

March 6, 2014

PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCEMENT REPORTING
ATTENTION: PROP 65 COORDINATOR
1515 CLAY STREET, SUITE 2000
P.O. BOX 70550
OAKLAND CA 94612-0550

Greetings:

This office and the Mateel Environmental Justice Foundation ("Mateel") give you notice that the private businesses on the attached Service List have been, are and will be in violation of Cal. Health & Safety Code § 25249.6. Both this office and Mateel are private enforcers of Proposition 65, both may be contacted at the below listed address and telephone number, and I am a responsible individual for both Mateel and this office. The above referenced violations occur when California residents come into contact with products which are made, in whole or in part, of leaded-brass or leaded-bronze (collectively "leaded brass"), both of which are alloys that contain lead. The characteristic common to each of the products that is subject to this notice is that the product incorporates a component made of leaded brass that is touched or handled by a consumer as part of the intended use of the product. Examples of these types of products are listed on the attached Products List. Though specific models or SKU or product numbers are given as examples, this notice pertains to all models, and all variations, of the specific type of product of which the named model is an example. The businesses on the attached Service List market these leaded brass products in California. Parts of these products, which users of the products handle contain high levels of lead and lead compounds ("lead"), chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm. These businesses either make or market these hand products. People are exposed to lead at work or elsewhere when they use these products and their skin comes into contact with the leaded brass or bronze parts of the products. Lead is transferred from the tools to the hands of the people using these products. The lead then enters their bodies when it is absorbed directly through the skin, through mucous membranes, or through cuts and/or abrasions when they touch their hands to their mouths and other mucous membranes, or when they touch cigarettes or food and then smoke the cigarettes or ingest the food. Lead is transferred from their hands to the cigarettes or food. These exposures thus occur via the dermal absorption, mucous membrane, subcutaneous, inhalation and ingestion routes. These businesses did not and do not provide people with clear and reasonable warnings before they expose Californians to lead. The above referenced violations have occurred every day since at least March 6, 2011 and will continue every day until the lead is taken out of these products or until warnings are given. These violations are alleged for occupational exposures as well as for consumer and environmental exposures. We do not, however, allege occupational exposure violations as to any of these products manufactured outside of California, except as to workplaces these businesses themselves maintain in California.

Cordially,

William Verick

SERVICE LIST

PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCEMENT REPORTING
ATTENTION: PROP-65 COORDINATOR
1515 CLAY STREET, SUITE 2000
POST OFFICE BOX 70550
OAKLAND, CA 94612-0550

OAKLAND CITY ATTORNEY
CITY HALL 6TH FLOOR
1 FRANK OGAWA PLAZA
OAKLAND, CA 94612

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY
CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO
CITY HALL ROOM 206
400 VAN NESS
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY
CITY OF SACRAMENTO
915 I STREET, 4TH FLOOR
SACRAMENTO, CA 95814-2608

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY
CITY OF SAN JOSE
200 EAST SANTA CLARA STREET
SAN JOSE, CA 95113

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY
CITY OF LOS ANGELES
200 N. MAIN ST.
LOS ANGELES, CA 90012

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY
CITY OF SAN DIEGO CONSUMER &
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
1200 THIRD AVENUE, SUITE 700
SAN DIEGO, CA 92101

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
1225 FALLON STREET ROOM 900
OAKLAND, CA 94612

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF ALPINE
P.O. BOX 248
MARKLEEVILLE, CA 96120

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF AMADOR
708 COURT STREET
JACKSON, CA 95642

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF BUTTE
25 COUNTY CENTER DR.
OROVILLE, CA 95965

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF CALAVERAS
GOVERNMENT CENTER
891 MOUNTAIN RANCH ROAD
SAN ANDREAS, CA 95249

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF COLUSA
547 MARKET STREET
COLUSA, CA 95932

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF CONTRA COSTA
P.O. BOX 670
MARTINEZ, CA 94553

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF DEL NORTE
450 H ST #171
CRESCENT CITY, CA 95531

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF EL DORADO
515 MAIN ST.
PLACERVILLE, CA 95667

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF FRESNO
2220 TULARE ST #1000
FRESNO, CA 93721

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF GLENN
P.O. BOX 430
WILLOWS, CA 95988

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT
825 5TH ST.
EUREKA, CA 95501

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF IMPERIAL
940 W. MAIN STREET, SUITE 102
EL CENTRO, CA 92243-2880

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF INYO
P.O. DRAWER D
INDEPENDENCE, CA 93526

