1 2 3 4 5 6 7	JAMES K. KAWAHITO (SBN 234851) AXS LAW GROUP LA LLP 6080 Center Drive, Suite 210 Los Angeles, California 90045 Telephone: (310) 746-5300 Facsimile: (310) 593-2520 Email: james@axslawgroup.com Attorneys for Plaintiff EnviroProtect, LLC	Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 7/31/2024 4:43 PM David W. Slayton, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, By Y. Ayala, Deputy Clerk	
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
9	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
10	ENVIROPROTECT, LLC, in the public	Case Number: 24STCV19140	
11	interest,	COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF	
12 13	Plaintiff,	AND CIVIL PENALTIES	
14	vs.	Violation of Proposition 65, the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act	
15	CITRUS BLUE COMPANY, a California Corporation; HOMEGOODS, LLC., a	of 1986 (Health and Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.)	
16	Delaware Limited Liability Company; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,		
17	Defendants.		
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20	Plaintiff EnviroProtect, LLC ("EP" or "Plaintiff"), in the public interest, alleges as follows		
21	as to matters within its own knowledge, and on information and belief as to all other matters:		
22	INTRODUCTION		
23	1. This action seeks to remedy the alleged failure of the Citrus Blue Company (CITRUS		
24	BLUE") or ("Defendant"), HomeGoods, LLC ("HomeGoods"), and DOES 1-50 (hereinatter		
25	collectively as "Defendants") to warn consumers in California that they are being exposed to		
26	lead, a substance known to the State of Californi	a to cause cancer and	
27	developmental/reproductive toxicity. Plaintiff alleges such exposures have occurred through the		
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	COMPLAINT		

manufacture, distribution, sale, and consumer consumption of certain of Defendants' products
 including the "Organic Matcha Superfood Mix" (the "Product" or "Products"). California
 consumers are directly exposed to lead through the ingestion of the Products.

2. Pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health and
Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.* (hereinafter "Proposition 65"), it is unlawful for businesses
to knowingly and intentionally expose individuals in California to chemicals known to the State
to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm above the safe harbor levels,
which include the No Significant Risk Levels ("NSRLs") and/or Maximum Allowable Dose
Levels ("MADLs") without providing "clear and reasonable" warnings to individuals prior to
their exposure.

Despite the fact that Defendants' Products allegedly expose consumers to levels of lead
 above the listed MADLs, Plaintiff contends that Defendants failed to provide any warnings
 whatsoever about the carcinogenic and reproductive hazards associated with lead exposure.
 Moreover, Defendants' manufacture, packaging, distribution, marketing, and/or sales of the
 Products without the required health hazard warnings, causes consumers to be involuntarily,
 unknowingly, and unwittingly exposed to levels of lead that violate Proposition 65. Thus,
 Defendants' conduct subjects them to civil penalties and injunctive relief.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §
 25249.7, which allows enforcement in any court of competent jurisdiction. The California
 Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI,
 Section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all cases except those given
 by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this is brought does not specify any other
 court with jurisdiction.

5. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because they are business entities that do
sufficient business, have sufficient minimum contacts, or otherwise intentionally avails themselves
of the California market through the sale, marketing, or use of the Products in the California

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market and/or by having such other contact with California so as to render the exercise of
 jurisdiction over them by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and
 substantial justice.

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6. Venue is proper in this Court because, upon information and belief, one or more of the
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violations arise in Los Angeles County.

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THE PARTIES

7 7. EP is a limited liability company organized under the laws of California acting in the
8 interest of the general public seeking to further, among other causes, the protection of the
9 environment, awareness of dangerous chemicals in consumer products, and corporate
10 accountability. EP is a "person" within the meaning of Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(a)
11 and brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §
12 25249.7(d).

8. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that defendant CITRUS BLUE is a
California Corporation that supplies food products to various retail stores in the state of California
as well as ships such products directly to California consumers. CITRUS BLUE is a "person in
the course of doing business" within the meaning of Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.11(b).
CITRUS BLUE is subject to Proposition 65 as it employs ten or more persons and has employed
ten or more persons at all relevant times to this action.

9. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that HomeGoods is a Delaware entity,
which has distributed and sold numerous Products into the state of California. HomeGoods is a
"person in the course of doing business" within the meaning of Cal. Health & Safety Code §
25249.11(b)

10. EP is unaware of the true names or capacities of the Defendants sued herein under the
fictitious names DOES 1-50 but prays for leave to amend and serve such fictitiously named
Defendants pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 474, once their names and capacities
become known.

