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ELECTRONICALLY  
**FILED**  
Superior Court of California,  
County of San Francisco

**01/30/2026**  
Clerk of the Court  
BY: MARIVIC VIRAY  
Deputy Clerk

9 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

10 COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

11 GABRIEL ESPINOZA,

12 Plaintiff,

13 vs.

14 ROLLINGREENS LLC, WALMART  
15 INC.,

16 Defendants.

Case No.:

**COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTIES AND  
INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

**(Violation of Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et  
seq.)**

**CGC-26-633459**

17 Plaintiff Gabriel Espinoza (“Plaintiff”), by and through his attorneys, alleges the following  
18 cause of action in the public interest of the citizens of the State of California.

19 **BACKGROUND OF THE CASE**

20 1. Plaintiff brings this representative action on behalf of all California citizens to  
21 enforce relevant portions of Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, codified at  
22 the Health and Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq (“Proposition 65”), which reads, in relevant part,  
23 “[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any  
24 individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first  
25 giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual ...”. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6.

26 2. This complaint is a representative action brought by Plaintiff in the public interest  
27 of the citizens of the State of California to enforce the People’s right to be informed of the health  
28 hazards caused by exposure to lead, a toxic chemical found in RollinGreens chicken teriyaki rice  
bowls manufactured, sold, and/or distributed by defendant RollinGreens LLC and/or defendant  
Walmart Inc. (collectively, “Defendants” and each a “Defendant”) in California.

1           3.       Lead is a harmful chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and  
2 birth defects or other reproductive harm. On October 1, 1992, the state of California listed lead as  
3 a chemical known to cause cancer and it has come under the purview of Proposition 65 regulations  
4 since that time. Cal. Code Regs. Tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 &  
5 25249.10(b). On February 27, 1987, the State of California listed lead as a chemical known to  
6 cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

7           4.       Proposition 65 requires all businesses with ten (10) or more employees that operate  
8 within California or sell products therein to comply with Proposition 65 regulations. Included in  
9 such regulations is the requirement that businesses must label any product containing a Proposition  
10 65-listed chemical that will create an exposure above safe harbor levels with a “clear and  
11 reasonable” warning before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing any person to any such listed  
12 chemical.

13           5.       Proposition 65 allows for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day per violation  
14 for up to 365 days (up to a maximum civil penalty amount per violation of \$912,000.00) to be  
15 imposed upon defendants in a civil action for violations of Proposition 65. Health & Safety Code  
16 § 25249.7(b). Proposition 65 also allows for any court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin the  
17 actions of a defendant which “violate or threaten to violate” the statute. Health & Safety Code §  
18 25249.7.

19           6.       Plaintiff alleges that Defendants distribute and/or offer for sale in California,  
20 without a requisite exposure warning, RollinGreens chicken teriyaki rice bowls (the “Products”)  
21 that expose persons to lead when used for their intended purpose.

22           7.       Defendants’ failure to warn consumers and other individuals in California of the  
23 health hazards associated with exposure to lead in conjunction with the sale and/or distribution of  
24 the Products is a violation of Proposition 65 and subjects Defendants to the enjoinder and civil  
25 penalties described herein.

26           8.       Plaintiff seeks civil penalties against Defendants for their violations of Proposition  
27 65 in accordance with Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b).



1 of violations of Proposition 65 in any Court of competent jurisdiction; therefore, this Court has  
2 jurisdiction over this lawsuit.

3 16. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because each Defendant is either a  
4 citizen of the State of California, has sufficient minimum contacts with the State of California, is  
5 registered with the California Secretary of State as foreign corporations authorized to do business  
6 in the State of California, and/or has otherwise purposefully availed itself of the California market.  
7 Such purposeful availment has rendered the exercise of jurisdiction by California courts consistent  
8 and permissible with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

### 9 STATUTORY BACKGROUND

10 17. The people of the State of California declared in Proposition 65 their right “[t]o be  
11 informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive  
12 harm.” (Section 1(b) of Initiative Measure, Proposition 65.)

13 18. To effect this goal, Proposition 65 requires that individuals be provided with a  
14 “clear and reasonable warning” before being exposed to substances listed by the State of California  
15 as causing cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. H&S Code § 25249.6 states, in  
16 pertinent part:

17 No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any  
18 individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without  
19 first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual...