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF KERN
1215 TRUXTUN AVE. FLOOR 4
BAKERSFIELD, CA 93301

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF KINGS
1400 W. LACEY BLVD.
HANFORD, CA 93230

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF LAKE
255 N. FORBES ST # 424
LAKEPORT, CA 95453

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF LASSEN
220 SOUTH LASSEN ST. STE 8
SUSANVILLE, CA 96130

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
18000 CRIMINAL COURTS BUILDING
210 W. TEMPLE ST.
LOS ANGELES, CA 90012

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF MADERA
209 W. YOSEMITE AVE.
MADERA, CA 93637

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF MARIN
HALL OF JUSTICE #183
SAN RAFAEL, CA 94903

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF MARIPOSA
P.O. BOX 730
MARIPOSA, CA 95338

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF MENDOCINO
PO BOX 1000
UKIAH, CA 95482

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF MERCED
2222 M ST.
MERCED, CA 95340

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF MODOC
204 SOUTH COURT STREET
ALTURAS, CA 96101

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF MONO
P.O. BOX 617
BRIDGEPORT, CA 93517

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF MONTEREY
240 CHURCH STREET
P.O. BOX 1131
SALINAS, CA 93902

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF NAPA
931 PARKWAY MALL
P.O. BOX 720
NAPA, CA 94559-0720

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF NEVADA
201 COMMERCIAL STREET
NEVADA CITY, CA 95959

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF ORANGE
401 CIVIC CENTER DR WEST
SANTA ANA, CA 92701

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF PLACER
10810 JUSTICE CENTER DR. STE 240
ROSEVILLE, CA 95678

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF PLUMAS
520 MAIN STREET #404
QUINCY, CA 95971

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
4075 MAIN ST.
RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO
901 G STREET
SACRAMENTO, CA 95814

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SAN BENITO
419 4TH ST
HOLLISTER, CA 95023

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO
316 MT. VIEW AVE.
SAN BERNARDINO, CA 92415-0004

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO
330 W. BROADWAY, SUITE 1100
SAN DIEGO, CA 92101

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
850 BRYANT ST #322
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94103

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SAN JOAQUIN
222 E. WEBER AVE #202
STOCKTON, CA 95202

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO
COUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTER #450
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CA 93408

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SAN MATEO
HALL OF JUSTICE AND RECORDS
REDWOOD CITY, CA 94063

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA
1112 SANTA BARBARA ST.
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA
70 W. HEDDING ST.
SAN JOSE, CA 95110

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ
701 OCEAN ST. #200
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SHASTA
1355 WEST STREET
REDDING, CA 96001

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SIERRA
P.O. BOX 457
DOWNIEVILLE, CA 95936

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SISKIYOU
P.O. BOX 986
YREKA, CA 96097

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SOLANO
600 UNION AVE
FAIRFIELD, CA 94533

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SONOMA
600 ADMINISTRATION DR. #212J
SANTA ROSA, CA 95403

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF STANISLAUS
1100 I ST. #200
MODESTO, CA 95354

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF SUTTER
1160 CIVIC CENTER BLVD. #A
YUBA CITY, CA 95993

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF TEHAMA
P.O. BOX 519
REDBLUFF, CA 96080

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF TRINITY
P.O. BOX 310
WEAVERVILLE, CA 96093

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF TULARE
COURTHOUSE #224
VISALIA, CA 93291

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF TUOLUMNE
2 S. GREEN ST.
SONORA, CA 95370

VENTURA COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S
OFFICE
800 SOUTH VICTORIA AVE
VENTURA, CA 93009

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF YOLO
301 SECOND STREET
WOODLAND, CA 95695

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
COUNTY OF YUBA
215 5TH ST.
MARYSVILLE, CA 95901

P. JAMES DEBNEY, CEO
SMITH & WESSON HOLDING CORP
2100 ROOSEVELT AVE
SPRINGFIELD, MA 01104

KURT W DRAMM, CEO
DRAMM CORPORATION
2000 NORTH 18TH STREET
MANITOWOC, WI 54221

CHARLES BUCK, PRESIDENT
BUCK KNIVES, INC
660 S LOCHSA STREET
POST FALLS, ID 83854

JAMES FROST, PRESIDENT
FROST CUTLERY COMPANY
P.O. BOX 22636
CHATTANOOGA, TN 37422

GORDON BLASER, PRESIDENT
BLASER MANUFACTURING CORP
5109 W 26TH STREET
COLUMBUS, NE 68601

MICHAEL E. FOSS, CEO
THE SPORTS AUTHORITY INC.
1050 W HAMPDEN AVE
ENGLEWOOD, CO 80110

PETER TROGDON, CEO
WEEMS & PLATH, INC.
214 EASTERN AVENUE
ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND 21403-3318