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1 11. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each and all of the acts and
 omissions alleged herein were performed by, or are attributable to, Defendants and DOES 1-50,
 each acting as the agent for the other, with legal authority to act on the other's behalf. Upon
 information and belief, the acts of Defendants were in accordance with, and represent the official
 policies of Defendants.

6 12. At all times herein mentioned, upon information and belief, the Defendants, and each of
7 them, ratified each and every act or omission complained of herein. At all times herein
8 mentioned, upon information and belief, Defendants, and each of them, aided and abetted the acts
9 and omissions of each and all the other Defendants proximately causing the damages herein
10 alleged.

11 13. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each of the Defendants is in some
manner intentionally, negligently, or otherwise responsible for the acts, omissions, occurrences,
and transactions alleged herein.

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STATUTORY AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND

15 14. The People of the State of California declared in Proposition 65 their right "[t]o be
16 informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive
17 harm." (Section 1(b) of Initiative Measure, Proposition 65).

18 15. To effectuate this goal, Proposition 65 requires that individuals be provided with a "clear
and reasonable warning" before being exposed to substances listed by the State of California as
causing cancer or reproductive toxicity. Cal. Health and Safety Code §25249.6 states, in pertinent
part:

No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual....

16. A product exposure to a chemical is one that "results from a person's acquisition,

purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a product: 27 C.C.R.
\$25600(h).

3 COMPLAINT

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17. In this case, the exposures are caused by consumption of food. Consumer products are
 defined as "any article, or component part thereof, including food, that is produced, distributed, or
 sold for the personal use, consumption or enjoyment of a consumer." 27 C.C.R. §25102(i).

18. Proposition 65 provides that any "person who violates or threatens to violate" the statute
may be enjoined in a court of competent jurisdiction. Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.7. The
phrase "threaten to violate" is defined to mean creating "a condition in which there is a substantial
probability that a violation will occur" Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.11(e). Violators are
liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation of the Act. Cal. Health &
Safety Code §25249.7.

10 19. On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to 11 cause developmental toxicity in the fetus and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 12 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause cancer. One 13 year after lead was listed as a chemical known to cause cancer and reproductive/developmental 14 toxicity, lead became subject to the clear and reasonable warning requirement under Proposition 15 65. 27 C.C.R. §27001(c); Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.10(b). Due to the toxicity of lead, the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment ("OEHHA") set the NSRL for 16 17 lead as a carcinogen at 15 micrograms per day and a MADL for lead as a chemical known to cause 18 reproductive toxicity at 0.5 micrograms per day.

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STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS

20 20. EP purchased the Product in January 2024.

21 21. To test Defendants' Product for lead, EP engaged a well-respected and accredited testing
22 laboratory to determine the amount of lead contained in the Products pursuant to testing methods
23 adopted by the Federal Consumer Products Safety Commission. The testing revealed that the
24 Product had levels of lead that Plaintiff believes would result in exposure of lead to consumers far
25 higher than the limit proscribed by MADL.

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22. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants' Products contain sufficient quantities of lead such that
 individuals who ingest the Products are exposed to significant amounts of lead through the
 average and intended use of the Products.

23. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants know and intend that consumers will use the Products in
the manner stated above and that they will be exposed to any chemicals such as lead that exist in
the Products.

24. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants, therefore, have knowingly and
intentionally exposed the consumers of the Products to lead without first giving a clear and
reasonable warning to such individuals.

25. EP is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants have, since at least
January 2024, and continuing through the present, exposed consumers to lead without providing
clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenic and reproductive hazards of ingesting
lead.

26. As a proximate result of acts by Defendants, as persons in the course of doing business
within the meaning of Health & Safety Code §25249.11, Plaintiff alleges they have subjected
consumers to violative exposures through the normal and foreseeable use of the Products.

27. Any person acting in the public interest has standing to enforce violations of Proposition
65 provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a valid 60-Day
Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the action with such
time. Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.7(d).

