

1 Laralei Paras, State Bar No. 203319
2 Rebecca Jackson, State Bar No. 221583
3 Seven Hills LLP
4 4 Embarcadero Center, Suite 1400
5 San Francisco, CA 94111
6 Telephone: (415) 926-7247
7 laralei@sevenhillslp.com
8 rebecca@sevenhillslp.com

ELECTRONICALLY
FILED

Superior Court of California,
County of San Francisco

02/18/2022
Clerk of the Court

BY: KAREN VALDES
Deputy Clerk

6 Attorneys for Plaintiff
KEEP AMERICA SAFE AND BEAUTIFUL

8
9 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10 COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
11 UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION

12 KEEP AMERICA SAFE AND BEAUTIFUL,

13 Plaintiff,

14 v.

15 CURT MANUFACTURING, LLC; and DOES
16 1-30, inclusive,

17 Defendants.

Case No.

CGC-22-598243

**COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES
AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

Violation of Proposition 65, The Safe
Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of
1986 (Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 *et*
seq.)

UNLIMITED CIVIL

1 Plaintiff KEEP AMERICA SAFE AND BEAUTIFUL, acting in the public interest, alleges a
2 cause of action against Defendants CURT MANUFACTURING, LLC, and DOES 1-30.

3 **INTRODUCTION AND NATURE OF THE ACTION**

4 1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by plaintiff Keep America Safe and
5 Beautiful (“**KASB**”) in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the
6 People’s right to be informed of the health hazards caused by exposures to di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate
7 (“**DEHP**”), a toxic chemical found in and on the tools with vinyl/PVC grips and bike beam
8 attachments manufactured, imported, distributed, sold or offered for sale by Defendants in the State
9 of California.

10 2. By this Complaint, plaintiff seeks to remedy Defendants’ continuing failure to warn
11 individuals not covered by California’s Occupational Safety Health Act, Labor Code § 6300 *et seq.*
12 (“**consumers**”) they are being exposed to substances known to the State of California to cause birth
13 defects and other reproductive harm through exposures to DEHP, when they purchase, use or handle
14 Defendants’ tools with vinyl/PVC grips and bike beam attachments.

15 3. Detectable levels of DEHP are found in and on the tools with vinyl/PVC grips and
16 bike beam attachments that Defendants manufacture, import, sell or distribute for sale to individuals
17 throughout California.

18 4. Pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at
19 Health and Safety Code § 25249.6 *et seq.* (“**Proposition 65**”), it is unlawful for a person in the course
20 of doing business to knowingly and intentionally expose consumers in California to chemicals known
21 to the State to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, without first providing a “clear
22 and reasonable” health hazard warning to such individuals prior to purchase or use.

23 5. KASB contends and alleges Defendants manufacture, distribute, import, sell, and offer
24 for sale, in and into California tools with vinyl/PVC grips and bike beam attachments (collectively,
25 the “**PRODUCTS**”) containing DEHP, without Proposition 65’s requisite health hazard warning
26 regarding the harms associated with exposures to the chemical, including, but not limited to, *½*”
27 *Clevis Pin & Clip, 7.500 1b Cap., Model No. 45805, UPC 6 12314 04652 2, ASIN: B07WZPTLQ9*
28 *and Allows Bike Beam Rack with Angled Frame Bicycles, Model No. 18016*. Defendants’ conduct

1 subjects them to civil penalties for each violation, enjoinder as well as preliminary and permanent
2 injunctive relief. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a) and (b).

3 **PARTIES**

4 6. Plaintiff KASB is a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of California and
5 acting in the interest of the general public, dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens and
6 the environment through the elimination or reduction of toxic chemicals utilized in manufacturing
7 consumer products and to increasing public awareness of those chemicals through the promotion of
8 sound environmental practices and corporate responsibility. KASB is a person within the meaning of
9 Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(a), and it brings this action in the public interest, pursuant to
10 Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(d).

11 7. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and thereon alleges, at all relevant times, Defendant
12 CURT MANUFACTURING, LLC (“**CURT MANUFACTURING**”) was and is a “person” “in the
13 course of doing business” with ten (10) or more employees, within the meanings of Health and Safety
14 Code §§ 25249.6 and 25249.11.

15 8. CURT MANUFACTURING manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers
16 the PRODUCTS for sale or use in the State of California, or implies by its conduct that it
17 manufactures, imports, distributes, sells, and/or offers the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California.