STEVE BREITZKA, CEO
APEX TOOL GROUP, LLC
14600 YORK ROAD # A
SPARKS, MD 21152

JIM HAGALE, CEO
BASS PRO SHOPS, INC.
2500 B KEARNEY STREET
SPRINGFIELD, MO 65898

DOUGLAS STARRETT, CEO
THE L.S. STARRETT COMPANY
121 CRESCENT STREET
ATHOL, MA 01331

ALTAF GODIL, CEO
TOOLMART, INC.
2750 AUTO PARKWAY # 13
ESCONDIDO, CA 92029

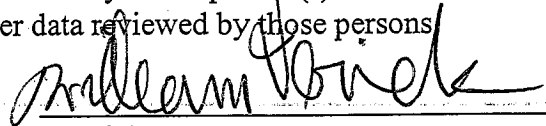
LARRY POTTERFIELD, CEO
BATTENFIELD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
5885 W VAN HORN TAVERN RD
COLUMBIA, MO 65203

TED XIA, CEO
OHAUS CORP
7 CAMPUS DRIVE # 300
PARSIPPANY, NJ 07054

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

I, William Verick, hereby declare: This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached notice(s) of violation in which it is alleged the parties identified in the notices have violated Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings. I am the attorney for the noticing party. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who has reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemical that is the subject of the action. Based on the information obtained through those consultations, and on all other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiffs' case can be established and the information did not prove that the alleged violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute. The copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General attaches to it factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the person(s) consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons

Dated: March 6, 2014



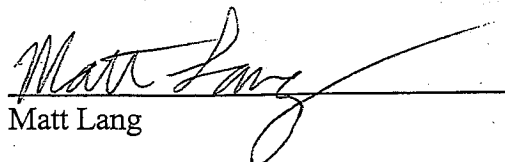
William Verick

This notice alleges the violation of Proposition 65 with respect to occupational exposures governed by the California State Plan for Occupational Safety and Health. The State Plan incorporates the provisions of Proposition 65, as approved by Federal OSHA on June 6, 1997. This approval specifically placed certain conditions on Proposition 65, including that it does not apply to the conduct of manufacturers occurring outside the State of California. The approval also provides that an employer may use the means of compliances in the general hazard communication requirements to comply with Proposition 65. It also requires that supplemental enforcement is subject to the supervision of the California Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Accordingly, any settlement, civil complaint, or substantive court orders in this matter must be submitted to the Attorney General.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Matt Lang, declare:

If called, I could and would testify as follows: I am over eighteen. My business address is 424 First Street, Eureka, California, 95501. On March 6, 2014, I caused the attached NOTICE OF VIOLATION LETTER, or a letter identical in substance, to be served by U.S. Mail on those public enforcement agencies listed on the attached SERVICE LIST; in addition on the same date and by U.S. Mail I caused the attached NOTICE OF VIOLATION and PROPOSITION 65: A SUMMARY to be sent by Certified U.S. Mail to the private business entities also listed on the attached SERVICE LIST. I deposited copies of these documents in envelopes, postage pre-paid, with the U.S. Postal Service on the day on which the mail is collected. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on March 6, 2014, at Eureka, California.



Matt Lang

APPENDIX A

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT—
CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCYTHE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986
(PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as "Proposition 65"). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA's implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

Proposition 65 appears in California law as Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13. The statute is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001. These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?

The "Governor's List." Proposition 65 requires the Governor to publish a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. This means that chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html.

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under this law. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

Clear and reasonable warnings. A business is required to warn a person before "knowingly and intentionally" exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies; for example, when exposures are sufficiently low (see below). The warning given must be "clear and reasonable." This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

Prohibition from discharges into drinking water. A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

Grace Period. Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

Governmental agencies and public water utilities. All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

Businesses with nine or fewer employees. Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer. For chemicals that are listed as known to the State to cause cancer ("carcinogens"), a warning is not required if the business can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses "no significant risk." This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year

lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific "No Significant Risk Levels" (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 et seq. of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question. For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the "no observable effect level" divided by a 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 et seq. of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in a Food. Certain exposures to chemicals that occur in foods naturally (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant¹ it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

Discharges that do not result in a "significant amount" of the listed chemical entering into any source of drinking water. The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a "significant amount" of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A "significant amount" means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the "no significant risk" level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the "no observable effect" level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of the regulations and in Title 11, sections 3100-3103. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov.

