1		ELECTRONICALLY <b>FILED</b>	
2	JAMES KAWAHITO (SBN 234851) KAWAHITO LAW GROUP APC	Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco	
3	300 Corporate Pointe, Suite 340 Culver City, CA 90230	05/11/2022 Clerk of the Court BY: LAURA SIMMONS	
4	Telephone: (310) 746-5300 Facsimile: (310) 593-2520 Email: jkawahito@kawahitolaw.com	Deputy Clerk	
5	Attorneys for Plaintiff EnviroProtect, LLC		
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7	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	IE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
8	COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO		
9 10	ENVIROPROTECT, LLC, in the public	CGC-22-599599 Case Number:	
11	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES	
12			
13	VS.	Violation of Proposition 65, the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act	
14	AMSCAN, INC., a New York Corporation; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,	of 1986 (Health and Safety Code § 25249.5 <i>et seq.</i> )	
15	Defendants.		
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18	Plaintiff EnviroProtect, LLC ("EP" or "Plaintiff"), in the public interest, alleges as follows		
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21	1. This action seeks to remedy the alleged failure of Amscan, Inc ("AMSCAN") and DOES		
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26	manufacture, distribution, sale and consumer use of Defendants costume and costume accessory		
27	packaging and carrying cases and storage cases/bags, which were imported, sold and/or		
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distributed for sale in California by AMSCAN (the "Products"). Plaintiff alleges that California
 consumers are directly exposed to DEHP through the touching of the components of the
 Products. In addition, Plaintiff alleges that DEHP transferred to the hand is then ingested
 through hand to mouth contact.

2. Pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health and
Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.* (hereinafter "Proposition 65"), it is unlawful for businesses
to knowingly and intentionally expose individuals in California to chemicals known to the State
to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm above the safe harbor levels,
which include the No Significant Risk Levels ("NSRLs") and/or Maximum Allowable Dose
Levels ("MADLs") without providing "clear and reasonable" warnings to individuals prior to
their exposure.

12 3. Despite the fact that Defendants' Products allegedly expose consumers to levels of DEHP 13 above the listed NSRLs and MADLs, Plaintiff contends that Defendants failed to provide any 14 warnings about the reproductive and carcinogenic hazards associated with DEHP exposure. 15 Moreover, plaintiff alleges that Defendants' manufacture, packaging, distribution, marketing, 16 and/or sales of the Products without the required Proposition 65 warnings, causes consumers to 17 be involuntarily, unknowingly and unwittingly exposed to levels of DEHP that violate 18 Proposition 65. Thus, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants' conduct subjects them to civil penalties 19 and injunctive relief.

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## JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §
 25249.7, which allows enforcement in any court of competent jurisdiction. The California
 Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI,
 Section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all cases except those given
 by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this is brought does not specify any other
 court with jurisdiction.

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5. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because they are business entities that do
 sufficient business, have sufficient minimum contacts or otherwise intentionally avails themselves
 of the California market through the sale, marketing, or use of the Products in the California
 market and/or by having such other contact with California so as to render the exercise of
 jurisdiction over them by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and
 substantial justice.

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6. Venue is proper in this Court because, upon information and belief, one or more of the
8 violations arise in San Francisco County.

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## THE PARTIES

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7. EP is a limited liability company organized under the laws of California acting in the
11 interest of the general public seeking to further, among other causes, the protection of the
environment, awareness of dangerous chemicals in consumer products, and corporate
13 accountability. EP is a "person" within the meaning of Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(a)
14 and brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §
25249.7(d).

16 8. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that defendant AMSCAN is a New York
17 Corporation who supplies consumer products to various retail stores in the state of California.
18 AMSCAN is therefore a "person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Cal.
19 Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b).

9. EP is unaware of the true names or capacities of the Defendants sued herein under the
fictitious names DOES 1-50, but prays for leave to amend and serve such fictitiously named
Defendants pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 474, once their names and capacities
become known.

10. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each and all of the acts and
omissions alleged herein were performed by, or are attributable to, Defendants and DOES 1-50,
each acting as the agent for the other, with legal authority to act on the other's behalf. Upon

27 28 information and belief, the acts of Defendants were in accordance with, and represent the official
 policies of Defendants.

