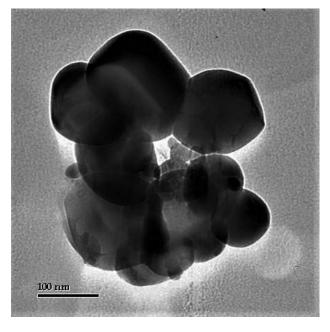
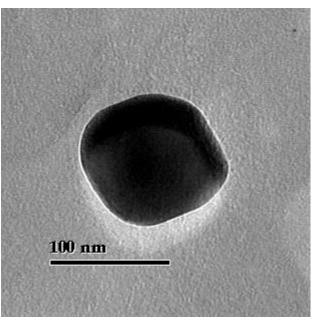
1	ENTORNO LAW, LLP Noam Glick (SBN 251582)	ELECTRONICALLY FILED		
2	Jake W. Schulte (SBN 293777) Craig M. Nicholas (SBN 178444)	Superior Court of California,		
3	225 Broadway, Suite 1900 San Diego, California 92101	County of Alameda 10/26/2022 at 12:08:33 PM By: Xian-xii Bowle,		
4	Tel: (619) 629-0527 Email: noam@entornolaw.com			
5	Email: jake@entornolaw.com Email: craig@entornolaw.com	Deputy Clerk		
6	Email. Claig@entornolaw.com			
7	Attorneys for Plaintiff			
8	Environmental Health Advocates, Inc.			
9	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
10	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA			
11	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ADVOCATES, INC.,	Case No.: 22CV020591		
12	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF		
13	v.	(Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.)		
14	STEARN'S PRODUCTS, INC., a California corporation, ULTA SALON, COSMETICS &	(Treatest & Survey Code § 252 15.0 et seq.)		
15	FRAGRANCE, INC., a Delaware corporation, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,			
16	Defendants.			
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I.

INTRODUCTION

1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by Environmental Health Advocates, Inc. ("Plaintiff") in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California ("the People"). Plaintiff seeks to remedy Defendants' failure to inform the People of exposure to Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) ("TiO2"), a known carcinogen. Defendants expose consumers to TiO2 by manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing mineral powder products including but not limited to the Derma E Essentials Sun Protection Mineral Powder SPF 30 ("Products"). Defendants know and intend that customers will use Products containing TiO2. Below are pictures of TiO2 particles found in an exemplar of Defendants' Products:





- 2. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . ." (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.6.)
- 3. California identified and listed Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) ("TiO2") as a chemical known to cause cancer as early as September 2, 2011.
 - 4. Defendants failed to sufficiently warn consumers and individuals in California about

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potential exposure to TiO2 in connection with Defendants' manufacture, import, sale, or distribution of Products. This is a violation of Proposition 65.

5. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief compelling Defendants to sufficiently warn consumers in California before exposing them to TiO2 in Products. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(a).) Plaintiff also seeks civil penalties against Defendants for their violations of Proposition 65 along with attorney's fees and costs. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(b).)

II.

PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ADVOCATES, INC. ("Plaintiff") is a corporation in the State of California dedicated to protecting the health of California citizens through the elimination or reduction of toxic exposure from consumer products. It brings this action in the public interest pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 25249.7.
- 7. Defendant STEARN'S PRODUCTS, INC. ("SP") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of California. SP is registered to do business in California, and does business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.11. SP manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in California and Alameda County.
- 8. Defendant ULTA SALON, COSMETICS, & FRAGRANCE, INC. ("Ulta") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware. Ulta is registered to do business in California, and does business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.11. Ulta manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in California and Alameda County.
- 9. Plaintiff does not know the true names and/or capacities, whether individual, partners, or corporate, of the defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and for that reason sues said defendants under fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this Complaint when the true names and capacities of these defendants have been ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that these defendants are responsible in whole or in part for the remedies and penalties sought herein.

1	III.			
2	VENUE AND JURISDICTION			
3	10. California Constitution Article VI, Section 10 grants the Superior Court original			
4	jurisdiction in all cases except those given by statute to other trial courts. The Health and Safety Code			
5	statute upon which this action is based does not give jurisdiction to any other court. As such, this Cour			
6	has jurisdiction.			
7	11. Venue is proper in Alameda County Superior Court pursuant to Code of Civ			
8	Procedure, sections 394, 395, and 395.5. Wrongful conduct occurred and continues to occur in this			
9	County. Defendants conducted and continue to conduct business in this County as it relates to Products			
10	12. Defendants have sufficient minimum contacts in the State of California or otherwise			
11	purposefully avail themselves of the California market. Exercising jurisdiction over Defendants would			
12	be consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.			
13	IV.			
14	<u>CAUSES OF ACTION</u>			
15	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION			
16	(Violation of Proposition 65 – Against all Defendants)			
17	13. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above.			
18	14. Proposition 65 mandates that citizens be informed about exposures to chemicals that			
19	cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.			
20	15. Defendants manufactured, imported, sold, and/or distributed Products containing TiO			
21	in violation of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. Plaintiff is informed and believes sucl			
22	violations have continued after receipt of the Notice (defined infra) and will continue to occur into the			
23	future.			
24	16. In manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Products, Defendants failed t			
25	provide a clear and reasonable warning to consumers and individuals in California who may be expose			
26	to TiO2 through reasonably foreseeable use of the Products.			
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- 17. Products expose individuals to TiO2 through direct inhalation. This exposure is a natural and foreseeable consequence of Defendants placing Products into the stream of commerce. As such, Defendants intend that consumers will use Products, exposing them to TiO2.
- 18. Defendants knew or should have known that the Products contained TiO2 and exposed individuals to TiO2 in the way provided above. The Notice informed Defendants of the presence of TiO2 in the Products. Likewise, media coverage concerning TiO2 and related chemicals in consumer products provided constructive notice to Defendants.
 - 19. Defendants' actions in this regard were deliberate and not accidental.
- 20. More than sixty days prior to naming each defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiff issued a 60-Day Notice of Violation ("Notice") as required by and in compliance with Proposition 65. Plaintiff provided the Notice to the various required public enforcement agencies along with a certificate of merit. The Notice alleged that Defendants violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in California of the health hazards associated with exposures to TiO2 contained in the Products.
- 21. The appropriate public enforcement agencies provided with the Notice failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against Defendants.
- 22. Individuals exposed to TiO2 contained in Products through inhalation resulting from reasonably foreseeable use of the Products have suffered and continue to suffer irreparable harm. There is no other plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.
- 23. Defendants are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65 pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 252497(b). Injunctive relief is also appropriate pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 25249.7(a).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- 1. Civil penalties in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation. Plaintiff alleges that damages total a minimum of \$1,000,000;
- 2. A preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants from manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Products in California without providing a clear and reasonable warning as required by Proposition 65 and related Regulations;

1	3.	Reasonable attorney's fees and cost	s of suit: and	
2	4.	Such other and further relief as may be just and proper.		
3	1. Such other and further refler as may be just and proper.			
4	Respectfully	submitted:		
5	Dated: Octol		ENTORNO LAW, LLP	
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7		By:	Noan Glub	
8		By.	Noam Glick	
9			Craig M. Nicholas Jake W. Schulte	
10			Attorneys for Plaintiff	
11			Environmental Health Advocates, Inc.	
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