18 9. Defendants DOES 1-10 (“**MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS**”) are each a person
19 in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code §§ 25249.6 and
20 25249.11. MANUFACTURER DEFENDANTS, and each of them, assemble, fabricate, and
21 manufacture, or each implies by its conduct that it does such for one or more of the PRODUCTS
22 offered for sale or use in California.

23 10. Defendants DOES 11-20 (“**DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS**”) are each a person in
24 the course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code §§ 25249.6 and 25249.11.
25 DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS, and each of them, distribute, transfer, and transport, or each
26 impliedly does so by its conduct, one or more of the PRODUCTS to individuals, businesses, or
27 retailers for sale or use in the State of California.

28 ///

1 11. Defendants DOES 21-30 (“**RETAILER DEFENDANTS**”) are each a person in the
2 course of doing business within the meaning of Health and Safety Code §§ 25249.6 and 25249.11.
3 **RETAILER DEFENDANTS**, and each of them, by and through their conduct, offer the **PRODUCTS**
4 for sale to individuals in the State of California.

5 12. At this time, the true names of Defendants DOES 1 through 30, inclusive, are
6 unknown to plaintiff, who, therefore, sues said DOES Defendants by their fictitious names, pursuant
7 to Code of Civil Procedure § 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, each
8 of the fictitiously named Defendants is responsible in some manner for the acts and occurrences
9 alleged herein and the damages caused thereby. When ascertained, their true names and capacities
10 shall be reflected in an amended complaint.

11 13. At all times mentioned herein, **CURT MANUFACTURING, MANUFACTURER**
12 **DEFENDANTS, DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS, and RETAILER DEFENDANTS** shall,
13 hereinafter, where appropriate, be referred to collectively as the “**DEFENDANTS.**”

14 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

15 14. This Court has jurisdiction over this action, pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code
16 § 25249.7, allowing enforcement by any court of competent jurisdiction. The California Superior
17 Court has jurisdiction over this action, pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, section 10,
18 which grants the Superior Court “original jurisdiction in all causes except those given by statute to
19 other trial courts.” The statute under which this action is brought does not specify any other basis of
20 subject matter jurisdiction.

21 15. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over **DEFENDANTS**, based on
22 plaintiff’s information and good faith belief **DEFENDANTS** are each a person, firm, corporation or
23 association that is a citizen of the State of California, does sufficient business in California, has
24 sufficient minimum contacts in California, and/or otherwise purposefully and intentionally avail
25 themselves of the California market through their manufacture, importation, distribution, promotion,
26 marketing or sale of **PRODUCTS** within the State. **DEFENDANTS’** purposeful availment renders
27 the exercise of personal jurisdiction by California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair
28 play and substantial justice.

1 16. Venue is proper in the Superior Court for the County of San Francisco, pursuant to
2 Code of Civil Procedure §§ 393, 395, and 395.5, because this Court is a court of competent
3 jurisdiction, because plaintiff seeks civil penalties against DEFENDANTS, because one or more
4 instances of wrongful conduct occurred, and continue to occur, in this county, and/or because
5 DEFENDANTS conducted, and continue to conduct, business in the County of San Francisco with
6 respect to the PRODUCTS that are the subject of this action.

7 **REGULATORY BACKGROUND AND LAW**

8 17. In 1986, the people of the State of California approved an initiative addressing the
9 harms caused by hazardous chemicals and declared their right “[t]o be informed about exposures to
10 chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.” Ballot Pamp., Proposed
11 General Law, Gen. Elec. (Nov. 4, 1986) at p.3.

12 18. Formally known as the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 and
13 codified at Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 *et seq.*, Proposition 65 states, in relevant part, “[n]o
14 person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a
15 chemical known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving a clear and reasonable
16 warning to such individual...”

17 19. Under the Act, a “person in the course of doing business” is defined as a business with
18 ten (10) or more employees. Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b). Businesses are prohibited from
19 exposing individuals to hazardous chemicals without first giving a “clear and reasonable” warning.
20 Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

21 20. Exposing individuals to hazardous chemicals means to cause individuals to ingest,
22 inhale, contact via body surfaces or otherwise come into contact with a listed chemical. 27 CCR
23 § 25102(i). An exposure to a hazardous chemical is defined as one that “results from a person’s
24 acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption or other reasonably foreseeable use of a product...”
25 27 C.C.R. § 25600(h).

