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Per local Rule, This case is assigned to  
Judge Douglas, Danielle K, for all purposes.

**SUMMONS ISSUED**

Attorneys for Plaintiff  
Environmental Health Advocates, Inc.

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

**IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CONTRA COSTA**

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ADVOCATES,  
INC.,

Case No.: C22-02292

Plaintiff,

**COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES  
AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

v.

(Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.)

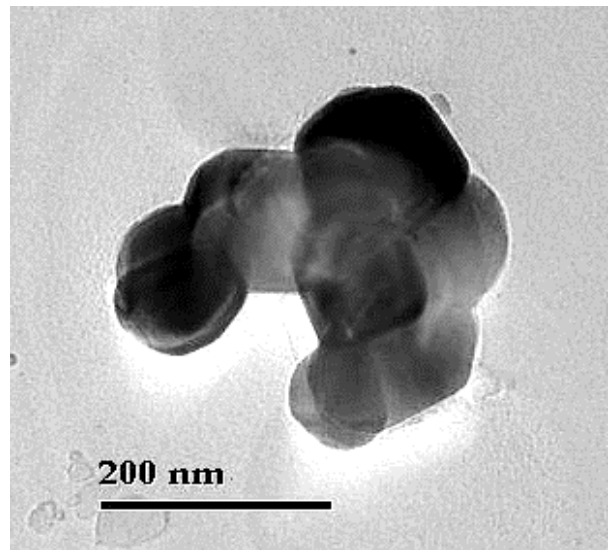
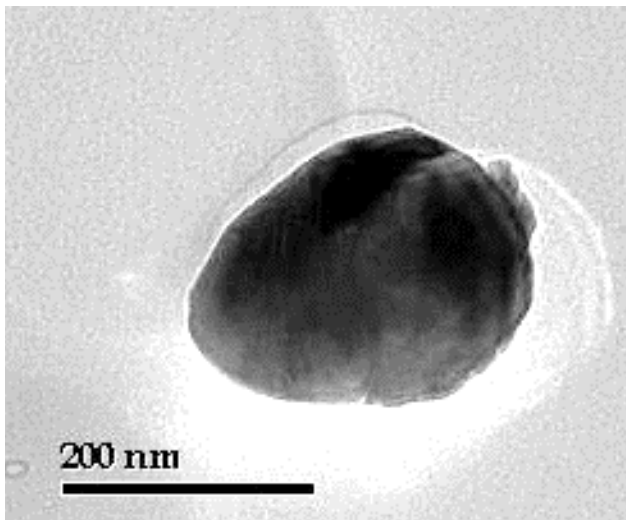
LAURA LEE LOS ANGELES LLC, a  
Delaware limited liability company;  
MARSHALLS OF MA, INC., a Massachusetts  
corporation; and DOES 1 through 100,  
inclusive,

Defendants.

I.

**INTRODUCTION**

1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by Environmental Health Advocates, Inc. (“Plaintiff”) in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California (“the People”). Plaintiff seeks to remedy Defendants’ failure to inform the People of exposure to Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) (“TiO<sub>2</sub>”), a known carcinogen. Defendants expose consumers to TiO<sub>2</sub> by manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing eyeshadow products including but not limited to the Laura Lee Los Angeles Party Animal (“Products”). Defendants know and intend that customers will use Products containing TiO<sub>2</sub>. Below are pictures of TiO<sub>2</sub> particles found in an exemplar of Defendants’ Products:



2. Under California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. (“Proposition 65”), “[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . .” (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.6.)

3. California identified and listed Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) (“TiO<sub>2</sub>”) as a chemical known to cause cancer as early as September 2, 2011.

4. Defendants failed to sufficiently warn consumers and individuals in California about potential exposure to TiO<sub>2</sub> in connection with Defendants’ manufacturing, import, sale, or distribution of Products. This is a violation of Proposition 65.



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**III.**

**VENUE AND JURISDICTION**

10. California Constitution Article VI, Section 10 grants the Superior Court original jurisdiction in all cases except those given by statute to other trial courts. The Health and Safety Code statute upon which this action is based does not give jurisdiction to any other court. As such, this Court has jurisdiction.

11. Venue is proper in Contra Costa County Superior Court pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure, sections 394, 395, and 395.5. Wrongful conduct occurred and continues to occur in this County. Defendants conducted and continue to conduct business in this County as it relates to Products.

12. Defendants have sufficient minimum contacts in the State of California or otherwise purposefully avail themselves of the California market. Exercising jurisdiction over Defendants would be consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

**IV.**

**CAUSES OF ACTION**

**FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

**(Violation of Proposition 65 – Against all Defendants)**

13. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above.

14. Proposition 65 mandates that citizens be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

15. Defendants manufactured, imported, sold, and/or distributed Products containing TiO<sub>2</sub> in violation of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. Plaintiff is informed and believes such violations have continued after receipt of the Notice (defined *infra*) and will continue to occur into the future.

16. In manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Products, Defendants failed to provide a clear and reasonable warning to consumers and individuals in California who may be exposed to TiO<sub>2</sub> through reasonably foreseeable use of the Products.

1 17. Products expose individuals to TiO<sub>2</sub> through direct inhalation. This exposure is a natural  
2 and foreseeable consequence of Defendants placing Products into the stream of commerce. As such,  
3 Defendants intend that consumers will use Products, exposing them to TiO<sub>2</sub>.

4 18. Defendants knew or should have known that the Products contained TiO<sub>2</sub> and exposed  
5 individuals to TiO<sub>2</sub> in the way provided above. The Notice informed Defendants of the presence of  
6 TiO<sub>2</sub> in the Products. Likewise, media coverage concerning TiO<sub>2</sub> and related chemicals in consumer  
7 products provided constructive notice to Defendants.

8 19. Defendants' actions in this regard were deliberate and not accidental.

9 20. More than sixty days prior to naming each defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiff issued a  
10 60-Day Notice of Violation ("Notice") as required by and in compliance with Proposition 65. Plaintiff  
11 provided the Notice to the various required public enforcement agencies along with a certificate of merit.  
12 The Notice alleged that Defendants violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in  
13 California of the health hazards associated with exposures to TiO<sub>2</sub> contained in the Products.

14 21. The appropriate public enforcement agencies provided with the Notice failed to  
15 commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against Defendants.

16 22. Individuals exposed to TiO<sub>2</sub> contained in Products through inhalation resulting from  
17 reasonably foreseeable use of the Products have suffered and continue to suffer irreparable harm. There  
18 is no other plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

19 23. Defendants are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day for each violation  
20 of Proposition 65 pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 252497(b). Injunctive relief is also  
21 appropriate pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 25249.7(a).

22  
23 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

24 Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

25 1. Civil penalties in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation. Plaintiff alleges that  
26 damages total a minimum of \$1,000,000;

27 2. A preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants from manufacturing,  
28 importing, selling, and/or distributing Products in California without providing a clear and reasonable

1 warning as required by Proposition 65 and related Regulations;

2 3. Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and

3 4. Such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

4  
5 Respectfully submitted:

6 Dated: October 26, 2022

**ENTORNO LAW, LLP**

7  
8 By:   
9 Noam Glick

10 Craig M. Nicholas  
11 Jake W. Schulte

12 Attorneys for Plaintiff  
13 Environmental Health Advocates, Inc.  
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