20 19. In this case, exposures are caused by consumer products. A “Consumer Product” is  
21 defined as “any article, or component part thereof, including food, that is produced, distributed, or  
22 sold for the personal use, consumption or enjoyment of a consumer.” (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, §  
23 25600.1, subd. (d).) Food includes “dietary supplements” as defined in California Code of  
24 Regulations, title 17, section 10200. (*Id.* at subd. (g).) An exposure to a chemical in a Consumer  
25 Product is one “which results from a person’s acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption or other  
26 reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a  
27 consumer service.” (27 CCR § 25602, para (b).) H&S Code § 25603(c) states that “a person in the  
28

1 course of doing business ... shall provide a warning to any person to whom the product is sold or  
2 transferred unless the product is packaged or labeled with a clear and reasonable warning.”

3 20. Pursuant to H&S Code § 25603.1, the warning may be provided by using one or  
4 more of the following methods individually or in combination:<sup>1</sup>

5 a. A warning that appears on a product’s label or other labeling.

6 b. Identification of the product at the retail outlet in a manner which provides  
7 a warning. Identification may be through shelf labeling, signs, menus, or a combination  
8 thereof.

9 c. The warnings provided pursuant to subparagraphs (a) and (b) shall be  
10 prominently placed upon a product’s labels or other labeling or displayed at the retail outlet  
11 with such conspicuousness, as compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices  
12 in the label, labeling or display as to render it likely to be read and understood by an  
13 ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase or use.

14 d. A system of signs, public advertising identifying the system and toll-free  
15 information services, or any other system that provides clear and reasonable warnings.

16 21. Proposition 65 provides that any “person who violates or threatens to violate” the  
17 statute may be enjoined in a court of competent jurisdiction. (H&S Code § 25249.7.) The phrase  
18 “threaten to violate” is defined to mean creating “a condition in which there is a substantial  
19 probability that a violation will occur.” (H&S Code § 25249.11(e).) Violators are liable for civil  
20 penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day for each violation of the Act (H&S Code § 25249.7) for up to  
21 365 days (up to a maximum civil penalty amount per violation of \$912,000.00).

22 **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

23 22. On October 1, 1992, the state of California listed lead as a chemical known to cause  
24 cancer and it has come under the purview of Proposition 65 regulations since that time. Cal. Code  
25

26  
27 <sup>1</sup> Alternatively, a person in the course of doing business may elect to comply with the warning  
28 requirements set out in the amended version of 27 CCR 25601, *et.seq.*, as amended on August 30,  
2016, and operative on August 30, 2018.

1 Regs. Tit. 27, § 27001(c); Health & Safety Code §§ 25249.8 & 25249.10(b). On February 27,  
2 1987, the State of California listed lead as a chemical known to cause birth defects or other  
3 reproductive harm. In summary, lead was listed under Proposition 65 as a chemical known to the  
4 State to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

5 23. The exposures that are the subject of the Notice result from the purchase,  
6 acquisition, and recommended use of the Products. The primary route of exposure to lead is  
7 through ingestion. When foods contaminated with lead are consumed, ingestion of lead will occur  
8 which will increase blood lead levels. No clear and reasonable warning is provided with the  
9 Products regarding the health hazards of exposure.

10 24. Defendants have processed, marketed, distributed, offered to sell and/or sold the  
11 Products in California since at least February 13, 2025. The Products continue to be distributed  
12 and sold in California without the requisite warning information.

13 25. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants have knowingly and intentionally  
14 exposed users and/or consumers of the Products to lead without first giving a clear and reasonable  
15 exposure warning to such individuals.

16 26. As a proximate result of acts by each Defendant, as a person in the course of doing  
17 business within the meaning of H&S Code § 25249.11, individuals throughout the State of  
18 California, including in San Francisco County, have been exposed to lead without a clear and  
19 reasonable warning on the Products. The individuals subject to the violative exposures include  
20 normal and foreseeable users and consumers that use the Products, as well as all others exposed to  
21 the Products.

#### 22 **SATISFACTION OF NOTICE REQUIREMENTS**

23 27. On January 4, 2025, Plaintiff purchased the Products from Walmart Inc. At the time  
24 of purchase, Defendants did not provide a Proposition 65 exposure warning for lead or any other  
25 Proposition 65 listed chemical in a manner consistent with H&S Code § 25603.1 as described  
26 *supra*.

27 28. On January 28, 2025, the Products were sent to a testing laboratory to determine if,  
28 and what amount of, lead a consumer would be exposed to per serving size.

