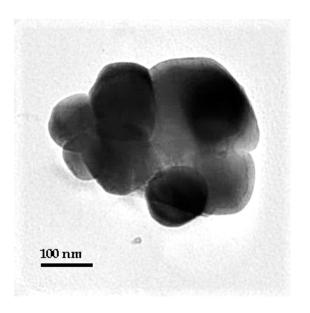
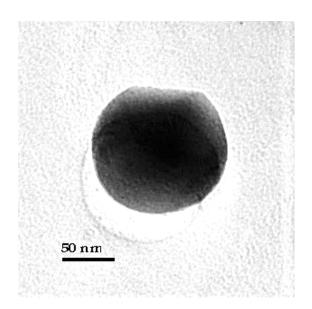
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	ENTORNO LAW, LLP Noam Glick (SBN 251582) Jake W. Schulte (SBN 293777) Janani Natarajan (SBN 346770) Craig M. Nicholas (SBN 178444) 225 Broadway, Suite 1900 San Diego, California 92101 Tel: (619) 629-0527 Email: noam@entornolaw.com Email: jake@entornolaw.com Email: janani@entornolaw.com Email: craig@entornolaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiff	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of Alameda 12/14/2022 at 09:26:42 AM By: Angela Linhares, Deputy Clerk
8	Environmental Health Advocates, Inc.	THE CTATE OF CALLEODNIA
9	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	
10		
11 12	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ADVOCATES, INC.,	Case No.: 22CV023816 COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES
13	Plaintiff,	AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
13	v. NYX PROFESSIONAL MAKEUP LLC, a	(Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.)
15	New York limited liability company; L'OREAL USA S/D, INC., a Delaware corporation; ULTA	
16	SALON, COSMETICS & FRAGRANCE, INC., a Delaware corporation; and DOES 1	
17	through 100, inclusive,	
18	Defendants.	
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I.

INTRODUCTION

1. This Complaint is a representative action brought by Environmental Health Advocates, Inc. ("Plaintiff") in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California ("the People"). Plaintiff seeks to remedy Defendants' failure to inform the People of exposure to Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) ("TiO2"), a known carcinogen. Defendants expose consumers to TiO2 by manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing powder blush products including but not limited to the NYX Professional Makeup Sweet Cheeks Creamy Powder Blush (Glow) Red Riot ("Products"). Defendants know and intend that customers will use Products containing TiO2. Below are pictures of TiO2 particles found in an exemplar of Defendants' Products:





- 2. Under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. ("Proposition 65"), "[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual. . . ." (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.6.)
- 3. California identified and listed Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) ("TiO2") as a chemical known to cause cancer as early as September 2, 2011.
 - 4. Defendants failed to sufficiently warn consumers and individuals in California about

the elimination or reduction of toxic exposure from consumer products. It brings this action in the public interest pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 25249.7.

7. Defendant NYX PROFESSIONAL MAKEUP LLC ("NYX") is a limited liability

company organized and existing under the laws of New York. NYX is registered to do business in California, and does business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.11. NYX manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in California and Alameda County.

- 8. Defendant L'OREAL USA S/D, INC. ("L'Oreal") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware. L'Oreal is registered to do business in California, and does business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.11. L'Oreal manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in California and Alameda County.
- 9. Defendant ULTA SALON, COSMETICS & FRAGRANCE, INC. ("Ulta") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Delaware. Ulta is registered to do business in California, and does business in the County of Alameda, within the meaning of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.11. Ulta manufactures, imports, sells, or distributes the Products in California and Alameda County.
- 10. Plaintiff does not know the true names and/or capacities, whether individual, partners, or corporate, of the defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and for that reason sues

- 17. Defendants manufactured, imported, sold, and/or distributed Products containing TiO2 in violation of Health and Safety Code, section 25249.6 et seq. Plaintiff is informed and believes such violations have continued after receipt of the Notice (defined *infra*) and will continue to occur into the future.
- 18. In manufacturing, importing, selling, and/or distributing Products, Defendants failed to provide a clear and reasonable warning to consumers and individuals in California who may be exposed to TiO2 through reasonably foreseeable use of the Products.
- 19. Products expose individuals to TiO2 through direct inhalation. This exposure is a natural and foreseeable consequence of Defendants placing Products into the stream of commerce. As such, Defendants intend that consumers will use Products, exposing them to TiO2.
- 20. Defendants knew or should have known that the Products contained TiO2 and exposed individuals to TiO2 in the way provided above. The Notice informed Defendants of the presence of TiO2 in the Products. Likewise, media coverage concerning TiO2 and related chemicals in consumer products provided constructive notice to Defendants.
 - 21. Defendants' actions in this regard were deliberate and not accidental.
- 22. More than sixty days prior to naming each defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiff issued a 60-Day Notice of Violation ("Notice") as required by and in compliance with Proposition 65. Plaintiff provided the Notice to the various required public enforcement agencies along with a certificate of merit. The Notice alleged that Defendants violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in California of the health hazards associated with exposures to TiO2 contained in the Products.
- 23. The appropriate public enforcement agencies provided with the Notice failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action against Defendants.
- 24. Individuals exposed to TiO2 contained in Products through inhalation resulting from reasonably foreseeable use of the Products have suffered and continue to suffer irreparable harm. There is no other plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.
- 25. Defendants are liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65 pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 252497(b). Injunctive relief is also appropriate pursuant to Health and Safety Code, section 25249.7(a).

1 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 2 Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows: 3 Civil penalties in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation. Plaintiff alleges that 4 damages total a minimum of \$1,000,000; 5 2. A preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants from manufacturing, 6 importing, selling, and/or distributing Products in California without providing a clear and reasonable 7 warning as required by Proposition 65 and related Regulations; 8 3. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit; and 9 4. Such other and further relief as may be just and proper. 10 11 Respectfully submitted: 12 Dated: December 14, 2022 ENTORNO LAW, LLP 13 14 By: Noam Glick 15 Craig M. Nicholas 16 Jake W. Schulte 17 Attorneys for Plaintiff 18 Environmental Health Advocates, Inc. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28