Revised: July, 2012

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.

¹ All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>

² See Section 25501(a)(4)

PRODUCT LIST

SMITH & WESSON HOLDING CORP

THOMPSON/CENTER ARMS FLINT LOCK PAN CHARGER #7020 UPC CODE: 090161 002708 This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of pan chargers made out of leaded brass.

DRAMM CORPORATION

DRAMM ADJUSTABLE NOZZLE MODEL #12380 UPC CODE: 036434 123800; DRAMM HOSE PROTECTOR #12625 UPC CODE: 036434 126252 These product descriptions pertain not only to the specific models of the products listed, but also for all units of all models of nozzles and hose protectors made out of leaded brass.

BUCK KNIVES, INC

FOLDING HUNTER - EBONY 0110BRS/9210 UPC CODE: 033753 092107; BUCK 110FG FOLDING HUNTER WITH FINGER GROOVES LOCKBACK FOLDING CAT. 2538 0110BRSFG-B UPC CODE: 033753 025389 These product descriptions pertain not only to the specific models of the products listed, but also for all units of all models of knives made out of leaded brass.

FROST CUTLERY COMPANY

FROST CUTLERY STEEL WARRIOR SMALL TOOTHPICK POCKET KNIFE #SW-109CBHB UPC CODE: 026615 366157 This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of knives made out of leaded brass.

BLAZER MANUFACTURING CORP

BRASS SHOT PUT 12LB This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of shot puts made out of leaded brass.

THE SPORTS AUTHORITY INC.

NELCO BRASS SHOT PUT 12LB This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of shot puts made out of leaded brass.

WEEMS & PLATH, INC.

WEEMS & PLATH PROFESSIONAL BRASS PENCIL COMPASS 8" ITEM #1049 UPC CODE: 721002 004208 This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of compasses made out of leaded brass.

APEX TOOL GROUP, LLC

LUFKIN 590GME 20-OZ PLUMB-BOB UPC CODE: 037103 442895 This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of plumb-bobs made out of leaded brass.

BASS PRO SHOPS, INC.

REDHEAD 3 PIECE SWIVELING BRASS SHOTGUN CLEANING ROD RHLGCR UPC CODE: 033548 517303 This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of gun cleaning rods made out of leaded brass.

THE L.S. STARRETT COMPANY

DRIVE PIN PUNCHES QTY 8, 1 SET #SB565Z UPC CODE: 049659 124736 This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of drive pin punches made out of leaded brass.

TOOLMART, INC.

KAUFHOF WOOD WERKS 3 PC PLANES SET (IN WOODEN BOX) #ATS5464 This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of wood working tools made out of leaded brass.

BATTENFELD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

HAMMER & PUNCH SET PRODUCT #951-900 UPC CODE: 661120519003 This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of hammer and punch products made out of leaded brass.

OHAUS CORP

CALIBRATION WEIGHT 10G BRASS This product description pertains not only to the specific model of the product listed, but also for all units of all models of calibration weights made out of leaded brass.

OFFER TO SETTLE

Mateel is willing to settle this matter to the extent legally possible prior to the commencement of any enforcement action. Settlement terms would require that the unwarned exposures described in the accompanying 60 Day Notice Letter ("the Notice") be stopped. This would require either that warnings be given to all future purchasers of the products subject to the Notice ("the products"), that the products be reformulated to eliminate the exposures described in the Notice, or that you stop selling the products in California. Settlement terms would also require that you locate and provide a warning compliant with 27 Cal. Code Regs section 25601 to every person who is subject to unwarned exposures described in the Notice to the extent those exposures are caused by products that were sold in the past three years. In addition, given the information available to Mateel at present, a term of any settlement will require that you pay a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 per person who has been subject to an unwarned exposure for each day on which such person has been exposed during the past year. To determine what that penalty amount should actually be, Mateel will need to receive your sales data for the past year, relevant demographic data about the people who use the product, and data about how the product is used. Moreover, Mateel cannot actually settle this matter with you unless and until 70 days has elapsed since the sending of the accompanying Notice and unless no public enforcer has begun an enforcement action concerning the violations described in the Notice. Any settlement on behalf of the public interest must be approved by the California Superior Court on noticed motion with 45 days notice to the California Attorney General and the Attorney General may appear at any approval hearing and oppose a settlement if he or she believes the proposed settlement is not in the public interest. If you are interested in beginning settlement negotiations, please contact Mateel at the address and/or phone number provided in the Notice.