costs. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(b).)

II.

**PARTIES** 

8. Plaintiff ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ADVOCATES, INC. ("Plaintiff") is a corporation in the State of California dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of toxic exposure from consumer products. It brings this action in the public interest pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 25249.7.

9. Defendant 99 CENTS ONLY STORES LLC ("99 Cent") is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of California. 99 Cent is registered to do business in California, and does business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.11. 99 Cent manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in California and Alameda County.

Defendant B2 FASHIONS INC. ("B2 Fashions") is a corporation organized and

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- 17. Defendants manufactured, imported, sold, and/or distributed Products containing asbestos in violation of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. Plaintiff is informed and believes such violations have continued after receipt of the Notice (defined *infira*) and will continue to occur into the future. Plaintiff's expert utilized a methodology to detect asbestos, as that chemical is defined by Proposition 65, in the Products that meets and/or is more stringent than the methodology ordinarily used by OEHHA to detect asbestos. A comparison to the micron scale proves that the fibers observed in this product of the mineral tremolite were long enough and wide enough to be counted by any asbestos counting criteria, including phase or polarized light microscopy. Further, asbestiform tremolite was observed and counted by Plaintiff's expert in analyzing a sample of Defendants' Products in a manner consistent with the methodologies used by OEHHA to set the Proposition 65 limits.
- 18. In manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Products, Defendants failed to provide a clear and reasonable warning to consumers and individuals in California who may be exposed to asbestos through reasonably foreseeable use of the Products.
- 19. Products expose individuals to asbestos through direct inhalation. This exposure is a natural and foreseeable consequence of Defendants placing Products into the stream of commerce. As such, Defendants intend that consumers will use Products, exposing them to asbestos.
- 20. Defendants knew or should have known that the Products contained asbestos and exposed individuals to asbestos in the way provided above. The Notice informed Defendants of the presence of asbestos in the Products. Likewise, media coverage concerning asbestos and related chemicals in consumer products provided constructive notice to Defendants.
  - 21. Defendants' action in this regard were deliberate and not accidental.
- 22. More than sixty days prior to naming each defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiff issued a 60-Day Notice of Violation ("Notice") as required by and in compliance with Proposition 65. Plaintiff provided the Notice to the various required public enforcement agencies along with a certificate of merit. The Notice alleged that Defendants violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in California of the health hazards associated with exposures to asbestos contained in the Products.
- 23. The appropriate public enforcement agencies provided with the Notice failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against Defendants.