11. At all times herein mentioned, upon information and belief, the Defendants, and each of
them, ratified each and every act or omission complained of herein. At all times herein
mentioned, upon information and belief, Defendants, and each of them, aided and abetted the acts
and omissions of each and all the other Defendants proximately causing the damages herein
alleged.

8 12. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each of Defendants are in some
9 manner intentionally, negligently, or otherwise responsible for the acts, omissions, occurrences,
10 and transactions alleged herein.

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# **STATUTORY AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND**

12 13. The People of the State of California declared in Proposition 65 their right "[t]o be
13 informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive
14 harm." (Section 1(b) of Initiative Measure, Proposition 65).

14. To effectuate this goal, Proposition 65 requires that individuals be provided with a "clear
and reasonable warning" before being exposed to substances listed by the State of California as
causing cancer or reproductive toxicity. Cal. Health and Safety Code §25249.6 states, in pertinent
part:

No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual....

15. A product exposure to a chemical is one that "results from a person's acquisition,

purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a product . . . .: 27 C.C.R.
§25600(h).

16. Proposition 65 provides that any "person who violates or threatens to violate" the statute
may be enjoined in a court of competent jurisdiction. Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.7. The
phrase "threaten to violate" is defined to mean creating "a condition in which there is a substantial
probability that a violation will occur" Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.11(e). Violators are

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liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation of the Act. Cal. Health &
 Safety Code \$25249.7.

17. On October 24, 2003, the State of California officially listed DEHP as a chemical known
to cause cancer. On October 24, 2004, one year after it was listed as a chemical known to cause
cancer and reproductive/developmental toxicity, DEHP became subject to the clear and reasonable
warning requirement regarding under Proposition 65. 27 C.C.R. §27001(c); Cal. Health & Safety
Code §25249.10(b). Due to the toxicity of DEHP, the California Office of Environmental Health
Hazard Assessment ("OEHHA") set the NSRL for exposure to DEHP at 310 micrograms per day
and a MADL of 410 micrograms per day for oral ingestion.

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#### STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS

11 18. EP purchased the Product in August 2021.

12 19. To test Defendants' Products for phthalates, EP engaged a well-respected and accredited
13 testing laboratory to determine the amount of DEHP contained in the Products pursuant to testing
14 methods adopted by the Federal Consumer Products Safety Commission. The testing revealed
15 that the Product had levels of DEHP that Plaintiff believes would result in exposure of DEHP to
16 consumers higher than the limit proscribed by the NSRL and MADL.

20. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants' Products contain sufficient quantities of DEHP such that
individuals who handle the Products are exposed to significant amounts of DEHP through the
average and intended use of the Products. For example, ordinary consumers absorb DEHP
through the skin when they touch, use, and/or handle the Products. Ordinary consumers also
ingest DEHP via hand to mouth contact after they touch, use, or handle the Products and then
touch their mouths or other objects that are then placed in their mouths.

23 21. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants know and intend that consumers will use the products in
24 the manner stated above, and that they will be exposed to any chemicals such as DEHP that exist
25 in the Products.

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22. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants, therefore, have knowingly and
 intentionally exposed the users, consumers and/or handlers of the Products to DEHP without first
 giving a clear and reasonable warning to such individuals.

23. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants have, since August 2020,
and continuing through the present, exposed California consumers to DEHP from use of the
Products without providing clear and reasonable Proposition 65 warnings.

24. As a proximate result of acts by Defendants, as persons in the course of doing business
within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.11, Plaintiff alleges they have subjected
consumers to violative exposures through the normal and foreseeable use of the Products.

25. Any person acting in the public interest has standing to enforce violations of Proposition
65 provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a valid 60-Day
Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the action with such
time. Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.7(d).