26 21. Under Proposition 65, persons violating the statute may be enjoined in any court of
27 competent jurisdiction and may be subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day, per violation.
28 Health & Safety Code § 25249.7.

1 exposed to DEHP through their reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS as intended without
2 first receiving a “clear and reasonable warning,” as required by Proposition 65.

3 28. After receiving plaintiff’s Notice, no public enforcement agency has commenced and
4 is diligently prosecuting a cause of action against DEFENDANTS under Proposition 65 to enforce
5 the alleged violations that are the subject of the Notice.

6 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

7 **(Violation of Proposition 65 - Against All DEFENDANTS)**

8 29. KASB realleges and incorporates by reference, as if fully stated herein, the allegations
9 set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 28, inclusive.

10 30. DEFENDANTS’ PRODUCTS contain DEHP in levels requiring a clear and
11 reasonable warning under Proposition 65.

12 31. DEFENDANTS know or should have known the PRODUCTS they manufacture,
13 import, distribute, sell, and offer for sale in California contain DEHP. As a result of plaintiff’s
14 Notice, DEFENDANTS also have actual knowledge of the presence of DEHP in the PRODUCTS.

15 32. The PRODUCTS DEFENDANTS manufacture, import, distribute, sell, and offer for
16 sale in or into the State of California cause exposures to DEHP, both direct and/or indirect dermal
17 contact and ingestion, through the reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS.

18 33. The normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS has caused, and
19 continues to cause, exposures to DEHP.

20 34. DEFENDANTS know the normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the PRODUCTS
21 exposes individuals to DEHP through direct and indirect dermal contact and/or ingestion.

22 35. DEFENDANTS intend that exposures to DEHP from the reasonably foreseeable use
23 of the PRODUCTS will occur by their deliberate, non-accidental participation in the California
24 marketplace.

25 36. The exposures to DEHP, caused by DEFENDANTS and endured by consumers and
26 other individuals in California, are not exempt from the “clear and reasonable” warning requirements
27 of Proposition 65.

28 ///

1 37. DEFENDANTS failed to provide a “clear and reasonable warning” to those consumers
2 and other individuals in California who have been, or who will be, exposed to DEHP through direct
3 and indirect dermal contact and/or ingestion resulting from the use of the PRODUCTS as intended.

4 38. Contrary to the express policy and statutory prohibition of Proposition 65, consumers
5 and other individuals, exposed to DEHP through dermal contact and ingestion as a result of their use
6 of the PRODUCTS that DEFENDANTS sold without a “clear and reasonable” health hazard
7 warning, have suffered, and continue to suffer, irreparable harm for which they have no plain, speedy,
8 or adequate remedy at law.

9 39. DEFENDANTS manufacture, import, distribute, sell, and offer the PRODUCTS for
10 sale or use in violation of Health and Safety Code § 25249.6, and DEFENDANTS’ violations have
11 continued beyond their receipt of plaintiff’s Notice. As such, DEFENDANTS’ violations are
12 ongoing and continuous in nature and, unless enjoined, will continue in the future.

13 40. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b), as a consequence of the above-
14 described acts, DEFENDANTS, and each of them, are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500
15 per day for each violation.

16 41. As a consequence of the above-described acts, Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(a)
17 also specifically authorizes the Court to grant injunctive relief against DEFENDANTS.

18 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

19 Wherefore, KASB prays for relief and judgment against DEFENDANTS, and each of them,
20 as follows:

21 1. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(a), preliminarily and
22 permanently enjoin DEFENDANTS from manufacturing, distributing, importing, marketing or
23 otherwise offering the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California without first providing a “clear and
24 reasonable warning” to consumers addressing the harms associated with exposures to DEHP;

25 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(a), issue preliminary
26 and permanent injunctions mandating DEFENDANTS recall all PRODUCTS currently in the chain
27 of commerce in California that do not bear a clear and reasonable health hazard warning;

28

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

3. That the Court assess civil penalties against DEFENDANTS, and each of them, in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65, in an amount to be determined at trial;

4. That the Court award plaintiff its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit, incurred herein; and

5. That the Court grant any further relief as it deems just and equitable.

Dated: February 14, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

SEVEN HILLS LLP

By: 

Laralei Paras
Attorneys for Plaintiff
Keep America Safe and Beautiful