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FILED
Superior Court of California
County of Los Angeles

03/13/2024

David W. Slayton, Executive Officer / Clerk of Court

By: J. Young Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

TAMAR KALOUSTIAN, in the public interest,

Plaintiff,

v.

Kehe Distributors, LLC; Whole Foods Market
California, Inc., a California Corporation; and
DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,

Defendants.

Civil Action No.: **22STCV33850**

**FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE
RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES**

[Cal. Health and Safety Code Sec. 25249.6, *et
seq.*]

1 Tamar Kaloustian, in the public interest, based on information and belief and investigation
2 of counsel, except for information based on knowledge, hereby makes the following allegations.

3
4 **INTRODUCTION**

5 1. This Complaint seeks to remedy Defendants' continuing failure to adequately warn
6 individuals in California that they are being exposed to cadmium, a chemical known to the State of
7 California to cause birth defects and other reproductive harm. Such exposures have occurred, and
8 continue to occur, through the manufacture, distribution, sale and consumption of Defendants'
9 Unbagels - Unbun - Everything; UPC #: 6 28250 17907 1 (the "Product"). The Product is available
10 to consumers in California through a multitude of retail channels including, without limitation (a)
11 third-party traditional brick-and-mortar retail locations; (b) via the internet through Defendants'
12 website; and (c) via the internet through third-party retail websites. Consumers are exposed to
13 cadmium when they consume the Product.

14 2. Under California's Proposition 65, Health and Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq., it is
15 unlawful for businesses to knowingly and intentionally expose individuals in California to chemicals
16 known to the State to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm without providing clear
17 and reasonable warnings to individuals prior to their exposure. Defendants introduce a product
18 contaminated with significant quantities of cadmium into the California marketplace, exposing
19 consumers of the Product to cadmium.

20 3. Despite the fact that the Defendants expose consumers to cadmium, Defendants
21 provide no warning, or inadequate warnings about the reproductive hazards associated with
22 cadmium exposure. Defendants' conduct thus violates the warning provision of Proposition 65,
23 Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

24
25 **PARTIES**

26 4. Plaintiff brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to Health &
27 Safety Code § 25249.7(d).

1 5. Defendant KEHE DISTRIBUTORS LLC (“KEHE”) is a person in the course of
2 doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. KEHE manufactures,
3 distributes and/or sells the Product for sale and use in California.

4 6. Defendant WHOLE FOODS MARKET CALIFORNIA, INC. (“WHOLE
5 FOODS”) is a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §
6 25249.11. WHOLE FOODS manufactures, distributes and/or sells the Product for sale and use in
7 California.

8 7. Defendant FAT SNAX, INC. (“FAT SNAX”) is a person in the course of doing
9 business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11. FAT SNAX manufactures,
10 distributes and/or sells the Product for sale and use in California.

11 8. The true names of DOES 1 through 100 are unknown to Plaintiff at this time. When
12 their identities are ascertained, the Complaint shall be amended to reflect their true names.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

13 9. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Health & Safety Code §
14 25249.7, which allows enforcement in any court of competent jurisdiction, and pursuant to
15 California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, because this case is a cause not given by statute to
16 other trial courts.

17 10. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants as business entities that do sufficient
18 business, have sufficient minimum contacts in California or otherwise intentionally avails itself of the
19 California market through the sale, marketing or use of the Product in California and/or by having
20 such other contacts with California so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over them by the
21 California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

22 11. Venue is proper in Los Angeles County Superior Court because one or more of the
23 violations arise in the County of Los Angeles.

BACKGROUND FACTS

24 12. The People of the State of California have declared by initiative under Proposition
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1 65 their right “[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or
2 other reproductive harm.” Proposition 65 § 1(b).

3 13. To effectuate this goal, Proposition 65 prohibits exposing people to chemicals listed
4 by the State of California as known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm above
5 certain levels without a “clear and reasonable warning” unless the business responsible for the
6 exposure can prove that it fits within a statutory exemption. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 states
7 in pertinent part:

8
9 No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any
10 individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without
11 first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual...

12 14. The State of California has officially listed cadmium as a chemical known to cause
13 cancer, developmental toxicity and reproductive harm.

14 15. The level of exposure to a chemical causing reproductive toxicity under Proposition
15 65 is determined by multiplying the level in question times the reasonably anticipated rate of
16 exposure for an individual to a given medium. 27 C.C.R. § 25821(b). for exposures to consumer
17 products, the level of exposure is calculated using the reasonably anticipated rate of intake or
18 exposure for average users of the consumer product. 27 C.C.R. § 25821(C)(2).

19 16. Defendants’ Product contains sufficient quantities of cadmium such that consumers,
20 including pregnant women, who consume the Product are exposed to cadmium. The primary route
21 of exposure for the violations is direct ingestion when consumers orally ingest the Product. These
22 exposures occur in homes, workplaces and everywhere in California where the Product is
23 consumed.

24 17. During the relevant one-year period herein, no clear and reasonable warning was
25 provided with the Product regarding the reproductive hazards of cadmium.

26 18. Any person acting in the public interest has standing to enforce violations of
27 Proposition 65 provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a valid
28 60-Day Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the action

1 within such time. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d).