14 26. On September 28, 2021, EP served a "60-Day Notice of Violations of California Health & 15 Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq." ("Notice") to the California Attorney General, the District 16 Attorneys of every county in California, and the City Attorneys of every California city with a 17 population greater than 750,000 where EP alleges a violation occurred. Defendants were also 18 served a copy of the Notice. The Notice included, *inter alia*, the following information: the name, 19 address, and telephone number of the noticing individual; the name of the alleged violator; the 20statute violated; the approximate time period during which violations occurred; and descriptions of 21 the violations including the chemicals involved, the routes of toxic exposure, and the specific 22 product or type of product causing the violations. The Notice package to Defendants also included 23 the most recent version of Appendix A, the Final Adopted Regulatory Text for Title 27 of the 24 California Code of Regulations, Section 5903 as amended. In compliance with California Health 25& Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. §3102, EP provided factual information - on a 26 confidential basis - to the Attorney General sufficient to satisfy basis for the Certificate of Merit, 27

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including the testing performed by EP, and/or its litigation consultants, and the facts, studies, or
 other data supporting the Certificate.

27. After expiration of the sixty (60) day notice period, the appropriate public enforcement
agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action under California
Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.* against Defendants based on the allegations herein.

6 28. EP has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this
7 complaint, and as a result, the parties have reached a consent judgment that they intend to file with
8 the Court to resolve the claims in this lawsuit.

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# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

## (Injunctive Relief Pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq.)

29. EP incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein the material allegations
set out in paragraphs 1 through 28, inclusive.

30. By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants at all
times relevant to this action, and continuing through the present, have violated California Health
& Safety Code §25249.6 by, in the course of doing business, knowingly and intentionally
exposing individuals in California to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or
reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such persons who use,
consume or handle the Products containing DEHP, pursuant to California Health & Safety Code
§§25249.6 and 25249.11(f).

31. By the above-described acts, Plaintiff alleges Defendants have violated California Health
& Safety Code §25249.6 and are therefore subject to preliminary and permanent injunctions
ordering Defendants to stop violating Proposition 65, to provide warnings to all present and future
customers, and to provide warnings to Defendants' past customers who purchased or used the
Products without receiving a clear and reasonable warning.

32. An action for injunctive relief under Proposition 65 is specifically authorized by California
Health & Safety Code §25249.7(a).

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33. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants actions in selling the Products without clear and
 reasonable warnings will irreparably harm the citizens of the State of California, for which harm
 they have no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

34. In the absence of preliminary and then permanent injunctive relief, Plaintiff alleges that
Defendants will continue to create a substantial risk of irreparable injury by continuing to cause
consumers to be involuntarily, unknowingly and unwittingly exposed to DEHP through the use,
consumption and/or handling of the Products.

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# (Civil Penalties Pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq)

**SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION** 

35. EP incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein the material allegations
set out in paragraphs 1 through 34, inclusive.

36. By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint, Plaintiff alleges Defendants at all times
relevant to this action, and continuing through the present, have violated California Health &
Safety Code §25249.6 by, in the course of doing business, knowingly and intentionally exposing
individuals in California to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or
reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such persons who use,
consume or handle the Products containing DEHP, pursuant to California Health & Safety Code
§§25249.6 and 25249.11(f).

37. By engaging in the above-described acts, Plaintiff alleges Defendants are liable, pursuant
to California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(b), for a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 per day per
violation for each unlawful exposure to DEHP from the Products in an amount in excess of \$1
million.

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### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, EP prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as
follows:
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1	As to the Causes of Action		
2	1. A preliminary and permanent injunction, pursuant to California Health &		
3	Safety Code Code §25249.7(a), enjoining Defendants, their agents, employees, assigns and all		
4	persons acting in concert or participating with Defendants, from manufacturing, distributing,		
5	marketing or selling the Products in California without either reformulating the Products or		
6	providing a clear and reasonable warning, within the meaning of Proposition 65, that the users		
7	and/or handlers of the Products are exposed to DEHP;		
8	2. An assessment of civil penalties pursuant to California Health & Safety		
9	Code §25249.7(b) against Defendants in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation of		
10	Proposition 65, in an amount to be determined at trial;		
11	3. For an award to EP of its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit		
12	incurred herein; and		
13	4. For such equitable or other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.		
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15	Dated: May 6, 2022KAWAHITO LAW GROUP APC		
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17	By:		
18	James Kawahito		
19	Attorneys for Plaintiff EXVIROPROTECT, LLC		
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