21 28. On January 24, 2024, EP provided a "60-Day Notice of Violations of California Health &
22 Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq." ("Notice") to the California Attorney General, the District
23 Attorneys of every county in California, and the City Attorneys of every California city with a
24 population greater than 750,000 where EP alleges a violation occurred. Defendants were also
25 provided a copy of the Notice. The Notice included, *inter alia*, the following information: the
26 name, address, and telephone number of the noticing individual; the name of the alleged violator;
27 the statute violated; the approximate time period during which violations occurred; and

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1 descriptions of the violations including the chemicals involved, the routes of toxic exposure, and 2 the specific product or type of product causing the violations. The Notice package to Defendants 3 also included the most recent version of Appendix A, the Final Adopted Regulatory Text for Title 4 27 of the California Code of Regulations, Section 5903 as amended. In compliance with 5 California Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(d) and 11 C.C.R. §3102, EP provided factual 6 information - on a confidential basis - to the Attorney General sufficient to satisfy the basis for 7 the Certificate of Merit, including the testing performed by EP, and/or its litigation consultants, 8 and the facts, studies, or other data supporting the Certificate. 9 29. After expiration of the sixty (60) day notice period, the appropriate public enforcement 10 agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action under California 11 Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq. against Defendants based on the allegations herein. 12 30. EP has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the claims alleged herein prior to filing this 13 complaint. However, the parties were unable to reach a resolution. 14 FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION 15 (Injunctive Relief Pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq.) 16 31. EP incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein the material allegations 17 set out in paragraphs 1 through 30, inclusive. 18 32. By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants at all 19 times relevant to this action, and continuing through the present, have violated California Health 20 & Safety Code §25249.6 by, in the course of doing business, knowingly and intentionally 21 exposing individuals in California to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or 22 reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such persons who 23 consume the Products containing lead, pursuant to California Health & Safety Code §§25249.6 24 and 25249.11(f). 25 33. By the above-described acts, Plaintiff alleges Defendants have violated California Health 26 & Safety Code §25249.6 and are therefore subject to preliminary and permanent injunctions 27 ordering Defendants to stop violating Proposition 65, to provide warnings to all present and future 28 6

COMPLAINT

customers, and to provide warnings to Defendants' past customers who purchased or used the
 Products without receiving a clear and reasonable warning.
 34. An action for injunctive relief under Proposition 65 is specifically authorized by California
 Health & Safety Code §25249.7(a).
 35. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant's actions in selling the Products without clear and
 reasonable warnings will irreparably harm the citizens of the State of California, for which harm
 they have no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

8 36. In the absence of preliminary and then permanent injunctive relief, Plaintiff alleges that
9 Defendants will continue to create a substantial risk of irreparable injury by continuing to cause
10 consumers to be involuntarily, unknowingly, and unwittingly exposed to lead through the
11 consumption of the Products.

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SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Civil Penalties Pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code §25249.5 et seq)

37. EP incorporates by reference and re-alleges as if fully stated herein the material allegations
set out in paragraphs 1 through 36, inclusive.

16 38. By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint, Plaintiff alleges Defendants at all times 17 relevant to this action, and continuing through the present, have violated California Health & 18 Safety Code §25249.6 by, in the course of doing business, knowingly and intentionally exposing 19 individuals in California to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or 20 reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warnings to such persons who 21 consume the Products containing lead, pursuant to California Health & Safety Code §§25249.6 22 and 25249.11(f). 23 39. By engaging in the above-described acts, Plaintiff alleges Defendants are liable, pursuant

to California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(b), for a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 per day per
violation for each unlawful exposure to lead from the Products in an amount in excess of \$1
million.

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1	PRAYER FOR RELIEF		
2	WHEREFORE, EP prays for relief and judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as		
3	follows:		
4	As to the Causes of Action		
5	1. A preliminary and permanent injunction, pursuant to California Health &		
6	Safety Code Code §25249.7(a), enjoining Defendants, their agents, employees, assigns and all		
7	persons acting in concert or participating with Defendants, from manufacturing, distributing,		
8	marketing, or selling the Products in California without either reformulating the Products or		
9	providing a clear and reasonable warning, within the meaning of Proposition 65, that consumers of		
10	the Products are exposed to lead;		
11	2. An Order pursuant to California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(a)		
12	compelling Defendants to use best methods to identify and locate each individual who purchased		
13	the Products during the statutory period, and to provide a warning to such person that the use of		
14	the Products will expose them to chemicals known to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity;		
15	3. An assessment of civil penalties pursuant to California Health & Safety		
16	Code §25249.7(b) against Defendants in the amount of \$2,500 per day for each violation of		
17	Proposition 65, in an amount to be determined at trial;		
18	4. For an award to EP of its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit		
19	incurred herein; and		
20	5. For such equitable or other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.		
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22	Dated: July 31, 2024 AXS LAW GROUP LA LLP		
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26	James Kawahito		
27	Attorneys for Plaintiff ENVIROPROTECT, LLC		
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	8 COMPLAINT		
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