2 19. More than sixty days prior to naming each Defendant in this lawsuit, Plaintiff
3 provided a 60-Day "Notice of Violation of Proposition 65" to the California Attorney General, the
4 District Attorneys of every county in California, the City Attorneys of every California city with a
5 population greater than 750,000 and to the named Defendants. In compliance with Health & Safety
6 Code § 25249.7(d) and 27 C.C.R. § 25903(b), each Notice included the following information: (1)
7 the name and address of each violator; (2) the statute violated; (3) the time period during which
8 violations occurred; (4) specific descriptions of the violations, including (a) the routes of exposure
9 to cadmium from the Product, and (b) the specific type of Product sold and used in violation of
10 Proposition 65; and (5) the name of the specific Proposition 65-listed chemical that is the subject of
11 the violations described in each Notice.

12 20. Plaintiff also sent a Certificate of Merit for each Notice to the California Attorney
13 General, the District Attorneys of every county in California, the City Attorneys of every California
14 city with a population greater than 750,000 and to the named Defendants. In compliance with
15 Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. § 3101, each Certificate certified that Plaintiff's
16 counsel: (1) has consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or
17 expertise who reviewed facts, studies or other data regarding the exposures to cadmium alleged in
18 each Notice; and (2) based on the information obtained through such consultations, believes that
19 there is a reasonable and meritorious case for a citizen enforcement action based on the facts
20 alleged in each Notice. In compliance with Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. §
21 3102, each Certificate served on the Attorney General included factual information-provided on a
22 confidential basis-sufficient to establish the basis for the Certificate, including the identity of the
23 person(s) consulted by the Plaintiff's counsel and the facts, studies or other data reviewed by such
24 persons.

25 21. None of the public prosecutors with the authority to prosecute violations of
26 Proposition 65 has commenced and/or is diligently prosecuting a cause of action against
27 Defendants under Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, *et seq.*, based on the claims asserted in each of
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1 Plaintiff's Notices.

2 22. Defendants both know and intend that individuals will consume the Product, thus
3 exposing them to cadmium.

4 23. Under Proposition 65, an exposure is "knowing" where the party responsible for
5 such exposure has:

6
7 Knowledge of the fact that a[n]...exposure to a chemical listed pursuant to [Health & Safety
8 Code § 25249.8(a)] is occurring. No knowledge that the... exposure is unlawful is required.
9 27 C.C.R. § 25102(n). This knowledge may be either actual or constructive. *See, e.g.*, Final
10 Statement of Reasons Revised (November 4, 1988) (pursuant to former 22 C.C.R. Division
11 2, § 12201).

12 24. Defendants have been informed of the cadmium in their Products by the 60-Day
13 Notice of Violation and accompanying Certificate of Merit served on them.

14 25. Defendants also have constructive knowledge that the Products contain cadmium
15 due to the widespread media coverage concerning the problem of cadmium in consumer products.

16 26. As entities that manufacture, import, distribute and/or sell the Product for use in the
17 California marketplace, Defendants know or should know that the Product contains cadmium and
18 that individuals who consume the Product will be exposed to cadmium. The cadmium exposures
19 to consumers who consume the Product are a natural and foreseeable consequence of Defendant's
20 placing the Product into the stream of commerce.

21 27. Nevertheless, Defendants continue to expose consumers to cadmium without prior
22 clear and reasonable warnings regarding the reproductive hazards of cadmium.

23 28. Plaintiff has engaged in good-faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to
24 filing this Complaint.

25 29. Any person "violating or threatening to violate" Proposition 65 may be enjoined in
26 any court of competent jurisdiction. Health & Safety Code § 25249.7. "Threaten to violate" is
27 defined to mean "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will
28 occur." Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(e). Proposition 65 provides for civil penalties not to

1 exceed \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65.
2

3 **CAUSE OF ACTION**

4 (Violations of the Health & Safety Code 25249.6)

5 30. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein
6 Paragraphs 1 through 27, inclusive.

7 31. By placing the Product into the stream of commerce, each Defendant is a person in
8 the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11.

9 32. Cadmium is a chemical listed by the State of California as known to cause birth
10 defects and other reproductive harm.

11 33. Defendants know that average use of the Product will expose users of the Product to
12 cadmium. Defendants intend that the Product be used in a manner that results in exposures to
13 cadmium from the Products.

14 34. Defendants have failed, and continue to fail, to provide clear and reasonable
15 warnings regarding the reproductive toxicity of cadmium to users of the Products.

16 35. By committing the acts alleged above, Defendants have at all times relevant to this
17 Complaint violated Proposition 65 by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to cadmium
18 without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such individuals regarding the reproductive
19 toxicity of cadmium.
20

21 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

22 Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

23 1. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(b), assess civil penalties
24 against the Defendants in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65;

25 2. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a), preliminarily and
26 permanently enjoin Defendants from offering the Product for sale in California without either
27 reformulating the Products such that no Proposition 65 warnings are required or providing prior
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clear and reasonable warnings, as Plaintiff shall specify in further application to the Court;

3. That the Court, pursuant to Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a), order Defendants to take action to stop ongoing unwarranted exposures to cadmium resulting from use of Product sold, as Plaintiff shall specify in further application to the Court;

4. That the Court, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 or any other applicable theory or doctrine, grant Plaintiff her reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and

5. That the Court grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Dated: March 12, 2024

KJT LAW GROUP, LLP

By: _____

Tro Krikorian, Esq.
Attorneys for Plaintiff
TAMAR KALOUSTIAN