1           29.     On February 5, 2025, the laboratory provided the results of its analysis. Results of  
2 this test determined the Product exposes consumers to lead (the “Chemical Test Report”).

3           30.     Plaintiff provided the Chemical Test Report and Products to an analytical chemist  
4 to determine if, based on the findings of the Chemical Test Report and the reasonable and  
5 foreseeable use of the Products, exposure to lead will occur at levels that require Proposition 65  
6 warnings under the Clear and Reasonable Warnings section 25601 of Title 27 of the California  
7 Code of Regulations.

8           31.     On February 13, 2025, Plaintiff received from the analytical chemist an exposure  
9 assessment report which concluded that persons in California who consume the Products will be  
10 exposed to levels of lead that require a Proposition 65 exposure warning.

11          32.     On February 13, 2025, Plaintiff gave notice of alleged violation of Health and  
12 Safety Code § 25249.6 (the “Notice”) to Defendants concerning the exposure of California citizens  
13 to lead contained in the Products without proper warning, subject to a private action to Defendants  
14 and to the California Attorney General’s office and the offices of the County District attorneys and  
15 City Attorneys for each city with a population greater than 750,000 persons wherein the herein  
16 violations allegedly occurred.

17          33.     The Notice complied with all procedural requirements of Proposition 65 including  
18 the attachment of a Certificate of Merit affirming that Plaintiff’s counsel had consulted with at  
19 least one person with relevant and appropriate expertise who reviewed relevant data regarding lead  
20 exposure, and that counsel believed there was meritorious and reasonable cause for a private  
21 action.

22          34.     After receiving the Notice, and to Plaintiff’s best information and belief, none of  
23 the noticed appropriate public enforcement agencies have commenced and diligently prosecuted a  
24 cause of action against Defendants under Proposition 65 to enforce the alleged violations which  
25 are the subject of the Notice.

26          35.     Plaintiff is commencing this action more than sixty (60) days from the date of the  
27 Notice to Defendants, as required by law.  
28

1 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **(By Plaintiff against Defendants for the Violation of Proposition 65)**

3 36. Plaintiff hereby repeats and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 35 of  
4 this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

5 37. Defendants have, at all times mentioned herein, acted as distributor, and/or retailer  
6 of the Product.

7 38. Consumption of the Products will expose users to lead, a hazardous chemical found  
8 on the Proposition 65 list of chemicals known to be hazardous to human health.

9 39. The Product does not comply with the Proposition 65 warning requirements.

10 40. Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that at all relevant times  
11 herein, and at least since February 13, 2025, continuing until the present, that Defendants have  
12 continued to knowingly and intentionally expose California users and consumers of the Product to  
13 lead without providing required warnings under Proposition 65.

14 41. The exposures that are the subject of the Notice result from the purchase,  
15 acquisition, and recommended use of the Products. The primary route of exposure to lead is  
16 through ingestion. When foods contaminated with lead are consumed, ingestion of lead will occur  
17 which will increase blood lead levels. No clear and reasonable warning is provided with the  
18 Products regarding the health hazards of exposure.

19 42. Plaintiff, based on his best information and belief, avers that such exposures will  
20 continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to purchasers and users or  
21 until this known toxic chemical is removed from the Products.

22 43. Defendants have knowledge that the normal and reasonably foreseeable use of the  
23 Products exposes individuals to lead, and Defendants intend that exposures to lead will occur by  
24 its deliberate, non-accidental participation in the importation, distribution, sale and offering of the  
25 Products to consumers in California

26 44. Plaintiff has engaged in good faith efforts to resolve the herein claims prior to this  
27 Complaint.

1 45. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b), as a consequence of the above  
2 described acts, each Defendant is liable for a maximum civil penalty of \$2,500 per day per  
3 violation.

4 46. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(a), this Court is specifically  
5 authorized to grant injunctive relief in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants.

6 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

7 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against each Defendant and requests the  
8 following relief:

9 A. That the court assess civil penalties against each Defendant in the amount of \$2,500  
10 per day for each violation for up to 365 days (up to a maximum civil penalty amount per  
11 violation of \$912,000.00) in accordance with Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b);

12 B. That the court preliminarily and permanently enjoin Defendants mandating  
13 Proposition 65 compliant warnings on the Products;

14 C. That the court grant Plaintiff reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit, in the  
15 amount of \$50,000.00.

16 D. That the court grant any further relief as may be just and proper.

17 Dated: January 30, 2026

BRODSKY SMITH

18 By: \_\_\_\_\_

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